"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Thundershowers today; Thursday showers; moderate south winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXVI...NO. 21,725. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1917.—EIGHTEEN PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Elsewhere N. Y. State, N. J., Conn. | THREE CENTS Other States.

FUSIONISTS NAME MITCHEL AGAIN; AGREES TO ACCEPT

Prendergast to Run for Controller and Adamson for President of Aldermen.

MARKS AND POUNDS CHOSEN

Petition to Put Ticket on Official Ballot as Notice to Cropsey to Stay Out.

A MUDDLE IN QUEENS

Whittle to Succeed Mathewson in the Bronx, and Cromwell to be Richmond President.

The Fusion Committee of 1917, through its Nominating and Executives committees, last night selected the ticket on which it will go before the people of the city this Fall. The full Fusion Committee will meet on Friday to ratify the choice, but there is small probability that there will be any change. This is the ticket that the Nominating Committee chose and which the Executive Committee voted unanimously to recommend to the full committee:

Mayor—JOHN PURROY MITCHEL.
Controller—WILLIAM A. PRENDERGAST.
President of the Board of Aldermen—ROBERT ADAMSON.
President of the Borough of Manhattan—MARCUS M. MARKS.
President of the Borough of Brooklyn—LEWIS H. POUNDS.

The selection of candidates for the remaining places in the Board of Estimate, the Borough Presidents of the Bronx, Queens, and Richmond, will be made later after the borough committees have discussed the situation with the local leaders. It is understood, however, that Park Commissioner Thomas W. Whittle will succeed Douglas Mathewson as the Fusion candidate for Borough President of the Bronx, and that State Senator George Cromwell will be the committee's choice for Borough President of Richmond. Queens County is badly muddled, and there is no candidate in sight at present.

William Hamlin Childs, Chairman of the Executive Committee, and George W. Perkins, member of the Fusion Committee, received assurances from Mayor Mitchel yesterday that the ticket was thoroughly acceptable to him and that he would accept a renomination. The Mayor will not make a public acknowledgement of his intentions, however, until the full committee takes action on Friday.

Place on Official Ballot.

One of the surprises of the meeting of the Nominating Committee was the adoption of a resolution providing for the circulation of a petition giving all the Fusion nominees a place on the official ballot on election day. This means that, no matter what the outcome of the primary election, the Fusion candidates will go before the electorate in November. It was practically service of notice on the friends of Supreme Court Justice Cropsey that, no matter if he won in the Republican primary election, he would have to fight a full fusion ticket in the regular election. Chairman Childs was authorized to appoint a law committee to prepare a petition and adopt a Fusion emblem.

While the Nominating Committee was in session Charles E. Hughes sent word that he greatly regretted that he would be unable to attend in person, but said he was in hearty sympathy with the fusion movement and with the proposal to renominate Mayor Mitchel and Controller Prendergast, and was glad that so many Republican leaders of the city were in favor of the committee's course. Mr. Hughes wrote:

"I hope that all the leaders will be of this mind. The Republican Party could not afford to be responsible for the defeat of Fusion. On the contrary, the entire strength of the party should be cast in favor of Fusion and of the renomination of the Mayor and the Controller. We have had the best administration under Mayor Mitchel that the city has known. There should be no question as to his renomination."

Chairman Childs made this statement after the meeting:

"I was particularly pleased at the demonstration this afternoon afforded in the public meeting of the Nominating Committee, when many of the large labor unions in the five boroughs were represented. The sentiment for Mayor Mitchel was unanimous, and the nomination of Robert Adamson for President of the Board of Aldermen, which position the labor representatives had claimed for a labor man, was heartily indorsed by the labor representatives. Timothy Healy, who seconded the nomination of Mr. Adamson, said that at a big meeting of union men held last night unanimous belief was expressed that Adamson was the logical man for the position and possibly the only man who could beat Frank Dowling for it."

Many Organizations Represented.

Among the organizations represented at the meeting of the Nominating Committee were the Brooklyn Young Republican Club, the Citizens Union, represented by Clarence M. Lewis, John Colt, Walter Frank, and Julius Henry Cohen; the New York Young Republican Club, represented by Andrew Colvin, Alfred C. Coxe, Jr., and Henry W. Goddard; Plumbers of the Bronx, by G. T. McGuire; Cement and Concrete Workers, by Messrs. Spotto and Lopinto; Inside Electrical Workers, by Paul McNally; Plumbers' Organization, by William Chapman; Plasterers and Cement Masons, by William A. Brennon; Plumbers and Gas-Fitters, by Will-

Continued on Page 7.

Brazil Threatens to Seize German Ships in 24 Hours

RIO JANEIRO, July 17.—The Attorney of the Treasury, according to the newspapers, has sent a summons to the German shipping companies, demanding the payment of 16,000 contos, (approximately $8,800,000.) representing the money due for a period corresponding to the time the German steamers have been interned in Brazilian waters.

In the event of non-payment within twenty-four hours, the companies are notified, the vessels will be seized.

FRENCH CAPTURE LINES AT VERDUN

Advance Three-Quarters of a Mile on Wide Front Northwest of Fortress.

TAKE OVER 400 PRISONERS

Battle Marked by Desperate Resistance of Germans and Brilliant Attack.

PARIS, July 17.—By a powerful attack this morning the French carried the first and second German lines on the left bank of the Meuse, (Verdun sector) over a front of about a mile and a quarter, advancing to a depth of nearly three-quarters of a mile. The number of unwounded prisoners captured is 425, including eight officers.

The attack, which was in revenge for a German assault in this neighborhood on June 29, was a complete success. After strong artillery preparation along the front from Avocourt Wood to Hill 304, lasting the greater part of the night, the French began the attack at 6:45 this morning. The Germans put up a strong defense, but they were forced to give way over the entire front. The trenches taken by the Germans on June 29 were recaptured in a few minutes. Pushing their advantages, the French swept on north along both sides of the road between Esnes and Malancourt, capturing not only the German first line, but the second line as well.

The enemy launched several fruitless counterattacks this afternoon which were crushed by the French artillery and machine gunfire, the attackers suffering heavy losses.

The text of the afternoon statement follows:

> Intermittent cannonading occurred on the Aisne front, quite spirited in the regions of Cerny, Cavaliers, and Courcy.
>
> In Champagne the Germans made another serious effort on the Teton. Their assaulting waves, caught under our fire, were compelled to return in disorder to their departing trenches, leaving a number of dead. We maintained our gains of Saturday.
>
> On the left bank of the Meuse our troops this morning made a spirited attack west of Hill 304. According to news thus far received all our positions which remained in the hands of the Germans following the actions of June 28 and 29, were entirely reconquered by us. We captured prisoners, whose number is not yet known.
>
> Enemy attacks on our outposts in the Argonne, near Douaumont and in the Woevre, near Regnéville, were without result.

To-night's statement, giving further details of the Verdun attack, says:

> The artillery of both sides was active in the region of Cerny, Ailles, and the Californie Plateau.
>
> In Champagne the enemy renewed his attacks north of Mont Teton and regained a footing at certain points in trench elements captured on July 14. The artillery action continued violently in the sector of Mont Haut, where we organized the ground gained.
>
> On the left bank of the Meuse an operation carried out by us this morning west of Hill 304 developed a complete success for us. After strong artillery preparation our troops, about 6:45 o'clock, advanced to attack the enemy lines with irresistible spirit. Notwithstanding the energetic defense of the Germans we recaptured in a few minutes trenches which the enemy had occupied since June 29.
>
> Pushing our advantages further we carried German positions beyond on a front of 2,000 meters on both sides of the road between Esnes and Malancourt. The entire first German line fell into our hands. A little later, the second enemy line, after a desperate engagement, in which admirable valor was displayed by our soldiers, was likewise conquered.
>
> The advance reached a depth of about one kilometer. Our line has thus been carried forward from the southeastern corner of Avocourt Wood as far as the western slopes of Hill 304, passing through Canard Wood.
>
> Several counterattacks launched by the enemy in the course of the afternoon were crushed by our fire. The Germans suffered very heavy losses. The number of unwounded prisoners reached 425, of whom eight were officers.

Berlin Says the French Failed.

BERLIN, July 17, (via London.)—Today's official statement regarding operations on the Franco-Belgian front reads:

> Army Group of Crown Prince Rupprecht: On the coast, the British attacked again at Lombaertzyde after a lively artillery fire lasting throughout the day. They were repulsed.

Continued on Page 2.

Your family will be safe at Grove Park Inn, Asheville; finest summer resort in the world. Not a cure; sick guests not admitted. —Advt.

SUFFRAGISTS TAKE 60-DAY SENTENCE; WON'T PAY FINES

Bayard's and Dana's Daughters Among 16 Punished for White House Demonstration.

DEFENDED BY D. F. MALONE

Port Collector Indignant Over the Conviction and May Even Resign.

DISORDER AT THE TRIAL

Judge Threatens to Clear the Court and Rebukes Woman Attorney for Disrespect.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The sixteen suffragists arrested last Saturday for causing an unlawful assembly before the White House were today sentenced to pay fines of $25 each or serve sixty days in the District of Columbia Workhouse at Occoquan, and elected to undergo the jail sentence. Soon after the sentence had been imposed it was rumored that Dudley Field Malone, who had acted as counsel for the women, had tendered his resignation as Collector of the Port of New York in resentment over the attitude of the National Administration and the Washington police toward the participants in this latest militant demonstration. After a long interview with the President early this evening Mr. Malone refused to confirm or deny this report.

There was one thing, however, that Mr. Malone could not deny. That was the indignation he felt over the manner in which the suffragists had been treated. It stood out in his trembling voice, his nervous energy, and his emphatic statements. The statements were brief and to the point. Mr. Malone asserted that any American citizen had the right to petition for a redress of grievances, and that it was a breach of constitutional guarantees to interfere with a group of citizens exercising this right. He had seen the suffragist demonstration at the White House on Saturday, and had returned to Washington yesterday to testify in the local police court that the sixteen women were not creating any disturbance, and that a single policeman would have been able to disperse the crowd that collected when the suffragists paraded in front of the White House fence.

Long Interview with the President.

President Wilson had granted five minutes for the interview with Collector Malone, of whom he is personally very fond and whom he had honored by appointments as Third Assistant Secretary of State and Collector of Customs for the Port of New York. But the interview lasted forty-five minutes, to the derangement of the President's regular afternoon motor ride. Mr. Malone arrived at the White House offices at 5:25 o'clock, and did not leave there until 6:10. He was so much perturbed when he left the President that he forgot that a taxicab was waiting for him and walked rapidly to the Shoreham Hotel, after telling the reporters that he had no statement to make in regard to the report of his resignation or anything else.

Heretofore the militant suffragists who have been arrested at the White House received sentences of three days in jail. Those who were convicted today had the alternative of paying $25 or serving sixty days in the Workhouse. After a conference with Mr. Malone, they decided to accept the sentence of imprisonment.

The prominence of some of the women attracted particular attention to this phase of militant suffragist activity. Among those convicted for Saturday's demonstration were Mrs. John Winters Brannan of New York, 62 years old, the wife of a physician and the daughter of the late Charles A. Dana, editor of The New York Sun; Mrs. Florence Bayard Hilles of Wilmington, Del., daughter of Thomas F. Bayard, Secretary of State in President Cleveland's first Administration and Ambassador to the Court of St. James's in his second, and Mrs. J. A. H. Hopkins of Morristown, N. J., wife of the Chairman of the Progressive State Committee in New Jersey in the last Presidential campaign. Mrs. Hopkins had been a dinner guest at the White House this year, when the President and Mrs. Wilson entertained the men at the head of the Democratic and Progessive Committees who had helped elect him. The wives of these men were entertained also, and among them was Mrs. Hopkins, whose husband had worked for the President's re-election. In the 1916 campaign Mrs. Hopkins had campaigned for the Woman's Party, which was opposed to the President, and it was reported at the time that she would wear at the dinner a large badge showing her political affiliations. But the report was incorrect.

The other women who were sent to the workhouse were Miss Julia Hurlbut and Miss Minnie Abbott of New Jersey, Mrs. Beatrice Reynolds Kinkead of California, Mrs. Bettie Graves Regneau of Michigan, Miss Anne Martin of Nevada, Chairman of the National Woman's Party, Mrs. Robert Walker of Maryland, Miss Jeanet Frothingham of Massachusetts, Mrs. Gilson Gardner of the District of Columbia, Mrs. Louise C. Mayo, and Miss Eleanor Calnan of Massachusetts, Miss Doris Stevens of Nebraska, Miss Mary H. Ingham of Pennsylvania, whose grandfather was Secretary of the Treasury under President Jackson, and Mrs. John Rogers, Jr., of New York City, a sister-in-law of ex-Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson.

Word was received at the headquarters of the Woman's Party this evening that Mrs. William L. Colt and a party

Continued on Page 5.

British Sink Four German Merchant Ships, Capture Four, and Rout Others Off Holland

LONDON, July 17.—The Admiralty announces the capture of four German steamers by British destroyers in the North Sea. The steamers are the Pellworm, Brietzig, Marie Horn, and Heinz Blumberg.

Two other German steamers were with the four vessels when the group was signalled by the British war craft. All six made for the Dutch coast, and two of them reached the shore. These, too, were badly damaged by gunfire.

A Reuter dispatch from Ymuiden says four German ships have been sunk by British destroyers in the North Sea, four captured, three stranded, and three forced to return to Rotterdam.

Since Saturday seventeen German steamers have sailed from Rotterdam, three at one time and fourteen at another, the dispatch says. Of the first group one, the Magdalena Blumenthal, 1,535 tons gross, was wrecked off Zandvoort. Of the second group, owing to the action of British destroyers, not one vessel was able to proceed, eight being captured or sunk and three succeeding in putting back to Rotterdam. Of the three remaining steamships, which were stranded, two were afire.

Another dispatch from Ymuiden, dated July 16, says that, according to official information, it has not yet been ascertained whether the British attack upon or pursuit of the German steamers occurred within Dutch territorial waters, and the Dutch naval authorities are investigating.

Althoungh an official statement regarding the place of attack is still lacking, the Amsterdam Handlesblad, says a dispatch from that city, takes it for granted that "British destroyers flagrantly violated Dutch territorial waters. The violation," it adds, "was still worse because the British did not hesitate in its execution, despite the danger to the inhabitants of a district which might have been bombarded. The Government will not fail to protest."

Vessels Run Ashore Under Fire.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, July 16, (delayed.)—Heavy firing was heard off Bergen at 6:30 o'clock this morning, and soon afterward a German ship stranded two kilometers north of that place. Half an hour later another German ship went ashore about half a mile out and close to the first.

During the night fifteen British torpedo boats were counted at sea, but when the ships went ashore only two of the naval vessels were visible. These two continued firing at the German vessels until fire broke out on both of them. The crews took to the boats and reached Bergen, bringing one wounded man ashore.

Several shells are reported to have fallen inshore without doing any damage. It is still further reported that two German ships were taken as prizes by the British vessels and two others torpedoed. Altogether, it is stated, fifteen German coal vessels left the New Waterway. One returned and the others proceeded.

In connection with this incident, it may be remarked that for some time past the Germans have been convoying German coalships along the coast to eastern German ports. The coal comes down the Rhine on lighters from the Rhenisch Westfalien district and is transferred at Rotterdam to seagoing vessels. This is to save German rolling stock and railways, and, to a great extent, the grease required for same. The vessels also are a great advantage to smugglers.

EXPECT TO BEGIN DRAFT TOMORROW

All Except Seven States Have Notified Washington Their Lists Are Completed.

FINAL PLANS ARE APPROVED

War Department to Give Out Details of Method of Drawing Key Numbers Today.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—With only seven States to be heard from, and all draft registrants serially numbered in the other forty-one commonwealths, and in the District of Columbia, there is tonight a fair prospect that the actual drawings of the key numbers will take place on Thursday.

Brig. Gen. Crowder, the Provost Marshal General, is hopeful that the last seven States will be heard from tomorrow and he is making his plans to begin the drawings on Thursday. The drawing of the key numbers will take place within twenty-four hours after the last State has reported.

Urgent messages sent out by General Crowder tonight to the Governors of the seven States outstanding are expected to round out the lists so as to enable the Federal officials to proceed with the draft. On account of difficulties in getting the widest publicity through the early editions of the newspapers on Sunday morning it is not considered desirable to begin the drawing on Saturday. So it is almost certain that the work will begin not later than Friday.

When General Crowder left his office late last night eleven States had failed to complete the serial numbering of their registration cards. The situation took a more hopeful view tonight, when at the close of business the check up on the day's work showed that fewer than 500 of the 4,550 exemption districts were incomplete. Alabama, Utah, Ohio, and Virginia completed the serial numbering of their registration lists today. The seven States yet to complete the red-ink numbering of their lists are Illinois, Kentucky, Michigan, Mississippi, Missouri, New York, and Pennsylvania. Kentucky is virtually completed, 99 per cent. of her local boards having finished the preparation of their lists.

Baker Approves Plans.

General Crowder discussed with the Secretary of War today the details of the key number lottery process and it was approved. Tonight the General sent to the Government Printing Office an explanation of the method by which the lottery will be held. This will be given to the press tomorrow for its guidance. Whether it will be released for publication tomorrow has not been determined. But in any event the press, according to present plans, will know tomorrow all the details of the process so as to enable the correspondents to make the necessary arrangements for "covering" the drawing and telegraphing the 5,000 and odd numbers to their papers in the order in which they are drawn. These will be merely key numbers. The order in which each of the 5,000 and odd key numbers is drawn will determine the order in which the registrants in each district, who have corresponding numbers, will be liable for military duty. It will determine the order in which a sufficient number of registrants is to be obtained, based upon State quotas, to raise 687,000 men by draft, after exemptions have been allowed. The largest district contains approximately 5,000 registrants.

The number of key numbers to be drawn will correspond exactly with the number of registrants in this largest district. As the aggregate of key numbers drawn will correspond exactly with the total number of persons registered in the largest district, the aggregate of about 5,000 key numbers to be drawn will be large enough to more than cover all the serial numbers in each registration district throughout the country. The first key number to be drawn will determine that every man bearing that number in any district will be the first

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SENATORS ASSAIL DEFENSE COUNCIL

Kenyon Says $2,000,000 Shoe Contract Went to Member of Advisory Commission

AT 15 CENTS ABOVE LOW BID

Townsend Lays "Vile Charges" to Horde of Vultures Looking for Fat Contracts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The participation of members of the Advisory Commission of the Council of National Defense in Government contracts in which their firms are pecuniarily interested was severely attacked in the Senate today in debate on the Food Administration bill.

Senator Kenyon of Iowa mentioned John F. McElwain of a shoe company of Boston as having acted with the Advisory Commission, of which he is a member, in a contract for nearly $2,000,000 of shoes for the army, alleging that the price paid was 15 cents above that of the lowest bidder. A shoe firm of St. Louis, Senator Kenyon said, had also profited through having a member of its firm on the Advisory Commission.

The Iowa Senator was supported in his criticism by Senator Borah of Idaho, who suggested that the way to remedy any opportunity for favoritism—or graft—creeping into the award of contracts by the Advisory Commission was to prevent the commission having anything to do with contracts in which members' firms were interested.

"If we don't do that," said Senator Borah, "we shall have ugly rumors of scandal going around all through this war."

Senator Kenyon read from a speech delivered by Representative Good at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, recently, in which the Representative charged that the McElwain Shoe Company, whose head is J. F. McElwain, Chairman of the Shoe Committee of the Advisory Commission, had received a contract for 400,000 pairs of shoes for the army at 15 cents above the lowest estimate received by the commission. The McElwain Company's bid was $4.79½ a pair.

"Now, those who have been eager to rush this Food Control bill through have accused us of trying to knock out the war," said Senator Kenyon. "We have been accused of delaying this bill by talk here in the Senate over provisions which the Administration insists ought to be accepted as they stand.

Criticises Shoe Contract.

"This shoe contract reflects one danger in this bill as drawn. It would allow the Advisory Commission to take part in contracts to itself. It would allow a shoe company having one of its members on the Advisory Commission to participate in a Government award to his own firm 15 cents above the low bid. Another firm, that of Brown Brothers of St. Louis, had another good contract, with one of its firm on the Advisory Commission.

"Now, I do not deny there are patriotic men on the Advisory Commission. The President recently counseled to put patriotism above profits. It would be more patriotic for a member of the Advisory Commission, it seems to me, to vote against awarding a shoe contract running to nearly $2,000,000 upon a bid that makes the Government pay more than the low bid. Members of the Advisory Commission ought not be immune from the sentiment of patriotism before profit.

"I believe we can win this war without petty or big graft creeping in. I am not speaking of graft in this shoe contract, but I am pointing out the iniquity of a system which would allow a member of the Advisory Commission to participate in making a contract of the sort with the Government."

"It seems to me to be melancholy that we find ourselves at this early stage of the war having to discuss overreaching in contracts, or, to put it in the common phrase, grafting," said Senator Borah. "If graft is really

Continued on Page 3.

UKRAINE SPLITS RUSSIAN CABINET; 5 MINISTERS OUT

Refuse, in Absence of Assembly, to Commit Country to Policy of Autonomy.

FINNS ARE DIVIDED ALSO

Some Diet Members Predict Coup d'Etat Would Provoke Repression by Russia.

RUSSIANS LOSE IN GALICIA

Driven Out of Kalusz and Forced Back Across the Lomnica in Great Battle.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, July 15, (Delayed.)—Cadet Ministers Shingareff, Finance; Manuiloff, Education; Dekrasoff, Ways and Communications; Prince Shakhovskoy, Social Welfare, and Steganoff, Acting Minister of Trade and Industry, have just resigned from the Government in a body. The immediate occasion for their resignations was the Ukrainian question.

Ministers Tereschtenko, Foreign Affairs, and Tseretelli, Posts and Telegraphs, returned today from Kiev, whither they had been sent by the Government to investigate the situation without power to make a decision. They brought with them the draft of a declaration of Ukrainian autonomy in the form of an ultimatum which they demanded that the Government should sign without delay and without uttering a word.

There is a Ukrainian Parliament with a responsible General Secretariat or Government, which has complete executive power within Ukraine. No provision is made in the draft for guaranteeing the execution of orders of the Central Government and there are a number of omissions which in any case, in the opinion of the cadets, make the document unsuitable for publication as an act of a responsible Government.

Wanted Immediate Decision.

Terestchenko and Tseretelli after hasty consultation with the Ukrainian leaders on Friday demanded of Prince Lvoff by telephone that this declaration should at once be published, as otherwise the consequences might be very grave. The cadets insisted that the Government's hand should not be forced and that it was impossible to decide such a serious question of state by telephone. Prince Lvoff finally agreed that the Government should await the return of the delegation in order to insure adequate discussion.

On their return this morning Terestchenko and Tseretelli, who had been joined and supported in Kiev by Kerensky, repeated their demand and insisted on immediate publication of the declarations. A special meeting of the Cadet Central Committee was called in the afternoon to consider the situation. The opinion was very forcibly expressed that the Ministers could not, without breaking their oath, decree autonomy of Ukrainia and so usurp the prerogatives of the Constituent Assembly.

It was argued that further continuance in the policy of concessions would simply compromise the integrity of all the Ministers concerned without in any way benefiting the country. Concessions to the Ukrainians would encourage the ambitions of other nationalities, and once Ukrainian autonomy were granted there would be no reason for refusing the immediate grant of a score of other autonomies, and the Constituent Assembly would be faced by a dismembered Russia, if, indeed, under such circumstances, it could ever be elected.

The Ukrainian question is of the highest importance. The leaders of the movement claim control of the population of the richest area of European Russia and the coast of the Black Sea. To grant the measure of autonomy claimed would mean splitting up the patrimony of the Russian people.

It was decided that if in the evening sitting of the Provisional Government the Ukrainian issue were forced the Cadet Ministers rather than accept responsibility for a declaration of Ukrainian autonomy should resign. The Cadets left the Government just before midnight. No choice was given. They were left in a minority of five in a vote on the unamended draft of the declaration. The crisis is serious and it is uncertain how it will develop.

For the present Prince Lvoff remains in office, but it is not clear whether an attempt will be made to find some other non-Socialist to take the places of the Cadets or whether the Council of Delegates will assume the task of forming the whole Government.

Demands of Ukrainians.

By The Associated Press.

PETROGRAD, July 17.—In addition to the charge that Terestchenko and Tseretelli had exceeded their powers as delegates to Ukraine, the Cadet Ministers who have resigned criticised the text of the Ukraine declaration, first, because it abilished all power of the temporary Government in the Ukraine; second, because it did not specify of what territories the Ukraine consists or make clear how it should be governed. They contended that only the legislative body had a right to determine the future form of the Government of the Ukraine, whereas, according to the declaration of MM. Tereschtenko and Tseretelli, the Ukrainians appeader to be proceeding informally to draw up their own Government. In view of these objections and further minor faults found by the cadets, they proposed the postponement of the publication of the Ukraine declaration until after further conference, stating, moreover, that in any

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Porto Rico for Prohibition by an Overwhelming Vote

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, July 17.—Porto Rico voted for prohibition by a big majority at yesterday's election. With four unimportant towns missing, the returns show 99,775 votes for prohibition and 61,295 against.

Fifty-one municipalities voted for the prohibition measure as compared with twenty-one opposed to it. San Juan's vote for prohibition was 5,117 for and 2,255 against, and all the other large cities were strongly on the dry side.

Felix Cordova Deavila, Unionist, was chosen Resident Commissioner at Washington, and the Unionists carried five out of seven Senatorial districts, the other two going for the Republican candidates.

Santiago Iglesias, the Socialist candidate for Senator-at-large, although failing of election, polled 23,487 votes. The party's vote was 4,300 in 1914. The Unionists polled 88,750 votes and the Republicans 57,529.

MICHAELIS CHOOSES HIS COLLEAGUES

New German Chancellor Working Night and Day on Program Speech.

ROEDERN FOR INTERIOR

Finance Minister Replaces Helfferich — Bernstorff to be Envoy to Copenhagen.

COPENHAGEN, July 17.—Chancellor Michaelis is described in special dispatches from Berlin as working night and day on his program speech and the selection of new material for the Prussian imperial administration.

While the Lokal-Anzeiger says the changes have been completed and the new Chancellor will appear in the Reichstag accompanied by all his new colleagues, the election of a successor to Foreign Secretary Zimmermann was understood to be still unsettled yesterday. Pressure was being brought from two directions to block, first, the proposed nomination of Count Brockdorff-Rantzau, the German Minister at Copenhagen, and to substitute Admiral von Hintze, Minister to Norway, or Count von Bernstorff, former Ambassador to Washington. The present Minister to Christiania is greatly desired by Pan Germans and advocates of a supervigorous policy, not only on account of his high diplomatic qualifications, but chiefly on account of his antecedents.

Apparently it is felt that a former naval officer, particularly one who played such a prominent rôle at Manila in the events of 1898, will offer the necessary guarantee that the German foreign policy in regard to peace negotiations will be conducted along desired energetic lines. The Emperor is said to favor von Hintze.

The Reichstag is expected to adjourn Friday until September, first voting the war credits almost unanimously.

A dispatch from Berlin says the majority block plans to present peace terms in a resolution to the Reichstag Thursday and to demand from Dr. Michaelis a statement that he accepts it in principle, otherwise co-operation is impossible. Meanwhile the execution of this plan depends upon the extent to which the block holds together.

The Tageblatt, the Mittags Zeitung, and the Socialist organ Vorwärts, all of Berlin, unite in declaring that the candidacy of Admiral von Hintze for Foreign Minister is a move of the super-annexationists. The Tageblatt and Vorwärts warn Dr. Michaelis that he cannot accept von Hintze without compromising the administration with a Pan German taint. The Deutsche Tageszeitung supports von Hintze's candidacy.

AMSTERDAM, July 17.—Count von Roedern, German Finance Minister, replaces Dr. Karl Helfferich, Secretary of the Interior, according to the Berliner Tageblatt.

A dispatch to the Frankfurter Zeitung from Berlin reports that Herr Wahnschaffe, chief of the Imperial Chancery, has retired, as is the case when Chancellors resign.

The Berlin Reichsanzeiger publishes an official announcement to the recall and retirement of Herr Michaelis, the German Minister to Norway.

Germania, the Catholic organ, says that General von Stein, Prussian Minister of War and State, resigned "owing to the attitude of Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg during the crisis." In a lengthy apology published by the Catholic Centre Party of Germany for the action of Deputy Mathias Erzberger in attacking the Pan Germans and the submarine campaign, the following occurs:

"Certainly our fronts stand unshakable. Our strongest offensive force, the U-boats, injures England immeasurably. Nevertheless, no end is to be foreseen at this moment. Hope had arisen that the end of the war might be brought about by midsummer through the U-boats. Expectations were aroused which were not realized. This statement, however, implies no doubt in the efficiency of the U-boats. It has occurred to no one to suggest the stoppage of submarine warfare."

The statement explains that by the term parliamentarization the party means closer contact between Parliament and the Government. It expresses regret that Parliamentarians are not summoned more frequently to participate in the government. Never-

Continued on Page 2.

When heat is oppressive, drink daily, two or three splits of Dr. Dadirrian's Zoolak.—Advt.

CARSON SHIFTED; CHURCHILL ENTERS BRITISH CABINET

Admiralty Head Joins War Board—Succeeded by Gen. Sir Eric Geddes.

MUNITIONS CHIEF MOVED

Addison Goes to New Department of Reconstruction—Churchill in His Place.

MUCH CRITICISM FORESEEN

The Most Popular Appointment is E. S. Montagu as Secretary for India.

LONDON, July 17.—Sir Edward Carson has relinquished his post as First Lord of the Admiralty and joined the War Cabinet without portfolio, according to an official announcement of new ministerial appointments issued this evening. Sir Edward will be succeeded by Sir Eric Campbell Geddes, who has been Director General of Munitions Supply.

Winston Spencer Churchill succeeds Dr. Christopher Addison as Minister of Munitions, Dr. Addison becoming a Minister without portfolio in charge of reconstruction.

Edwin Samuel Montagu, a former Cabinet Minister, is made Secretary for India. One of the most acceptable appointments, as far as the general public is concerned, is that of Mr. Montagu. He is one of the very few members of the Asquith administration, in which he was Minister of Munitions, to join the Lloyd George Ministry.

Mr. Montagu has had considerable experience in the affairs of India, having once held the post of Under-Secretary for India. Lately he has been in charge of a large committee exploring the ground for reconstruction after the war, and before the recent resignation of J. Austen Chamberlain as Secretary for India was announced, it was generally supposed that Mr. Montague eventually would become Minister of Reconstruction. The necessity for finding a new Secretary for India, however, caused a modification in the plans, and Dr. Addison, who had been slated for the projected Ministry of Health, now becomes head of this reconstructive committee, which has been created into a kind of Ministerial department.

The new Cabinet appointments arising out of the resignation of Mr. Chamberlain as Secretary for India and Andrew Bonar Law's desire to be relieved of his duties as a member of the small war Cabinet, which he found incompatible with his heavy responsibilities, first, as Chancellor of the Exchequer, and, second, as leader of the House of Commons, contained two complete surprises—the appointment of Sir Eric Geddes as head of the Admiralty, and Winston Spencer Churchill as Minister of Munitions.

Much controversy has revolved for a long time past around the name of Mr. Churchill. It was said some time ago that he would succeed Lord Cowdray as Chairman of the Air Board, but the idea, evidently then contemplated by Premier Lloyd George, met with such strong opposition in influential quarters that the project had to be dropped. Mr. Churchill's appointment now as Minister of Munitions will undoubtedly lead to a revival of that agitation, and, although it was foreshadowed that he would reenter the Ministry, it was universally supposed that it would be as President of the Air Board.

The appointment of Sir Eric Geddes as First Lord of the Admiralty is another break with the tradition that the Ministers should be members of one of the legislative houses. The new First Lord is a railway man, not a politician. Until recently he was in charge of the whole army transportation, then he became Controller of the Admiralty, with charge of naval construction, and such a rapid rise to the position to which he is now appointed is quite remarkable, and another instance of how Premier Lloyd George breaks with old political traditions.

The appointment of Sir Edward Carson to replace Mr. Bonar Law as the fifth member of the War Cabinet is likely to create more uneasiness and stronger criticism among the older Liberals than any other appointment. The War Cabinet now in practice consists of only four men, Mr. Henderson, the Labor member, being still on a mission in Petrograd. Of these four, Earl Curzon, Lord Milner, and Sir Edward Carson are all conservatives of the most extreme type, and complaints, constantly heard from the Liberal and Radical press of the undue preponderance of Conservative influence in the Government since Mr. Lloyd George took the helm, will now be intensified.

WHY ADDISON WAS SHIFTED.

Munitions Minister Antagonized Labor in Handling Strike.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, July 18.—The long-expected Ministerial changes are announced this morning. It is not a reconstruction of the Cabinet, for the new appointments are neither numerous nor important enough to justify such a term.

Politicians do not stand high in public favor in England just now, and it will be interesting to see how far popular opinion is satisfied with the new arangements. Some of them would have been made a month or so ago but for the fact that the preliminary announcements aroused so much opposition it was considered advisable to wait and see.

This was particularly the case with the appointment of Winston Churchill, who was at first stated for the Ministry of the Air. However, Dr. Addison as

Minister of Munitions, notwithstanding very excellent work in most respects, had unhappily antagonized the labor element, and his continued tenure of the post in which he was brought directly into contact with that body was impossible.

Addison's unquestioned powers of organization and his scientific frame of mind will have full play as Minister of Reconstruction, and, as he will be dealing with questions of the future, the repetition of such mistakes as his handling of the small Rochdale trouble, which precipitated the great engineers' strike, will be avoided.

The report of the Commissioners who were appointed by Lloyd George to inquire into the causes of industrial unrest is, according to current gossip, an indirect impeachment of some of the late Minister of Munition's attitude toward labor questions. The Plumsted meeting, which has caused no end of sensation in political circles, seems to corroborate the views of the Prime Minister's Commissioners.

On June 28 Dr. Addison entertained the House of Commons, as Minister of Munitions, for over two hours in making one of the most important revelations from ministerial sources that have been made since the war began. Among the surprising disclosures the following were summarized by The Daily Chronicle of June 29:

"T. N. T., which formerly cost 42 cents per pound, is now being made for 17 cents. After nine weeks' fighting in France this Spring the supply of shells had only decreased by 7 per cent.

"There are 183 separate operations in gauging every 18-pounder shell. We are now turning out twenty times as many machine guns as we did two years ago. We are now making all the small arms and small-arm ammunition we require, and are entirely independent of outside supplies. At Woolwich we had in August, 1914, 10,860 workers, of whom 125 were women. Today we have 73,571, of whom 25,000 are women.

"To meet the needs of railway transport the resources of the empire had been tapped, and more than 2,000 miles of track had been supplied, besides nearly 1,000 locomotives, apart from hundreds by the Railway Executive Committee.

"Twice as many airplanes were turned out in May as was the case in December last. During the last six months 1,500,000 steel helmets have been supplied to the troops. Waste is being prevented. Cartridge cases cost $1.75 each. They can be refitted at a cost of 8 cents each. Scheme being developed for the production of nitrates.

"We have now the plant available for supplying from this country all we need of the following articles: Potash, (entirely dependent on Germany before the war:) scientific instruments; optical glass, (we only produced 10 per cent. of our requirements before the war:) machine tools of all kinds; sulphuric acid; superphosphates; tungsten, (indispensable for high-speed steel.)

Chronicle Attacks Carson.

The Daily Chronicle approves of the new Ministerial appointments with one exception, that of Sir Edward Carson, who is described as unversed in war or statesmanship and inexperienced international affairs.

"The sole justification for his position," says The Chronicle, "is political. He fills it because the Unionist Party has a pull in politics and because he himself, on the strength of organizing sedition in Ulster some years ago, has a pull in the Unionist Party."

The Morning Post is angry over the appointments of Montagu, Addison, and Churchill, as was to be expected in view of the fact that they more than once have been violently attacked in its columns. It says:

"The Mesopotamia Commission reported in strong terms against the Government, of which Montagu was a member, and in less strong terms against Chamberlain. * * * But whereas Chamberlain, like an English gentleman, has resigned his office, Montagu snatched at it without shame or compunction. To do such a thing a man must have the hide of a rhinoceros and a brow of brass."

As regards Addison, The Morning Post accuses him of making "every blunder it is possible for a Minister to make," and is furious over the succession to his office of Churchill, whose appointment, it says, "proves that although we have not yet invented the unsinkable ship we have discovered the unsinkable politician."

After raking up against Churchill the "blunders" of the attempt to relieve Antwerp and the attack on the Dardanelles The Post adds:

"He has now been restored to office, and we confidently anticipate he will continue to make colossal blunders at the cost of the nation."

For the Dardanelles affair The Post says "Churchill was condemned not only by public opinion, but by a tribunal expressly constituted to try his case." The Post concludes: "That upon his record he should again be made a Minister of the Crown shows our politicians have open contempt for all sound principles of administration and the decencies of public life."

"Before the war we produced 7,000,000 tons of steel a year. Now we are producing at the rate of 10,000,000 tons a year. By the end of 1918 the figure will be 12,000,000 tons. Home supplies of oil being developed. During the first five months of 1916 the working days lost through disputes were 1,869,000. During the same period this year they were 540,700. War Savings Certificates to the number of 40,187,381 have been purchased by munition workers. Canteens have been provided for 810,000 workers."

Winston Churchill, of course, is the bone of great contention, and the transfer of Sir Edward Carson from the Admiralt yto a non-Ministerial post in the War Cabinet is equally likely to arouse much discussion and stir.

Sir Eric Geddes, who becomes First Lord of the Admiralty, is one of Lloyd George's successes.

He has played many administrative rôles in this war, and played each so successfully that on completion of one sort of work his activities have been immediately requisitioned for another. He has held the military rank of General, and now wears a Vice Admiral's uniform. He is a young man, and has a great gift of making friends with the very people who might be supposed to regard his intrusion in their bailiwick with jealous eyes.

The appointments of Montagu and Churchill will both add to the debating strength of thet Government in the House of Commons, where the stock of the present Cabinet for some time past has been undergoing great depreciation, so much depreciation, in fact, that a number of impartial observers were clined to believe that only the difficulty of making a new issue prevented bankruptcy proceedings. However, the attitude of the press in the main has been one of loyalty to the Government of politicians did not dare venture on the path of adventure.

FIRST WAR BOARD CHANGE.

Carson Caused Much Friction in Admiralty Post—Montagu Popular.

This is the first alteration of any great importance in the "Great Four War Ministry"—Lloyd George, Curzon, Henderson, and Milner—which succeeded the coalition Ministry of Mr. Asquith in December, 1916. Three of the events had been foreseen for months—the transfer of Sir Edward Carson, the reacquisition of Mr. Churchill, and the return to an important portfolio of Edwin Samuel Montagu, the last made possible by the retirement last week of J. Austen Chamberlain from the India Office. But the forces which were clamoring for a return of Mr. Montagu, who was Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster in the Liberal Ministry of Mr. Asquith, and Minister of Munitions in the Coalition, have also been united in demanding a change for Sir Edward from the Admiralty and the permanent shelving of the eldest son of the late Lord Randolph Churchill and Jennie Jerome of New York.

The appointment of Mr. Montagu, therefore, has an undivided indorsement. It also has the indorsement of the public, as the work he did in the coalition has stood the test of criticism and investigation.

Since he left the Ministry last December he has been Chairman of a committee for post-bellum reconstruction, and it was generally supposed that he would become Minister of Reconstruction when that post should be created. But the resignation of Mr. Chamberlain gave him a more immediate opportunity, for Mr. Montagu, who is only 38 years of age and the second son of Lord Swaythling, was Parliamentary Under Secretary of State for India from 1910 till 1914, when he was made Financial Secretary to the Treasury.

Since last March there have been rumors to the effect that Sir Edward Carson was not working in entire harmony with the First Sea Lord of the Admiralty, Admiral Jellicoe, or with the commander of the Grand Fleet, Admiral Beatty. Then, too, the losses inflicted by the German submarines, it was thought, did not come to the public as quickly as possible. After a criticism of the First Lord's work,

Sir Edward served as Attorney General in the Coalition Cabinet, but resigned in October, 1915, when he found himself at variance with his colleagues in regard to the policy to be pursued in the Balkans. Before the war he had been identified with the Ulster movement against Home Rule for Ireland.

It was also the Balkan policy, preceded by the Gallipoli fiasco and the destruction of the British squadron off Coronel, Chile, in November, 1914, which proved to be Mr. Churchill's undoing as First Lord of the Admiralty in the Liberal Cabinet. He was severely criticised by the Gallipoli Commission for not demanding the advice of naval experts before acting. For a time he was Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, in the Coalition Cabinet, and then resigned and went to the front with the rank of Colonel.

Major Gen. Sir Eric Geddes was comparatively unknown to the public when he was made Controller of the Navy last month at the age of 41. This appointment is said to have promptly followed two visits made by the Prime Minister to the Admiralty. Sir Eric was only knighted last year, and is one of the discoveries of the late Lord Kitchener, who, when he needed men to supervise the transportation of troops, found him in the offices of the Northeastern Railway Company—a natural soldier with no war experience.

Sir Eric was born of Scottish parents in India, and up to the age of 17 had intended to enter the army. Instead he came to America, put in a year at the Homestead Steel Works at Pittsburgh, and then three years with the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. In 1897 he returned to India with his American experience, and six years later he joined the forces of the English railway company, where Kitchener found him.

Dr. Christopher Addison before he became Minister of Munitions in the Big Four Cabinet last December was Parliamentary Secretary of Munitions. He is a Liberal member from Shoreditch, was born in 1869, and has written extensively on medical and exploration subjects.

AMERICANS ENROLL IN BRITAIN

Eligibles Under Registration Law Are Listed at Consulates.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 17. — Following the announcement in the London papers that the American Consulate General would be ready today to register citizens of the United States for military service, three applicants were waiting when the doors of the office in Cavendish Square were opened and officials were kept busy all day taking names and addresses.

It is estimated from the police registration of aliens that about 2,000 Americans eligible for army service reside in Great Britain. A considerable proportion consists of skilled mechanics sent over with machinery for munition factories. Others are seamen who were absent from America on registration day.

Registration of Americans here is of no legal value unless Washington asks the British Government to round them up and the necessary formalities are taken to make it possible, but it is pointed out that an American registered at a consulate of his country abroad is immediately liable to military service if he returns to American soil.

LONDON, July 17.—Americans in the British Isles who registered at their Consulates today will receive later cards similar to the ones issued in the United States. The American Consul General, Robert P. Skinner, will send agents to visit any who may have failed to register.

The Consulate General is swamped with applications from Americans in the British Army who wish to join the United States forces. Several thousand of these have asked to be transferred, but Mr. Skinner has been unable to advise them whether this will be permitted.

A large number of officers may be transferred. Many of them already have been informed that they may join Major General Pershing, and those who do so will assist in training American troops in France. Requests for transfers have come mostly from Americans with the Canadian forces, but many have been received from men in English regiments.

KAISER DOMINATED, WASHINGTON HEARS

State Department Advised That Hindenburg and Ludendorff Control Situation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—A high ranking diplomat of one of the allied powers today summed up the German political situation in this way:

"The German wolf has donned a lamb's coat and put on more claws; it has softened its voice and sharpened its teeth."

The description fits impressions of the situation gained by the State Department. It was declared there, however, that it was too early to draw conclusive deductions owing to the limited amount of information received from Germany, the censorship of the German press, which is being manipulated by the Government to serve its own ends, and the ignorance of officials concerning the ideas and policy of Dr. Georg Michaelis, the new Imperial Chancellor.

The State Department is of the opinion that the German Government faced the necessity of furnishing a scapegoat to popular clamor, and offered up Herr von Bethmann Hollweg as a sacrifice. Dr. Michaelis was selected as his successor because his elevation would appear to be a concession to the Socialists, but it was admitted that it was impossible to state this as a fact because the policies of the new Chancellor were not known.

It was believed, however, that despite his seeming independence of character, and a reputed abhorrence for taking orders, or serving as an instrument with no free will of his own, Michaelis has given promises to the pan-Germanists and will outline a policy that will not be repugnant to them. The State Department believes that the fall of Bethmann Hollweg marks a distinct triumph of the militarists and pan-Germanists. The tone of the German press, as telegraphed to the department daily by American diplomats in Holland, Denmark, and Sweden, indicates this. There would not be so much boasting about it, it was said, unless there was some truth in it.

The department also has information that the two master military minds of Germany, Hindenburg and Ludendorff, are dominating Emperior William, and that the Emperor's position has been in the background of decisions for some time. The two military leaders were said to be in control of the situation, not only in Germany, but Austria, Bulgaria, and Turkey as well. The Crown Prince is forging rapidly to the fore, being pliable material in the hands of Ludendorff and Hindenburg.

THINK KAISER WILL QUIT.

People in Rome Believe He Will Turn Government Over to Son.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, July 17.—The abdication of the Kaiser is what people here construe from indirect reports of what is occurring in Germany. It appears that the physical and mental condition of the Kaiser are unsatisfactory, the trouble with his throat again afflicting him. His left arm is more paralyzed, while the nightmare of what has been brought on his country haunts him perpetually.

What the Kaiser is most anxious to save is the dynasty. He hopes to succeed by removing his own person from the footlights, trusting that the leadership of the empire, confided to his son, together with democratic reforms, will save the situation.

Consul Wilson Is Coming Home.

LONDON, July 17.—Ripley Wilson, American Consul at London, will soon sail for the United States to recuperate from the effects of overwork during the past three years at his post here.

SEES ALL GERMANY AT JUNKERS' MERCY

Driven to Fight On Because Militarists Find No Way Out, Says Pollen.

ARMY'S POWER INCREASED

Middle Classes Still Influenced, Naval Expert Points Out, by Hope of Sudden Reverse to Allies.

The transition in German affairs marked by the passing of von Bethmann Hollweg as Chancellor has strengthened rather than weakened Germany for the prosecution of the war, according to Arthur H. Pollen, the English naval expert, who said in an interview yesterday that this was true because the outcome of the Cabinet alteration had given the Junkers a much stronger grip on the internal affairs of the German Empire. He said that in the recession of von Bethmann Hollweg and the accession of Dr. Michaelis, or some other tool of the militarists, the leaders of the Reichstag had lost their one avenue for bringing peace talk home to the heads of the nation. This, he thought, would result in less talk in the immediate future of peace without indemnity or annexation.

Mr. Pollen analyzes the situation in Germany in this way: The militarists know they are beaten; they know they cannot defeat all the Allies. On the other hand, the Socialists and the politician-debaters who lead the Reichstag, in common with the great middle classes of Germany, now, as from the beginning, believe that Germany went to war for defensive purposes. They believe that Germany has shown the world that she can defend herself against all comers, and that, as the military machine has succeeded to this extent, the Junkers are trying to turn a defensive war into a war of conquest.

This suited the middle classes for a time, Mr. Pollen says, while the prospects of conquest looked rosy. But now, with the beginning of the fourth year of the war in sight, they feel that the price being paid for the Junkers' conquests is too great. Therefore, they wish a reiteration of Germany's original declaration of her purpose in the war and a proffer to make peace.

Militarists Not Deceived.

The militarist leaders know, Mr. Pollen says, that the Allies will not make peace with them now or at any other time so long as the Allies have any say about it. They know that the Allies intend that surrender shall be the only peace condition, so long as the militarist party rules in Germany. Therefore, Mr. Pollen argues, they see their only chance of survival in fighting on, with nothing to lose and all to gain by a continuance of the war, relying on the success of the submarine warfare against England or some other chance of fate to give them a position where they can tell the middle classes again that the Junker program will put the world at Germany's feet.

"This squabble in Germany," said Mr. Pollen, "does not mean the threatened disintegration of Germany or an early peace. The way it has turned out Germany is stronger than before, because the Junkers, for the time at least, have silenced their opponents.

"The great middle classes in Germany, it should be borne in mind, have no idea that Germany is facing defeat. On the contrary, they believe that the military machine has been highly successful in what they think it started out to do—to defend Germany. Believing that the war's object has been accomplished, they are unwilling to pay the price it is costing, for they think they see the determination of the militarists to turn the nation's defensive war into a war of annexation. They were willing for Germany to take the whole world, so to speak, when it looked feasible, but now that the war is dragging, they are tired of paying the price in lives and sacrifices for the enjoyment of the ambitions of the militarists. They do not know what the militarists know, that Germany is looking at defeat or that the Allies would not treat for peace with the present rulers of Germany. They think that with the German boundaries extended to take in most of Belgium, a good deal of Russia, and a slice of France, the nation could make a very good peace bargain.

Led by Indefinite Hope.

"But the militarists know better where they stand. They know that if the whole of Germany united in the request of the Reichstag leaders and asked for peace conferences on any basis with the militarists still in the saddle, it would get them nowhere. They know that for them the situation means surrender or fight on; therefore, they are going to fight on as far as they can. They have now temporarily gotten complete control again. They have silenced the clamor for a declaration for peace without annexation; for the time they have a more united country. They will fight on with the hope that some turn of events will cause them to be able to say with a certainty of being believed for the time that Germany will win everything and that things are fast going her way.

"The entrance of America into the war and the failure of German diplomacy to ruin Russia's fighting power caused the middle classes to beware of the Junker program. They saw loss of trade, especially with America, and they thought it well to call a halt. But the militarists preached complete victory, and said: 'Any one will be glad to be friends with a victorious Germany, and you will get all your trade back and more. There will be enough for all as soon as we finish winning.'

"As for what will happen when the great German middle classes learn what the militarists know—that they can't win—that is a different matter. If that ever percolates the brain of the average German, there will be revolution. Therefore, I believe that the recent demand in the Reichstag for peace without annexation, which is the same as the Socialist demand a year ago, will not be repeated to gain effect, and that if a real upset comes in Germany, it will be by a complete revolution. The people must come to see that it is not to be believed that the militarists can make good in their promise of a victory, and the people must make up their minds once and for all to throw the Kaiser and the militarists overboard.

Reichstag's Power Slight.

"It has been said that the Reichstag possesses the power to withhold funds. The Reichstag can vote to withhold funds, but it is not to be supposed seriously that Hindenburg and company would fail to grab anything needed, so long as the Government of Germany remains as it is. They would get their supplies, Reichstag or no Reichstag.

"The talk of the Kaiser's abdication is all rot. He is one with the Junkers, although the people of Germany do not believe it. They believe the Junkers are 'putting it over' the Kaiser. The peace advocates think that Hndenburg and company are running things for their own militaristic ambition and should stop, for it is costing too much. As a matter of fact, the militarists are fighting for their existence, and what matters it to them if a few million more Germans are killed or if a few million men and women starve. It is their only game to fight on, and they have a play in the recent changes in Berlin.

"They have done so because Bethmann Holwegg was a man who could be reached by an argument. Perhaps he saw that Germany could not win and that it was best to find some road out. When he was deposed it was a matter of indifference who was put in—Michaelsi or some one else. For to put out Bethmann Holwegg meant only that a militarist tool would be put in. It is idle to speculate on what sort of a man Michaelis is or what his ideals are. The only thing he will do will be to go on helping Hindenburg and Ludendorff to run the war as Hindenburg & Co. wish it done. He was put in because he would do just that.

"Because of the nature of the game the militarists are playing, the one thing that might hasten the awakening of the German people would be a big defeat. But the military leaders have carefully sought to avoid the danger of just that thing. Hindenburg defeated the plans of the British and French for a big victory when he withdrew."

SEES GERMAN MARKET LOST.

Weser Zeitung Tells of "Yankee Vultures" in South America.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, July 16, (delayed.)—The Weser Zeitung, the great National Liberal shipping organ, has this to say of American influence on South American commerce, especially that of Brazil and Argentina:

"The efforts of the North American money princes and their hireling Wilson to grab trade with South America, and especially to throttle with golden fetters Brazil and Argentina, assume constantly more ruthless forms. Brazil has for some time considered herself at war with Germany, and, according to the latest reports, Argentina is about to break off diplomatic relations. The outbreak of the war was the signal for the Yankees to hurl themselves upon South America, like vultures, and attempt to swallow Germany's share of trade with South America, amounting to $337,000,000 a year."

The Zeitung proceeds to show the increase of South American trade, quoting the figures given by John Barrett. In conclusion it says:

"Future developments will depend primarily on the length of the war. The longer Germany is cut off from the South American market, the harder she will find it to recover her share of trade. It is comparatively easy in the case of imports, but as to exports to South America it must be remembered that the demand for finished products exists and has not to be created; consequently, the longer the South Americans are compelled to take non-German, and especially American, products the more accustomed they will become to them and the more anxious to avoid another change."

FRENCH CAPTURE LINES AT VERDUN

Continued from Page 1.

Along the front from Nordschoote to Warneton the fighting activity of the artilleries increased to considerable strength. Along both banks of the Scarpe also the artillery activity was lively. British reconnoitring advances at Messines, Hulluch, Gavrelle, Bullecourt, and North of St. Quentin failed.

Army Group of the German Crown Prince: In the morning, on the Laon-Soissons road, shock troops of a Hanoverian regiment, with pioneers, following a sudden burst of fire, penetrated the French lines and blew up dugouts and trench mortars. They returned with numerous prisoners and machine guns.

At Courteçon a further portion of a French trench was captured by a surprise attack on Sunday night. The number of prisoners taken in this sector has increased to more than 450 Frenchmen.

Shortly before dark the enemy opened a very heavy, spasmodic fire against our positions between Malval Farm and Cerny. The enemy then launched against this front a strong attack with dense masses, which broke down without any result and with very heavy losses under our fire and in hand-to-hand fighting. All the positions we captured recently are firmly in the hands of the well-tried East Prussian division.

At the Poehl mound in Western Champagne, troops from Thuringia succeeded in bitter hand-grenade battles in driving the French from the last portion of our old positions and in repulsing several counterattacks.

On the left bank of the Meuse (Verdun region) very violent artillery activity developed in the afternoon against Hill 304 and the line adjoining. Our destructive fire on the French trenches and troops prepared for an attack prevented the enemy from attacking, and only a few men succeeded in leaving their trenches. This morning the artillery battle at this point again increased in intensity.

Army Group of Grand Duke Albrecht: There were no important events.

In addition to five airplanes, four enemy captive balloons were brought down by our aviators.

British Active in the Air.

LONDON, July 17.—The official report from British headquarters in France tonight reads:

We captured a few prisoners and improved our position somewhat in the course of local fighting early this morning east of Monchy-le-Preux.

Although handicapped by thick clouds and strong winds, our airplanes carried out a great deal of successful work yesterday in conjunction with the artillery. In addition our raiding machines dropped a large number of bombs on various points of military importance behind the enemy's lines.

In the evening many fights took place in the air, as a result of which six enemy airplanes were brought down, one being forced to land in our lines; three others were driven down out of control. None of our machines is missing.

PUTS GERMAN LOSSES IN WEST AT 350,000

Allied Offensive Has Cost Them Heavily, According to a French Estimate.

FRENCH FRONT, June 25, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Severe inroads have been made on the strength of the German troops holding the line on the Franco-British front during the attacks delivered on them in the months of April, May and June. An estimate made on well-established averages demonstrates that their losses must approximate 350,000 men.

Before the Spring operations of the French and British began, the German front had been divided into two sectors entirely independent of each other. One faced the French between the Oise and the Swiss frontier and was under the command of the Crown Prince. The other confronted the British from the North Sea to the Oise and was commanded by the Bavarian Crown Prince.

The strength of the German forces on the Franco-British front cannot, however, be calculated exactly from the number of their divisions, for no fewer than 112 of the 155 have been thrown into the battles at various times, and twenty-three of them have been twice engaged, thus totaling in reality 135 divisions which have been in action.

A German division which has suffered heavy losses is generally given a rest, varying from five to twelve days in which to recuperate and have its ranks refilled from the depots and then it is sent to hold a calm sector. Sometimes, however, it has been found necessary to send such a division back to active work almost immediately, while in other cases a month's rest has been necessary.

One peculiar feature noticed on this front is that the German divisions brought back from Russia have never been sent into the first line without going through a fresh course of training, as it was found the troops had lost much of their dash.

WHAT KING GEORGE SAW.

Carried Back to England Great Memories of the Front.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, July 16, (delayed.)—The King took with him across the Channel tremendous memories. He had seen his armies in the field, the splendor of an empire's youth, so keen, so valiant, so strong, out here where only a field or two, an hour or two, or a chance or two divide life from death. The spirit of all these boys, so many hundreds of thousands of them, had been like a great song about him along all the roads, a song of energy, of life, of boyish devotion to some ideal hidden in their hearts. He had seen the vastness and power of the war machine forged slowly through three years of desperate activity and the work it had done in the hands of these officers and men on the three great British battlefields. Every day British airplanes had gone soaring over his head, and he had seen them sometimes flying very steadily with German shrapnel about them, and then playing fantastic tricks in the air. There was no branch of the British organization or of their material of war which he did not see in passing, and every day there was brought close to him the sense of all human energy and science and invention devoted to this terrific struggle against the resisting enemy.

What I have described is only a pale image of the scenes through which the King passed. He saw the living reality of it all, the color and movement of it, the light in the men's eyes, the tramp of their feet, and he heard the music of this war, the music of the march, of men, of their bands, of their labor, of their laughter, and their cheers. Surely all this rising up to the King as he passed must have been a vision splendid to him.

Far away sometimes was the great dark shadow of war, which is like a haunting thought in all these scenes to men who know and have gone into the blackness of it. The King only touched the edge of that and looked across at the shadow. He did not see much of the tragedy except as it comes into the field hospitals, where wounded men are smiling at their luck, but he knew the meaning of what he saw before his coming. He heard the tale of that fighting on the coast near Lombaertzyde, and perhaps when he went across the Channel he looked up the coast and thought of those men who a few days before stood with their backs to the canal in which bridges lay broken and fought on under storms of shells till many of them were dead and most were wounded. The King has gone back with the understanding of all brave hearts out here and of the work they do at whatever sacrifice with uttermost devotion. It is royal knowledge, for no man on earth could desire a kingship over more splendid legions.

Belgian Lines Bombarded.

HAVRE, July 17, (via Paris.)—The Belgian War Office issued the following statement today:

The enemy batteries directed their fire today chiefly against our communications and batteries behind Steenstraete.

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RUSSIANS FORCED OUT OF KALUSZ

Driven Back Across the Lower Lomnica River by Heavy Reinforcements of Germans.

LOSE BUT RETAKE NOVICA

Berlin Reports Renewal of Intense Artillery Fire on the Northern Galician Front.

LONDON, July 17.—Pressing, with the aid of heavy German reinforcements, their counterattacks on the upper and middle Lomnica River, in Southern Galicia, the enemy has forced Korniloff's Russians to retire from Kalusz and retreat back across the river. They also retook the village of Novica, but were ejected on the arrival of reserves. The official report of these operations issued by the Petrograd War Office is appended:

Western Front—Northeast of Kalusz, beginning yesterday morning, the Germans conducted persistent attacks, which were repelled by us. For tactical reasons, our troops occupying the left bank of the lower course of the River Lomnica have been transferred to the right bank, leaving Kalusz and securing behind them the important crossing of the Lomnica.

In the section of Novica-Lodziany-Krasne our troops continued attacks, with the object of throwing the enemy back across the Lomnica. The enemy made stubborn resistance. With the approach of evening, he counterattacked in dense waves from the direction of Selohy-Kagnka, and, pressing back our troops, occupied the village of Novica, but was driven out again upon the arrival of our fresh reserves. In the ejection of the enemy the Daghestan and Karbada cavalry regiments, on foot, took an energetic part in the fighting. The enemy suffered great losses in this attack.

There were fusillades on the remainder of the front.

Rumanian Front—One of our scouting parties, consisting of fifty men, occupied the village of Dunaevec, in St. Georges Channel of the Danube. Of two enemy companies there a large part were made prisoner and the rest fled. We captured one gun, two machine guns, and various stores. Having carried out their task, our scouts left, having lost three officers and eight men wounded.

Caucasus Front—In the regions of Serdesht and Baneh the Kurds made a night attack, which was beaten off. A Turkish offensive in the region of the Garran summit also was frustrated.

BERLIN, July 17, (via London.)—Russian forces which recently captured the Galician town of Kalusz, the headquarters of the Austro-German Army, evacuated that town yesterday and retreated to the right bank of the Lomnica River, according to the official statement issued today by the German Army Headquarters staff, which reads:

Eastern Front—Army Group of Prince Leopold: The lively fighting activity at Riga, Dvinsk, and Smorgon continues. With the clearing of the weather the firing on the Narayuvka front was heavier than it has recently been.

South of the Dniester Rhineland regiments captured the woodlands north of Kalusz. As German forces were also aproaching from the west, the Russians evacuated the town and retreated quickly to the southern bank of the Lomnica.

Elsewhere conditions are unchanged.

Our aerial squadrons carried out bombing attacks on harbor installations at Arensburg and Russian aerial stations at Aapenholm, on Oesel Island, (in the Gulf of Riga.) All the machines returned safely.

MICHAELIS CHOOSES HIS COLLEAGUES

Continued from Page 1.

theless, the Centre insists that the organization of the Empire through the Federal States must be preserved.

PARIS, July 17.—A Zurich dispatch to the Petit Parisien says Count von Bernstorff has been appointed German Minister at Copenhagen in the place of Count Brockdorff-Rantzau.

PRESS AND PUBLIC FOR NEW CHANCELLOR

Expect His Declaration of Policy Will Be Categorical—Personality Called "Imperative."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 16, (via London, Delayed.)—So far the new Chancellor has a very good press, the organs of nearly all the parties claiming him as being particularly inclined to stand on their own platforms. The public, too, seems to think Michaelis's selection a very happy one, tending toward the solution of various problems. It is generally conceded that Michaelis is not the man to hesitate or put off unpleasant decisions, and that no matter what stand he will take the Reichstag and people will soon know about it. Vorwärts says of him today:

"It is known of him that he has a sure and decisive way of performing his tasks. His attitude toward the great problems of the time is still unknown. Nobody knows as yet how Michaelis looks upon his new task. But at the next session of the Reichstag, probably Thursday, the new Chancellor will most likely give some explanation on which the attitude of the Social Democratic Party toward him will depend."

These lines were evidently written before a garden party which the Chancellor gave Saturday evening from 6 to 8 at the Ministry of the Interior to the leaders of three allied parties, Socialists, Progressives, and Centrists, at which four Socialist leaders were present. They seemed very contented with the new Chancellor when seen afterward, and though they would not reveal any conversation that had taken place at the garden party, enough leaked out to warrant the presumption that the leaders of the three parties named are convinced the new Chancellor has found a common ground on which they all can meet and work together. The leaders of the other two parties, Conservative and National Liberals, who, it will be remembered, refused to support Erzberger's compromise peace, will meet the Chancellor today.

Much of what the Vorwärts says, furthermore, in its leading article today, has been superseded by that garden party, and it is useless to repeat it here now. After speaking of Michaelis's former work, the Vorwärts continues:

Sees Chancellor as Friend of Peace.

"For two years Michaelis was the one person in whom all the fear and apprehensions concerning the bread supply of the German people were concentrated, and in that position even a war-mad fanatic would have been converted into an honest friend of peace. There is no evidence, however, that Michaelis is such a fanatic. There is one point on which we shall be thankful for a frank statement on Michaelis's part. Either we conduct a war of conquest or we don't. Either we intend to make other countries give up territory and pay up money, even if to accomplish that purpose we have to fight for another ten years, or we welcome peace within visible time, and limit ourselves to the plain program of a defensive war.

"If the Chancellor takes the second view he will have a strong and united majority in the Reichstag in his favor, which by personal efforts he may even increase. He cannot work without a majority of the Reichstag. That is a fact proved by Buelow's downfall and by Bethmann's resignation. So to pretend that Germany could be governed without a Reichstag majority means ignoring actual conditions and belittling Germany's dignity in foreign countries.

"Germany is no autocracy and cannot be one. A Chancellor who does not hold the confidence of the people must go. The 'peculiar position of the Chancellor to the Reichstag' is only an empty formality by which German interior interests suffer no less than do her exterior ones. It is time for the new Chancellor to destroy this absurd formalism with a firm hand. To build up a system of liberty and stop the awful slaughter of mankind by an early and just peace should be the highest aim of any present German statesman."

An Imperative Personality.

The new Chancellor's personality is described as very imperative. His face is strongly cut, energy and indomitable will being written all over it, but it is sometimes softened by a genial smile. His figure inclines to stoutness, but his movements are quick, almost agile.

Michaelis is said be of extremely simple tastes. He spent his youth in Frankfort, where his father was Judge of the Court of Appeals. He was educated in a highly religious spirit, such as prevails in old Lutheran families. He had five brothers and sisters. All were educated by their mother after their father's early death. His oldest brother was a General in the army, his second brother died as a young naval officer in Constantinople, and the third brother became a clergyman. Dr. Michaelis himself has six children.

AUSTRIA'S AIMS STATED.

Premier Says She Is Fighting for Freedom of Her Peoples.

VIENNA, (via Amsterdam,) July 17.—Austria-Hungary's ideas on peace were made known to the Constitution Committee of the Reichsrat in an address by the Premier, Dr. von Seydler. After referring to the unbreakable unity between Austria and her allies, Dr. von Seydler declared Parliament would work for "the aim for which Austria is fighting, namely, the unassailable, sacred right of her peoples to decide for themselves their internal destiny. This task, at the same time, will be a long stride in the direction of an honorable peace which we desire to create on the basis of justice, moderation, and conciliation—the firm unity of all civilized peoples and their uniform endeavor to abolish those circumstances which brought about the world war. We are all longing for this peace. Until then we are determined to hold on in firm co-operation between front and homeland."

Dr. von Seydler referred to the uselessness of all past efforts to carry out the principle of equal rights of all nationalities laid down in the constitution. This, he said, was the cause of the political troubles which made Austria appear sick, a state which, however, every clear-minded person knew to be untrue. All peoples of Austria were united externally and internally by a common tie, by love of the dynasty, and the uniformity of all vital interests.

The Premier said the Constitution did not contain provisions necessitated by the peculiarities of a State composed of various nationalities. The problem, he continued, was to carry out such reforms as would enable these nationalities to live together harmoniously, demonstrating that in Austria there was no oppressed people, no desire for oppression, and that the right of self-government would be assured to every nationality within the State. Enemy countries would thus be deprived of a pretext for interfering in Austrian affairs, and at the same time there would be established a secure basis for prosperous development and a peaceful future.

The lower house has adjourned indefinitely. The President, in concluding his speech, said: "We again have freed the way for constitutional life. We have strengthened the assured position of the House. May it have strength to fulfill the great task of rebuilding the empire!"

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UKRAINE SPLITS RUSSIAN CABINET

Continued from Page 1.

case it would be impossible to publish the full text of the declaration since the question of the Ukraine could only be definitely settled by a Constituent Assembly, and that it was impossible for the Government to make a final declaration on the subject.

The cadet Ministers, however, emphatically insisted that their adverse position in regard to the declaration was not to be taken as an objection to the principle of autonomy for the Ukraine, wherewith their party was in full sympathy. Their protest, they repeated, was pathy.

MM. Tereschtenko and Tseretelli, on the other hand, flatly insisted upon the immediate publication of the declaration, adding that the form might be altered if the sense were kept intact.

After taking cognizance of the views of M. Tereschtenko and M. Tseretelli and of a communication from War Minister Kerensky on the subject, the Provisional Government decided today on the creation of an executive body to put into execution measures dealing with the administration of Ukraine. The personnel will be decided on by the Government, in agreement with the Ukrainians, on the basis of equitable representation of other nationalities inhabiting Ukraine.

The Provisional Government will adopt a sympathetic attitude in regard to the elaboration of necessary measures, as well as a bill dealing with the solution of the agrarian question. In order to maintain the combative unity of the army, the Government will not countenance measures which might injure the military organization and command, although it does not object to the creation of army units composed exclusively of Ukrainians, subject to the approval of the War Ministry.

In order to permit settlement of this problem special Ukrainian delegates may be attached to the War Cabinet, the General Staff, and the Staff of the Commander in Chief. Local Ukrainian military committees will continue to exercise their functions on the general basis that their activities shall correspond with those of other special military organizations.

Messrs. Prokopovitch and Clearmousky have been appointed Ministers of Commerce and Education, respectively.

FINNS ARE DIVIDED ON SECESSION PLAN

Governor General Says It Would Lead to Armed Intervention by Russia.

HELSINGFORS, July 17.—The proposed promulgation whereby Finland seeks to wrest from Russia complete independence has caused extreme tension and nervousness. The situation is complicated by the Diet's continual refusal to grant a full 350,000,000 marks loan to Russia and by a threat of a general strike if the Diet postpones the passage of the new communal bill abolishing property qualifications. The latter was the subject of a demonstration in the Senate square last night. If no compromise is reached, the bill will be on third reading tomorrow, backed by Socialists and a handful of bourgeois members.

Other bourgeois members of the Swedish-Finnish nationality oppose the measure, declaring they, too, support in principle complete independence, but that the proposed law is, in fact, unconstitutional and a coup d'état would be certain to provoke Russia's resentment. They demand realization of their independence by friendly negotiations with Russia.

The situation regarding loans is somewhat alleviated, thanks to American intervention. A. I. Shingaroff, Russian Minister of Finance, explained Russia's difficulties through inability to pay her soldiers and sailors in Finland owing to lack of Finnish currency and Finland's refusal to accept the ruble. Thereupon Americans undertook to put at Russia's disposal all Finnish marks obtainable in America, also to furnish money of other foreign currencies which Finland accepts.

Governor General Stakovitch outlined to The Associated Press Russia's standpoint.

"The seriousness of the situation today," he said, "arises from the fact that a majority of the Senate in the Diet abandoned legality and the principle of mutuality and insists on regulating its own inter-relations by the will of Finland alone.

"That is not all. The new Independence bill is also a flat violation of Finland's own continental laws. The latter require a five-sixth majority in the Diet for an amendment of the Constitution by quick procedure. There is no prospect of a five-sixth majority on third reading. The Socialist backers of the bill must therefore declare it, not an amendment to the Constitution, but only an ordinary law, or to gain the required majority must make a compromise with the Opposition, which stands in agreement with Russia.

"The present form of the bill practically establishes a Finnish republic, not making any reference to Russian connection. It does not even recognize the Governor Generalship, and, although it declares it does not apply to foreign affairs or the army and navy, nevertheless it concedes to Russia no specific right in these matters. It is inconceivable that the Provisional Government will consent to this, even if passed."

It is believed that Russian extremists themselves oppose Finland's move. M. O. Tcheitse, the Russian Socialist Deputy, declared at the Congress of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates that Finnish independence meant independence established only by Russo-Finnish agreement with a constituent assembly's sanction.

It is believed that the present situation is due to German intrigue.

ANTI-CABINET RIOTS START IN PETROGRAD

PETROGRAD, July 16, (Delayed.)—Two demonstrations against the Government resulted in the firing of shots in the Nevsky Prospect at midnight, as a result of which a number of persons were killed or wounded.

The firing apparently was the result of stray shots which brought on a panic, in which the demonstrators turned rifles and machine guns on each other. Quiet was restored after a few minutes.

The demonstrations were organized by the Bolsheviki, the majority faction of the Social-Democratic Party.

LONDON, Wednesday, July 18.—Reuter's Petrograd correspondent in a dispatch dated Tuesday, telling of the disorders in the Russian capital, says:

"The Maximalist leaders tried to provoke a mutiny in the Petrograd garrison yesterday in consequenceof reports that measures had been taken against some regiments at the front which had been insubordinate. The attempts at the outset met with little success, but gradually some of the soldiers were won over.

"Early in the evening armed groups of demonstrators paraded the streets, and later motor lorries carrying machine guns appeared and moved incessantly to and fro. The people, who at first had for the most part kept to their houses, finding no disorder was taking place, filled the streets as spectators and as auditors at open-air meetings.

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LOCAL BOARDS COMPLETE

Deputy Attorney General Conkling Says No Members Here Have Refused to Serve.

Deputy Attorney General Roscoe Conkling, who represents the Adjutant General in directing the preparations for the selective draft in New York City, announced last night that he expected to have the city ready for the draft before 1 o'clock this morning. At 6 P. M. yesterday more than half of the 189 exemption boards in the city had reported their preliminary work completed, and the remaining boards had reported they would have finished by midnight. The Times printed yesterday the headquarters addresses of all the boards except four in Manhattan, one in Brooklyn, and one in Richmond. Those boards sent in the addresses of their headquarters yesterday. They are as follows:

Manhattan.

District.
132—Hunter College.
133—P. S. Sixty-sixth St., east of First Av.
136—213 West 120th St.
141—College of the City of New York.

Brooklyn.

79—P. S. 108, Linwood St. and Arlington Av.

Richmond.

189—Borough Hall, St. George.

The address of the headquarters of Board 11, in the Bronx, which was given as 1,035 Seventh Avenue, should have been 1,035 Stebbins Avenue. Mr. Conkling was asked yesterday if the section of the draft law which makes it a misdemeanor for a person named as a member of a local exemption board to refuse to serve would be rigidly enforced in this city, replied:

"In the announcement that the section referred to would be enforced, the impression appears to have been created that the situation in New York was serious as a result of the failure of many members of the local boards to do their part of the required work. That impression is erroneous. It has not been found necessary to invoke that section of the law in this city."

The membership of many of the boards has been entirely changed since the President made his original announcement of the personnel. A revised list will be given out today or tomorrow. The serially numbered lists of all men of draft age, except aliens, will be posted in the headquarters of all the boards within the next two days.

"Those lists," said Mr. Conkling, "will be for the information of the public generally and particularly for the men of draft age resident in the various exemption districts. Every man subject to the draft should go to the headquarters of the board in his district and ascertain his number and then watch the newspapers to find out whether or not his number has been drawn. At the request of Philip J. McCook of the Mayor's Defense Committee, an order has been issued to the police in every precinct to be prepared to answer all inquiries of citizens regarding the location of exemption board headquarters.

Hardship to New York.

The protests made in Washington on Monday by Senators from Northern industrial States containing a large percentage of aliens, who complained that the selective draft law discriminated against their States in favor of the South, called attention to the situation in which New York is placed by the law. The registration for the entire country is roughly 9,660,000, including about 1,350,000 aliens—some 14 per cent. In New York City the registration was 590,670, including 171,765 aliens—about 34.4 per cent. Since the draft includes only citizens, but is based on estimates of population which include aliens, this means that the quota taken into the conscript army from the whole country will be drawn from about 86 per cent. of the population, but in New York City it will be from about 65 per cent. of the population. When the Selective Draft bill was before Congress Census Bureau officials told Senators and Representatives that a bill based on total population instead of citizen population would be unfair to the large industrial centres, particularly in the Eastern States, but no attention was paid to this.

A feature of the situation which has caused much protest in various parts of the country, particularly in industrial cities where the proportion of young men is much higher than in the nation at large, has been the estimates of population furnished by the Census Bureau for basing the State and city quotas for the draft. Under this estimate New York State has 11,187,798 inhabitants, New York City 6,504,000, Detroit 1,500,000, and so on. The most optimistic citizen of Detroit never predicted that his city would reach the million and a half mark so soon. Senator Pomerene of Ohio protested in the Senate on Monday that his home town of Canton, which had, according to the best local estimates, between 75,000 and 80,000 people, had been estimated at 177,000, and Akron, whose population was not more than 150,000, had been given 380,000 by the same authority.

City Figures Increased.

Just before Registration Day the Census Bureau and the War Department issued estimates, based on the 1910 figures and the annual increment, of the number of men who might be expected to register in each State. Many of the agricultural communities, particularly in the more backward parts of the country, fell far below this figure, whereas the industrial cities, especially in the sections which have enjoyed great recent prosperity, went far above it. This was due to the movement of young men to the centres of industry.

In estimating the State quotas allowance has been made for men who were in the National Guard up to April 2, and those who have enlisted in the army and the guard since then. Oregon's quota, for instance, was 7,387. But since the State had 2,484 National Guardsmen on April 2 and has enlisted 2,424 since then, besides furnishing 2,259 to the regular army, there will be only 717 men drafted from the State. Ohio's quota was reduced from 68,000 to 29,000, chiefly by heavy enlistments in the guard this Spring; New York's from 122,000 to 69,000, Pennsylvania's from 98,000 to 60,000, chiefly by the already large National Guard forces, with the additional enlistments for the guard and the regular army. No allowance was made, however, for men furnished to the navy, which naturally operates against some of the seaboard States where interest in the naval forces has been particularly strong.

REDFIELD FORCES PRATT TO RESIGN

Chief of Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce Quits Suddenly.

SPLIT ON EXPORT CONTROL

Secretary Was Understood to Have Been in Favor of Drastic Restrictions on Neutrals.

PRAISES RETIRING OFFICIAL

But Says Administrative Reasons Made Change Necessary—Pressure to Modify Trade Regulation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—As a result, it was said, of a controversy over the policy to be followed in the regulation of exports to neutrals, Dr. Edward E. Pratt resigned tonight, at the request of Secretary Redfield of the Department of Commerce, as Chief of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. It is understood that earlier in the day he had given up his position as Secretary of the Advisory Board of the Exports Council.

It has been reported that there was considerable difference of opinion among some of the members of the Exports Council over the quantity of war time commodities, especially foodstuffs and fodder, which should be permitted to go to neutral countries that might be feeding Germany or sending materials for the manufacture of explosives to the Central Powers. Secretary Redfield was one of those who it was believed were in favor of a strict regulation of the exports.

While no comment could be obtained from Secretary Redfield, Dr. Pratt, or any of their co-workers tonight, there were some who felt that this may have had something to do with the forced resignation of Dr. Pratt. It is known that strong pressure has been brought to bear from some quarters in the last few days on the Exports Council to shut down on the exports to the Scandinavian countries and Holland.

Regrets Leaving in War.

Dr. Pratt, in announcing his resignation, gave out this statement:

"At the request of the Secretary of Commerce I have forwarded to the President my resignation as Chief of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, to take effect immediately. I would have regretted leaving the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce at any time, but I particularly regret it at this time because of the war activities that have been placed in its care."

The following letter from Mr. Pratt to Secretary Redfield was made public at the same time:

"My Dear Mr. Secretary: In accordance with your request I have transmitted to the President my resignation as Chief of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, to take effect immediately.

"I regret to leave the important work which has recently been intrusted to the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, because I had looked upon it as an opportunity to serve my country. I want to take this occasion to express to you my sincere appreciation of the many courtesies extended to me during the past three years. Yours respectfully,
"E. E. PRATT."

Secretary Redfield declined to discuss the reasons for Dr. Pratt's dismissal. All that he would say was contained in this brief statement:

"While Dr. Pratt has many excellent qualities and much ability, it was deemed wise, for administrative reasons and for the good of the service, that a change be made. There will be no other readjustments in the service. The matter had been for some time under consideration."

Differences on Export Policy.

The Exports Council has adopted recently the policy of shutting down on any information concerning licenses granted except that which is given out through the Bureau of Public Information, of which George Creel is Chairman. Some reports are that this may have been due to the delicate international situation that has confronted the council and the fact that there were divergent views on some of the policies.

Up to this time it is understood that few licenses have been refused, but it has been reported, despite the strict censorship, that this policy might be abandoned as soon as the applications were numerous enough to give the council and its advisory commission a comprehensive knowledge of the firms which wished to ship goods to neutral countries.

Since the embargo proclamation was issued by the President, it is said, much diplomatic correspondence has taken place, but even in the face of this the men who are in favor of strict measures which would place certain neutral countries on rations have remained firm in their attitude. All of these conditions, it was reported tonight, brought about the situation which resulted in the resignation of Dr. Pratt.

Pratt a Trade Expert.

Dr. Pratt is a member of the American Scandinavian Society. He is a Director of the National League of Urban Conditions Among Negroes, and a member of the consulting staff of the Alexander Hamilton Institute, the American Economic Association, the National Association of Corporation Schools, and the American Statisticians' Association.

He is the author of numerous papers on the subjects of foreign trade, municipal conditions, and industrial betterment. Dr. Pratt has borne the reputation of being one of the foremost experts in the Commerce Department. He entered the service of the Government as Chief of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce Oct. 5, 1914.

After leaving Columbia University in 1909 Dr. Pratt became Assistant Professor of Economics and Statistics in the New York School of Philanthropy and held that position until 1912. During that time he was Special Investigator of the New York State Factory Investigation Commission and was manager of the Industrial Bureau of the Merchants' Association of New York. In 1912 he became lecturer on commerce and statistics at the New York University School of Commerce, which post he held until he entered the Government service. He is 51 years old.

NEW DESTROYER AFLOAT.

Stockton Launched at the Cramp Yards, at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, July 17.—The torpedo boat destroyer Stockton, the latest addition to the United State Navy, was launched from the ways of the Cramps Shipyard, on the Delaware River, here today. The craft was named in honor of Commodore Stockton of civil war fame.

Miss Ellen Emilie de Martelley, 8 years old, a descendant of Commodore Stockton, was sponsor for the new destroyer. A group of navy officials and officers of the shipbuilding company witnessed the launching.

EXPECT TO BEGIN DRAFT TOMORROW

Continued from Page 1.

man liable throughout all districts having that number. Thus if 5 is the first number drawn it will be the key number determining that 4,550 men in as many districts will be the first men in those districts to be examined for the draft, and so on until the serial numbers which the exemption boards have been assigning to the registrants have been arranged in the order of liability to service.

Must Know Their Numbers.

As far as can be told now, every registrant will have to be informed not only of the serial number placed on his card by the local Exemption Board but also of the exact number of registrants in his district. Otherwise he will be unable to know until he is ordered before the board what his order of liability is.

With his own number and the total number of registrants in his district, any registrant can figure out quickly what place he occupies in the line as soon as the results of the lottery are announced. If there are 1,500 registered men, every serial number above that will represent a blank in that district when it is drawn, and the rotation numbers of the drawing will pass them over. Thus, if No. 1,428 should be drawn first, No. 1,569 second, and No. 1,247 third, the order of the liability in a 1,500 district would be No. 1,428 first and No. 1,247 second.

While officials of the Provost Marshal's office refused today to discuss charges of unfairness in allotment of quotas made yesterday in the Senate, it was pointed out again that the revised population estimates of the Census Bureau, upon which the allotment was made, were based wholly upon the actual showing at the registration. Under the law, the bureau had to consider the fluctuation of population since 1910, the last census, and the War Department had to count in aliens in making allotments, even though they are exempt from service.

Reconsideration of population estimates in the light of registration returns showed that on the average 9 3-10 per cent. of the total population were within the age limits of the Draft bill. In large commercial and industrial centres, however, the percentage ran above that figure because of the influx of young men. A case in point is Detroit, where, with an actual population of probably less than a million, the proportion of registrants indicated a population of 1,521,000 under the rule established. This was due to the automobile and other plants in that region which have called many young men from the country to work. In its revised estimate the bureau fixed Detroit's population at the inflated figure for the purposes of the draft only.

May Change the Law.

Officials believe that in the main this plan was fair, but they realize some inequalities may result because of the large alien population in some sections. All aliens of draft age were required to register and their number figured in the allotment basis, but unless the law is changed, they must be exempted from service. That will put an equal burden on citizen registrants in the communities of large foreign population.

Two plans have been suggested for changing the law so as to eliminate this inequality—reapportionment of quotas with the alien registrants left out of consideration, or amendment of the Draft act so that aliens will not be exempt. Both suggestions have many supporters in Congress, and it is not unlikely that one of them will be approved by the Administration.

Today Senator Chamberlain, Chairman of the Senate Military Committee, revealed that he had drafted a measure to make all aliens, wherever possible under existing treaties and excepting subjects of enemy countries, subject to draft. The Senator said he had not discussed the question with Administration officials.

Meantime, Representative Dent, Chairman of the House Military Committee, submitted to Secretary Baker a bill introduced by Representative Rogers of Massachusetts, proposing to adopt the other alternative regarding aliens. It would provide that the draft quotas be apportioned according to total population, thus excluding aliens from the totals upon which apportionments are made. Mr. Dent said that if the Secretary approved, his committee probably would report the bill favorably.

At the War Department there has been no indication whether either of these proposals will have the backing of the Administration. Apportionment officials let it be known today, however, that they fully expected complaints of unfair treatment of cities and towns having comparatively small American populations, and large proportions of aliens not subject to draft, though registered. There seemed to be no way to meet this complaint under existing law, the officials said.

Aliens as a rule have been regarded as exempt from military service in countries where they reside, and no Government has been more insistent than that of the United States upon the exemption from service in European armies of Americans in Europe. Many officials are known to hold the conviction that, to require aliens in the United States to serve, would be clearly a violation of international law, at least, unless the State Department obtained permission from the foreign Governments concerned.

Department officials feel that discussion in Congress, if it develops into action, may indefinitely postpone the raising of the national army. The suggestion, therefore, has been made to some of the Senators interested that the present draft be allowed to proceed on the basis planned, and that the question of corrections be thrashed out between now and the time of the next draft.

NEW JERSEY ENTERS PROTEST.

Governor Edge Complains of Injustice in Estimates for Draft.

TRENTON, N. J., July 17.—The receipt of protests from many communities in New Jersey against the population figures allotted to them by the War Department and the Census Bureau as the basis for draft quotas today led Governor Edge to wire to Provost Marshal General Crowder in Washington as follows:

"Examination of registration cards shows aliens ineligible for service registered in numbers in certain communities equal to 57 per cent. of whole number registered in such communities. Such percentages distribute selections heavily on remaining citizens, requiring, in instances named, more than double the number of selections to be made from identical population without aliens. Request information as to procedure in eliminating these inequalities. Communities filing protests."

MASSACHUSETTS PROTESTS.

Governor McCall Declares Federal Draft Estimate Is Too High.

BOSTON, July 17.—A protest against the Federal estimate of 3,939,561 as the present population of Massachusetts, on which the State's quota of the draft army is to be based, was made by Governor McCall tonight in a telegram to Senator Lodge at Washington.

$15 FOR $3.50 CABBAGES.

Difference in Paterson's Retail and Wholesale Prices Startles Governor.

TRENTON, N. J., July 17.—The first report on food prices recently called for by Governor Edge was made public by him today and it shows some startling fluctuations. Cabbages last week were netting farmers in Middlesex County $5 a hundred heads, while on the same days in Monmouth County, adjoining, the farmers only got $2.50. This same product sold at $7 in Newark and at $5 in Asbury Park, which is in Monmouth County. Atlantic City, Elizabeth, Trenton, and New York had to pay $5, while Paterson got off with $3.50. In Philadelphia the asking price was $2.75.

In Newark, while the wholesale price was $7, the retail price was $13. At Paterson, where the wholesale price was $3.50, the retail price was $15.

SENATORS ASSAIL DEFENSE COUNCIL

Continued from Page 1.

creeping in now, what will it be when the war is a year or more old with us? I think it devolves upon the Senate to eliminate a situation which may threaten to become serious.

"I do not believe all the rumors we hear of irregularity in these contracts, for I believe members of the Advisory Commission to be loyal and patriotic. But, nevertheless, this criticism keeps coming up and the rumors are alive. If we are not careful we shall have nothing but scandal rumors from now on as to men who have given up their time and energy to aid the Government in its crisis.

"The surest way to avoid these recurring rumors is to put in this bill a provision that will save the Advisory Commission from taking part in contracts between the Government and themselves. It would serve as a protection to them against scandal mongers, if it accomplished no other purpose. If we don't do this we shall find that to the end of the war good men among those who are serving the Government will be abused and vilified. We want wholesome criticism, and we want to punish grafting, but at the same time we want to protect the good names of those who might otherwise be falsely accused."

Senator Townsend of Michigan pointed out that members of the Advisory Commission had been called upon to serve the country, and that they were beyond suspicion.

Vultures Spreading Scandal.

"If fraud creeps in anywhere in the award of contracts it will be detected and can be punished by those higher in authority," he went on. "The Advisory Commission cannot make contracts—that is for the Council of National Defense, on which sit members of the Cabinet. We are amply guaranteed against anything going wrong. It is not the Advisory Commission we have to fear. It is the horde of vultures who have swooped down on Washington looking for fat contracts and who, disappointed at not getting them, have become scandal mongers vilifying those who kept them from getting their clutches on the Government's money. That's where these vile charges come from. I've heard them and investigated them time and again and found them baseless."

Senator Gore urged a resolution providing that, because of the prevalence of rumors that lobbyists are attempting to influence the passage of the Food bill, the Senate prolong the life of the Lobby Committee so an investigation may be taken up.

"If there is a lobby working for or against this bill it ought to be driven from the capital with a whip of scorpion and fire," declared the Oklahoma Senator.

Senator Williams blocked passage of the resolution, insisting Congress had enough to do without investigations upon accusations that might be based only on "public clamor."

Senator McKellar of Tennessee declared the defense council members were "mere figureheads" and let contracts which had the O. K. of the advisory bodies. He referred specifically to the cantonment camp contracts let upon a cost and profit basis.

"Under this remarkable system," he said, "the Government is milked to the tune of $250,000 for cantonments, which any capable carpenter could supervise."

Senator McKellar produced correspondence between himself and the council members asking detailed information regarding the policies and details of army contracts, personnel, and other matters. He said that although made a month ago, none of his requests for information had been complied with. While all navy supplies were bought under competitive bids, he said, army supplies were not.

Senator Hale of Maine urged a joint committee of Congress to act with the Administration during the war in the operation of the food bill and other war measures.

Favors Joint Committee.

"The country, I believe," he said, "wants this bill. The President asks for it. The war warrants it and it will probably become a law. I would provide for a committee to be made up from both houses of Congress whose business it would be to keep in touch with the Advisory Committee, Council of National Defense, and committees and controllers for the country's benefit. We should know what they are doing, and how the great appropriations Congress is providing for are being used.

"The powers we are granting under this bill are enormous. They may or they may not prove beneficial to the country, and we alone give these great powers. We appropriate the money. Let us supervise the spending of the money."

Senator Smoot of Utah brought into the Senate debate an allusion to his liquor amendment providing for the President taking over stocks of whisky in bond at cost, plus 10 per cent. He failed to see, he said, why any one should become excited over the plight of the liquor dealers.

"If the owners of the liquor in bond keep on taking it out as they are doing now," declared Mr. Smoot, "there will be little left there when the time comes to apply the law. We need not worry about the cost of taking over the liquor to the Government. If every gallon were to remain in bond and we should pay for it at the rate of 10 per cent. above actual cost it would not require more than $150,000,000 to make the deal."

Senator Chamberlain objected to the liquor question coming up again.

"We have passed that," said he, "and we should keep our debate to the pending matter, the Pomerene amendment relating to the purchase of supplies for the conduct of the war, which is up now."

"Why not adopt the resolution for national prohibition, and go about this thing in a direct way?" suggested Senator Shafroth. "I voted for the Smoot amendment, but would prefer the prohibition resolution separate from this bill. I am told that the Senate could adopt that resolution during the morning hour. That is what I favor."

"That is a trick of the anti-prohibitionists," returned Mr. Smoot. "It would defeat the legislation, and the House would not support the national amendment resolution."

"My information is that the House would adopt the prohibition resolution," observed Mr. Shafroth.

Reed's Attack Answered.

Senator Myers, Democrat, of Montana, took Senator Reed of Missouri to task for attacking Herbert C. Hoover yesterday as a food gambler.

"I want to use this opportunity," said Mr. Myers, "to express my emphatic dissent to the criticism of Mr. Hoover by the Senator from Missouri. The President asked Mr. Hoover to come to Washington and take charge of work to conserve the food of the country. If he had not responded to the call he would have been called a slacker. Now he is held up to contempt.

"Mr. Hoover will exercise the powers Congress gives him and no more. I cannot see the cause of the vicious unwarranted attacks on him."

CURB HOOVER'S POWER IN REVISED FOOD BILL

Senate Conferees Agree on Control Board of Three Nominated by the President.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Opponents in Congress of Herbert C. Hoover as food administrator will win their fight if the redraft of the Food Administration bill as printed today, with alterations to conform to objections raised on the Senate floor, becomes a law.

In the redraft agreed to by the Senate bipartisan conference, the office of food administrator is abolished, and in its place is created a board of food administration of three members, one of whom must be a farmer "actually engaged at the time of his appointment in the cultivation of the soil." The three members of the board to be known as Commissioners are to be appointed by the President, at a yearly salary of $7,500.

The President is directed to designate the Chairman of the board. No qualifications of the members aside from that as to the farmer are laid down.

It became known tonight that President Wilson does not approve of the food control section as redrafted by the conference. He has insisted all along that he wants legislation that will enable him to appoint Mr. Hoover as the food administrator, a position he now holds in a quasi-official capacity, but without any authority.

If the Senate passes the bill with the provision for the board of three commissioners, it is regarded as a certainty that it will tie up the food bill indefinitely. The President wants to appoint Mr. Hoover with unqualified authority in controlling the food administration. Under the redrafted bill he could appoint him Chairman of the Board of Food Administration, but that is not enough.

That the bill would pass the Senate on Saturday with the proviso for the Food Board was considered likely tonight by Senate leaders. They admitted, however, that the Senate at the last minute might strike out the amendment to the original bill put in by the bi-partisan conference and provide for a single Food Administrator. But it cannot be done without a hard fight that will prevail until the bill, under the general consent agreement, is voted for on Saturday.

Provision for a Board.

Here is the revised Section 1, pertaining to food administration, as the bill now stands and as it will be voted on:

> The President is authorized to make such regulations and to issue such orders as he may deem advisable to carry out the provisions of this act. He is further authorized and directed to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, three Commissioners at an annual salary of $7,500 each, payable monthly, who shall constitute a Board of Food Administration, and who shall perform such duties in carrying out the purposes of this act as the President shall direct. One of said Commissioners shall be a farmer, actually engaged at the time of his appointment in the cultivation of the soil. The President shall designate the Chairman of said board. Said Commissioners shall hold office at the pleasure of the President during the continuance of the war.

The phraseology of the section makes it impossible for the Presiden to appoint a Chairman of the Food Administration Board who is not acceptable to the Senate.

Section 1 is also amended in the redraft to confine control to foods, feeds, fuel, gasoline and kerosene, the latter two commodities having been added by the conference.

Another change in the bill as revised by the conference is in the restriction of powers conferred upon members of the Advisory Commission of the Council of National Defense. In the original bill their power to vote on contracts in which they might be interested was prohibited, but Section 3, as amended, goes much further in restricting their authority. This revamped section reads:

> No person acting either as a voluntary or paid agent or employe of the United States in any capacity, including an advisory capacity, shall solicit, induce, or attempt to induce any person or officer authorized to execute or direct the execution of contracts on behalf of the United States of work, labor, or services, or of materials, supplies, or other property of any kind or character if such agent or employe has any pecuniary interest in any such contract or order, or if he or any firm of which he is a member, or corporation, joint stock company, or association of which he is an officer or stockholder, or in the pecuniary profits of which he is directly or indirectly interested shall be a party thereto.
>
> Nor shall any agent or employe make, or permit any committee or other body of which he is a member to make, or participate in making, any recommendation concerning such contract or order to any council, board, or commission of the United States or any member or subordinate thereof without making, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a full and complete disclosure in writing to such council, board, commission, or subordinate of any and every pecuniary interest which he may have in such contract or order and of his interest in any firm, corporation, company, or association being a party thereto, nor shall he participate in the awarding of such contract or giving such order. Any willful violation of any of the provisions of this section shall be punishable by a fine of not more than $10,000, or by imprisonment of not more than five years, or both.

Licensing Section Changed.

The licensing section of the bill has been changed by the conferees to circumscribe the broad authority to the President to license every individual or firm engaged in importation, exportation, manufacture, storage, mining, or distribution of necessities, which would have meant virtually the licensing of every one engaged in handling foodstuffs except the producer. The amended Section 5, dealing with licensing, reads as follows:

> The President is authorized, whenever in his judgment the national security and defense will be thereby subserved, to require the following persons to take out licenses in such form and under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, to wit: First, any person operating an elevator or other storage facility used for the storing of wheat which constitutes a part of interstate or foreign commerce; second, any person operating a cold-storage establishment for the storage of meat, poultry, or dairy products constituting a part of interstate or foreign commerce; third, any person operating a packing house producing meat or meat products which enter into interstate or foreign commerce; fourth, any person operating a factory which produces farm implements or machinery which enter into interstate or foreign commerce; fifth, any person operating a coal mine producing coal, and any person dealing in coal, which enters into interstate or foreign commerce; sixth, any person engaged in producing storing, or handling fertilizer or fertilizer ingredients which enter into interstate or foreign commerce, and seventh, any person, not a retailer as defined in this section, who shall engage in handling any of the foregoing enumerated products.
>
> Whenever the President shall give notice that the foregoing persons or any of them shall be required to take out a license as herein provided, it shall be unlawful for any person to engage in any such business without having obtained said license and conforming to the rules and regulations prescribed in connection therewith. Whenever the President shall have given said notice it shall be unlawful for any carrier to receive for transportation any of the foregoing enumerated products from any person who shall not have obtained the license herein authorized and provided for.

Provision is made for penalty, as in the original draft, for violation of the licensing regulations.

Another new feature of the revised bill is the provision in Section 9, authorizing the President to purchase "fuel, wheat, flour, meal, beans and potatoes," to guarantee reasonable prices to the consumer, instead of giving broad authority to regulate prices for "necessities."

One of the principal changes in the measure is fixing a minimum price for wheat at $1.75 a bushel, for the first grade, while giving the Board of Food Administration authority to "establish rules and regulations as to difference in price for the standard grades and as to places and conditions of delivery."

The fixing of the minimum of $1.75 for wheat was said tonight to be a compromise between the figure demanded by extremists and by those opposed to placing any price in the Food bill. Senator Reed of Missouri will oppose the $1.75 minimum. He says the price ought to be at least $2 a bushel.

CHURCHMEN INDORSE HOOVER.

Presbyterians, Pledging Aid, Urge Meatless and Wheatless Days.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Representatives of the Presbyterian churches of the United States at their meeting in Washington today pledged themselves to do their utmost to support the food conservation plans of Herbert Hoover.

The resolutions adopted assure Mr. Hoover of "our explicit faith in him and in his associates," and "heartily indorse the desirability and necessity of having one wheatless and one meatless meal each day, and commend it for immediate adoption to every household within the circle of our influence." They also "indorse the plan of a weekly report card upon food savings among the members of our churches and congregations," and "recommend its adoption by all our churches and congregations."

Representatives of the Jewish organizations in the United States organized here today to help Mr. Hoover in his conservation campaign. A committee of three, comprising the Rev. Dr. Joseph Krauskopf of Philadelphia, Rabbi Sidney E. Goldstein of New York, and Rabbi David De Sola Pool of New York, was appointed to take charge of the work. They were authorized to devise the best methods for making food conservation work effective on the part of Jewish families and organizations and to send out instructions.

The conference passed resolutions asking Congress to adopt the Food Administration bill as recommended by President Wilson. Those who attended the conference follow: Dr. Joseph Krauskopf, Union of Hebrew Congregations and Central Conference of Reform Rabbis, Philadelphia; Morris Freillicoff, Jewish Socialist Labor Party, Washington; David De Sola Pool, New York Kehillah and New York Board of Jewish Ministers, New York; Edward Herbert, Executive Secretary American Union of Rumanian Jews, New York; Julius I. Peyser, Executive Committee, B'nai Brith, Washington; Rabbi Sidney E. Goldstein, Director of Social Service, Free Synagogue, New York; M. Angelo Elias, Executive Committee, Independent Order Free Sons of Israel, New York; Henry Hurwitz, Chancellor, Intercollegiate Menorah Association, New York; Henry H. Levenson, Grand Master, Independent Order Sons of Israel, Boston; Louis S. Gottlieb, Field Secretary, Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society, Washington; Milton Strasburger, Independent Order, B'nai Brith, Washington; Jacob S. Strahl, Grand Master, Sons of Zion, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Rabbi Edward Davis, Army and Navy Y. M. H. A., Fort Myer.

DENIES HOOVER GAMBLED.

Chairman of Belgian Commission Explains Relief Work.

On behalf of the Advisory Committee named by President Wilson to co-operate with the Commission for Relief in Belgium, Alexander J. Hemphill, Chairman, yesterday denied the charge made Monday on the floor of the United States Senate by Senator Reed of Missouri that Herbert C. Hoover "gambled" in food or clothing in his work as Chairman of the commission. Mr. Hemphill said that this committee, which includes S. Reading Bertron, C. A. Coffin, R. Fulton Cutting, Elbert H. Gary, W. L. Honnold, J. F. Lucey, Henry L. Stimson, Oscar S. Straus, Frank Trumbull, Frank A. Vanderlip, and John Beaver White, has met in weekly session since its organization, and passed upon all matters pertaining to the purchase of food and other commodities, and that in no case did Mr. Hoover act independenly of them in such matters.

To Insist Upon Food Bill's Passage.

A mass meeting and citizens' rally will be held under the auspices of the Patriotic Service League in Carnegie Hall tomorrow evening to insist upon the immediate passage of the Food bill and other war measures now being held up. George Haven Putnam will be the principal speaker, and Miss Katharine Eggleston will recite "The Star-Spangled Banner."

BLOW MOUNTAIN PEAK OFF.

Italian Mine Destroys Austrian Fortifications on Col Bricon.

ROME, July 17, (British Admiralty, per Wireless Press.)—The War Office communication issued today says:

On the second peak of Col Bricon we blew up with a mine important fortification works and saps which the enemy was preparing against our position. About thirty enemy dead were found in the crater.

Elsewhere there have been the usual harassing artillery bombardments.

VIENNA, July 17, (via London.)—The following bulletin was issued by the War Office tonight:

Italian Theatre. — The Italians exploded a mine on Col Bricon. Our shock troops occupied the crater.

This is Harmony's new
KIT package
10¢
A new size—packed in extra heavy foil—*it stays fresh*—to the last load.
HARMONY
A Blend of Five Famous Pipe Tobaccos
Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

Harmony
APPLE-BLEND
KIT PACKAGE

CIVIL SERVICE.

Chief Medical Examiner
OF NEW YORK CITY.
Salary $7,500.

Physicians 30 years of age and over who are skilled Pathologists, and learned in the field of legal medicine, who have had at least ten years' work in a pathological laboratory of a recognized medical school, hospital, asylum or public morgue or corresponding official capacity and having performed at least five hundred autopsies.

Subjects and weights: Experience, 4; Practical test, 3; Oral test, 3. Applications received at Room 1400 Municipal Building until AUGUST 14, AT 4 P. M. For further particulars see CITY RECORD, published daily, or apply to

MUNICIPAL CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Half-Yearly Sale
Men's Neckwear

65c., 55c. Neckwear. (3 for $1)	35c.
$1.00 Neckwear.....	65c.
$2, $1.50 Neckwear.	95c.
$3.50 $3, $2.50....	$1.45

THESE are beautiful, full-fold, "tailor-made" Scarfs, cut of silks which knot well and slip freely, in those *exclusive-idea designs* for which my reputation is well established. See my windows—that's all.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

$2.50 ROUND TRIP Atlantic City

SUNDAYS, July 22; August 5, 19; September 2 and 16.
WEDNESDAYS, July 25; August 8 and 22.
SPECIAL TRAIN
Lv. Pennsylvania Station - 7:30 A.M.
" Hudson Terminal - - 7:30 A.M.
RETURNING leaves Atlantic City 7:00 P.M.
Tickets good only on Special Train in each direction.
PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

INSTRUMENT OF MODERN WARFARE. The economic value of the airplane shown in an article in The Annalist this week. On all news stands, 10 cents; $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

Wool a Year Ago:
30c a Pound—
Wool Today: 75c a Pound

Weber and Heilbroner clothes were *all wool* a year ago today.

They are *all wool* today—and will be tomorrow.

Weber and Heilbroner styles reflected metropolitan taste at its best a year ago today. They reflect the same metropolitan taste with equal correctness today.

Clearance Reductions:

$25 and $20 Fancy Suits	$18.50
$30 and $25 Fancy Suits . . .	21.50
$35, $32.50 and $30 Fancy Suits .	27.50
$40, $37.50 and $35 Fancy Suits .	32.50
$48, $45 and $40 Fancy Suits . .	36.50

The above end-of-the-season reductions are simply a part of the established policy of this house. The economies offered may be judged from the comparison of wool prices in the headline—remembering that the cost of tailoring these clothes has increased in proportion to the cost of living.

Summer Comforts in Suits
Special attention is directed to W. & H. Regular Lines of Tropi-Cool Suits at $28 and Porostyle Suits at $32.

Weber and Heilbroner
Five Clothing Stores
30 Broad — 241 Broadway — 1185 Broadway
44th and Broadway — 42d and Fifth Avenue

FRANKLIN SIMON & CO.'S
MEN'S HAND-TAILORED
Tropical Suits

Are as light as gossip and skeletonized as clean as a dinosaurus!

But put one on!—see how superbly it fits from the heart up and how gracefully it hangs from the waist down—look at those soft rolling hand-tailored lapels pussy-footing like a pair of pacifists on Registration Day—and then take it off and look inside where the lining isn't and the ligaments are, and see for yourself what genuine fine hand-tailoring means!

We are specializing in two-button tropical sacks and half-belted Norfolk models

At $18 — Genuine Palm Beach Cloths, and various other cool fabrics, in tans, grays, naturals, and homespun effects speckled with greens, grays, reds, and blues.

$25 and $30 — Pure Chinese Silks, imported, in two different qualities, but all good, being the richest tropical fabrics a man can wear or want.

Tropical Suits *at* $10 *that are Corkers!*

NOT hand-tailored, but as fine as they come in tropicals of this character. Shown in the celebrated Palm Beach cloths and in a goodly collection of patterns. Cool, comfortable, well-made and a very inexpensive way of keeping your temperature at normal. Great Value!

New Norfolk Sport Coats

Knitted Cloths, in colors	$20.00
Solid Color Flannels	$18.50
Sunproof Cloths	$22.00
Chinese Silk	$25.00
Flannel Trousers, plain . . .	$4.75 to $11.00
Flannel Trousers, striped . . .	$4.75 to $6.00

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE
Men's Clothing Shop — 8 West 38th Street
A Separate Shop on the Street Level

DEUTSCHLAND AGENT ESCAPES TO BREMEN

Captain Hinsch Said to Have Sailed from South Amboy in a Schooner.

PICKED UP BY A U-BOAT?

Friends in Baltimore Thus Explain His Success in Eluding the British Patrol.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, July 17.—Captain Frederick Hinsch, who handled the American end of the voyages of the cargo submarine Deutschland, and acted as American agent for the North German Lloyd interests and those of the owners of the German submarine merchantman, has escaped from American soil and is reported to have reached Germany safely. Friends in Baltimore have received advices that he had reached Germany nearly four weeks ago.

He slipped out of South Amboy soon after the declaration of war on a small sailing ship, with a crew of three men. The vessel was of only several hundred tons, schooner-rigged, and the small crew could thus handle her.

The advices to his friends here said that he and his three companions had reached Bremen. Evidently he had experienced no difficulty in eluding the British patrol in the North Sea.

How the news reached this city is not known definitely, but is believed to have been given in accounts in Bremen papers which reported Captain Hinsch's arrival at Bremen.

The schooner used in the escape is thought to be the Wanola, a vessel which was purchased in Boston, supposedly "for Dutch interests," several weeks before the declaration of war.

Captain Hinsch evidently divined the importance of the call of President Wilson for an extra session and laid his plans beforehand. He dealt through third parties in obtaining the schooner to divert suspicion, and after the transfer of the schooner it was hauled off for repairs to South Amboy.

One of the men who aided Captain Hinsch in acquiring the vessel had been under surveillance by Government agents, and in the round-up this man, a naturalized German-American, was seized and is now interned. Captain Hinsch, meanwhile, had sailed from South Amboy.

It is evident that Hinsch had planned to escape this internment, and had executed his project of buying the schooner before the convening of the extra session and the declaration of war. Within a week after war was declared he had disappeared, and the Government agents could not locate him.

Captain Hinsch was apparently about eight weeks in making his transatlantic trip. Whether he arrived at Bremen with the schooner is not known, but it is suggested that he was picked up by a U-boat.

With his knowledge of the U-boat methods it would have been a simple matter for him to approach the submarine zone and lay to until a submarine appeared, flash a friendly signal, and be taken on board. This, in fact, would explain his safe arrival in Bremen, as it seems hardly possible that, with her dependence on sail power, the schooner could have passed the cordon of patrol and war vessels in the Channel or around the north of Scotland.

Aside from the question of internment, Captain Hinsch did not want to be taken into custody by the Government for obvious reasons. His activities in the handling of the Deutschland at Baltimore and at New London had marked him as a dangerous German to be loose on American soil. He was an officer of the Naval Reserve of Germany, and, while the Government officials will divulge no particulars, he was understood to be one of the leading figures in the German intelligence force working in American communities.

W. E. IVES RELEASED FROM ELLIS ISLAND

Ex-Lieutenant Forfeits $20,000 if He Comes East of Alleghanies During War.

Walter E. Ives of 480 Park Avenue, the former Lieutenant in the Royal Prussian Dragoons who has been detained at Ellis Island since his arrival from Copenhagen on April 22, was released yesterday under a $20,000 bond pledging him to live west of the Alleghanies until the end of the war.

He traveled back from Germany early this year via Denmark on one of the Standard Oil tankers, and signed the articles as freight clerk, in addition to paying his passage, because the vessel had no passenger license. On the arrival of the tanker at Quarantine he was arrested and taken to Ellis Island by agents of the Department of Justice, who had been informed of his departure from Copenhagen by the United States Minister to Denmark.

Ives came voluntarily to this country, and tried to convince the immigration authorities that he was an American citizen, and that they had no right to detain him at Ellis Island. His parents were born in Germany, and became American citizens. He was born in this country, but was educated in Germany. He afterward joined the German Army, and became a subject of the Fatherland. Later he visited America, and, after marrying an American woman, took out his first papers, but went no further.

In 1915 he wrote many articles dealing with the military side of the war from the German point of view.

When the British Admiralty captured Captain von Papen's papers at Falmouth in January, 1916, they found a number of letters from Ives to friends in Germany which concluded with the words: "Gott strafe England!" and his signature, which had the prefix "Lieutenant."

In the early Spring of the same year he went back to Germany and rejoined his regiment, serving in the trenches, and was also for some time attached to the War Board in Berlin.

After leaving Ellis Island yesterday afternoon Mr. Ives went to his home in Park Avenue, and a little later started with his wife for French Lick Springs, where he expects to remain for the rest of the Summer.

GERMANS BARRED FROM CITIZENSHIP FOR WAR

Justice Cropsey Decides Enemy Aliens Cannot Get Final Papers While It Is in Progress.

Supreme Court Justice Cropsey in Brooklyn yesterday decided that no enemy aliens shall be permitted to make an application for naturalization papers while the war is in progress. This exclusion also applies to Germans who have obtained first papers, but had not entered their petition for second papers until on or after April 6, 1917, when the United States declared war against the German Government. In making this ruling Justice Cropsey invoked a law enacted during the war of 1812, and known as the Act of July 30, 1813, or Section 2,171 of the Revised Statutes of the United States. According to this act, "no alien who is a native citizen or subject or denizen of any country, State or sovereignty with which the United States are at war at the time of his application shall be then admitted to become a citizen of the United States."

FEDERAL MUSTERING SWIFT.

Officers Expect Sixth Division to be Ready in Ten Days.

The work of mustering the men of the New York National Guard, preparatory to their being drafted into the service of the United States, went forward so rapidly yesterday that it seemed all the units of the Sixth Division, Major Gen. O'Ryan's command, would be ready for the draft, which definitely severs their connection with the State and transforms them into units of the national army within ten days, or half the time allowed them for this task.

Officers of the guard said, however, that it is doubtful whether any troops may be moved before Aug. 5, the date set for their transfer to the Spartanburg, S. C., training camp. This matter is in the hands of Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell, commanding the Eastern Department. Other factors, such as the arrangement of transportation and routing of troop trains, the readiness of the camps, &c., enter into it besides the readiness of the troops.

So far as the work of yesterday and today went, it appeared likely that the guardsmen would go through the rigid physical examination of the regular army, preliminary to the draft, with flying colors. Early reports said that in some units less than 2 per cent. of the men failed to pass, and officers are confident that those rejected can be quickly replaced by new recruits.

HIGHLANDERS HELP JERSEY RECRUITING

Canadian Fighting Men Met by Enthusiastic Throng in Newark.

SATURDAY PARADE CUT OUT

Last Official Appearance of the Visitors Will Be at the Garden Meeting Friday.

Having completed their conquest of New York by their first appearance on Monday, and firmly consolidated their position in the hearts of New Yorkers, the "invading army" of Canadian Highlanders yesterday advanced into New Jersey, Glengarry bonnets, kilts, skirling pipes and all, and captured Newark as easily as they had taken Manhattan.

At the same time, it was announced yesterday at the headquarters of the British Recruiting Mission, 280 Broadway, that the visit of the Highlanders had been cut short a day, partly because they are wanted in Chicago, partly because it was feared the men might not be able to stand up under the strain of a week of continuous parading in the intense heat of New York, to which they are unaccustomed, just before going West. Consequently the farewell parade along Fifth Avenue Saturday afternoon and the torchlight tattoo in Central Park Saturday evening, which was to have wound up the ceremonies, have been abandoned, and the Highlanders will make their last public appearance Friday night at the mass meeting in Madison Square Garden.

The Highlanders descended upon Newark yesterday afternoon just before 2 by way of the Hudson Tunnels. They entrained at Thirty-third Street and Broadway, being given an enthusiastic sendoff by the crowd, which has invariably gathered like magic in the last two days at the first flash of tartans, the mere glimpse of a Glengarry bonnet, or a single skirl of a bagpipe. They disembarked at Newark to find a battalion of the First New Jersey Infantry and a troop of the First New Jersey Cavalry drawn up as a guard of honor to greet them, and also to hold back about 10,000 cheering Jerseyites who apparently wanted to carry the entire detachment on their shoulders.

In front of City Hall the column deployed in line and halted, and Mayor Raymond delivered an address of welcome, to which General White replied. Then they marched on to Military Park, where speeches were made to the great crowd by General White, Colonel Guthrie and Colonel Darling, and by the Rev. George H. Broening, while the pipers played in the intermissions.

Admission to the Madison Square Garden meeting Friday night, the last public appearance of the kilted fighting men, will be free, but by ticket. These can be obtained at the mission headquarters, Room 6, first floor, 280 Broadway, after 10 this morning, or tomorrow at the Madison Square Garden box office. A limited number of boxes will be sold at $25 each, to help defray the expenses of the rally.

Lord Northcliffe and James M. Beck will be the speakers of the evening, but the greatest feature, it is expected, will be the singing of marching songs, led by opera stars and joined in by the audience, with the help of an orchestra, three bands, and about sixty pipers. Mme. Frances Alda will sing "God Save the King" and "There's a Long, Long Trail," which has taken the place of "Tipperary" to a great extent in the hearts of the British soldiery as a marching song.

David Bispham will sing "Tipperary" an Sophie Braslau "The Battle Cry of Freedom," while Mme. Yvonne de Treville will sing other war songs. In each case the soloist will sing the verse, accompanied by an orchestra led by Frank Tours, and the entire audience, with bands and pipers, will be expected to join in the chorus. Besides the Gordon Highlanders and Maclean Highlanders, the thirty pipers of the New York Scottish will be present to add zest to the occasion.

Before the speeches the entire body of soldiers present, consisting of the sixty Gordon Highlanders, a detachment of forty men of the New York Scottish, headed by Colonel Walter Scott, who is raising this volunteer regiment of New York Scotsmen to fight in France, at least one company of the Seventy-first New York, and several other National Guard companies, if they can be obtained, and possibly detachments of regulars, marines, and bluejackets, will march around the hall, with the three corps of pipers and the bands at their head.

While the Highlanders were in Newark yesterday recruiting work for all the allied services in New York went forward with an increased snap and vim, as though the after effects of the rousing reception the "Kilties" received on Monday still lingered.

Colonel R. D. Walsh, in charge of United States Army recruiting headquarters at 280 Broadway, announced that all signs pointed to the present being one of the best weeks for volunteers the regulars have ever had in New York. He enlisted 186 men on Monday and about 160 yesterday, a rate which if continued will surpass all records of the last month.

One of the liveliest recruiting meetings of the day was held by the Mid-Day Minute Men at 57 Chambers Street, with the famous band of "Big Six," officially known as Typographical Union No. 6, as the star attraction. Before the meeting the band marched around City Hall Park, and when it entered the hall it was followed by close to a thousand men. Speeches were made by President Leon Rouse of the union and Assistant Corporation Counsel William L. Burr.

A free vaudeville performance and recruiting rally was given last night on the quarter deck of the U. S. S. Recruit, in Union Square, to a large crowd. The vaudeville program was arranged by the Keith booking offices, all the actors taking part having donated their services. They were Kitro brothers, Japanese jugglers; Ryan and Joyce, Eva Shirley, and Mlle. Yvette, who sang patriotic songs and accompanied herself on a violin, she being especially applauded. Bert Levey acted as announcer and Frank W. Evans as stage manager.

HILLQUIT REPORTS ON MAIL PROTEST

Small Hope, He Says, for Socialist Papers Barred by the Post Office Department.

Morris Hillquit returned to the city yesterday from Washington, where he went with a committee representing Socialist and other publications to attempt to obtain from the Post Office Department or the Department of Justice a ruling to govern the mailing of publications under the espionage law. Although not completely hopeless of establishing what he considers the rights of papers represented by him which have felt the restraining hand of the Post Office Department, Mr. Hillquit said yesterday he was not encouraged by the results of his visit.

Mr. Hillquit said that the committee did not base their arguments upon the character or policy of any of the publications excluded from the mails, but strictly upon the contention that the procedure followed by Postmaster General Burleson in regard to the papers was not only unauthorized by law but constituted an abuse of power which aimed directly at the principle of the freedom of the press.

"The committee had two long conferences on Monday, one with Postmaster General Burleson and the other with Judge Herron of the Department of Justice, who is the special assistant in charge of cases arising under the Espionage act," said Mr. Hillquit. "Mr. Burleson received us very pleasantly, but he did not seem inclined to recognize the validity of our point of view. We asked him to make some ruling, to outline some standard, by which objectionable matter could be determined. We told him that we wanted to come to some understanding with him about what could be mailed and what could not be mailed, and we asked him to specify in the issues of publications already barred from the mails the matter considered objectionable. But he would not commit himself in any degree. He promised to give our representations general consideration, but declined to give us any definite guide for future conduct, leaving the question of mailability to be decided by himself or some one appointed by him in the case of each issue of each publication.

"At the Department of Justice we found something much nearer to our position, but, unfortunately, the Department of Justice has no jurisdiction in the matter of closing the mails to publications. This department, however, is called upon to defend the Post Office Department in injunction and other suits and also to prosecute cases of alleged violation of the espionage law, and it would seem that both departments, therefore, should be guided by the same general idea. But such, apparently, is not the situation. They seem to be working somewhat at cross purposes.

"Judge Herron told us, for example, that he did not understand how a publication could be unmailable under the Espionage act which did not violate some provision of that act. He seemed to consider published opinions, even those opposed to war and the draft, mailable so long as they did not oppose recruiting, foment discontent or disorder in the army or navy, or take on the character of treason in any other way.

Mr. Hillquit said that the committee, among the membership of which are Amos R. E. Pinchot, Frank P. Walsh, Clarence Darrow, and Thomas Hickey, would wait a few days for further results of their mission to Washington, and would appeal, first to the President and then to the courts, if those steps seemed necessary, in the effort for a satisfactory adjustment of the situation.

WAR DRIVES SINCLAIR FROM SOCIALIST PARTY

Writer Declares if German Government Is a Wild Beast It Must Be Chained.

Upton Sinclair, who, it was announced yesterday, has joined William E. Walling, J. G. Phelps Stokes, John Spargo, and W. J. Ghent in resigning from the Socialist Party because of its opposition to the war, stated his reasons for resigning at length in a letter to the members of Pasadena Local of the Socialist Party, a copy of which, sent by him to THE TIMES from his home in California, arrived last evening. In his letter Mr. Sinclair begins by saying that, because of the adoption by his party of the "majority report" denouncing the war, he finds himself, after sixteen years of membership and energetic work in the party, "so far out of agreement" with it that he cannot continue his affiliation.

Mr. Sinclair recites that during the whole period of his membership in the Socialist Party he was an agitator against war, and that nine years ago, with Charles Edward Russell, he issued a manifesto calling upon the Socialists of all countries to oppose war by adopting a program of "insurrection and general strike, either to prevent a declaration of war or to break the back of a war after it was begun." He says that Morris Hillquit was among those who opposed the manifesto, on the ground that America was in no danger of war and that Socialists abroad did not take up the idea with sufficient will to obtain its general adoption. The German Socialists, says Mr. Sinclair, were especially afraid of the proposal, refusing even to publish it among their people, saying that to do so would be treason. A Socialist editor, whose name he does not mention, but whom he calls "the intellectual leader of the German movement," told him, Mr. Sinclair writes, that the German Socialists could not hope to control Germany until the power of Prussian military autocracy had been broken by "an unsuccessful war."

"If the German Government is a wild beast, and if the forces of reason and decency within Germany admit themselves helpless in the grip of that beast," Mr. Sinclair writes, "then obviously it is up to the rest of the world to bind and chain the beast, setting free German Socialists along with the rest of mankind."

Mr. Sinclair maintains that this is the policy which Karl Liebnecht would have the enemies of the German Government follow.

After telling something of conditions in Germany as he observed them in the years before the war, Mr. Sinclair reasserts his belief that the war must be fought "until there has been a thorough and complete democratization of the Governments of Germany and Austria." He denies, however, that he has "gone over bag and baggage to the capitalist system," and asserts that there is "work of enormous importance to be done by the forces of radicalism in the present crisis."

"We have to compel a clear statement of peace terms by the Allies, and to see that those terms contain no trace of the imperialist programs of the aristocracies of England, Italy and France," he says. "We have to fight the efforts of our own exploiters to saddle the costs of the war upon the working classes. * * * We have to keep up the fight for decent terms of labor. In this and a thousand other matters we are needed, and we are rendering ourselves impotent by taking the anarchistic attitude that all Governments are equally bad and must be opposed without discrimination."

Mr. Sinclair says that he intends to go on working for socialism and may seek readmission to the party after the war.

Take a box of these mild, soothing smokes with you on your vacation.
They help a lot.

JEAN VALJEAN CIGARS
"Truly a Cigar"

3 for 25c and Upward
DAVE SAQUI MAKER
Various Sizes and Shapes

Where Good Cigars Are Sold

J.M.Gidding & Co.
364-366-368 Fifth Avenue. AT 46th ST N.Y.

INCLUDE IN THEIR
SALES
OF SUMMER APPAREL

Tailored Suits---at $28
Formerly $55 to $95 — A closing out of broken lines in serges, tricots, checks, etc., for street, sports and general wear.

Summer Frocks—$25, $35, $45
Regularly to $95. Of gingham, crepe, voile, organdie, batiste and handkerchief linen.

Street and Afternoon Dresses
Formerly $50 to $125—at $28, $48, $58
Of foulard, taffeta, satin, Georgette crepe, etc.

Sports Coats—at $18 and $28
Formerly to $65. Small groups to close.

STREET and SPORTS CAPES—formerly to $85—at $28
BLOUSES–SKIRTS–HATS–SWEATERS AT RADICAL REDUCTIONS
EXCHANGES—CREDITS—REFUNDS AND APPROVALS NOT ALLOWED DURING THESE SALES.

21-23 W. 38 St. Lane Bryant 21-23 W. 38 St.

Great Bargains
For This Week
NEW SUMMER COATS
FOR DRESS, AUTO and SPORT WEAR
To Fit and Become Women of All Sizes
36 to 58 bust
Materials: Taffeta, Satin, Jersey, Pongee, Burella and Soft Velours—All the most desirable light and dark shades. Silk lined.

18.50 24.85 29.75 37.50

Those who have delayed the purchase of a Summer Coat will greatly benefit by these most unprecedented values. Some were up to 79.50.
OPEN SATURDAY TILL 1 P. M.

There are still big opportunities in
The Semi-Annual
Sale of Saks-Made
Suits for Men
Former Prices $38, $35, $33, $30 and $28
Now $23
(Small charge for alterations.)

¶ This sale is the more important because of the fact that while our prices have been cut, there was no cut in the assortment when this sale began. Every suit offered has been a star-performer this season. The models take in everything from suits for the conservative man to the most extreme for the younger men. The sizes and patterns are still representative enough to warrant the statement that men of all proportions and of almost every taste will find something to their particular liking in this the most important men's clothing event of the summer season.

Saks Clothes Are Saks Made
Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th St.

Tropical Suits
As refreshing as a cool shower. As presentable as their wearer—$7 to $35.
Sizes to fit any man.
Palm Beach Suits $8 & $8.50
George G. Benjamin
Murray Hill Clothes
299 Madison Ave., Cor. 41st St.

Instant Postum
A table drink that has taken the place of coffee in thousands of American homes.
"There's a Reason"

INSTANT POSTUM
POSTUM CEREAL

Delightful flavor
Rich aroma
Healthful
Economical
Sold by grocers everywhere.

Stern Brothers
West 42nd and 43rd Streets
For To-day and until closing hour Friday
Men's Smart Sack Suits
(Made-to-Order)
at $27.50
Values $32.50 and 35.00
An excellent choice of woolens in all the new effects and weaves, blues, blacks and greys included.
An extra charge of 10% for sizes over 44 chest.

Beginning at 8:30 Today
Gimbel Brothers
Telephone Order Service
32nd ST.–BROADWAY–33rd ST.
Madison Square 8200
Beginning at 8:30 Today

A Clothing Opportunity
$16.50
920 Men's Suits, worth $19.50 to $25
405 Coats, etc., worth $19.50 to $25
IN A CLOTHING OPPORTUNITY THAT SWAMPS EVERYTHING OFFERED THIS SEASON.

The 920 Men's Suits include:
18 Silk Suits, Coat and Trousers; formerly priced $25.00.
100 Blue Serge Suits, Sack Models; formerly priced $22.50.
142 Blue Flannel Suits, Pinch Backs; formerly priced $21.50.
72 Pinch Backs of Brown Flannel; formerly priced $21.50.
61 Pinch Backs of Green Flannel; formerly priced $21.50.
116 Fancy Dark Worsted Suits; formerly priced $22.50.
32 Suits of Shepherd Checks; formerly priced $22.50.
27 Suits of Black Unfinished Worsteds; formerly priced $25.00.
52 Plaids; Medium Dark; formerly priced $25.00.
81 Suits of Rich Striped Fabrics; formerly priced $25.00.
219 Suits of Various Colors and Fabrics; formerly priced $19.50.
All $16.50 Now

The 405 Coats, etc., include:
108 Silk Lined, Light Weight Overcoats; formerly priced $25.00.
51 Fancy, 1/4 Lined Overcoats; formerly priced $25.00.
42 Tan Raincoats (guaranteed); formerly priced $22.50.
18 Gray Raincoats (guaranteed); formerly priced $22.50.
25 Blue Gabardine Raincoats; formerly priced $25.00.
25 Brown Gabardine Raincoats; formerly priced $25.00.
22 Tan Gabardine Sport Suits Coat and Trousers; formerly priced $19.50.
20 Black Cutaways, Coat and Vest; formerly priced $25.00.
26 Gray Cutaways, Coat and Vest; formerly priced $25.00.
19 Tuxedo Coats and Trousers; formerly priced $25.00.
29 Chauffeurs' Coats and Trousers; formerly priced $25.00.
30 Chauffeurs' Light Weight Overcoats; formerly priced $25.00.
All $16.50 Now

GIMBELS—Men's Clothing—Fourth Floor

SAFETY and
A LIBERAL RETURN

MORTGAGE-BONDS

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Secured by first mortages on improved city real estate. Payment guaranteed by

**THE MORTGAGE-BOND CO.
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55 Liberty Street

Your Old Fur Coat Remodeled

Whether bought last season or many seasons ago—you may enjoy the satisfaction of owning a new 1918 advance model at an outlay that is decidedly worth while.

Ten new models—forerunners of authorized fur style.

Workmanship so skilled—you are bound to be pleased.

Your fur coat relined with high-grade Skinner's Satin for the exceptionally low price of $10.00.

Consult Us! *Second Floor.*

All Cars Transfer to

Bloomingdales

Lexington to 3d Ave. 59th to 60th St.

Crocker

Black Hats and White Hats suitable for All occasions.

Mourning House

375 Fifth Ave., at 35th St.

Boston, Copley Sq.

FRANCE

Consign your goods to Seignouret Freres, Bordeaux. Customs Brokers, Freight Agents. All formalities and Customs operations attended to. Transit to Switzerland.
Agents for Armour & Co. & the American Cotton Oil Co. And all French Railways.

FIND $5,000 IN LOOT ON ELEVATOR BOY

Negro Confesses He Systematically Robbed Apartment Houses.

HIS THEFTS TOTAL $25,000

Police Catch Him with a Decoy Advertisement—Held Jobs Only One Day.

A negro elevator boy with six large diamonds, valued at $5,000, in his pockets was arrested in an apartment house at 870 Riverside Drive yesterday afternoon when he called to answer a decoy advertisement asking for the services of an elevator boy at $10 a week. The prisoner, who gave his name as Edward McAllister of 130 West 134th Street, had worked for a few hours in about twenty-five of the most fashionable apartment houses on Riverside Drive, Central Park West, and West End Avenue, but had left all his places without recommendations, because he never waited to get any. Detectives of the Fourth Branch Bureau last night said that more than $25,000 in jewelry had been stolen from apartment houses in the last four months, all the burglaries being committed in the same mysterious way.

It was the practice of the negro to appear at some apartment house early on Sunday morning when the regular elevator boys were accustomed to take a holiday without notice and there ask for a job as elevator boy for the day. He made no complaint when he learned that the job was not permanent, and he never haggled about the wages. This boy always inquired about pass keys and was always anxious to accommodate residents who were leaving the apartment by offering to inform visitors when they would return, and he always offered kindly to see that no one molested their apartment while they were gone.

Alexander Grant, owner of an apartment house at 714 West 181st Street, near Fort Washington Avenue, said that the boy had worked one day in his house and had taken $2,000 worth of jewelry.

The police said that they expected to have as complainants against the boy at least twelve persons who had lost individual sums ranging from $1,000 to $7,000, and that the total robberies would be at least $25,000. Four persons last night offered to appear when the boy was taken to court for examination. They were P. J. Dennon of 714 West 181st Street, lost $1,000; Mrs. Grace Rosenfeld of 327 Central Park West, lost $1,000; E. C. Revien of 660 Riverside Drive, lost $1,500, and T. W. Stake of 1 West Eighty-third Street, lost $5,000.

VOIDS ARTIST'S CONVICTION.

Judge McIntyre Lifts Stigma from Vernon Howe Bailey.

Characterizing the conviction as entirely unwarranted, Judge McIntyre in General Sessions yesterday reversed a decision of Magistrate Ten Eyck, who, on May 17, found Vernon Howe Bailey, artist and sculptor, guilty of disorderly conduct. Bailey, who lives at 14 East Sixtieth Street, received a suspended sentence, from which he appealed.

The artist was arrested by Patrolman Turck at Eighth Avenue and Forty-second Street, where he was sketching buildings in the neighborhood. Although Deputy Police Commissioner Frank Lord vouched for the man's character Magistrate Ten Eyck pronounced him guilty. Herbert Barry, attorney for Bailey, yesterday produced in court a letter from Josephus Daniels in which the Secretary of the Navy authorized the artist to make certain sketches in the navy yard.

SUFFRAGISTS TAKE 60-DAY SENTENCE

Continued from Page 1.

of six women were leaving New York tonight to enlist for picket duty at the White House. If the present policy of the authorities is continued this means that they also will be sent to the workhouse.

The sixteen women were held in the jury room at the police court until motor cars could be obtained to take them to Occoquan. They were marched out to the automobiles in company with negro women prisoners. The latter, however, went in the "Black Maria" to the boat in which they were taken down the Potomac to the workhouse. While they are at Occoquan the suffragists must wear the prison uniform and do the duties assigned to prisoners.

Collector Malone today obtained permission to act as counsel for the women and argued their case. After they were convicted and sentenced he consulted with them, and about that time the report became current he had decided to resign from the Collectorship of Customs in order to devote himself to their cause.

Disorder in the Courtroom.

At the trial of the suffragists Judge Mullowny made several threats to clear the courtroom. These were occasioned by outbursts from the women defendants which bordered on contempt of court. The suffragists argued with the court, said the trial was a farce, and charged that the Wilson Administration was behind the prosecution.

Many women sympathizers attended the trial and were so noisy in their approval of the arguments made by the defendants that the bailiffs frequently shouted for order. It was by far the liveliest session the police court has conducted in many a day.

"The Administration has ordered the conviction. It has been a ridiculous farce for three days," exclaimed Miss Beatrice Kinkead, in the course of her argument.

"One moment, madam," sharply interrupted Judge Mullowny. "Do you think that is proper? Here I have shown you ladies every consideration since the trial began and have gone out of my way to be patient, and you announce it has been a farce. I am astounded."

Miss Kinkead started to interrupt, but was stopped by Judge Mullowny, who said he would have something later to say to her. The inference was that Judge Mullowny referred to possible contempt proceedings.

Mrs. John Rogers, expressing ignorance of court procedure, said:

"I know very well we are going to be convicted. I know it by the attitude of the prosecuting attorney, and I can read it by the manner and bearing of the Judge. In fact, we have brought our bags ready and packed for jail.

"Your Honor, you have the wrong party at the bar. The prosecuting attorney has spoken of the primary causes for the alleged disturbance on the avenue. The primary cause is the President of the United States, who has the power to start in motion the machinery which will give women suffrage and who does not do so."

Mrs. Rogers made a reference to social conditions in Russia as she concluded, and there was a great outburst of applause from sympathizers in the room.

"Stop that! Silence!" yelled the bailiffs, and a moment later Judge Mullowny said:

"If there is any more applause at all in this court I will order every person except the defendants to be removed. I will not have this for a moment."

Mrs. John W. Brannan criticised the court for saying previously that the inscription on the Russian banner had been "seditious and treasonable."

"That is an insult," she told the court. Judge Mullowny, plainly angered, said the words on the banner came clearly within the statute, "and you cannot say here that what I said was an insult."

"The wording on the banner was shown to the United States attorney," exclaimed one of the women.

"The United States Attorney consulted me about the banner, and I know the words on it are treasonable and seditious," said Judge Mullowny.

This colloquy referred to the banner displayed several weeks ago—but not recently—informing the Russian commission as it entered the White House grounds that the United States was not a democracy and that the President and the Root commission were "deceiving" the people of Russia. There has been no exhibition of this banner since the first arrests, and the pickets have been displaying milder placards.

Invokes Prisoners' Ancestors.

Miss Doris Stevens, one of the defendants, summed up for the suffragists. She referred to the distinguished ancestry of several of the women at the bar, and pictured these ancestors, "signers of the Declaration of Independence, jurists, Senators, and Ambassadors," looking down in spirit upon the trial of women "for a declaration of their rights."

Miss Anne Martin, the first of the sixteen women to make a separate statement, asserted that there had been no dense crowd about the White House, and that the police were attempting to convict them on a technicality of blocking traffic.

"As long as women go to jail for petty offenses to secure freedom for the women of America, then we will continue to go to jail," she said. "Wherever efforts for liberty have been persecuted liberty has in the end prevailed."

When Judge Mullowny sentenced the women to sixty days in the workhouse in default of payment of $25 each the defendants seemed momentarily stunned. They asked for time to confer. Mr. Malone went into conference with them. Judge Mullowny told him that as a member of the bar of New York he could qualify in this particular instance as counsel for the women if he chose to do so.

After a thirty-minute conference the women decided to accept the workhouse sentence. They were taken into the prisoners' detention room and later carried to the workhouse. Miss Anne Martin said: "We refuse to pay the fine because we're not guilty, and we're prepared to serve sentence."

When asked if the defendants had anything to say before sentence was passed, Miss Stevens offered an exception, which was noted, and she made the simple statement that none of the women had ever been before the court before, and this was all they cared to say for themselves.

It was explained to the women that they could not go to the workhouse and come out on appeal, but that the appeal might be filed now and their bond continued. Subsequently, the women said they preferred to begin their sentence, and they were quickly sent by automobile down the river to Occoquan.

DR. ADLER NOT TO DIE.

Austrian Parliament Holds Assassin Should Have Had a Civil Trial.

LONDON, July 17.—The Austrian Parliament has decided that Dr. Friedrich Adler, the assassin of Dr. Karl Stuergkh, Premier of Austria, should have been tried by a civil instead of a military tribunal, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen today.

Consequently, it is added, the death sentence imposed upon Dr. Adler will not be carried out.

SAW TOMPKINS NEAR SCENE OF MURDERS

Mine Foreman, Who Discovered Bodies of Humphries Family, Identifies the Prisoner.

Special to The New York Times.

EBENSBURG, Penn., July 17.—"That is the man I saw coming out of the bushes toward the car that stood in the cornfield near Carrolltown Sunday morning," said George Naylor, foreman of the Emigh Run Mines, after he had seen George C. Tompkins in his cell at the county jail here this afternoon.

George Naylor, his brother Arthur, their wives and children, were driving past the cornfield at the scene of Sunday morning's tragedy, in which Edmund I. Humphries, Mrs. Humphries, and their fourteen-year-old son were shot to death.

The county officers have covered every yard of ground about the scene of the tragedy, and the only footprints found were those made by shoes similar to those worn by Tompkins and by Humphries. There were no marks of any other struggle than that between Humphries and his murderer at the fence, where the body was found.

Naylor's identification of Tompkins today was declared by authorities to end the possibility of the suspect obtaining his release on habeas corpus proceedings.

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Our Designs Help to Make Your Home Attractive

A visit to our display rooms will pay you.

109 West 18th St. New York
1 Door West of 6th Ave.

Dale Lighting Fixture Co.

B. Altman & Co.

Another Special Sale of

Men's Shantung Silk Suits

at $18.50

will be continued to-day (Wednesday)

These Two-piece Suits (with Norfolk or sack coat) are made of real Shantung silk of superior quality, imported direct from China by B. Altman & Co. They are correctly cut, exceptionally well tailored and offer remarkable value at the price quoted.

Men's Shantung Silk Dusters

(double-breasted or Balmacaan style)

made of the same quality of silk as the suits; very smart and comfortable for motor use, are decidedly worth buying at the special price of

$14.50

(Men's Wear, First Floor)

Fifth Avenue-Madison Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

R. H. Macy & Co's Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other House, but for Cash Only.

Outing Shirts Now Have Their Innings

These cool, soft collared garments are putting it over strong at the summer resorts—on the golf courses and tennis courts. The prices, too, make a hit with every man who wants his money's worth.

White Cheviot Shirts, with long pointed, button-down collars attached; long or short sleeves, at $1.44

White Japanese Habutai Silk Polo Shirts, with long pointed collars attached, made in our own workrooms on the premises, at $4.39.

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Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

A Kit of Camp Necessities, $2.84

A rubberized Khaki Cloth Kit, fitted with all the toilet articles necessary to a man's comfort and good appearance. Included are: Barber's Comb, Hair Brush, Tooth Brush, with aluminum case, Shaving Soap Stick, Shaving Brush, Safety Razor, with six extra blades, Tooth Paste, Soap Box, with cake of soap, Metal Trench Mirror.

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Sound Feet are essential to a successful army. Soldiers of long experience declare wool socks to be best. Imported Seamless Wool Socks, broad ribbed, in gray, brown or heather green. 79c.

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A cream, pure and efficient, made to lather freely with hard, soft, hot or ice water, leaving the face as refreshed as after a massage. Worthy of the mark

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Everything You Need For Golf:

And, of course, at prices much lower than elsewhere.

Gibson's and Slazenger's Brassies & Drivers, $2.49
Irons, $2.24
Thistle's Drivers and Brassies and Horn's Irons $1.49
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Spalding's, Wright & Ditson's, Whippet's, Worthington's and Colonel Golf Balls at "Lowest-in-the-City" Prices.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Centre.

Have You Been Waiting for Dormy Cigarettes?

A limited supply of these imported, free-from-nicotine cigarettes has just arrived—the first in about six months. Of fine Turkish Tobacco and "Physiologically Harmless." 3 Grades—100 in a box:

Blue Riband, $4.96
Red Riband, $5.24
Gold Riband, $5.49

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., B'way, and Fifth Floor, 35th St.

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ESTABLISHED 1843 MARK CROSS TRADE MARK LONDON ACTUAL MAKERS

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White, and black silk, Paris point, two clasps	85c—$1.10
Heavy white, and black Milanese silk, Paris point, two clasps	$1.35
White silk, 4-inch, tucked wrist, black and white embroidery back, black edging and 3 clasps at sides	$1.25
White silk, two clasps; tan, blue or grey combination backs, colored hem to match	$1.25
Washable capeskin, old ivory or pearl, one clasp	$1.75
White washable doeskin, piqué sewn, one button	$2.00

For Men

Grey silk, with double finger tips	$1.00—$1.25—$1.50
Washable chamois, natural color	$2.00—$2.50
Summer motoring gloves, tan capeskin palm, silk back, two shades, one clasp	$2.00

Summer Schedule: July and August, 9 A. M.—5 P. M. Closed all day Saturday

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5,700 beautiful new Silk Shirts which have been assembled with much care and discrimination.

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NOTE:—*No charge for sleeve alterations.*

MEN'S FURNISHING DEPARTMENT—MAIN FLOOR

GIANTS SOLVE DEMAREE'S PITCHING PUZZLE AND AGAIN TUMBLE CHICAGO CUBS

GIANTS TURN CUBS' ERRORS INTO RUNS

McGraw's Men Break Jinx of Al Demaree's Pitching and Win by 6 to 1.

SCHUPP RECOVERS CUNNING

Twirls Fine Game, Even Though He Helps Bruins to Get Their Lone Tally and Escape Shutout.

The Giants took another game from the Cubs at the Polo Grounds yesterday and increased their lead in the frivolous frolic for the flag to eight games. The score was 6 to 1, and after the game the Cubs held a secret conference in the clubhouse trying to guess how they happened to get the lone tally. The New York crowd is now riding over these Western clubs with such ease that they will get so far ahead the rest of the teams will not be able to find them.

The Cubs threw the ball around yesterday like a crowd of girls playing beanbag. They can throw 'em high and throw 'em low, but can't throw 'em straight. There was lots of carry to these throws, but no direction. The Cubs reveled in errors and runs came so easy to the Giants that everybody lost interest in the game but Umpire Byron. The Cubs rose in a body against Byron in the fourth inning when he called Benny Kauff safe at the plate. They roared and pleaded and beseeched with the umpire that Kauff was out.

Pickles Dilhoefer, the newly-picked Cub catcher, had an exhibit to prove his contention that the runner was out. His right hand with which he held the ball was spiked by Benny's cleats. And how, argued Pickles, could Kauff be safe if his spikes cut the hand which held the ball before the foot touched the plate? If Byron heard this argument he gave no indication of it.

Demaree Loses Spell.

Al Demaree, who used to have the Giants beaten every time he put on his glove, has lost his spell over the McGraw men. In the last couple of seasons Mobile Al has beaten New York eleven times out of fifteen starts. The old roundhouse curve of Demaree's which used to twist in knots around the Gaints' bats was thoroughly straightened out. When Demaree saw his favorite and only curve ruined by the Giants he was almost ready to break down and cry. Demaree got as wild as a headhunter after a while and tried to throw the ball over the grand stand.

Ferdinand Schupp, who was pounded out of the box last Saturday, came to the scratch yesterday with all his old cunning. It was through his own slight faults in the first inning that the Cubs were able to save themselves from a whitewash. Certainly they deserved a shut-out if ever a ball team did. The boys' brass band from the Hebrew Orphan Asylum was there and livened things up. Every time the Cubs made an error, the two bass drummers celebrated the occurrence with a couple of healthy wallops on the drum. When the game was over they were about fagged out.

In the eighth inning Davey Robertson singled and took a big lead off first. Hendrix tossed the ball over to first to catch Robertson napping but instead he caught Merkle fast asleep. The ball was past Fred before he woke up, so Davey had a free ride to second. You see lost of players get a pass to first, but few get a walk to second as easily as this.

Only once during the matinee did Umpire Byron shake off his state of coma. That was in the eighth when Robertson was at the bat. Robbie made a short swing at the ball for a bunt and Byron called it a ball. The uproar was so great that he reversed his decision.

Schupp Uneasy at Start.

Schupp lacked his usual confidence at the start, and gave Flack a pass. Mann then rolled one to Ferdie, who juggled it half a dozen times, giving Mann plenty of time to camp at first. While Doyle hit into a double play, Flack went to third, and scored when Merkle jammed one through third which was far, far too hot for Heinie Zim's tender hands.

Al Demaree did his best to throw the game away in the third, but his team mates muzzled his wildness, after the Giants had tied the score. Holke got an infield rap to third, and went to second on a wild pitch. Gibson walked, and both runners advanced on another of Demaree's lurid tosses. Schupp struck out, and when Dilhoefer made a wild throw to third to get Holke napping, the play served to wake Holke up, and he scored. Gibson overran third base, and Mann got the ball back to Deal in plenty of time to catch the Giant catcher flat-footed.

Kauff walked in the fourth, and Zim and Fletcher went out by the sky route. Robertson planted a single to left, and while Mann was playfully toying the ball, Kauff tore for home. When Dilhoefer got the ball he inserted it somewhere among Benny's several feet, but Umpire Byron called him safe. Kauff spiked Pickles sliding home, and the latter had to retire from the game in favor of Art Wilson. Robertson reached second on the play. Holke got a hit down first base way, and by speedy sack galloping Robbie scored. Wilson threw the ball over second base in an attempt to get Holke, and the runner pulled up at third.

Claude Hendrix succeeded Demaree in the fifth, and Schupp greeted him with a single to right. Burns also spanked a single to right, and Flack mussed it up long enough for Schupp to get to third and Burns to second. Kilduff, who took Herzog's place at second, singled along the first base line, and scored Schupp. Kilduff stole second. After Kauff flied to Merkle, Zimmerman jammed a single to left, pushing Burns and Kilduff over the pan.

The score:

NEW YORK, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	CHICAGO, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Burns,lf	4	1	2	1	0	Flack,rf	3	1	1	3	0
Herzog,2b	2	0	0	2	2	Mann,lf	4	0	1	1	1
Kilduff,2b	2	1	1	1	1	Doyle,2b	4	0	0	1	1
Kauff,cf	3	1	0	1	0	Merkle,1b	4	0	2	7	0
Zim'man,3b	4	0	1	0	3	Williams,cf	3	0	1	3	0
Fletcher,ss	4	0	0	0	4	Deal,3b	4	0	1	2	0
Rob'tson,rf	4	1	3	4	0	Wortman,ss	3	0	1	1	2
Holke,1b	3	1	2	13	0	Dilhoefer,c	1	0	0	2	0
Gibson,c	2	0	0	5	0	Wilson,c	1	0	1	4	1
Schupp,p	3	1	1	0	8	Demaree,p	1	0	0	0	1
						aZeider	1	0	0	0	0
						Hendrix,p	2	0	0	0	2
Total....31	6	10	27	18		Total.....31	1	8	24	8	

a Batted for Demaree in fifth.

Errors—Schupp, Flack, Mann, Merkle, (2.) Dilhoefer, Wilson.

New York..............0 0 1 2 3 0 0 0 .—6
Chicago ....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Stolen bases—Holke, Merkle, Kilduff. Sacrifice hits—Wortman, Williams, Holke. Double plays—Herzog and Holke; Fletcher, Herzog, and Holke; Zimmerman, Kilduff, and Holke. Left on bases—New York, 4; Chicago, 8. First base on error—Chicago, 1. Bases on balls—Off Schupp, 3; Demaree, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Demaree, 4 hits and 2 runs in 4 innings; Hendrix, 6 and 3 in 4; Schupp, no runs. Struck out—By Schupp, 4; Demaree, 2; Hendrix, 3. Wild pitch—Demaree, (2.) Time—2 hours. Umpires—Byron and Quigley.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT ROCHESTER.

		R.	H.	E.
Rochester	........0 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 .—3	5	1
Newark	..........0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1—2	5	1

AT BUFFALO.

		R.	H.	E.
Richmond	........1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—2	8	0
Buffalo	..........0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	4	8

AT MONTREAL.

		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	........0 1 0 0 0 0 4 0 1—6	10	2
Montreal	..........0 0 0 0 0 1 3 0 0—4	6	2

Providence at Toronto; postponed, wet grounds.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Newark	49	30	.620
Providence	48	33	.593
Toronto	47	34	.580
Baltimore	46	36	.561
Rochester	41	42	.494
Buffalo	34	50	.405
Richmond	32	48	.400
Montreal	28	51	.354

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Newark at Rochester.
Providence at Toronto.
Richmond at Buffalo.
Baltimore at Montreal.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 6; Chicago, 1.
Brooklyn, 2; St. Louis, 1.
(Ten innings.)
Boston, 10; Pittsburgh, 6.
Cincinnati, 3; Philadelphia, 1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland, 2; New York, 1.
St. Louis, 3; Boston, 2.
Chicago, 5; Washington, 0.
(First game.)
Chicago, 3; Washington, 2.
(Second game; 11 innings.)
Detroit, 9; Philadelphia, 2.
(First game.)
Philadelphia, 3; Detroit, 1.
(2d game; called in 8th; rain.)

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	49	26	.653
Philadelphia	40	33	.548
St. Louis	44	38	.537
Cincinnati	47	42	.528
Chicago	43	42	.506
Brooklyn	37	39	.487
Boston	33	43	.434
Pittsburgh	24	54	.308

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	53	31	.631
Boston	50	32	.610
Cleveland	47	40	.540
New York	41	39	.513
Detroit	42	40	.512
Washington	33	47	.412
St. Louis	33	52	.388
Philadelphia	30	48	.385

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York.
(Game starts at 3:30.)
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
(Game starts at 3:30.)
Pittsburgh at Boston.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Cleveland.
Boston at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Detroit.
Washington at Chicago.

STENGEL BREAKS UP GAME.

Homer in Tenth Enables Dodgers to Defeat Cardinals.

Casey Stengel, guardian of the right garden for Uncle Wilbert Robinson, injected his bat into the second meeting of the series between Miller Huggins's Cardinals and the Superbas at Ebbets Field yesterday at an opportune moment and gave the Brooklyn contingent the laurels of a ten-inning struggle by a score of 2 to 1.

Stengel's efforts consisted of a home run drive over the right field fence and helped even up a lot of jumbling plays on the part of the Robins earlier in the game. It was Casey's second hit of the afternoon in four trips to the plate and was made off the first offering of the tired Willie Doak in the tenth session.

Up to that tenth inning the game was an interesting pitchers' duel between the easy Sherrod Smith for the Robins and Doak for St. Louis. Ineffecient fielding by the Brooklyn players threatened to toss all of Smith's good work to the winds and under the strain Sherrod got excited himself and committed an error in the eighth, which fortunately did not result harmfully. In the end Smith was credited with his second ten-inning victory in five days.

For six innings Doak easily baffled the Robins. Just one lone single did he allow in this stretch and this came to Hy Myers in the first inning. Thereafter, up to the seventh, the ball was only batted out of the infield on flies on two occasions. Meanwhile the St. Louis team had collected a run in the fifth stanza. In the seventh, Doak faltered and before he recovered three troublesome hits put the Robins on even terms in the score.

With two out Hy Myers beat out a bunt to Doak along the first base line and went to second on Stengel's single to Betzel. From there Myers scored on Zach Wheat's single to right, Stengel going to third. On an attempted double steal, Stengel was caught trying to get safely back to third for the third out.

The Huggins clan got its only run in the fifth inning when Betzel tripled to right and scored when Johnston fumbled Gonzales's grounder. In the eighth it made a bold bid for another run. A pass to Gonzales, a wild throw by Smith on Doak's attempted sacrifice, and a fumble and wild throw by Mowrey on at attempted sacrifice by J. Miller, who batted for J. Smith, filled the bases. Smith then struck out Baird, made Long hit into a force play on Gonzales at the plate and made Hornsby force Doak at third.

The score:

BROOKLYN, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	ST. LOUIS, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Olson,ss	4	0	0	3	6	J. Smith,rf	3	0	1	1	0
Johnston,1b	4	0	0	15	0	Smyth,cf	1	0	0	0	0
H. Myers,cf	4	1	2	2	0	Baird,3b	3	0	0	1	0
Stengel,rf	4	1	2	1	0	Long,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Wheat,lf	3	0	1	1	0	Hornsby,ss	4	0	0	3	8
Cutshaw,2b	3	0	1	2	2	Cruise,cf,rf	4	0	0	2	0
Mowrey,3b	2	0	0	1	6	Paulette,1b	4	0	0	15	1
O. Miller,c	3	0	0	4	2	Betzel,2b	4	1	2	2	6
S. Smith,p	3	0	0	1	5	Gonzales,c	3	0	0	3	2
						Doak,p	3	0	0	0	2
						aJ. Miller	0	0	0	0	0
Total....30	2	6	30	21		Total....33	1	4	*28	19	

a Batted for J. Smith in eighth.
*One out when winning run was scored.

Errors—Johnston, Mowrey (2,) S. Smith, Baird.

Brooklyn ....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1—2
St. Louis...........0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hit—Betzel. Three-base hit—Betzel. Home run—Stengel. Sacrifice hits—J. Miller, Baird, Mowrey. Double plays—Betzel, Hornsby, and Paulette; Olson and Johnston. Left on bases—St. Louis, 6; Brooklyn, 1. First base on errors—St. Louis, 3; Brooklyn, 1. Base on balls—Off S. Smith, 2. Earned runs—Off Doak, 2 runs in 9 1-3 innings; S. Smith, 0 in 10. Struck out—By Doak, 3; S. Smith, 2. Time—1 hour 40 minutes. Umpires—Rigler and Emslie.

REDS HIT OPPORTUNELY.

Thorpe's Home Run Aids in Downfall of Phillies by 3 to 1.

PHILADELPHIA, July 17.—Cincinnati made splendid use of its few hits in today's game and defeated Philadelphia, 3 to 1. Thorpe's home run gave the visitors the lead in the second inning, and three singles were bunched after Bancroft made a wild throw on Kopf's grounder in the fourth inning, which netted two more runs.

The score:

CINCINNATI, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	PHILADELPHIA, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Groh,3b	3	0	1	2	2	Evers,2b	3	0	1	2	2
Kopf,ss	4	1	0	2	8	Bancroft,ss	3	0	0	2	3
Roush,cf	4	1	1	3	0	Whitted,lf	4	1	3	0	0
Chase,1b	4	0	1	9	1	Cravath,rf	4	0	0	3	0
Griffith,rf	4	0	0	3	0	Stock,3b	4	0	0	0	4
Thorpe,lf	4	1	2	0	0	Paskert,cf	4	0	1	4	0
McK'nie,2b	3	0	0	5	3	Luderus,1b	3	0	2	9	0
Clarke,c	2	0	0	2	1	Killifer,c	4	0	0	7	1
Schneider,p	3	0	0	1	3	Rixey,p	2	0	0	0	1
						Oeschger,p	0	0	0	0	0
						aSchulte	0	0	0	0	0
						bDugey	0	0	0	0	0
						cNiehoff	1	0	0	0	0
Total....31	3	5	27	18		Total....32	1	7	27	11	

a Batted for Rixey in seventh.
b Ran for Luderus in ninth.
c Batted for Oeschger in ninth.

Errors—Groh, Kopf, Bancroft.

Cincinnati ....0 1 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—3
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Groh, Paskert. Home run—Thorpe. Double plays—McKechnie, Kopf, and Chase, (2;) Evers and Luderus. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 4; Philadelphia, 8. First base on errors—Cincinnati, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Base on balls—Off Schneider, 4; Rixey, 2; Oeschger, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Schneider, 7 hits, 0 runs in 9 innings; Rixey, 4 and 2 in 7; Oeschger, 1 and 0 in 2. Struck out—By Schneider, 2; Rixey, 4; Oeschger, 1. Wild pitch—Rixey. Time—1 hour 43 minutes. Umpires—Klem and Bransfield.

American Association.

Indianapolis, 2; Milwaukee, 1.
St. Paul, 8; Toledo, 3.
(First game.)
St. Paul, 1; Toledo, 0.
(Second game.)
Minneapolis at Columbus.
(Postponed; rain.)
Louisville, 7; Kansas City, 3.

GIANTS, to-day, with CHICAGO, 3:30 P. M. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.—Advt.

INDIANS BEAT YANKS WITHOUT BATS' AID

Score Twice in Sixth Inning Without Any Hits and Topple Donovanites by 2 to 1.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 17.—The Indians failed to get a hit off Allen Russell from the second inning until two were out in the eighth this afternoon, but in the hitless interval they managed to push two runs over the plate and these were just enough to take the game from the Yankees. Donovan's men were held runless until two had been retired in the ninth, when Pipp's double, an out, and Miller's third single saved them from a shutout. The final count was 2 to 1.

Like Bob Shawkey in yesterday's game, Russell today was the victim of mistakes by his own team. He scattered an allowance of four hits through three different innings while the Yanks were reaching Ed Klepfer for seven, but two poor pegs by the usually accurate Walters in the sixth frame sent the side-arm twirler down to an undeserved defeat.

A decision by Umpire Moriarty in the seventh inning put a damper on a rally which the Yankees had put in operation. Marsans opened this frame with a double to deep centre and Miller hit a high bounder to Chapman. The latter elected to try for Marsans at third, and in his hurried throw for the speedy Cuban, Chapman threw wild.

Evans jumped away from the bag and caught the ball, then jumped back to make a play on Marsans. The Cuban did not slide, and even then the play did not appear close. Moriarty, running up behind the play and in a poor position to see it correctly, waved Marsans out. An effort to get him to refer the play to Umpire Connolly proved unavailing, and instead of having runners on first and third with none out the Yanks had a runner on first with one out. The side was retired runless.

An echo of the decision came up in the next inning. As Moriarty ruled a player out at first the cry of "Safe! Safe!" rang out from the New York bench. Moriarty halted the game, ordered Aragon to the clubhouse, and warned other players that they would follow unless they became quiet.

The game marked the first appearance in a New York uniform of Armando Marsans, the outfielder, and he played a fine game. He made a spectacular diving catch of a drive by Klepfer in the eighth, rolling over several times, but holding the ball in his bare hand. At bat he did better than most of the Yanks, opening the seventh inning with a slashing double to centre.

Miller and Pipp also shone with the stick and High turned in a sparkling one-hand catch off Evans in the fourth inning. The Indians got two hits off Russell in the first inning, one in the second and one in the eighth. They did no scoring in the opener, as Wamby was nipped off first base before Speaker got his triple. With two out in the second Graney tried to steal home after his double and an infield out put him on third, but he was tagged by Walters.

The two runs arrived in the sixth inning without a hit. Wamby's third strike was at a wild pitch and he reached first safely. Chapman forced him, Maisel to Peck. With the count three balls and a strike on Speaker, Chapman dashed for second and Walters made a throw, thinking it was a strike. The throw was poor and Chapman took third, Speaker walking at the same time. Tris stole second as Roth fanned, and though Maisel made a good catch of a high throw he could not get the ball in time to stop Chapman at the plate. Speaker then made a dash for third, and when Walters threw past Baker Tris scored the winning run.

The Yanks had two on bases with none out in the third and sixth innings, but could not score. In the seventh Marsans opened with a double only to be called out when Miller hit to Chapman. Pipp opened the ninth with a double, Baker and Marsans were retired in order, and then Miller singled, scoring Pipp. The score:

CLEVELAND, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	NEW YORK, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
W'gans,2b	4	0	1	2	4	High,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Chapman,ss	3	1	1	5	3	Maisel,2b	3	0	0	1	9
Speaker,cf	2	1	1	1	0	P'apugh,ss	4	0	0	1	1
Roth,rf	4	0	0	1	0	Pipp,1b	3	1	2	15	2
Harris,1b	2	0	0	7	0	Baker,3b	4	0	0	0	4
Guisto,1b	1	0	0	2	0	Marsans,cf	4	0	1	2	0
Graney,lf	2	0	1	3	0	Miller,rf	4	0	3	0	0
Evans,3b	2	0	0	3	1	Walters,c	4	0	0	4	1
O'Neill,c	0	0	0	0	1	Russell,p	3	0	0	0	2
Billings,c	2	0	0	3	0						
Klepfer,p	3	0	0	0	4						
Total....23	2	4	27	13		Total....33	1	7	24	19	

Errors—Wambsgans, Walter, (2.)

Cleveland ....0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 .—2
New York..............0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1

Two-base hits—Marsans, Pipp, Graney, Chapman. Three-base hit—Speaker. Stolen bases—O'Neill, Chapman, Speaker, (2.) Sacrifice hits—Maisel, Evans. Double play—Wambsgans and Harris. Left on bases—New York, 7; Cleveland, 5. First base on error—New York, 1. Bases on balls—Off Russell, 5; Klepfer, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Russell, 4 hits, 0 runs in 8 innings; Klepfer, 7 and 1 in 9. Struck out—By Russell, 4; Klepfer, 2. Wild pitch—Russell, 1. Time—2 hours 5 minutes. Umpires—Connolly and Moriarty.

BRAVES WIN FIFTH IN ROW.

Collect Six Runs in First Inning, Beating Pirates, 10 to 6.

BOSTON, July 17.—Boston won its fifth successive game today, defeating Pittsburgh 10 to 6. Mamaux was hit hard in the first inning and was wild. Before two men were out Boston had scored six runs. Jacobs succeeded Mamaux and retired the side.

The score:

BOSTON, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	PITTSBURGH, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Maranville,ss	4	0	0	1	3	Bigbee,lf	4	1	0	3	0
Powell,cf	3	1	2	4	0	Pitler,2b	5	2	2	2	5
Rehg,rf	5	2	1	2	0	King,rf	5	2	4	1	0
Kelly,lf	4	2	2	2	0	Carey,cf	5	1	3	2	0
Konetchy,1b	1	2	1	2	0	W. Wagner,1b	5	0	1	11	1
Magee,1b	3	0	1	5	0	Ward,ss	4	0	0	1	2
Smith,3b	4	1	1	1	3	Debus,3b	4	0	1	3	3
Rawlings,2b	4	1	2	2	3	Fischer,c	4	0	2	1	1
Tragesser,c	2	1	2	4	0	Mamaux,p	0	0	0	0	0
Rice,c	1	0	0	4	0	Jacobs,p	3	0	0	0	4
Nehf,p	3	0	0	0	2	aMiller	1	0	0	0	0
						bSchmidt	1	0	0	0	0
Total..34	10	12	27	11		Total...41	6	13	24	16	

a Batted for Jacobs in ninth.
b Batted for Bigbee in ninth.

Errors—Maranville, Rawlings, W. Wagner, Debus.

Boston ....6 3 0 0 1 0 0 0 ..—10
Pittsburgh ....0 0 0 0 0 4 0 0 2— 6

Two-base hits—King, Carey, W. Wagner, Rawlings, Tragesser, Rehg. Three-base hit—Konetchy. Sacrifice fly—Smith. Stolen base—Powell. Double plays—Debus and Pitler; Maranville, Rawlings, and Konetchy. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 8; Boston, 8. First base on errors—Pittsburgh, 2; Boston, 2. Bases on balls—Off Mamaux, 1; Jacobs, 5. Hits and earned runs—Off Mamaux, 4 hits, 5 runs in 1-3 inning; Jacobs, 8 and 2 in 7 2-3; Nehf, 13 and 4 in 9. Hit by pitcher—By Mamaux, (Konetchy.) Struck out—By Nehf, 6. Wild pitch—Nehf. Time—1 hour 50 minutes. Umpires—O'Day and Harrison.

Giants to Honor Wagner.

As there has been a Wagner Day at every baseball park where the Flying Dutchman has made his appearance since rejoining the Pirates, there will be a few festivities for the veteran shortstop at the Polo Grounds on Friday afternoon, when Hans appears here with Pittsburgh.

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FRANK BAKER EXONERATED.

Answers Charges of Tampering to Johnson's Satisfaction.

CHICAGO, July 17.—J. Franklin Baker, third baseman with the New York Americans, was exonerated of alleged tampering charges by President Johnson of the American League tonight. Baker, in a letter to the league executive, denied that he had attempted to induce Pitcher Allen Sothoron of the St. Louis Club to desert organized baseball. On the contrary, he said, he had advised the young pitcher to remain with St. Louis.

WHITE SOX TAKE A COUPLE.

Capture Both Ends of Double Bill from Senators, 5 to 0 and 3 to 2.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Chicago won both games of the double-header from Washington today by scores of 5 to 0 and 3 to 2. In the initial game Cicotte allowed the visitors only one hit, a clean single by Morgan in the second inning. Only one other man reached first—Rice, in the seventh, who walked. Neither reached second.

Dumont was hit hard in the second and third innings. Aided by an error by Shanks, Chicago scored all its runs.

The second game was a pitching duel between Walter Johnson and Urban Faber, and went into the eleventh inning before the deciding run was scored.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

CHICAGO, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	WASHINGTON, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Leibold,rf	4	0	0	1	0	Judge,1b	4	0	0	14	0
Weaver,3b	4	1	1	0	2	Shanks,ss	4	0	0	1	2
E. Collins,2b	3	1	1	1	3	C. Milan,cf	3	0	0	3	0
Jackson,lf	4	0	1	0	0	Rice,rf	2	0	0	4	0
Felsch,cf	4	1	0	4	0	Foster,2b	3	0	0	0	6
Gandil,1b	4	2	3	12	1	Morgan,lf	3	0	1	2	0
Risberg,ss	3	0	1	4	2	Menosky,3b	3	0	0	0	0
Schalk,c	3	0	1	4	1	Henry,c	3	0	0	0	0
Cicotte,p	3	0	0	1	1	Dumont,p	2	0	0	0	0
						aLeonard	1	0	0	0	0
Total....32	5	8	27	10		Total......28	0	1	24	8	

a Batted for Dumont in ninth.
Error—Shanks.

Chicago ....0 1 4 0 0 0 0 0 ..—5
Washington ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Schalk, Gandil. Double play—Judge, (unassisted.) Left on bases—Chicago, 4; Washington, 2. First base on error—Chicago, 1. Bases on balls—Off Dumont, 1; Cicotte, 1. Earned runs—Off Dumont, 2. Struck out—By Cicotte, 4. Time—1 hour 29 minutes. Umpires—Dineen and O'Loughlin.

SECOND GAME.

CHICAGO, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	WASHINGTON, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Leibold,rf	4	1	0	1	0	Judge,1b	5	1	1	9	0
Weaver,3b	3	0	1	4	3	Shanks,ss	3	1	1	0	3
E.Collins,2b	5	0	2	4	2	C.Milan,cf	5	0	0	5	0
Jackson,lf	4	0	0	2	0	Rice,rf	4	0	3	0	0
Felsch,cf	4	0	0	2	0	Foster,3b	4	0	0	2	1
Gandil,1b	4	1	2	13	0	Morgan,2b	4	0	0	2	1
Risberg,ss	4	0	2	2	4	Menosky,lf	4	0	0	4	0
Schalk,c	4	0	0	3	3	Ainsmith,c	3	0	0	9	0
Faber,p	4	0	0	0	5	Johnson,p	4	0	1	0	3
aJ.Collins	0	1	0	0	0						
Total....36	3	7	33	17		Total.....36	2	6	*31	8	

*One out when winning run scored.
a Ran for Weaver in eleventh.
Error—Risberg.

Chicago ....1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—3
Washington ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—2

Two-base hit—E. Collins. Three-base hits—Weaver, Shanks, E. Collins. Stolen bases—Gandil, Ainsmith. Sacrifice hits—Weaver, Shanks. Double plays—Foster and Judge; E. Collins, Risberg, and Gandil. Left on base—Chicago, 5; Washington, 4. Base on balls—Off Johnson, 1; Faber, 2. Earned runs—Off Johnson, 3; Faber, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Johnson, (Weaver.) Struck out—By Faber, 4; Johnson, 6. Time—1 hour 53 minutes. Umpires—O'Loughlin and Dineen.

TIGERS AND MACKS DIVIDE.

Detroit Wins First Game, 9 to 2, but Athletics Get Second, 3 to 1.

DETROIT, Mich., July 17.—Detroit and Philadelphia divided a double-header today. The home club won the first game, 9 to 2, by hitting J. Bush and Schauer hard, but Philadelphia took the second, 3 to 1.

Noyes outpitched Ehmke, who was poorly supported, R. Jones's failure to cover ground giving the visitors chances for all their runs. A hard shower halted the second game at the end of the eighth.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

PHILADELPHIA, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	DETROIT, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Jamieson,rf	3	1	1	1	0	O. Bush,ss	5	1	2	2	4
Strunk,cf	1	0	1	4	0	Vitt,3b	3	2	1	1	0
Bodie,lf	3	0	1	2	0	Cobb,cf	5	3	3	3	1
Bates,3b	4	0	2	2	4	Veach,lf	4	0	2	7	0
McInnis,1b	4	0	0	7	0	Heilman,1b	4	1	3	6	0
Meyer,c	2	0	0	4	0	Harper,rf	5	0	2	1	0
Schang,c	1	0	0	1	1	Young,2b	4	0	0	1	0
Dugan,ss	4	0	0	1	0	R. Jones,2b	0	0	0	0	0
Grover,2b	3	1	0	2	1	Stanage,c	5	1	2	6	2
J. Bush,p	1	0	0	0	2	C. Jones,p	1	1	0	0	0
Schauer,p	2	0	0	0	1						
aW. Johnson	1	0	0	0	0						
Total.....29	2	5	24	9		Total....36	9	15	27	7	

a Batted for Schauer in ninth.
Errors—Bates, Grover, Beach.

Detroit ....0 0 3 1 0 0 2 3 ..—9
Philadelphia ....1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Veach, Stanage, Cobb. Three-base hits—Heilman, Cobb. Stolen bases—Harper, O Bush, (3;) Grover. Sacrifice hits—Strunk, C. Jones. Sacrifice fly—Veach. Double play—Cobb and Bush. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 6; Detroit, 11. First base on errors—Detroit, 2. Bases on balls—Off Jones, 3; J. Bush, 4; Schauer, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off J. Bush, 4 hits and 3 runs in 3 innings; Schauer, 11 and 6 in 5; C. Jones, 5 and 2 in 9. Hit by pitcher—By C. Jones, 2, (Jamieson, Schang.) Struck out—By J. Bush, 3; C. Jones, 4. Time—2 hours 3 minutes. Umpires—Owens, McCormick and Nallin.

SECOND GAME.

PHILADELPHIA, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	DETROIT, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Jamieson,rf	4	0	0	0	0	Bush,ss	4	0	0	0	3
Strunk,rf	4	2	2	2	0	Vitt,3b	3	0	1	0	1
Bodie,lf	4	1	1	3	0	Cobb,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Bates,3b	4	0	1	0	1	Veach,lf	2	0	0	2	0
McInnis,1b	4	0	3	11	0	Heilman,1b	2	0	0	9	1
Schang,c	4	0	3	6	1	Harper,rf	2	0	1	1	0
Dugan,ss	4	0	0	0	2	R.Jones,2b	3	0	0	3	3
Grover,2b	3	0	1	2	3	Stanage,c	3	0	0	7	1
Noyes,p	3	0	0	0	1	Ehmke,p	2	0	0	1	1
						aCrawford	1	1	1	0	0
Total....34	3	11	24	8		Total....26	1	4	24	10	

a Batted for Ehmke in eighth.
Error—Dugan.

Philadelphia ....0 0 0 2 0 1 0 0—3
Detroit ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1

Called end eighth; darkness.

Two-base hits—Vitt, Crawford. Stolen bases—Veach, Strunk, McInnis, Schang. Sacrifice hit—Harper. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 7; Detroit, 6. Bases on balls—Off Noyes, 4. Hits and earned runs—Off Ehmke, 11 hits, 3 runs, in 8 innings; Noyes, 4 and 1 in 8. Struck out—By Ehmke, 7; Noyes, 4. Time—1 hour 33 minutes. Umpires—McMcCormick, Nallin, and Owens.

Eastern League.

Portland, 13; Hartford, 5.
Lawrence, 6; New London, 5.
New Haven, 3; Worcester, 1.
Springfield, 6; Bridgeport, 3.

New York State League.

Wilkes-Barre, 2; Binghamton, 1.
Elmira, 10; Reading, 9.
Syracuse, 3; Scranton, 1.

Southern Association.

Nashville, 8; Birmingham, 1.
(First game.)
Birmingham, 1; Nashville, 0.
(Second game.)
New Orleans, 3; Memphis, 2.
Chattanooga, 8; Atlanta, 2.
Mobile, 1; Little Rock, 0.

RACING
Empire City Track
(YONKERS & MT. VERNON)
TODAY
SIX ATTRACTIVE EVENTS
INCLUDING THE $3,000
Mt. Vernon Handicap
FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.
SPECIAL RACE TRAINS
leave Grand Central Terminal, Harlem Division, at 1:13, 1:31 P. M. Regular trains to Mt. Vernon at short intervals from 11:35 A. M. to 2:45 P. M. All trains stop at 125th St. Also via Broadway Subway to 225th St., thence by direct trolley; also Lenox Ave. Subway to Kingsbridge Road, or 6th and 9th Ave. "L" to 155th St., thence by Jerome Ave. trolley.
Grand Stand and Paddock, $3; Ladies, $1.50.

LONG SHOTS RULE IN YONKERS RACES

Election, at 12 to 1, Takes Feature of Card—Butler's Entries Succeed Again.

Surprises were frequent at Empire City yesterday, the climax coming when P. S. P. Randolph's three-year-old colt Election won the Bronxville Handicap at a mile and a sixteenth, the feature of the card. Election was the extreme outsider in the field of six. Odds of 12 to 1 were quoted against his chances when the horses went to the post.

The success of Election could not dim the triumphs of James Butler, owner of the track. He started horses in three races and in each instance the white and cherry sash flashed in front at the finish. His Star Shoot colt, Top Coat, beat out a strong favorite in Nominee in the first race and Paddy Whack, an odds-on favorite, and the only public choice to score, got home by a nose in front of Yankee Notions in the second race. The final success for Butler came in the last event, in which Spark, a filly by Star Shoot, landed a winner in a field of thirteen maiden two-year-olds.

In the Bronxville Handicap E. G. Soule's Pullux was made favorite, and according to the speculation the Marrone Stable's J. J. Lillis was the only one from which real opposition could be expected. The chances of J. J. Lillis were spoiled at the start, as he was virtually left, while Emil Herz's Starfinch went winging out in front, with Election and Pullux in close attendance.

Entering the stretch these three were massed, with Starfinch still showing the way. In a wild drive to the line Shuttinger managed to get Pullux in front for a few brief strides. Johnny McTaggart went to work on Election and rushed to the front to win by a length. Harwood II. came fast at the finish and was beaten by a head for the place by Pullux.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds which have not won $2,500 in the aggregate; by subscription of $10, with $700 added; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:08 2-5.
Top Coat, James Butler's br. g., 115 pounds, by Star Shoot-Raglan, 17 to 10, 1 to 2, and out, (L. Lyke)..........1*
African Arrow, Grant Hugh Browne's b. c., 112, by Javelin-African Slave, 3 to 1 and 6 to 5, (W. Knapp)..........2h
Prunes, F. R. Doctor's br. c., 112, by Voorhees-Prestene, 3 to 5, third, (J. Butwell)..........3½
Aurum and Nominee also ran.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; by subscription of $5, with $700 added; about six furlongs. Time—1:12.
Paddy Whack, James Butler's br. g., 4 years, 126 pounds, by Celt-Network, 9 to 20 and out, (W. Knapp)..........1n*
Yankee Notions, A. Johnson's ch. g., aged, by Yankee-Fairie Queen, even and out, (A. Shuttinger)..........2*
Polly J., Quincy Stable's b. f., 3, 105, by Waterboy-Sister Jeanie, 3 to 5 third, (S. McGraw)..........3*
Hidden Star, Chillum, and Teetotal also ran. Master McGrath, Brooklyn, Scarpia II., Hwfa, and Marse Henry scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, which have not won $1,500, nor three races other than selling of $550 each since June 1, 1917, by subscription of $10, with $800 added; one mile. Time—1:43.
Bob Hensley, H. Perkins's ch. g., 6 years, 115 pounds, by Rapid Water-Mae Erwin, 4 to 1, 7 to 5, and 1 to 2 (F. Robinson..1¾
Corn Tassel, R. T. Wilson, Jr.,'s br. g., 3, 115, by Santoi-Cornfield, 2 to 5 and out (J. McTaggart)..........2²
Ed Cudihee, Mrs. G. H. Browne's b. g., 4, 123, by Golf Ball-Purse Rose, 6 to 5 third (W. Knapp)..........3nk
Wise Man and Lucius also ran. Achilles and Wooden Shoes scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—The Bronxville Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, selling, by subscription of $10, with $600 added; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:50.
Election, P. S. P. Randolph's b. c., 3. years, 104 pounds, by Ballot-Sadie S., 12 to 1, 4 to 1, and 8 to 5, (J. McTaggart)..1¹
Pullux, E. G. Soule's b. g., 5, 112, by Astronomer-Helen O'C., 1 to 2 and out, (A. Shuttinger)..........2h
Harwood II., W. A. Parsons's ch. g., 5, 104, by Cicero-Dictate, even money third, (J. McTaggart)..........3¹
Starfinch, Sasin, and J. J. Lillis also ran. Wooden Shoes, Aldebaran, Wise Man, and Judge Wingfield scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, which have not won since June 22; selling; one mile and seventy yards. Time—1:48 2-5.
Tie Pin, J. S. Ownbey's b. g., 5 years, 108 pounds, by Armeath II.-Tol San, 3 to 2, 1 to 4, and out, (M. Buxton)..........1½
Checks, W. H. Hogan's ch. g., 4, 106, by Marathon-Monarda, 4 to 5 and out, (N. Barrett)..........2¹*
Cousin Dan, Quincy Stable's b. g., 3, 105, by Heno-Sanci, out for third, (S. McGraw)..........3*
Felucca also ran. Star Gaze, Sand Stone II., Dovedale, and Spring Song scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden two-year-old fillies; purse $600; five furlongs. Time—1:04.
*Spark, James Butler's blk. f., 112 pounds, by Star Shoot-Little Buttercup, 8 to 1, 3 to 1, and 8 to 5, (L. Lyke)..........1¹
Adoration, John Sanford's br. f., 112, by Neil Gow-Bill and Coo, 5 to 2 and 7 to 10, (M. Buxton)..........2½
Supermaid, J. E. Davis's ch. f., 112, by Superman-Maid of Promise, 3 to 1, third, (J. McTaggart)..........3¹
Perplexing, †Sallie Waters, Tea Party, †Kekohi, Adele, *Firefly, Francis Crawford, Georgia Kelly, and Ben Lin, and Daisy Veen also ran. Belle Mere, Killarney, La Russe, and Parlor Maid scratched.
*Butler entry. †Nassau Stable.
Weather clear; track, slow.

EMPIRE CITY ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; five furlongs. Irish Kiss, 115 pounds; Dawn Star, 112; Ilma Schorr, 112; Miss Bonero, 112; Pajanine, 110; Frank Keogh, 110; June Bug, 110; George W. Avery, 110; Starry Banner, 110; Gyp, (imp.,) 110; All Bright, 110; Hypnotism, 107; Dr. Nickel, 105; *Cave Man, 105; Josie A, 102.

SECOND RACE.—For maiden three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Gex, (imp.,) 115; Philippic, (imp.,) 110; Starlike, 110; Tranby, (imp.,) 105; Bar of Phoenix, 105; Sand-Stone II., (imp.,) 105; Icarus, 105; Dixie II., (imp.,) 105.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds, handicap; about six furlongs. Westy Hogan, 120 pounds; Milkman, 112; Riverdale, 109; Bally, 105; Diamond, 105; Bedtime Stories, 104.

FOURTH RACE.—Mount Vernon Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Roamer, 125 pounds; Daddy's Choice, 107; Whimsy, 104; Philippic, (imp.,) 98; Green Jones, 97; Wistful, 97; Bob Hensley, 96.

FIFTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming; one mile and an eighth. G. M. Miller, 112 pounds; Ed Bond, 110; Sosius, 107; *Intone, 107; *Miss Kruter, 106; Star Gaze, 105; *Dovedale, 103; Armament, 101; Princess Janice, 100; *Stalwart Helen, 99.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-olds, conditions; five and a half furlongs. Dr. Johnson, 115 pounds; Winsomvera, (imp.,) 115; Star Class, 112; Butcher Boy, 112; Bantry, 107; Albert A, 107.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Pitcher Miljus Wants Bonus.

Pitcher Miljus, recently purchased from the Binghamton State League Club by the Brooklyn Nationals, has demanded a bonus of $500 before reporting, claiming that he is a free agent. As Cincinnati has relinquished its claim on him, his demand is untenable under baseball law, according to President Ebbets.

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NEW YORK

WOMEN GOLFERS ADVANCE.

Only One Close Match in Second Round at Van Cortlandt.

The women's golf tournament at Van Cortlandt Park advanced to the round before the semi-finals yesterday, the victor in each match except one asserting her supremacy by a wide margin. The closest match was that in which Mrs. W. G. Mulock defeated Mrs. M. O'Reilly with the score 2 and 1. Mrs. da Costa had little difficulty in making her way through the second round. She scored a victory over Mrs. L. J. Steigler with the margin of 5 to 3.

Those left in the tournament in the upper half of the draw are Mrs. M. S. da Costa, Mrs. J. Munro, Miss M. Allison, and Mrs. G. Schwab. The lower half contains the names of Mrs. A. Taylor, Mrs. W. G. Mulock, Mrs. L. M. Jardine, and Mrs. T. A. Stoutenburgh.

The summaries:

SECOND ROUND.—Mrs. M. S. da Costa (24) defeated Mrs. L. J. Steigler, (40,) 5 and 3; Mrs. J. Munro won from Mrs. J. Hill by default; Miss M. Allison (42) defeated Mrs. F. H. Hoyt, (38,) 4 and 3; Mrs. G. Schwab (30) defeated Mrs. J. S. Peyser, (33,) 7 and 6; Mrs. A. Taylor (32) defeated Mrs. Montgomery, (35,) 2 and 1; Mrs. W. G. Mulock (28) defeated Mrs. M. O'Reilly, (44,) 5 and 4; Mrs. L. M. Jardine (38) defeated Mrs. R. J. Hess, (33,) 4 and 3; Mrs. T. A. Stoutenburgh (35) defeated Mrs. M. E. Grey, (39,) 6 and 4.

PLAINFIELD GETS TOURNEY.

California Tennis Stars Will Play There Next Sunday.

The tennis public in the metropolitan district will have its first chance on Sunday, July 22, to see the matches being scheduled by the United States National Lawn Tennis Association to finance ambulance sections. The Plainfield Country Club has arranged the event on its courts at Plainfield, N. J. Miss Molla Bjurstedt and Miss Mary K. Browne of California will play, and in addition William M. Johnston and Harold A. Throckmorton are practically certain to compete. It is probable that Karl H. Behr and Frederick B. Alexander will take part, and it is hoped that George M. Church and R. Lindley Murray may be seen in action. Such an entry would permit the scheduling of interesting matches.

Miss Browne and William M. Johnston are coming East and will play their first matches at the Yahnundasis Golf Club, Utica, Friday and Saturday of this week. In the schedule being drawn by the National Association Saturday and Sunday dates are at a premium because only a limited number are available.

Plainfield is twenty-three miles from New York on the New Jersey Central. The running time for expresses is forty-five minutes. The matches, which will start at 2 o'clock, are open to the public.

HEAVY RAIN HALTS RACES.

Only Two Events Run in First Grand Circuit Meeting.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 17.—Favorites stepped to the front today at the grand circuit meet at North Randall, but only two races were finished, a near cloudburst flooding the track and forcing the postponement of the other three events on the card.

Mawitza, with Edman up, won the first division of the 2:19 trot in straight heats, and easily outclassed the field. There was nothing to the race, except Mawitza, so far as first money was concerned, but Peter Schuyler and Oscar Watts put up a pretty battle for place and show. The Schuyler horse captured second money.

The summaries:

2:19 CLASS—TROTTING.

Purse, $1,000. (First Division.)

Mawitza, br. m., by Crito Leyburn, (Edman)..........1 1 1
Peter Schuyler, br. h., by Prince Alexis, (Lymnan)..........2 3 2
Oscar Watts, b. c., (Hyde)..........3 2 3
Balmacaan, b. m., (Tallman)..........4 4 4
Brother David, b. c., (Nolan)..........6 5 5
Red Top, ch. g., (White)..........7 7 6
Robinwood, b. g., (Valentine)..........8 6 7
Joffre, b. h., (Kane)..........5 8 dr
Time—2:12¼; 2:14¼; 2:13½.

2:19 CLASS—TROTTING.

Purse, $1,000. (Second Division.)

Peter Chenault, b. h., by Peter the Great, (Murphy)..........1 1 1
North Spur, b. h., by San Francisco, (Cox)..........3 4 2
Minnie Arthur, blk. m., (Snow)..........2 6 3
Hollywood King, ch. h., (Jamison)..........4 2 7
Judge Jones, b. g., (Geers)..........7 3 6
Peter Grimm, ch. h., (Dodge)..........5 5 4
Carrie New, g. m., (Mallow)..........6 7 5
Forest Bingen, b. h., (Schuler)..........8 dis
Time—2:10¼; 2:10¼; 2:11¼.

FASIG SWEEPSTAKE, THREE-YEAR-OLD TROT.

Value, $2,500. (Unfinished.)

Kelly De Forest, b. c., by The Deforest, (Murphy)..........1
Harvest Gale, br. f., by The Harvester, (Cox)..........2
Worthy Volo, ch. c., (McDonald)..........3
Winema, ch. f., (H. Fleming)..........4
E. Colorado, b. c., (Graves)..........5
Time—2:10.

BROWNS NOSE OUT RED SOX.

Rumler's Pinch Hit in Ninth Gives 3 to 2 Victory to St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, July 17.—Rumler, pinch hitting for Shotten in the ninth, lined past Walker and Lewis, scoring Lavan, who had doubled, with the run that gave St. Louis victory over Boston today, 3 to 2. The score:

ST. LOUIS, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	BOSTON, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Shotton,lf	3	2	1	1	0	Hooper,rf	4	2	2	1	0
aRumler	1	0	1	0	0	Barry,2b	4	0	1	1	2
Austin,3b	3	0	2	1	2	Gainer,1b	3	0	0	7	0
Sloan,rf	4	0	3	0	0	Gardner,3b	3	0	1	0	1
Sisler,1b	4	0	1	17	1	Lewis,lf	4	0	0	0	0
Severeid,c	4	0	2	3	2	Walker,cf	3	0	1	4	0
Pratt,2b	4	0	1	3	4	Scott,ss	2	0	0	5	3
Jacobson,cf	4	0	0	0	0	Agnew,c	3	0	0	8	4
Lavan,ss	4	1	2	1	4	Leonard,p	3	0	0	0	1
Plank,p	4	0	0	1	4						
Total...35	3	13	27	17		Total....29	2	5	*26	11	

*Two out when winning run was scored.
a Batted for Shotton in ninth.
Error—Gardner.

St. Louis ....0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1—3
Boston ....1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Hooper, Rumler, Lavan. Three-base hit—Gardner. Stolen base—Shotton. Sacrifice hits—Gainer, Scott. Sacrifice fly—Gardner. Left on bases—Boston, 3; St. Louis, 8. Bases on balls—Off Leonard, 2. Earned runs—Off Leonard, 3; Plank, 2. Struck out—By Leonard, 6; Plank, 3. Time—1 hour 53 minutes. Umpires—Hildebrand and Evans.

Brooklyn Releases Dell.

Wheezer Dell, Brooklyn's big right-hand pitcher, was released yesterday to the Baltimore Club of the International League. It was said that Dell left last night for Montreal to join the Baltimore team. It was also announced that Ed Appleton, the twirler who a month ago refused to go to the Baltimore Club, had been reinstated and had joined the International League team. Dell's release brings the Brooklyn roster to the required twenty-two player limit.

ADVERTISEMENT.
Uncle Sam Invites You to Visit His National Parks
The Government has done big things this past year in adding to the interest of the National Parks.
Many new trails have been laid out in Glacier so that interesting places heretofore inaccessible may now be visited. Automobiles are universal now in Yellowstone, taking the place of the uncomfortable and slow-going horse stages, a matter for rejoicing by visitors, and the "Cody Road"—eastern gateway of the Yellowstone—has been perfected so that its marvelous scenery can be viewed from comfortable automobiles, through glorious Shoshone Canyon and over beautiful Sylvan Pass. Don't miss the Cody Road!
Let me tell you in detail of the opportunity to visit Glacier, Yellowstone, Cody Road, Rocky Mountain (Estes) Park, Denver and Colorado Springs (with Pike's Peak and Garden of the Gods near by) all on the lines of a single great railroad system—the Burlington Route—the big, Prosperous, well-managed railroad of the West. One ticket over one railroad. A glorious trip!
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EXTRA-HEAT RACES ON PARKWAY TRACK

Local Harness Season Opens with Notable Array of Well-Bred Horses.

With seven heats necessary to decide one race and six in another, the opening day of the Parkway Driving Club three-day harness meeting provided keen sport for some 2,000 spectators yesterday at the Brooklyn half-mile track, and gave promise of a class of trotting and pacing events such as New York has not had in several seasons. Not in the history of the organization have there been as many high-class animals entered in the events, and never before have the contests provided such close finishes.

It being the season's first meeting of the metropolitan circuit, it was not expected that the drivers, trainers, and horses would all be ready, but such was the case. In the 2:24 trot, almost an open event, which carried a purse of $1,000, it was necessary to start a sixth heat before Mintmark, a well-behaved trotter, belonging to Charles Weiland, could shake off the persistent Suldine, the property of the Brook Farm.

Suldine, a trotter of great leg action, had speed enough to carry off the first two heats with plenty to spare, but he lacked the stamina and endurance displayed by Mintmark, which was reserved for the first two heats and then allowed to pursue victory through the deepening shadows of the afternoon. Suldine was a top favorite and looked to have the event at his mercy in the third heat but tired in the stretch and was passed by Mintmark and Boquita Girl, H. Crossman's entry.

The longest event of the day was the 2:18 trot, which went seven heats before Sealskin Boy asserted his right to the laurels. In this race and during the second heat Sweet Alice stumbled rounding the far turn, and dumped her driver, Crossman, to the ground. Daisy McGregor also was carried down in the mixup and Phelps, driver of the latter, was thoroughly shaken up. Sweet Alice broke loose from her sulky and galloped around the course for two miles before being headed off. Daisy McGregor could not shake off the trailing, riderless sulky behind her, notwithstanding she went three miles before being checked.

The endurance contest finally got down to a point where Kinney McGregor, Krell, and Overland were left to contest the sixth heat with Sealskin Boy. Each of the above had won a heat and Kinney McGregor had two to its credit. In the sixth heat Sealskin Boy nipped Kinney McGregor at the wire and when all others were ruled off the two double heat winners went at it for the seventh and deciding heat. Kinney McGregor was plainly winded and could do nothing but pursue a futile chase of the stout-hearted Sealskin Boy.

The summaries:

2:12 PACE, ONE MILE.

(3 in 5 heats.) Purse $500.

Lady Venice, br. m., by Lord Roberts-Black Venice, (Stout)..........1 1 1
Betsy Hamlin, br. m., by Lorenzo Hamlin-Kate Spencer, (Berry)..........6 2 2
Ashlook, ch. g., (Crossman)..........2 4 3
Robert Frisco, br. g., (R. Smith)..........3 3 5
Lustrous McKinney, br. g., (Kearns)..5 7 8
Hal S., ro. g., (Lawrence)..........8 6 4
Major A., b. g., (Leese)..........9 5 7
Lakeside Princess, b. m., (Phelps)....7 8 6
John B., b. g., (Dean)..........4 9 9
Time—2:10½; 2:10½; 2:11½.

2:18 TROT, ONE MILE.

(3 in 5 heats.) Purse $500.

Sealskin Boy, br. g., by Airdale-Lady Sealskin, (Laselle)..........4 4 3 2 1 1 1
Kinney McGregor, b. g., by Bourbon McGregor, (Whitney)..........5 3 1 1 2 2 2
Krell, b. g., (Dean)..........2 1 2 4 3 3 ro
Overland, br. g., (Mundt)...1 2 6 5 4 4 ro
Libbie Medium, br. m., (Kearns)..........7 5 4 8 ro
Czarada, b. m., (Hinds)....8 6 5 ro
Sweet Alice, br. m., (Crossman)..........6 dr
Daisy McGregor, b. m., (Phelps)..........3 dr
Time—2:15½; 2:15¼; 1:15¼; 2:17; 2:16¾; 2:18¼; 2:24¾.

224 TROT, ONE MILE.

(3 in 5 heats.) Purse $1,000.

Mintmark, b. h., by Bingen-Minter, (Leese)..........6 3 1 1 2 1
Suldine, b. h., by Worthy-McKinney, (Murray)..........1 1 3 2 4 2
Boquita Girl, br. m., (Crossman)..........2 2 2 3 1 ro
Roy Bingen, b. h., (Mosher)...3 4 4 5 3 ro
Notice B., b. m., (Dickerson)..4 3 5 4 ro
Elizabeth Dooley, blk. m., (Hully)..........7 7 6 dr
Esther Bond, br. m., (Goode).5 6 dr
Medium Bird, ch. m., (Stout)..8 dis
Time—2:14¼; 1:15¼; 2:14¼; 2:14¾; 2:15¾; 2:23½.

Postpone Cedarhurst Polo Match.

The first game in the round robin polo tournament at the Rockaway Hunting Club at Cedarhurst, in aid of a fund to purchase ambulances for the Harjes-Norton Section of the American Red Cross, which was to have been played today, has been postponed until either Friday or Saturday afternoon. The game will be between the Rockaway and Rumson Freebooter teams.

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*hot summer sun.
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TAMMANY DECLARES FOR A PARTY FIGHT

Democrats Against Republicans to be the Keynote of the Municipal Campaign.

CITY OWNERSHIP AN ISSUE

Senator Wagner Assails Mitchel and Present Administration as Tools of Wealth.

The Democratic Party versus the Republican is to be the keynote of Tammany Hall's campaign against the Fusion ticket this Fall. This was decided on last night at a meeting of the Democratic Fusion Committee's Platform Committee at its headquarters, 50 East Forty-second Street, where State Senator Robert F. Wagner in a speech bitterly assailed the Mitchel administration. He accused the independent Democrats who are supporting Fusion of trying to capture the City Government for the Republican Party, and said that Mayor Mitchel helped the plot along last year by remaining inactive in the Presidential campaign.

Last night's meeting was the last the Platform Committee will hold to consider suggestions. Within the next few days the platform will be completed, and then the Nominating Committee will meet to select candidates. Tammany has already come out for municipal ownership of public utilities, and the meeting last night emphasized that this would be the main plank in the platform. The Democratic Fusion Committee was organized to bring together all Democrats who are opposed to the present city administration, but that Tammany Hall is the controlling factor in the organization is shown by the number of Tammany leaders who are members of the committee.

Senator Wagner was loudly applauded when he referred to the efforts of the Fusionists to Republicanize the City Government, and said that the meeting was held for the purpose of discussing a platform on which all Democrats, regardless of past differences, may unite in the coming municipal campaign.

"Those who have never espoused the cause of democracy, those who have never truly believed in the principles of democracy," he continued, "have labored during past municipal campaigns to arouse dissensions among the followers of democracy. Candidates have been elected on a false appeal for nonpartisanship in the administration of the city's affairs, but after election these same candidates, regardless of their enrollment as Democrats or Republicans, have united in strengthening the Republican machine in the city. Indeed the Chairman of the New York County Republican Committee openly boasts that New York City will be Republican, like Philadelphia, if they succeed in the coming election.

"We Democrats have seen the effect of their efforts upon the success of our candidates for State and national offices. During the last campaign for the Presidency these nonpartisan Republican city officials campaigned openly for the election of a Republican President and Republican members of Congress, while those of the city administration who call themselves Democrats were conspicuous by their silence and inactivity. I refer specifically to Mayor Mitchel.

"This so-called nonpartisan city administration not only has been Republican in its political activities but it has permitted the traditional allies of Republicanism, the large corporations, the special interests, and the so-called charitable foundations to inspire important policies of the city administration. The rule of the people in municipal affairs has been completely eradicated. There has been established in its place the rule of bureaucracy, the rule of a group of selfish men, the rule of the influential and privilege-seeking rich."

Senator Wagner went over the West Side Improvement situation at length and accused the administration of working in the interests of the New York Central Railroad. He also attacked the administration in connection with the wiretapping disclosures.

The speaker referred to the make-up of the Fusion Committee of 250 as being composed of "representatives of the foundations, of the Standard Oil group, of the corporations, and of the Mayor's personal friends." It is noteworthy, he said, that every special interest which seeks financial favors at the hand of the municipality is represented on the committee. Senator Wagner then launched into a long defense of the principle of municipal ownership, as being part and parcel of the right of the people to rule themselves. The people, he said, should own and operate their public utilities, such as electric light, gas, telephone, and transit facilities.

"There is only one way in which public utilities can be operated for the benefit and to the profit of the people of New York City," he said, "and that is by the municipality itself. Municipal ownership and operation are no new departure in the administration of the affairs of municipalities. It has been successfully established in hundreds of communities, both in the United States and in foreign countries. Great Britain has developed the system with conspicuous success for the people. Forty-two out of fifty British cities own their own street railways and operate them; forty-four their electric plants, forty-one their gas plants, and thirty-nine their water plants.

"In our own city we have successfully applied the principle of municipal ownership and operation. By means of the Catskill aqueduct we convey the city's water 150 miles, and deliver it pure and wholesome to the people of the city. If this tremendous engineering feat can be accomplished economically by the city, who shall say that the municipality must fail in operating its transit and lighting facilities within the boundaries of the city itself?

"If the public service corporations, the gas companies, the electric light companies, the transit and telephone companies, can make immense profits even for their watered stock, why could not municipal ownership result in even greater profits for the city by the elimination of watered stock?

"I say to you that the present city administration is not a democratic form of government. It is the basest kind of bureaucracy, wherein the favorite, the corporation, the dollar, and not the man, or the rights of man, are the basic elements of consideration. Let us be consistent in this beloved country of ours. Let us practice democracy as well as preach it. Let us respect it in the nation; let us enforce it in the State; let us apply it in this great democratic city of ours, and let us rid ourselves of the unfair, faithless, and undemocratic administration that now weighs down the City of New York."

Joseph M. Callahan, Democratic leader of the Assembly, introduced a plank calling for public regulation of the distribution of food and other necessaries of life and pledging the immediate establishment of adequate terminal markets. James P. Holland, President of the New York State Federation of Labor, advocated a plank declaring for municipal ownership of public utilities, including transportation.

FUSIONISTS NAME MITCHEL AGAIN

Continued from Page 1.

iam Doran; Local 66 of the Firemen, by James O. Westberg, and James R. Huntley; Local 60 of the Plasterers, by John J. Grew and William Warren; Housesmiths' Union, by Benjamin E. Moore; Fourteenth Assembly District Democratic Club, by George P. Zorn and Arthur L. Jappe; Queens County Jefferson Democratic Club, by Dr. Brennon; Christopher Murray and William Grier, and Progressive Union Labor, by Joseph Barondess and Dr. Boychard.

E. G. Sammis read a resolution adopted by the Brooklyn Young Republican Club enthusiastically commending the last four years of Fusion administration and pledging the support of the organization to the renomination of Mayor Mitchel. Mr. Barondess said that Mayor Mitchel had made it possible for the workingmen of New York City to improve their condition. The Mayor stood by organized labor, Mr. Barondess said, and as a specific example he asserted that it was due entirely to the efforts of the Mayor that the 80,000 garment workers had been able to improve their condition. He refuted the charge that the Mayor had not been fair with the men in the last surface railway strike. He said that whatever was legitimately possible for a Mayor to do, Mayor Mitchel had done.

"Our country is engaged in a struggle for liberty," said Mr. Barindess, "and it seems to me that this is no time to change an honest and successful administration, and to those of you who are present, all of you, I say, hail to Mitchel who is going to be our next Mayor."

Andrew Colvin of the New York Young Republican Club, said that the movement in which Judge Cropsey's name was being used as a rallying cry was thoroughly understood in Brooklyn and that the opinion there was that much as Judge Cropsey is admired and much as Brooklyn people would like to see him Mayor of New York, he could not be elected on a straight Republican ticket. He said that Brooklyn people felt that the injection of Cropsey into the situation at this time could have no effect except to jeopardize any ticket other than a Tammany ticket.

Adamson's Nomination Approved.

The labor representatives, while expressing cordial approval of the nominatiton of Mr. Adamson, said they believed that labor ought to be represented on every county ticket. Frank Witherspoon of the plumbers' organization presented the name of George McGuire for County Clerk in the Bronx. Mr. Witherspoon expressed the belief that every one of the 15,000 members of his union and of the building trades would vote for Mitchel and do what they could to help him win.

Charles O. Mass of the Republican Club of New York said there was no doubt that Mitchel would carry the Republican primaries. He advised the committee not to waste too much time in deliberation, but to "hit the nail on the head and go to it."

Julius Henry Cohen, speaking for the Citizens Union, an organization which, he said, had stood for years for good government and nonpartisan government, asserted that the Union felt that the present administration had been far better than could be reasonably expected as a result of any reform movement. There may have been mistakes, Mr. Cohen said, and not at all times has the Citizens Union been in accord with the administration, but on the whole they felt that the citizens of New York were to be congratulated on the results of the last four years.

The New York Young Republican Club sent a set of resolutions indorsing the Fusion administration, and declaring that no taint of scandal had existed or a suggestion of reckless expenditure in the handling of public funds. Mayor Mitchel, the resolution read, "has shown imagination, dignity, and determination in his handling of the administrative work of the Government. He has been particularly alert in meeting the crisis that now confronts the nation."

Frederick W. Rowe, a Brooklyn Congressman, praised Mayor Mitchel's appointments. Because of these appointments, he said, the administration would always be a credit to the city. A copy of a set of resolutions adopted by the Union League Club in February urging the continuation of non-partisan government in the city was received.

Praise for Mr. Marks.

When the question of selecting a candidate for Borough President of Manhattan was taken up Charles L. Bernheimer proposed Marcus M. Marks.

"All you gentlemen here," said Mr. Bernheimer, "know that Mr. Marks has been an exceedingly efficient, hardworking, honest officer in your government during the last three and a half years. From that standpoint it would be difficult to pick any one better, as we have to take into consideration the amount of experience he has developed during that time."

Mr. Marks's nomination was seconded by Coroner Healy.

E. H. Outerbridge, President of the New York State Chamber of Commerce, sent a letter saying he had been suddenly called out of the city and could not attend. The letter read in part:

> I cannot leave without sending you just a line to express the conviction that I have that it would be a disaster if the committee should fail to prevail upon Mayor Mitchel to consent to be nominated for another term, and a still greater disaster if there should fail to be complete fusion by all interests favoring the most efficient municipal government.
>
> In the municipal campaign of 1909 Mayor Mitchel was picked for the office of President of the Board of Aldermen, after called the Vice Mayoralty, because of the talents he had then already displayed in relation to municipal affairs, and in the years following that he has developed a breadth of view, a soundness of judgment, an independent courage, and a respect for the experience and opinions of others which have especially fitted him to be the Mayor of a city government as complicated and difficult as that of New York. The Commissioners and members of his official family and citizen members of the Board of Education have frequently told me that they have been amazed at the extent of the Mayor's intimate knowledge of detail and insight into the affairs, frequently greater than their own, in their own departments.
>
> One can well understand why the Mayor should prefer to devote these talents in private enterprise rather than public life, the latter being nearly always a thankless task, but this is a case where the interests at stake are so large that I think the people are justified in trying to exact a sacrifice from the Mayor, which under more normal conditions perhaps we would not be justified in asking of him. The benefits not only to the City of New York but to the firm and permanent establishment of the high standard of municipal government that will accrue from the re-election of Mayor Mitchel as the head of the next Administration will be of such untold value that I can imagine nothing that could compensate the citizens for failing to accomplish it.

During the meeting John Pinna submitted a list of candidates for minor offices which had been indorsed at a special meeting of representative labor men at 211 East Forty-fifth Street last night. It recommended Timothy Healy for Sheriff of New York County, George T. McGuire for County Clerk of Bronx County, Alfred J. Boulton for County Clerk of Queens, and John Quinn for Sheriff of Queens. Mr. Pinna said labor men believed sincerely in the Fusion movement, and that the city needed a continuance of the present officials.

See Strength in Adamson.

At a meeting of the Nominating Committee last week the Republican organization of the Bronx made a plea that a Bronx Republican be selected as the candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen. This was seconded by Samuel S. Koenig, Chairman of the New York Republican Committee. At last night's meeting, however, all opposition to Fire Commissioner Adamson was dropped. It was generally recognized that Mr. Adamson would bring independent Democratic strength to the ticket.

Mayor Mitchel has not yet gone on record as to whether he would accept a renomination, but Chairman Childs and Mr. Perkins, after a long conference with the Mayor yesterday, said the Mayor had made up his mind to accept a renomination, and would make a statement to that effect on Friday.

After the Nominating Committee had finished its work, the Platform Committee held a meeting, and appointed this committee to submit a platform draft: Edward M. Bassett, Samuel McCune Lindsay, Harry I. Huber, Joseph M. Price, and John Gerdes. It is expected that the Fusion Committee will reaffirm its platform of 1913, and that the platform will contain vigorous planks on education, municipal ownership, and municipal home rule.

The ticket put forward last night is made up of the same candidates who ran on the Fusion ticket in 1913, with the exception of Fire Commissioner Adamson. The position of President of the Board of Aldermen is now held by Frank L. Dowling, Tammany, because of the resignation of George McAneny, who was elected to that office on the Fusion ticket.

Mr. Adamson was born in Georgia in 1872. He began his career as a newspaper man on the staff of The Atlanta Constitution. In 1897 he came to New York, and was connected successively with The Brooklyn Eagle, The Sun, and The World. He was secretary to Mayor Gaynor, and was appointed Fire Commissioner by Mayor Mitchel.

COLUMBIA OPERA GREETED BY 2,000

"La Boheme" Opens Midsummer Night's Season in University's Gymnasium.

MISS TEYTE AMONG STARS

Metropolitan Orchestra and Chorus Aid in Fine Performance—Patriotic Appeals for Aviation.

The first of Columbia's midsummer nights of grand opera drew 2,000 persons to the north gate of the university campus, up around Broadway, and 120th Street last evening. The visitors passed through a forest of trees turned scarlet and gold by navy searchlights massed on the gymnasium roof, and entered a building transformed into an opera house, where there was a performance of Puccini's "La Boheme," with orchestra, chorus, and many stars from the Metropolitan and its allied companies. The crowd found ample shelter in the gymnasium from an early thunderstorm. It flocked out again during intermissions to the fresh air as well as to refreshments liquid and solid served by the National Special Aid Society on the green, and by way of prelude to the series of operas there were patriotic speeches on aviation by Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske and Congressman Murray Hulbert.

Among the more seasoned operagoers who reinforced a big attendance from the university's Summer schools, there were two of the Metropolitan Directors' Board, Paul D. Cravath and Philip M. Lydig; Giorgio Polacco, Giulio Setti, Andrea de Segurola, and others of the opera staff, together with Max Hirsch, Earl Lewis, Justice Hendricks, and from other allied Broadway stages Laurette Taylor, Jack Barrymore, Ethel Barrymore, and many more.

Puccini's opera, with its four brief intervals of comedy and tragedy of the Paris "Quartier Latin," was admirably done on the improvised stage set at the centre of the great half circle of the college gymnasium. Maggie Teyte and Mabel Riegelman, as Mimi and Musetta pleased their audience and made themselves easily heard in the opera's graceful airs. Luca Botta, Philip Bennyan, Pompilio Malatesta, and Virgilio Lazzari were the four Bohemian students. Paulo Ananian had the two rôles of Paris landlord and roué, Benoit and Alcindoro, and Pietro Audisio was the street crier, Parpignol. The regular opera orchestra was conducted by Marcel Charlier, and the whole affair was staged under the direction of Edoardo Petri.

Those in charge of the aviation fund, which will benefit by eight similar performances of various operas in the next fortnight, let it be known that the success of the Columbia series from the start last evening had led to requests for more of the same sort to be given in Washington, where a new open-air theatre exists for the purpose, as well as in Newport, where a performance is proposed at the Summer home of Cornelius Vanderbilt. Mrs. William Allen Bartlett received subscriptions in the Special Aid Society's "Golden Book" last evening, while her young assistants served ices on the lawn.

Congressman Murray Hulbert, who was introduced by Rear Admiral Fiske to speak for the National Special Aid Society's work for American aviators in the war, was so impressed himself by the singing last night that he went up to another meeting in his own home district on Washington Heights two hours later and told his constituents there that he intended to ask the city to give such operas next year in the City College Stadium, as a public enterprise, and to put this as a plank in the coming Fusion campaign platform. Mr. Hulbert told the Columbia crowd in his opening remarks something about the development of aviation in this country.

From the time the Wright brothers imparted their secret of flying to the Aero Club of America until a year or two ago, the Congressman said, the advance in aviation had been entirely through private aid. People laughed at him in Washington when Congress passed a $14,000,000 Aviation bill two years ago, and the War Department experts protested then that they had more money than they could spend in years. Now the House of Representatives had just voted $640,000,000 for the same work, and Mr. Hulbert looked to see the sum a billion before the war's end.

NEW GREEK KING MAY LOSE HIS CROWN

Has Been Told This Will Happen Unless He Abandons Obstructive Policy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Information regarding the Greek situation reaching Washington through reliable channels indicates that King Alexander of Greece will literally follow in the footsteps of his father and lose his crown unless he abandons an obstructive policy and permits Premier Venizelos to proceed unhindered with the execution of the compact between Greece and the protecting powers.

Word reaches Washington that this fact has been made plain to the young King, and he is expected to yield to the authority of the nation, expressed in the person and the acts of Premier Venizelos, it was asserted today upon unimpeachable authority.

Greece is not expected to engage soon in active fighting. The army prepared to take the field is small, and it will be necessary for the Allies to furnish arms and ammunition and other war equipment to the reservists, which will take considerable time. Italy will participate in the equipment of that portion of the Greek Army which will operate in Upper Epirus, near the Albanian frontier, and in Macedonia.

PLEDGE COAL SUPPLY FOR THE GOVERNMENT

Operators Will Pool Sales to the Army and Navy—Prices Not Discussed.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Coal operators of four Eastern States at a conference here today assured Government officials that they would meet all the Government's coal needs, and that they would furnish amounts allotted to them by any agency the Government might name.

The question of prices was not considered, although Secretary Daniels in a speech appealing to their patriotism said that the operators should come forward in the same spirit shown by the men who donned uniforms to go to France. The prices finally to be determined will be fixed after the Federal Trade Commission has completed its investigations of coal production costs.

The Government's coal requirements for the next year were put at slightly more than 5,000,000 tons. Much of it must be of the so-called smokeless variety, for use by warships and transports. Most of the operators at the conference came from the smokeless coal fields of Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, and West Virginia.

In agreeing to supply the Government's coal by a system of allotment, the operators bound themselves also to take care of each other's commercial orders when they should be taken over by the Government. The plan adopted virtually amounts to a pooling of coal sold to the Government. Committees named by the operators will report to the Coal Committee of the Defense Council, and ask advice as to allotment. The allotment probably will be made by the Defense Council or by the Federal Trade Commission.

More than 500 operators were at the conference. The Government was represented by Secretary Daniels, W. B. Colver of the Federal Trade Commission, Van H. Manning of the Bureau of Mines, George Otis of the Geological Survey, and by members of the Defense Council's Coal Committee.

Secretary Daniels in his address told the operators that he considered it a privilege rather than a sacrifice on their part to supply the coal needed. He said the steel producers had agreed to furnish the Government with their entire output, if necessary, and await the adjustment of prices, and he urged the same course upon the coal producers.

Commissioner Colver told the operators that the Trade Commission favored pooling all the coal in the United States for distribution by the Government to the army and navy, the industries, and the people. He said the commission was in favor of paying the operators the cost of production and a fair profit. The present, he said, was no time to consider prices, and nobody could run the price up on the Government without running it up on himself, as the Government and the people were one.

GIRL TO DRIVE CAR IN FRANCE

Has Sailed to Assist in Distributing Materials Near Paris.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., July 17.—Miss Dorothy Jones, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Jones of Plymouth Street, has sailed for France, where she will drive one of the large circuit cars. She has a chauffeur's license and speaks French fluently. She expects to assist in the distribution of materials in the vicinity of Paris.

Miss Jones is the second Montclair girl to go to Paris for active service. Miss Winifred Schroeder, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Schroeder, sailed several months ago.

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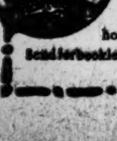

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1917.

DELAY AND COMPROMISE.

The way of the Food bill in the Senate continues rough. With a lack of firm leadership, the debates are conducted without system, and the vagaries of the least competent and least sincere opponents of this highly essential war measure are gravely listened to. Nothing has developed in the long period of haranguing since this bill was reported from committee more futile and less important than the tirade of Senator REED of Missouri touching Mr. HOOVER's methods as administrator of supplies in Belgium. The accusation that Mr. HOOVER, because he tried to buy food supplies for the suffering Belgians in this country's markets as cheaply as possible, is a food gambler, would not be effective in a Tammany district meeting. Mr. REED was certainly not talking to convince the Senators who favor food conservation that Mr. HOOVER is not the right man to be Administrator. If that had been the case, even he would have refrained from dwelling upon the skill and forethought with which the Belgian purchases were made. It turns out that the Missouri Senator was as wrong about his facts as he was about the construction he tried to place on them. But that makes no difference. He succeeded in what we take to be his only purpose, namely, to introduce matter in the debate which, relevant or not, would lead to more delay.

The bill must be passed this week, as it is already three weeks overdue. Mr. REED and the other obstructionists who place obstacles in the way of all war measures have been permitted, because of the Senate's present lack of efficiency, to retard action merely for the sake of delay. The words spoken in defense of Mr. HOOVER by Senator PHELAN and Senator MYERS were well chosen. But Mr. HOOVER needs no defense in the eyes of the country.

It seems likely now that the compromise measure which the Senate will probably agree upon after the flood of needless talk is checked will include provision for a Board of Food Control instead of an individual Administrator. This is not an improvement on the original plan, but doubtless the President, if need be, will try to get along with it for the time being, and with judicious appointments of Mr. HOOVER's associates confusion may be avoided. But these are perilous times, and safety lies in the concentration of authority while the war lasts. Even a bungling compromise will be better than nothing. The country, however, with the object lesson of the evils of divided authority in the shipping matter fresh in its mind, will be slow to believe that Mr. HOOVER or any other competent Food Administrator could not serve the country more efficiently alone than with two associates. The bill must be passed, whatever happens. We have yet to look forward to a wrangle over the liquor provisions in conference. If we cannot get what we want, which is no more than what we need, we must accept what we can get, and deal later, when time serves, with the influences which have been exerted to deprive the country of legislation essential to its safety.

HARVEST LABOR.

The farm labor problem appears to have been solved throughout the wheat belt by the efforts of the Departments of Agriculture and Labor, with the aid of State authorities. A survey of conditions from Oklahoma northward has been made by the Department of Labor, and when it is recalled that the country's shortage of farm workers was estimated a few months ago to be 2,000,000 men, the results are unexpectedly encouraging. No place in the wheat States has suffered for lack of labor, the department's agent at Kansas City says, and there is need at only one point now.

He has distributed 2,300 men. His report is confirmed by messages from State Labor Commissioners. In Oklahoma, where the harvest is ended, the supply has been sufficient. College students were sent to that State from the East. There have been very few calls for help in Kansas, and none is needed now. Missouri's supply of laborers satisfies the demand. For Nebraska 2,000 will soon be required. Iowa's agricultural work is well in hand, with no considerable shortage at present. South Dakota asks for 300 men and says many will be wanted for haying. Crops, wheat excepted, will be large, and a supply of men enough to harvest all of them is said to be assured in that part of the country which is covered by this survey. Shortage has recently been reported in two or three Eastern States. Maine needs several thousand additional workers for her great crop of potatoes. Probably they will be found.

All our foodstuffs should be carefully harvested, and then there should be economy in the use of them. Unfortunate delay in granting the power which the Food Administrator is to exercise may cause loss or waste. Reports from Oklahoma say that farmers there are feeding the new wheat to livestock because they are left in doubt as to how much will be paid for it, while the price of corn is very high. If the price of wheat, or a minimum, is to be fixed by national authority, producers should know the limit now.

THE HOUSE OF WINDSOR.

GEORGE V. has renamed the Royal Family. Its German origins, the German language or accent of some of its members, are familiar enough. The House of Hanover, the books used to call it. It has a thin strain of Stuart blood, and there is Danish in the contemporary members. Compound, indeed, is any exogamous royal line, but the English has more German than it is proud of. The Prince Consort was of the Saxe-Coburg-Gotha house, whose chief business is breeding and furnishing Kings. Saxe-Coburg, Gotha, and all other German titles and degrees whatsoever are solemnly renounced by King GEORGE in behalf of himself and all the other descendants of his and their grandmother VICTORIA living in Great Britain; and the House of Windsor is to be the name and title of the royal house and family.

If LLOYD GEORGE seems a little more out of place than, say, the Archbishop of CANTERBURY at the meeting of the Privy Council where the unnaming and renaming were announced and approved, we are to remember that the King as a symbol of British unity is useful, beloved, permanent, during good behavior, the historical decoration of a mighty democracy.

Windsor, the view from the north terrace of the Castle, the shining river, Eton, the Great Park where flourish trees of the ancient royal forest where WILLIAM the Conqueror hunted, are old friends of Americans innumerable. Splendors of history, of architecture, of art, are there, but the sense of continuity, of ancientness, is perhaps the prevailing impression Windsor gives. The Anglo-Saxon Kings had a fortress there. There for hundreds of years has been the main home of the English Kings. There, where King ARTHUR, in the legend, sat among the Knights of the Table Round, EDWARD III. built the Castle for the meeting of the Knights of the Garter. King GEORGE has chosen a venerable name for his house. Mr. KIPLING irreverently anticipated him in "'Ere's to the Widow at Windsor!"

FACE TO FACE.

The German people have been brought suddenly by the Kaiser to the point where they must stand or back down. For the first time, autocracy, resolute and defiant, faces its murmuring people and does not dodge the issue. To their complaints and their vague demands the Kaiser answered by dismissing a Chancellor who favored going on with the old policy of fine words, and perhaps also favored slight concessions. The Kaiser himself became Chancellor; for that is all that the appointment of a masked obscurity like MICHAELIS can mean. He is no more an autocrat than he was before, but before he wielded his power with a gloved hand, and now he has taken off the glove.

The people had not expected such a sudden confrontation with the question, "What are you going to do about it?" They wanted some share in the Government, and they wanted some steps that would look toward the restoration of peace. But the Kaiser chooses to answer by raising the question of his own autocracy and forcing them to face it. First he calls the Crown Prince into council to outline the course he intends to take and to receive the assurance that the man who will reign after him is with him; perhaps that consultation even encourages him to go further than he had intended. He calls in the men who, under him, really rule the empire, HINDENBURG and LUDENDORFF. Then he goes through the empty form of consulting the Reichstag leaders, but, as it now turns out, not to ask their advice or lay his plans before them, only to ask them their opinion of the doomed BETHMANN. After this mockery, he dismisses that half-way statesman and all half-way measures with him, names to his place an obscure man of unknown views, and, taking his place on the bridge, cutlass in hand, confronts the mutineers.

In doing this the Kaiser displays a more varied courage than even this statement of the case suggests, for he places himself flatly across the path, not only of his murmuring people, but of Austria and probably Bavaria. He challenges the power of that Catholic entente which has been forming between Austria and South Germany, and whose present objects are certainly not his. Those powers may not have anything in common with the Germans who desire more democracy in government, but have much in common with them when they ask for steps that may lead to peace. BETHMANN seems to have been voicing the wishes of Austria, at least, when he displayed a leaning toward peace, and if he did the Kaiser has asked his brother Kaiser, just as he has asked his own people, "What are you going to do about it?"

The German people can do one of two things about it. They can back down. The Kaiser has presented the issue to them suddenly and nakedly, and it is an alarming situation. For forty-five years they have trained and schooled themselves to submit to authority, they have deeded their reason and their will to their ruler in return for protection and physical well-being. They are not prepared suddenly to resume their reason and their will and embark on an unknown sea, and they may back down.

Or they may stand and face him. If they do, it seems unlikely that he will back down, and in that case the long-hoped-for contest between the autocrat and his people will be on. But Copenhagen dispatches say that "the Reichs-"tag is expected to adjourn on Thurs-"day after voting the war credits al-"most unanimously." That would be backing down in a hurry.

WALL STREET MONEY AND OTHER MONEY.

The Federal Reserve system was established, among other reasons, in order that commerce might be released from the terrors of the Stock Exchange call money market. Now there is a return of that terror, although in lessened degree. It is no small accomplishment to have reduced the "flurry" rate for call money from 100 per cent. and a commission to 10 per cent. That is nothing to speculators, and no great sympathy need be wasted on their losses. They can stop their losses by stopping speculation, and 10 per cent. is but a small charge against profits. It would be different if commercial credits were 10 per cent. If money were to fluctuate in the manner of wages and material costs, there would be no sure basis for the calculations of commercial enterprise, and the result would be felt far beyond the individual merchants concerned.

Fortunately, there is no sign of the old connection between the two money rates. Unfortunately, there is not entire realization of the benefits of the rediscount system. It is coming into broader use, but as yet on a too small scale. Even some bankers still regard the use of acceptances and rediscounts as a reproach. American bankers have not outgrown their dislike of themselves borrowing, and retain their old habit of keeping their receivables until maturity for the accommodation of their customers. With our ample supply of gold in the banks, with equal amounts outside the banks, and with the rediscount facility available, there can be no excuse for any bank raising rates to its commercial customers more than a fraction, if at all. These are good times for customers to carry full deposits and to keep their accommodation lines full. It avoids the necessity of too curious inquiry and explanation if bankers and customers are in frequent consultation and accord.

Similarly, it would be well if banks in general made a habit of rediscounting, instead of regarding it like a resort to Clearing House certificates, and something not for daily use. Moreover, the Government might ease the working of the money market by keeping its deposits ample in the money centres, if it finds it necessary to withdraw them elsewhere. The Treasury's way is to draw funds into itself for disbursement by Treasury warrant, instead of leaving them in the banks for disbursement by checks. The Treasury is not a bank and should not try to be one. The Treasury should keep its bank accounts more in the manner of an individual, and then money taken from the market would return to the market in direct and natural manner, instead of circuitously through Government disbursement.

TAXING UNDISTRIBUTED PROFITS.

The Senate's proposed tax of 15 per cent. upon undistributed profits excepts railways from its operation, provided the profits are used in extensions, renewals, or betterments with the approval of the Interstate Commerce Commission. Another exception from the tax is profits used for the establishment of reserves according to law. This no doubt applies to banks, although the word does not appear in the text. Insurance companies' undistributed profits are specifically mentioned as included in the tax. It is curious that railways should be excepted from a proposal apparently intended to extend to business in general the methods of regulation of railways, and well adapted, if not designed, to produce similar effects upon general trade that regulation has produced upon railways.

If railways are at all equal to demands upon them, it is because of their undistributed surplus invested, or awaiting investment, in enlarging their facilities. The Interstate Commerce Commission has disapproved this method of betterment because rates could be lowered if betterments were capitalized, that is, were provided from fresh money, and not from the excess profit of a rate higher than the rate necessary to yield a fair profit from transportation. That theory of regulation is inferentially condemned by the Senate's exception of the railway surplus from taxation. The theory itself is extended to general business as though happier results might be expected. There is no official explanation of the reason of the tax. Unofficially, it is said that the desire is to force distribution of dividend money in order that it may be taxed in individual incomes. If that is true, it is plain that the taxpayers are thinking of the tax results rather than of the good of trade, just as the regulators thought excessively of rates and too little of the service rendered by railways.

It is too plain for argument that the division of earnings too closely weakens the corporation. The profit and loss item on the balance sheet is the flywheel which maintains continued efficiency under varying loads. If there is no flywheel, there will be undesirable fluctuations between prosperity and adversity. It would be better that the law should require all corporations to maintain reserves, like banks, than that the law should require distribution of dividends which would better be used in enlarging facilities for the use of customers, or in writing off losses such as have been experienced by some of the "war brides." Their profits were found to be sunk in machinery not useful for other purposes, and largely disappeared when the machinery was written off the accounts.

To be compelled to pay a tax on undistributed profits which shrunk after the profits were earned would be an injustice, and is admitted to be an injustice to the railways and banks. It is equally unjust in the case of insurance companies. That business is one of great reverses of fortune, and an undistributed surplus is necessary to make the policies valuable as guarantees against loss. The cumulation of taxes is obnoxious. Besides the normal tax and the high per cent. excess profits tax, there is this tax upon profits remaining undistributed sixty days after the end of the fiscal or calendar year. Those profits so undistributed would include the funds held for the excess profits tax. Thus there would be a tax on a tax, if the law means what it says. There is another tax applicable specifically, if not punitively, to newspapers, and not laid upon any other industry, although they, too, are subjected to the excess profits tax. The broad application of the undistributed profits tax is, however, of interest to all corporations not included in the exceptions, which themselves suggest the unwisdom of the law as a whole.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

No Silk Hats, Says Oklahoma's Governor.

New Yorkers who are having a touch of real Summer weather will sympathize with the Governor of Oklahoma, where a temperature of 100 in the shade is common at this time of year, in his refusal to wear a silk hat and a frock coat at the reception to the Belgian Mission. The Governor has a silk hat and a frock coat. He says as much. They have been publicly exhibited on fitting occasions. We are confident that the Belgian envoys will approve his choice of négligé for their reception.

The Governor advises his official associates to wear $6 suits. The high cost of living in Oklahoma seems to have spared cotton garments. Such garments will look better than frock coats and silk hats. There is a strong movement, nearer the present centre of civilization than Oklahoma, to put all silk hats aside while the war lasts, both Summer and Winter. Even the conservative English do not cling so tenaciously to the ancient symbol of respectability as they used to, and the realization that a topper is an extravagance has led to a demand for its suppression while economy is so necessary.

As a matter of fact, the Governor of Oklahoma in his pronunciamento indicates a conservative rather than a progressive mind. We say this with no intent to be disrespectful. All Oklahomans are consistently progressive, of course, but in the back of the Governor's mind there must be an inherited respect for traditions. The silk hat and frock coat form the traditional uniform of day ceremonials. But the moving pictures of recent events should reveal to the Governor the habit of statesmen and functionaries to wear what they please, even at formal gatherings. If a man is dressed becomingly, whether in cotton or worsted, he will pass muster anywhere. The effete East will applaud the Oklahoma plan to dress comfortably in hot weather. Six-dollar suits, by all means, if suits bought at that price will hold together while the reception lasts.

Drawing Morals Where None Are to be Found.

Gratitude is due to most of those well-meaning bores who nearly always insist on extracting far-fetched "lessons" from every crime. The gratitude is due to them for refraining, no doubt with great pain to themselves, in the case of the Cruger murder. Aside from those who, as usual, insist on drawing "lessons" about the "white slave traffic"—with which the Cruger murder had not the remotest connection—there has been a notable and pleasing absence of these customary distortions of the truth. In the presence of this heartrending tragedy the weavers of commonplaces had the grace to be still. There have been monsters of depravity since the world was made, and it was this girl's fate to fall into the hands of one. She was a true woman and a brave girl. Her truth and bravery cost her her life, for the frightened wretch offered her her life if she would be silent, and she would not. Her death was a melancholy proof of the rightness of her training and the noble soil in which those teachings had been sown. That is all the "lesson" there is in the grim story, which leaves those who read it with sore hearts and bared heads.

But now comes along The St. Louis Republic and intrudes on this pitiful thing with a "lesson" of the most complacent and egregious sort. The headline of an editorial article blares it forth: "Lesson from the Cruger Murder." "There is a lesson in the case for every young girl," says The Republic unctuously. And what is it? "The lesson for girls is not to enter such places unaccompanied." The poor girl went to a shop to have her skates repaired. The lesson, we understand, is that no woman should go to a repair shop, or for that matter a grocer's or butcher's shop, without a chaperon. Presumably, by going shopping unchaperoned RUTH CRUGER invited her fate. In all the "lessons" that have been irrelevantly drawn from similar crimes, we do not remember one so distinguished for what BEN JONSON calls "a most arrogant and invincible dullness."

When Is a Road Not a Road?

Controller TRAVIS announces that $2,000,000 was distributed last week as the State's contribution to the counties for road repairs. The money was proportioned, he said, to the assessed valuation of the property along the roads. That would be one way of distributing the funds. Another way would be to give the money where the roads were in good repair. It would result either in economy of funds or in securing better roads. At least it would seem so, if the condition of the roads as reported for the benefit of motorists can be relied upon.

By chance this tourists' aid happened to be printed in the same newspapers with the report of the distribution of the State's millions, and it is discouraging reading. Some of the descriptions were: "In bad condition," "should be avoided," "very bad shape," "closed," "not impassable," "impassable," "practically impassable," "still closed." It is not sure that the roads thus described are the roads for which the State disbursed $2,000,000 as a grant in aid, but there is nothing contradictory to that idea in the announcement of the grant. If the accounts were right, the towns got the money for their highways. Nothing was said about inspection of the roads which the motorists partly pay for, and get so little for their money.

From Mr. Creel.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of July 14 you quote me as follows:

> It is true that Mrs. Lane wrote me asking my assistance in behalf of Four Lights, which is an outgrowth of The Survey.

I did not make this statement. When asked as to the identity of Mrs. Lane, I said that she was the wife of one of the editors of The Survey. Nor did I say that I myself had found Four Lights to be "obnoxious." What I said was this: That the Solicitor of the Post Office Department had stated to me that, in his opinion, the magazine was a violation of the espionage law. It is not in my province to pass judgment in these matters, nor have I ever attempted to do so. The Post Office Department has sole power.

GEORGE CREEL.
Washington, D. C., July 16, 1917.

Punishment for Slackers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My attention has just been directed to punishment meted out to a slacker. This punishment consisted of a sentence to prison for a period of one year and nine months for failure to register. The man who has been so dealt with leaves behind him a wife and three children, the wife being an arrested case of tuberculosis and all of the children already showing symptoms of tuberculosis, who, unless properly cared for, will undoubtedly develop into positive cases. The State has assumed the support of the man, but leaves the wife with three tubercular children to the impossible task of supporting them without assistance.

I have little respect for a slacker, but it seems to me that steps should be taken at once by the Federal Government to punish slackers more intelligently than to commit them to our present prisons, which provide little if any opportunity for useful occupations. There is an abundance of labor to be performed in establishing camps and in other ways for the Federal Government—work which it is difficult to find laborers for. Why should not the Federal Government take steps at once to take over all such slackers and put them under good, wholesome army discipline in connection with labor which must be done? In such a case, also, where a woman and her children are deprived of the support of a husband and father through no fault of their own, it would seem only far-sighted self-interest on the part of the community to provide suitable support for children left in this way. At any rate, it is sheer waste at this time when we cannot afford to be wasteful to continue to treat offenders in this way.

BAILEY B. BURRITT,
General Director Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.
New York, July 13, 1917.

Doctors Barred by Age Limit.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I beg leave to call attention to the absurdity of the present age limit of doctors for the United States Medical Service, as there must be quite a number of medical men, like myself, past the age limit of 55 years, but physically able and financially prepared, without undue hardship to their families, to be of some service in our present national stress and need.

I might repeat here what I told Dr. F. H. Martin of the Council for National Defense, i. e., that some men are old at 40 and some are young at 60 or even 70 years of age.

Major Miller of the Surgeon General's office, with whom I had a chat on the age limit, said to me that extension had been considered, but thought impractical for fear that the United States Medical Service would become topheavy with old doctors, which might be true if they all wish to get commissions as Lieutenants, Captains, Majors, or Generals, which, however, is not the case with some, including

Dr. J. WOHLFARTH.
Asheville, N. C., July 12, 1917.

JANE AUSTEN.

July 18, 1817—July 18, 1917.

When gray Arthurian shadows creep apace,
And Winchester's arched vaults grow dim and high,
Filling the gloomy transept where you lie
With flitting forms that cross and interlace,

Do they come trooping round you, gentle Jane,
The beings that you once made laugh and weep,
To wake you from your century of sleep,
And greet their author in the sacred fane?

Old Admirals in uniform of blue
Saluting gravely; maidens debonair
And priggish parsons; oft, a gay Lothair
Ever outwitted by a lover true?

Nor they nor you are numbered with the dead
Who still live on within the tender thought
Of generations three; whose praise unsought
Another hundred years shall leave unsaid.

And we who know a troubled age more drear,
Turn your unfading pages, and, set free
One moment from this world's dire misery,
Give God our thanks for your enheartening cheer.

LOUISE MANNING HODGKINS.

PLEA FOR DIVIDENDS VOTED TO RED CROSS

Seward Prosser Calls on Individual Shareholders to Send in Gifts.

ALLEY FESTA NETS $62,642

Including Sale of $540,450 Liberty Bonds, Total for Six Days Reaches $610,133.

Seward Prosser, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the American Red Cross War Finance Committee, has sent out an appeal to those persons owning stock in corporations which have declared Red Cross dividends, calling upon them, as shareholders, to live up to the action of the Directors by giving their dividends to the Red Cross. Mr. Prosser in his appeal to the shareholders announces that the Red Cross is preparing for a "vastly increased" American Army in Europe, and that to make the proper preparations all the special dividends voted the organization are needed.

The War Finance Committee of the Red Cross received additional contributions yesterday amounting to more than $30,000, and about $53,000 representing pledges made to the society during the recent Red Cross campaign week. Since the close of the $100,000,000 campaign the committee has received a total of new gifts and pledges amounting to more than $991,000. Among the contributions announced yesterday were $10,000 from "a Colorado Springs friend," $1,000 from Mrs. William K. Dick, $2,000 from Nathaniel Whitman, and $1,000 from Jeremiah O'Leary. Mr. O'Leary, in transmitting his check, wrote that "while I do not relish the entry of my country into this war, still I feel that it is the duty of every American citizen to make every effort to alleviate the suffering of the men who are making the sacrifices."

An audit of the receipts and expenditures of the recent Alley Festa, held under the auspices of the League of the Allies, for the benefit of the Red Cross and many allied war relief organizations, was made public yesterday by John Moffat, Chairman of the Committee of Management. The figures show a gross profit of $69,683.54 and gross expenses of $7,041.37. The net profit distributed among the war relief organizations, therefore, was $62,642.17, representing a 30 per cent. bonus from the gate receipts over and above the amounts of money taken in by the various organizations at their booths, and of which they received the entire amount. The expenses, therefore, were approximately 10 cents on the dollar, and the organizations received 130 per cent. of the money actually taken in by them.

A very important activity of the Festa, however, was the sale of Liberty bonds, which, for the six days of the Festa, amounted to $540,450, so that the total amount which went either to the war relief organizations or to the Liberty Loan in behalf of the United States Government was more than half a million dollars, or 610,133.54, bringing the expenses down to 1 per cent. on the dollar when the sale of Liberty bonds is taken into consideration.

The receipts of the Alley Festa and the Allied Bazaar held in New York under Mr. Moffat's direction, together with the receipts of the bazaars which resulted from the New York Bazaar in Chicago and Boston, the Allied War Charities and the sale of Liberty bonds at the Festa, make a total of 2,089,592.87.

BAYONET DRILLING IN SHADE

Plattsburg Corps Obliged to Practice Out of Hot Sun.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., July 17.—In a hot sun vigorous bayonet exercises were attempted today for companies from both training regiments. Company commanders, however, soon marched their men to the shade of the brick barracks, where they might practice in more comfort. Battalions digging trenches south of the camp were divided into alternate working parties, each swinging picks and shovels for fifteen minutes, and the men remained cheerful, in spite of the heat.

Late in the forenoon two battalions returned from their overnight bivouac. They covered the ten miles in schedule time, and sang lustily all of the way. Two hours later another battalion from each regiment left the training camp to spend the night on temporary camp sites ten miles out of Plattsburg. Companies 4, 5, and 6 of the New York Regiment encamped at the Little Ausable River, while New England Companies 1, 2, 6, and 7 marched north of Plattsburg to Beekmantown and Port au Roche.

Seventeen men have been selected, after a special physical examination, for the ground aviation school at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge. The men who will leave Saturday are:

From the New England Regiment, M. M. Knowles, E. C. Gregory, L. B. Baker, D. B. Cauchon, F. E. Ash, R. P. Martin, R. H. Spear, and W. W. Pinney; from the New York Regiment, Edward Butts, Jr., E. M. Height, L. Mason, Jr., G. A. Muliner, A. E. Peterson, W. E. Tuttle, J. C. Pemberton, S. D. Connolly, and S. E. Grey.

Arrangements have been made with Colonel Wolf whereby Company F, Second New York Infantry, which has been guarding railroad bridges, will camp at the north of the post parade ground. Lieutenant Herbert J. Lawes, Fourth Infantry, arrived today, to take charge of machine gun instruction. Lieutenant Harold Ball, detached service list, reported for duty today at camp headquarters as Assistant Adjutant.

SPAIN'S PREMIER OPTIMISTIC

Says Disturbances Are Over and Prosperity Is General.

PARIS, July 17.—"I am most optimistic in regard to the existing difficulties, which are already being settled," said Premier Dato of Spain as quoted by a special correspondent of the Paris Journal. Asserting that if the correspondent had gone to Spain to witness a revolution, his mission was a vain one, the Premier continued:

"We have had some strikes—two in particular in the Asturias coal mines and the Cartagena factories; but they were ended today. We were threatened also with a general railroad strike, but there is no longer danger of it. At the present moment I do not know of a single strike in the country.

"Never has Spain enjoyed such prosperity. There is work for everybody, and it is well paid."

Interviewed by a correspondent of the Matin, the Premier said that the Government had taken precautions in view of possible disorders on Thursday, when members of Parliament are expected to meet in Barcelona in defiance of the wishes of the Cabinet. The Premier assured the correspondent that there would be no disturbances, and affirmed his belief in the monarchy as essential to Spanish unity.

ALLOW AMERICAN EMBLEMS.

British Soldiers Authorized by King to Wear Decorations.

LONDON, July 17.—King George today approved the granting of permission to officers and men of the British forces to wear on their uniforms decorations and ribands given by the United States for war service.

Sixty-one per cent. of the first unit of the American Legion in the Canadian Army hold American decorations or ribands for service in the Spanish War or in the Boxer uprising. Many of the men in the later units also have decorations.

Members of the American Legion in the Canadian Army who have won decorations for bravery in the field in the present war hereafter will receive also, as gifts from their regimental commanders, a silver decoration bearing the crest of George Washington upon the Canadian maple leaf.

THE NEWEST STOCKHOLM PEACE PLAN.

An Aggressive Propaganda for an Immediate End of the War on Terms Favorable to Germany.

By WILLIAM ENGLISH WALLING.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The German agitation for a separate peace with Russia failed with the admirable Russian offensive. The "international" peace conference, already twice postponed, has now been delayed again until September. But just at the moment when the Kaiser's world-wide propaganda seemed at its lowest ebb, events at Berlin and Stockholm have given it a new life that promises to make it more dangerous than ever. The struggle between the two imperialistic factions at Berlin is made to appear a struggle between autocracy and democracy, militarism and pacifism. In reality it is only a fight to take Germany out of the exclusive control of the junkers, who demand immediate annexations east, west, and south, and increased power overseas, and to put it in the hands of other influential elements whose demands are limited to an increase of Germany's power to the south and overseas—to be followed, at a later and more suitable moment, by annexations at other points of the compass.

Now this "democratization" of Germany and this new wave of magnanimous "pacifism" can have little or no effect abroad unless it can find elements in the neutral and Entente countries with which to co-operate. The world knows that the elements upon which the Kaiser intends to rely, certain so-called "Socialist" parties, have already been selected. But most people are now lulled by the dangerous illusion that this Socialist peace plot has now been exposed and defeated. On the contrary, the emissaries of the powerful all-Russian Congress of Workmen and Soldiers, after a few days at Stockholm, have just announced their acceptance of the whole immediate peace program of the German Socialist minority—as I have repeatedly predicted they would. This means that the workingmen of the Russian cities and arsenals are pledged to this program. The Russian emissaries are now en route to England, France, and Italy to demand that delegates to the September Stockholm Conference be allowed to attend from these countries. The Socialists of the neutral countries now under the menace of German guns have already been lined up for the program, and the demand has been made by the Russian Council that American delegates be allowed to attend the conference. The "international" Secretary has already assured us that the so-called American delegates, (two out of three being un-Americanized foreigners,) who had great difficulty in securing 21,000 votes (mostly of un-Americanized foreigners) for their famous, or rather infamous, St. Louis anti-war resolution, would be received (by the uninformed Socialists of Europe) as representing the 2,500,000 organized workingmen of the United States! But what are facts to a well-organized German propaganda!

This newest propaganda is already being vigorously pushed, as the following Petrograd dispatch demonstrates:

> PETROGRAD, July 13.—Germany is desperately pouring a new flood of propaganda into Russia in a superlative effort to dampen the popular war ardor. The directing point seems to be Stockholm. Some of the evidences of this tide of argument as gathered today were German arguments against further Russian advances on the ground that the German minority Socialists had agreed to every point of the Russian peace aims, even including Alsace-Lorraine. Agitators whose previous activities have given indication of their connection with the German propaganda system are spreading these arguments.

Now this German "minority" party is popular abroad, not only among Socialists, but with the general public. Unable to grasp the thoroughness with which German Governmental discipline and Kultur have morally cowed and intellectually drilled the German people, we suppose that there must surely be at least one popular element in Germany that is able to grasp the peace principles insisted upon by the overwhelming majority of democrats and genuine and practical pacifists outside of Germany. But this is not the fact. Only a handful of German leaders, such as Liebknecht, stand for the revolution which alone can separate Germany from the bloody and unspeakable criminal record of its Government in the past—a record for which the German people, unless they revolt, must be, and will be, held responsible. The German minority opposes the Kaiser only by "legal" means, that is, such means as the Kaiser allows.

For two years the peace program of the German minority (the party led by Haase, Kautsky, Bernstein, and Ledebour) was identical with that of the frankly pro-Kaiser majority. This identity was thoroughly exposed—in spite of the labored explanations recently offered by Kautsky. If any influence was to be exercised upon foreign Socialists it became necessary to differentiate the minority from the majority. This was the origin of the newest peace program, as launched July 9 from Stockholm. And it was greedily and immediately swallowed by the Russian disciples of this thoroughly Teutonic Socialism, as was intended.

The perpetrators of this move are not conscious agents of the Kaiser, like Scheidemann and the majority party. They are men who, with a certain degree of intelligence and character, are yet but puppets in the hands of the Machiavellis at the head of German affairs. Hence they were given the exceptional privilege of leaving the country to go to Stockholm. They are relatively simple-minded and weak-willed individuals soaked with German Kultur and German experience, in spite of a superficial layer of internationalism and a large admixture of Socialist metaphysics. Moreover, they are too obsessed with the present troubles of Germany, with Germany's much-needed reforms, and with Germany's future to give any real consideration whatsoever to the peace requirements of the rest of the human race.

This new program of the German Socialist minority, already indorsed by the Russians and by the managers of the Stockholm Conference, is bound at once to become the rallying point of the immediate peace advocates of all the earth. It is the most plausible pacifist program that has yet appeared. However, it consists largely of abstract phrases that will not bear analysis. It purposely avoids most of the concrete matters at issue, and the few concrete propositions it does make are diametrically opposed to the conclusions of the experienced democracies of the world—so hopelessly wrong that a century of "negotiations" with such men as Wilson and Lloyd George would fail to bring an agreement—without the aid of military defeat.

Now what is the final Stockholm program?

This masterpiece of the German Socialists rejects the American peace idea of a league to enforce peace, and returns to the exploded notion of mere disarmament. Thus they abandon the effort to provide a means either to enforce peace or to eliminate the economic causes of war (two of the established objects of genuine Socialism, as of all other forms of internationalism), while they take up the program of the purely ethical pacifists, ridiculed by Socialists for half a century under the name of bourgeois pacifism.

The calm assumption that the Germany the world now knows so well will disarm without being compelled to do so by decisive and unmistakable defeat is matched by the equally amazing claim that this same Germany may be trusted to democratize herself without defeat. Subject nationalities and races of Germany and her allies are asked to put no trust in the armed forces of the five greatest democracies of the earth, but to put full trust in the democracy of the two Kaisers, the Sultan of Turkey and the Czar of Bulgaria. Here is the plausible and impudent phrase in which the above proposition is stated:

"National and social liberation cannot be achieved by the Governments at war; it can only be done by democracy."

Further, while the demand is made for the "independence" of the Poles, this being a change by which Russia would lose more than Germany and Austria combined, no other subject population is to have this democratic right to decide as to its future allegiance. On the contrary, the subject races of Germany, Austria, and Turkey are asked to remain contented with the shadowy "right to declare their national life." They are to have equal rights with the other subjects of the Kaiser, Sultan, &c. But they are to be prevented by German arms from attaching themselves to neighboring republics and democracies, while the Socialists of these neighboring countries are to keep republican armies from interfering with this armed coercion!

Independence is solely for the Poles, and a plebiscite is demanded solely for Alsace-Lorraine which has been packed with German colonists for forty years—perhaps sufficiently to furnish a German majority. It is admitted that Alsace-Lorraine was annexed in 1870 "against its will." This annexation is to stand, though it is agreed that there are to be no annexations against the will of the inhabitants, as a result of the present war.

Neither a plebiscite nor a right to independence is to be granted the Rumanians, Ruthenians, Italians, Serbs, Bohemians or other Slavs of Austria, nor to the subject population of Turkey. They are to be compelled at the rifle's end to accept such empty husks of democracy as the undefeated military castes of the master races are likely to grant.

The treatment of the indemnity question is equally brazen. Poland, Serbia, France, Rumania are to get no indemnities. Only the Belgian nation is to be indemnified "for the damage caused by the war and the economic values taken away." Not a word is said about the thousands of valuable vessels sunk against international law.

But these territorial and financial questions are all matters of secondary import. The gist of the program is the demand for "immediate peace." The framers of the program know that all the "negotiation" in the world could make of this nothing but a German peace, a peace based upon the war map. In fact nearly all the Socialist factions now agitating for immediate peace have been doing the same thing for two years, united under the banner of the Zimmerwald Conference of 1915, which definitely admitted that it favored a German peace, when it demanded immediate peace "regardless of the military situation"—which has meant "regardless of the fact that it would be a German peace."

Led by the German minority Socialists, the pacifist Socialists in all countries are calling on all the peoples of the earth, as they have been calling for two years past, to submit to Germany. This propaganda is aggressive to the last degree. It can be effectively combated only by an equally aggressive counterattack, followed by an organized diplomatic offensive. It must first be shown that the propositions of the immediate peace program are precisely the opposite of those demanded for permanent peace and world democracy. But this is not enough. We must pass over to the offensive. We must inquire and discover in every instance what is the motive behind this gross and shameless betrayal of democracy and internationalism by those who claim to be the most radical of democrats and internationalists. We shall find that it arises either from the crudest national egoism or from a willingness to sacrifice great principles for some political gain—motives which belie their professions and prove them traitors to their own ideals. Not one of them could stand the ordeal of an able cross-examination.

The diplomatic offensive must be personal. It must show that well-informed persons who put forth such tricky propositions as those of this immediate peace program are essentially dishonest. All the best-known leaders of this movement are informed, and they know well enough, even though (without cross-examination) they do not admit it to themselves, that they are proposing a surrender to Kaiserism. And they know that their prime object is immediate peace, whether it is a just, lasting, and democratic peace or not. They may—and usually do—desire all these things, but only in so far as they conflict with immediate peace.

They are for immediate peace on the only basis on which it can be obtained, a full recognition of the present strength of the German armies and their strategic situation—translated, of course, into terms of boundaries and indemnities, such as we see thoroughly well illustrated and exposed in the Stockholm peace program.

WILLIAM ENGLISH WALLING.
New London, Conn., July 15, 1917.

The Pro-German Press.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Every loyal American should be grateful to the writer of the article in the July Atlantic Monthly on the pro-German press. It is an able handling of the subject in so short a space, and points out the insidious manner in which the pro-Germans are handling their propaganda.

Take, for instance, that periodical known as The International, edited by George Sylvester Viereck, and read the editorials, and you will find that it is very difficult to fix upon any one sentence as a treasonable speech. It is rather the unwritten suggestion that forms the treasonable quality of the writing—the atmosphere of sneering at the Administration. They suggest that Woodrow Wilson is an autocrat, but one that can be easily influenced by public opinion. Therefore they say, "Wisdom suggests that no public pressure be brought to bear upon the President for the mere sake of altering this detail or that in the war plans of the Administration." It is an attempt to belittle our President in the eyes of the public. Their words seem, on the face of them, to support the Administration and its various branches and all of the good war measures before Congress, but in reality they are fighting them tooth and nail. They refer to Secretary Lansing as "Our Bob," which, to say the least, in a reputable periodical, would not be called dignified. Such articles as "An Explanation of the New Ignorance of the Department of State" is intended to negative the great work of Secretary Lansing and to throw suspicion of the common people on the sincerity and ability of men in public office. Such periodicals, if not entirely suppressed, should be watched with grave concern by people in authority, for, printed in English as they are, they reach a larger reading public than the publications in German, and by their well-chosen phrases and insidious suggestion place a canker in the minds of unthinking people.

It is to be hoped that such pro-German publications as are considered by competent authorities to be injurious to the welfare of the country and to the winning of the war may be in some way legally and fairly suppressed.

H. S. L.
Princeton, N. J., July 13, 1917.

PRESSES GOETHALS IN SHIP DEADLOCK

No Prospect of Solution Seen as Denman Continues to Demand Explanations.

GENERAL REMAINS FIRM

Friends Say He Will Not Resign Under Pressure—Settlement May Be Attempted Today.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Another forty-eight hours of disputes and interchange of communications about contracts and commandeering plans between William Denman, Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, and Major General George W. Goethals, General Manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, left the shipbuilding program still in a chaotic condition tonight. As far as could be learned President Wilson had taken no steps to settle the trouble.

There was a hint of the possibility of an adjustment of differences tomorrow, and that was followed by reports that resignations might be expected. Nobody seemed sure just what was going to happen. The controversy has reached a point where many are expressing uncomplimentary opinions about the way things are going and offering predictions of public resentment if a speedy end of the difficulties is not found.

General Goethals remained grim and silent in so far as the public was concerned, his one answer to all questions about the latest developments being, "I have nothing to say." He refused to make public any of his letters to Chairman Denman or letters he had received from the Chairman. His attitude was that of a man who was determined to wage a fight to the end rather than one who was considering the advisability of handing in his resignation. Those who profess to know what General Goethals thinks of Mr. Denman and his activities are sure of that.

Denman Makes Another Statement.

Mr. Denman dictated another statement, in which he laid the blame for the delay in the shipbuilding program since Monday morning on General Goethals. He said:

"We have neither the contracts for the expenditure of $350,000,000 of public moneys on the fabricating schemes nor have we had the cost of commandeering ships on the stocks under the General's program. As soon as we have these contracts and estimates which we asked for yesterday morning at 8 o'clock we will call a meeting which we trust General Goethals will attend to discuss them.

"We desire to have on hand the definite contracts to which General Goethals referred in his statement of last Friday, and the estimate of the cost of commandeering under the plan he said he desired to put in force on Monday.

"The total amount of public moneys involved in the two projects is $600,000,000, and as yet we have not seen the contracts or the General's outline of the fabricating scheme, including the maps of the properties on which these great Government plants are going to be built. We have every hope that they will reach us in the near future, as their failure to reach us is interfering seriously with the plan for the rapid construction of ships.

"The meeting which will be called will be of the Shipping Board, which owns all of the stock of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, and the consultation will be with General Goethals, the manager of that corporation. The plans finally matured will receive the approval of the Directors of the Emergency Fleet Corporation.

"As the law requires that the majority of the Directors of the Emergency Fleet Corporation be residents of Washington, and as members of the Shipping Board are not such residents, the directorate was made up of employes of the Shipping Board. The question whether one board or the other sits in deliberation is a matter of indifference so long as the deliberations are participated in by General Goethals.

"We are and have been very anxious to have a conference with General Goethals as soon as the contracts and estimates are in our hands so that we can examine them. The examination will take a very short time and would greatly expedite the conference."

When Mr. Denman was asked what action the Shipping Board as owner of the Emergency Fleet Corporation would take if General Goethals refused to meet its desires, he was silent. The implication was that the Shipping Board expected General Goethals to present the information requested before another day had passed.

Rumored Attempt at Settlement.

There were a number of reports about the developments today. One had it that General Goethals had communicated with Mr. Denman last night upon receiving his request for facts, suggesting a conference; a suggestion which was turned down on the ground that a conference would be futile until the information as to contracts and commandeering was made available. The exactness of this report, at least, was questioned at the Shipping Board.

What seems fairly certain is this: Some time today General Goethals communicated with Mr. Denman, giving certain information, but not providing what Mr. Denman said in his statement, he considered vital information such as the facts about contracts for the shipbuilding yards and the details of the commandeering plans. Mr. Denman replied calling attention, it was said, to these points and there the matter rested when Mr. Denman and General Goethals left their offices tonight.

The most hopeful sign at a late hour was a report that General Goethals had promised to place the further information requested in the hands of Mr. Denman and other members of the Shipping Board within a short time. It is stated that the members of the Shipping Board were called together in the office in the Munsey Building late in the afternoon in the hope that they would hear from General Goethals before nightfall. They talked things over informally and left when the shadows of night began to gather, as no word had then been received.

Some members of the Shipping Board profess a belief that there may be no reason for radical differences of opinion after General Goethals renders the report desired and that the plans may quickly be placed in operation. Others are skeptical and expect a row before a solution of the difficulties is reached. The program for the building of Government shipyards and the construction of fabricated ships by paying agents who do the work 6 per cent. of the total amount involved was called extravagant by some.

The attitude of General Goethals in announcing the plans, without consulting the Shipping Board or its Chairman when he felt he had the authority to go ahead, is, in the opinion of some, a bigger factor in the row than all will admit. A number of observers expressed the view today that the statements issued today and yesterday by Chairman Denman, in which he asserted his right as President of the Emergency Fleet Corporation to approve the plans before they were adopted, were a foil to the letter which General Goethals wrote to Mr. Denman on Friday.

MAYOR OF CHICAGO WANTS TROOPS HERE

Opposes Sending Any Men or Food to Europe to Aid Allies.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Mayor William Hale Thompson declared himself today to be opposed to sending United States troops to France to aid our allies in the war with Germany. He classed as "pro-European" those who favor the war, and called them unpatriotic "because they are looting America of everything—food, men, money, and resources." Indirectly, he intimated that in his opinion the majority of the people of the United States are opposed to the war.

The Mayor's declarations were chiefly in answer to statements made by Federal Judge Landis, who in a speech at the Hamilton Club last Saturday called the Mayor "disloyal."

"Have you anything to say in reply to Judge Landis?" the Mayor was asked.

"Well," he drawled, "about all I have to say is that I regret that Judge Landis feels that I am unpatriotic because I want to feed our own country first and export only our surplus and prepare our country for its defense against the world if necessary.

"The Judge finds fault with me because I believe in keeping the price of food down within the reach of the poor people of our country and exporting only our surplus. That is what I consider patriotic and pro-American. Looting America of everything is what I consider pro-European."

"What do you consider as everything?" the Mayor was asked.

"Food, men, money, and resources," the Mayor replied.

"Whom do you consider a pro-European?"

"Those who are not interested in protecting this nation and providing for food for our people first."

"In what class do you put those who are in favor of this war?"

"Pro-European. If they want to ship everything out of this country they certainly can't be classed as pro-Americans."

"Do you think most of the people of the United States are opposed to this war?"

"I think a very large percentage of the people are pro-American. Two years ago," he continued, "in a speech at Aurora I predicted that if we continued the policy of shipping food and munitions to Europe that we would be in the war. My prediction has come true; we are at war today. I believe that we should devote our energies to taking care of our own country."

"Do you think we should send our troops to France?"

"Our first duty is to our country before we send any troops out of this country."

"Then you think that we should prepare ourselves against invasion, instead of sending soldiers to Europe?"

"I am for the United States and her protection."

"Do you think that we are prepared against invasion?"

"No, Sir, I don't."

Miss Rich to Wed A. M. Underhill.

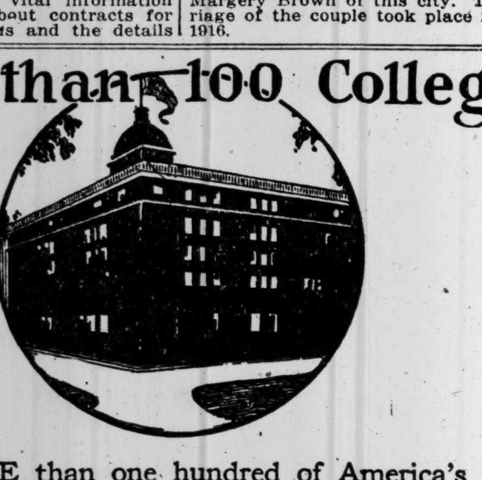
Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Rich of this city announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Emilie H. Rich, to Andrew M. Underhill, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey I. Underhill of South Orange, N. J. Mr. Underhill is in the Naval Reserve, and for that reason no date has been set for the wedding.

Births.

The Rev. and Mrs. William Neely Ross are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son. Mrs. Ross was formerly Miss Catharine Louise Terry, daughter of Charles Appleton Terry, Vice President of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Frederick Eagle of 116 East Fifty-eighth Street are being congratulated upon the birth of a son on Monday. Mrs. Eagle was Miss Margery Brown of this city. The marriage of the couple took place in April, 1916.

More than 100 Colleges



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AVIATION BILL FIGHT CROPS UP IN SENATE

Small La Follette-Gronna Faction to Block Efforts to Pass Measure Today.

ATTACK ON DRAFT PROVISION

Appropriation of $645,000,000 Is Approved by Committee in 45-Minute Session.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Plans of the leaders of both parties in Congress for quick action on the Administration's $640,000,000 aviation bill, providing a great program for striking at Germany through the air, promised tonight to be blocked by a small group of Senators, including La Follette and Gronna, who are planning to reopen the question of conscription.

An agreement to meet at 10 o'clock tomorrow in order to take up the bill was made in the Senate, with the hope of a final vote before the Food bill debate is resumed under the rules at noon, the usual meeting hour. That hope virtually was abandoned later, when the purpose of the measure's critics became apparent. Senator Chamberlain, manager for the bill, said he did not believe it could be passed tomorrow, "or without considerable discussion later."

Sent to Congress with the urgent request that consideration be expedited to avoid unnecessary delay in launching the program that officials say will turn the balance of power in the air against Germany, the bill was passed by the House last Saturday without a rollcall and today was reported favorably by the Senate Military Committee without amendment and by unanimous vote at a forty-five-minute session. The Democratic and Republican leaders joined in the plan for hastening final Congressional action, and until Senator La Follette and his associates indicated their intentions there was every hope that the measure would be in the hands of the President before tomorrow night.

It is understood that those who will object to passage tomorrow will direct their attack against the provision which empowers the President to draft men into the aviation service. The leaders expect that as a result the whole question of conscription may be reopened, greatly delaying the bill.

Senator Chamberlain said tonight an overwhelming majority of the Senate was favorable to the bill, and was anxious for immediate action. If he is unable to get unanimous consent tomorrow for the bill's consideration, he plans to move to take it up for the morning session at least, and expects to have enough votes behind him.

Leaders also plan to advise the country, through the opposition developing, as to what Senators are delaying action.

In a letter to Speaker Clark today explaining the reasons for the deficiency appropriation of $45,000,000 asked for last week for naval aviation, Secretary Daniels says information received from abroad and further working out of the department's plans convince him that the existing appropriations for naval aviation based on earlier estimates are now inadequate. The $45,000,000 is desired for development of the coastal patrol from naval bases, for development of the scouting service in conjunction with ship operations, and for carrying out the plan of co-operative operations afloat with the Allies.

Explaining his purpose to establish a navy-owned aircraft factory, to aid in expansion of the country's building facilities, Secretary Daniels says:

"In addition to purchasing from existing and prospective private plants, it is our intention to assist in this expansion by providing facilities for building a part of the airplanes we will need. These facilities will also be available for the most rapid experimental work in order to enable us to keep up with developments, without interfering with the large scale production which is essential."

KING GEORGE DROPS HIS GERMAN NAMES

Proclaims He Is of "The House of Windsor" and Bans Saxe-Coburg and Gotha.

LONDON, July 17.—King George today at a meeting of the Privy Council announced the new name of the Royal House and family to be "The House of Windsor." The King is of the House of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha. It was recently decided to drop titles or names of German origin.

The Privy Council at which the King announced the change was held at St. James's Palace. It was the most important and largest attendance since the coronation. The attendance included Premier Lloyd George, Foreign Secretary Balfour and other members of the Cabinet, the Archbishop of Cantebury, former Premier Asquith and all members of the Colonial Government, who are now in London. The Privy Council unanimously indorsed King George's announcement and the proclamation putting it into effect was published this afternoon.

King George's proclamation changing the name of his house says:

"We out of our royal will and authority do hereby declare and announce that as from the date of our royal proclamation our house and family shall be styled and known as the House and Family of Windsor and that all descendants in the male line of our grandmother, Queen Victoria, who are subjects of these realms, other than the female descendants who may marry or may have married, shall bear the said name of Windsor.

"And we do hereby declare and announce that we for ourselves and for, and on behalf of our descendants and all other descendants of our grandmother, Queen Victoria, who are subjects of these realms, relinquish and enjoin the discontinuance of the use of degrees, styles, dignities, titles and honors of the Dukes and Duchesses of Saxony and the Princes and Princesses of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha and all other German degrees, styles, dignities, titles and honors and the appellation to us or to them heretofore belonging or appertaining."

The whole world should read

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BY GEORGE D. HERRON

Everyone who reads "The Menace of Peace" is buying copies to give away. It is a little book, but no more important piece of writing has ever been published. You will want to learn it by heart. The first thousand copies were mailed by the publisher to well-known men and women throughout the country.

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—*William Marion Reedy.*

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PENNSYLVANIA LEADS IN DAILY RECRUITING

Passes New York in Race for Honors in Enrolling Men for the Regular Army.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—New York and Pennsylvania are engaged in a pretty race for supremacy in regular army recruiting. New York, which is close upon the heels of Pennsylvania for first honors as the banner State for army recruits since April 1, has been leading in daily recruiting, but today's statement shows that Pennsylvania was the leader yesterday by a narrow margin.

Pennsylvania led the country yesterday with 269 recruits. New York was second with 252. Since April 1 Pennsylvania has recruited 16,758 men for the regular army, while New York has furnished 16,568. The daily statement on regular army recruiting follows:

	Obtained July 16.	Total to July 16.		Obtained July 16.	Total to July 16.
Alabama	12	1,491	*Nebraska	18	2,594
Arizona	1	206	*Nevada	3	711
Arkansas	3	868	N. Hamp.	3	886
*California	57	5,231	New Jersey	59	5,062
Colorado	13	1,372	New Mexico	1	241
Conn.	36	1,588	New York	252	16,568
Delaware	3	284	N. Carolina	17	1,114
Dist. of C.	2	839	N. Dakota	..	535
Florida	6	1,203	Ohio	65	6,693
Georgia	41	3,661	Oklahoma	2	1,915
*Idaho	11	804	*Oregon	5	2,450
*Illinois	120	13,725	*Penn.	269	16,758
*Indiana	43	7,753	Rhode Isl'd	15	586
Iowa	19	4,018	S. Carolina	..	828
Kansas	11	3,083	S. Dakota	1	779
Kentucky	17	2,614	Tennessee	21	1,966
Louisiana	3	1,532	Texas	29	5,274
Maine	7	692	*Utah	15	1,451
Maryland	84	1,101	Vermont	2	91
Mass.	112	6,496	Virginia	4	1,143
*Michigan	54	6,598	Washington	28	1,760
Minnesota	28	3,034	West Va.	5	1,470
Mississippi	2	870	Wisconsin	12	1,616
Missouri	23	6,393	*Wyoming	5	532
*Montana	11	1,168			

*Quota obtained.
Total quota, 183,898.
Total obtained July 16, 1,500.
Total obtained since April 1, 148,616.

Franco-American Fete in Rome.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, July 17.—The American Academy here celebrated the Fourth of July on July 14, combining the American and French national fetes in the same evening, giving a banquet at which members of the American Embassy, Consulate, and American and French students were present. Jesse Benedict Carter, President of the Academy; Peter Jay, American Chargé d'Affaires; Francis B. Keene, American Consul General, and the famous painter, Besnard, Director of the French Academy, delivered speeches, foreseeing that America joining the Allies means that the war will soon be terminated triumphantly for the Entente.

Obituary Notes.

Police Lieutenant JAMES A. McGRATH of the Grand Avenue Precinct, Brooklyn, died yesterday at his home, 16 Sherman Street, in his fifty-first year. He was appointed to the Police Department in 1891, and was made a Lieutenant by Police Commissioner Waldo in 1913.

Miss MARY DWIGHT WIERUM, a daughter of the late Otto Carl Wierum, who was for fifty years a foreign exchange broker in Wall Street, died yesterday at the home of her sister in West Newbury, Mass. She was born in Brooklyn thirty-five years ago.

JOHN FRANKLIN WHITNEY, formerly a resident of Brooklyn and a member of Longfellow Council, Royal Arcanum, died at his home in East Orange, N. J., on Monday, aged 57 years.

OLAF GUSTAVE ERICSSON, a well-known builder and contractor and President of Gust. Ericsson, Inc., at 253 Broadway, Manhattan, died at his home, 579 East Twenty-ninth Street, Flatbush, on Monday. He was 63 years old, and was born in Wisby, Sweden.

CLARENCE L. ZELLER, assistant manager of the bond sales firm of Weil, Roth & Co., in Manhattan, died from pneumonia on Monday at his home, 990 East Eighth Street, Flatbush.

BYRON MANDEVILLE, 75 years old, a retired commercial traveler, died in his seventy-eighth year on Monday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Herbert Bailey, 2,515 Avenue D, Brooklyn.

Mrs. ANNIE HARRIET RUSTIN, for many years an active member of the old Bridge Street Baptist Church and the widow of John H. Rustin, a Brooklyn builder, is dead at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Edwin A. Hathaway, 841 Herald Avenue, Richmond Hill, L. I. She was 63 years old.

ALFRED M. TRAVIS, 90 years old, formerly for many years paymaster of the Houston Street Ferry, died on Monday at his home in Rockville Centre, L. I. He is survived by six sons, Dr. Clarence, Willis, Edward, Alfred A., Dr. George E., and William Travis, and two daughters, Mrs. Frank Hoyt and Miss Henrietta Travis.

WILLIAM MURRAY SAYER, Jr., until last February President of the Rider-Ericsson Engine Company in this city, died at his Summer home in Bethlehem, N. H., on Sunday, and the funeral services will be held in the Church of the Messiah, Greene and Clermont Avenue, Brooklyn, this afternoon. Mr. Sayer was 63 years old, and for many years lived at 398 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn.

CHARLES A. SEYMOUR, 78 years old, for many years in the real estate business in Flushing, L. I., died at his home there on Sunday.

Mrs. HANNAH MARIA JOHNSON, wife of John Johnson, a manufacturer, and mother of Captain John Adolph Johnson, commander of Company C, Twenty-third Regiment, died on Sunday at her home, 22 Duryea Place, Brooklyn. She had been a resident of that borough since 1865 and was active in church and benevolent work.

WILLIAM MACK, a vegetarian and the oldest man in Hunterdon County, N. J., died on Monday, at the age of 94 years.

JOHN H. LANGE, former Chief of the Dobbs Ferry Fire Department and a Tax Collector of Dobbs Ferry, died at his home there on Monday, in his forty-first year.

WILLIAM S. COPPERS, 48 years old, engineer of the fireboat Hewitt and a member of the New York Fire Department for twenty-five years, died Monday at his home, 922 Guion Avenue, Richmond Hill.

CHARLES EDWARD SPIER, with the piano manufacturing concern of Wing & Son, died suddenly at his home, 135 West 104th Street, in his seventy-eighth year.

Captain THOMAS LOUIS WARD, 70 years old, who was a Captain in the Third United States Cavalry during the civil war, died at his home at Packer, Conn., yesterday.

JOSEPH M. LEWIS, manager of the Scott Wrecking Company of Boston, died yesterday at his home at Yarmouth, Mass.

Colonel A. PARKER BROWNE, active in Boston musical circles, died suddenly yesterday at his home in Malden, Mass.

WILLIAM MACKIE, a petty officer on his Majesty's steamer Vanguard until it was destroyed on July 9 by an internal explosion, is dead in England, according to a cable message received yesterday by his father, James Mackie of 173 Brighton Avenue, Arlington, N. J.

JOHN J. MANNING, son of a pioneer loan broker of this city, died on Monday at his Summer home in Belmar, N. J., in his fiftieth year.

EDWARD DE WITT WALSH, independent broker and member of the New York Stock Exchange, who had his office with Orvis & Co., died yesterday at his home at Roslyn, L. I., from pneumonia.

AMERICANS AT HOME IN CAMP NEAR FRONT

French Soldiers and Civilians Are Co-operating in Making Them Comfortable.

MAKE LONG HIKES DAILY

Men Getting Into Condition Rapidly as the Result of Stiff Training.

By The Associated Press.

AMERICAN TRAINING CAMP IN FRANCE, July 17.—The American troops have been here for less than a week—they are not all here by any means—and they have already made themselves thoroughly at home, so much so that this section of France looks like a little bit of America.

The correspondent made an extended visit to the encampments this morning and found the men fit and in good spirits and full of praise for the friendly co-operation of the French people, who have willingly and gladly given up many of their own comforts to accomodate the army. The available houses, how- of their own comforts to accommodate all the Americans who have arrived, and so the countryside is dotted with newly erected barracks that have sprung up over night and make even more picturesque this beautiful neighborhood.

Water is abundant here, but uncertain as to purity, so the troops are adopting filtering methods by means of bags suspended from tri-poles, which astonish the local inhabitants almost as much as the Americans' inexplicable thirst for water, which is unknown to wine drinkers, many of whom seldom touch water.

A task which the army has taken upon itself is the clearing up of the entire countryside, and at the present pace the whole district will soon look like a well-ordered garden. Such prisoners as are under arrest for minor infractions of the regulations are employed each morning in making headquarters spotless, and are bringing such a degree of orderliness into the place that the original residents are amazed. Likewise they find it difficult to understand why the soldiers take so many baths, for the men make for the nearest stream and dive in as soon as they are at liberty.

The presence of the soldiers here has naturally introduced many novelties, but probably none is more welcome than the daily evening concert, which attracts people from far around, people chiefly who have never heard lively American music and who have been without music since the outbreak of the war.

An attractive feature of the camp is a lion cub, which occupies a corner in the camp of a certain regiment. The cub was presented as a mascot by Americans resident in Paris. He was young and playful and harmless a short time ago, but is growing astonishingly, and is a veritable terror to the townspeople, and now a source of doubtful amusement to the soldiers, many of whom bear scratches to testify to the nature of his playfulness.

An even more strenuous course of training is in force here than at the original camp near the landing point of the troops. The men work a minimum of eight hours daily; the officers from twelve to sixteen. In addition, they take tremendous hikes to get into condition. Here and there one falls by the wayside from the exertion, but the majority are standing the gaff in a way that speaks volumes for the efficiency of the system. As a tribute to the marching ability of the troops it might be mentioned that the soldiers have lost so many hobnails on the roads that about half of the motor cars in camp have picked them up and have rejoiced thereby in punctures.

Plans are rapidly developing for regular and constant training in co-operation with the French troops encamped in this district, whose long experience has been placed at the disposal of the newcomers. The French and American headquarters are in the same building, and there is constant co-operation between the two forces, which will soon be so developed that the Americans not only will have guidance and instruction from French officers, but virtually there will be an experienced and trained mentor for each trooper. They will be willing mentors, too, for the French are so enthusiastic about the Americans that they even march about with American flags attached to their bayonets.

Yoakum-Whitney Engagement.

The engagement of Miss Ruby Yoakum of Los Angeles, Cal., to William W. Whitney, son of Mrs. Marselis C. Parsons of Furzen Hill, Rye, N. Y., by a former marriage, has been announced. Mr. Whitney is a graduate of Princeton, class of '12, and is at present engaged in the railroad business in California. The wedding is to take place in the Autumn.

Furtnett-Fitzpatrick Wedding.

The wedding of Miss Alice Catherine Fitzpatrick, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel F. Fitzpatrick of 164 West 128th Street, and Louis Sylvester Furtnett of this city, took place yesterday morning at the Church of St. Aloysius. The Rev. Arthur Quinn performed the ceremony. A breakfast followed at the Hotel Majestic.

John Buhler.

John Buhler, one of the best known residents of Nassau County, died in the Nassau Hospital on Monday from injuries which he received in a fall last May. He was born in Switzerland sixty-seven years ago, but had lived since 1878 in Minnesota, where he established what is now known as Krug's Hotel. At the time of his death he was Treasurer of the Erward E. Buhler Plumbing Company in Manhattan. Mr. Buhler was the first President of Mineola Villafe, a Trustee of the village for fourteen years, and for six years a Police Justice. Justice Buhler was Past Master of Sessler Lodge, No. 576, F. and A. M., and a member of the Odd Fellows Veteran Association.

Frank Loomis Palmer.

Frank Loomis Palmer, manufacturer and President of Palmer Brothers & Co., died suddenly yesterday at New London, Conn. Mr. Palmer was President of the Massasoit Manufacturing Company of Fall River, Mass.; the Swansea Dye Works of Swansea, Mass., and the Savings Bank of New London. He was a Director of the National Bank of Commerce in New York. He was born at Montville, Conn., in 1851.

Fritz von Friedlander Fuld.

AMSTERDAM, July 17.—A Berlin dispatch today reports the death there of Fritz von Friedlander Fuld, a coal magnate. Herr von Friedlander Fuld was said to have possessed a fortune estimated at $25,000,000.

SOLDIERS' SPOKEN FRENCH
By Helene Cross

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OPENS WAY TO DRAFT A MILLION FOREIGNERS

Chamberlain Offers Resolution Making Friendly Aliens Here Liable to Service at Home.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Under a joint resolution offered in the Senate today by Senator Chamberlain of Oregon, friendly aliens in the United States will be subject to draft for military service in their own countries, excepting those countries having exemption from compulsory service, such as Australia and Canada. The resolution will be voted on by the end of the week and undoubtedly will pass, as it has the support of nearly every member of Congress.

Under the operation of the joint resolution nearly 1,000,000 friendly aliens could be called to the colors of their own land. The Government would set up a system of draft in conjunction with the countries involved. It is understood that the drafting of the friendly aliens has the support of the Administration, which is said to have sounded out the feeling of the countries concerned through their Ambassadors.

"The drafting of friendly aliens will to some extent make up for what is regarded as the uneven operation of the draft law as it applies to communities which have a great alien population," said Senator Chamberlain. "Of course, we cannot draft enemy aliens; they will have to be interned or allowed their liberty, so long as the war lasts, just as the Government decides."

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

SCHEUER.—Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Scheuer (nee Helen Rose) announce the birth of a son on Saturday, July 14.

Engaged.

VINCENT—ENOS.—Mary A. Enos to Nat M. Vincent.

Married.

DAVIS—LEACH.—In Chapel of Church of Intercession, New York City, July 16, 1917, Miss Louisa Lillian Leach, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles James Leach, to Dr. Frank C. Davis.

GILBERT—BLAKESLEE.—On Saturday, July 14, 1917, at Dwight Place Congregational Church, New Haven, Conn., Dorothy Blakeslee, daughter of Major and Mrs. Dennis Albert Blakeslee of New Haven, Conn., to William Thurston Gilbert, son of Mr. James Horn Gilbert of Atlanta, Ga., and grandson of the late Justice Jasper Willett Gilbert of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Brooklyn.

WIER—KEAN.—July 15, Irene M. Kean to John P. Wier.

Died.

ARNOLD.—On Monday, July 16, 1917, at his residence, 800 Riverside Drive, Conway Hillyer Arnold, retired Rear Admiral, U. S. N. Funeral services at St. Ignatius's Church, 87th St. and West End Av., on Wednesday, July 18, at 1 P. M. Interment at Washington, D. C.

AUSTEN.—General David E., Sunday, July 15, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. W. L. Sawyer, Mountain Lake, N. J. Body will lie in state at the Thirteenth Regiment Armory Tuesday afternoon and evening, also Wednesday A. M. Services at the armory 1:30 P. M. Wednesday; further services at Grace Church 3:30 P. M. Wednesday. Interment at Trinity.

AUSTEN.—Society of War Veterans of the Seventh Regiment, N. G., N. Y.—Comrades: You are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services of our late comrade, Major Gen. David Elwell Austen, Adjutant, Forty-seventh N. Y. S. M., to be held at Grace Church, Tenth St. and Broadway, on Wednesday, July 18, at 3:30 P. M.
Captain RICHARD HENRY GREENE, Secretary.

AUSTEN.—Veterans of the Seventh Regiment, N. G., N. Y.—Members are requested to attend the funeral services of Major Gen. David E. Austen, Eighth Company, at Grace Church, on Wednesday, July 18, 1917, at 3:30 P. M.
THOMAS DIMOND, President.

BAIN.—George Bain, retired building contractor, aged 68, of heart failure, at Thurso, Scotland, June 3.

BIJUR.—Louise, daughter of Henrietta Bijur and the late Isaac Bijur, at her residence, Long Branch, N. J. Funeral private.

BELL.—At his residence, Scarsdale, N. Y., on Sunday, July 15, Bertrand Faugeres, son of the late Edward R. and Eliza (Soutter) Bell, in the 40th year of his age. Funeral at St. James's Church, Scarsdale, on Wednesday, July 18, at 11:30 A. M. Carriages will meet the train leaving New York at 10:35 A. M., on arrival at Scarsdale Station. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

BELL.—Holland Lodge, No. 8, F. and A. M. Brethren: You are hereby requested to attend the funeral services of our late brother, Bertrand F. Bell, at St. James's Church, Scarsdale, N. Y., on Wednesday, July 18, at 11:30 A. M.
ORME WILSON, Jr., Master.
HARRY COMER, Secretary.

BILL.—On July 17, 1917, at Jacksonville, Fla., Henrietta Grimsteed Bill, widow of the late Henry Weir Bill.

BONNEY.—Suddenly, July 16, 1917, Jerome Rappelyea Bonney, member of Alpha Delta Phi Fraternity. Services at Funeral Parlors of Boyertown Casket Co., 109 West 24th St., N. Y. City, on Wednesday, July 18, 1917, at 11:45 A. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery, New York. Dutchess County (N. Y.) papers please copy.

BUHLER.—On July 16, 1917, John Buhler. Funeral services from the Episcopal Church, Willis Av., Mineola, on Friday, July 20, at 3 P. M. Interment at Greenfield Cemetery, Hempstead, L. I.

CHAURANT.—On July 17, at her residence, 230 West 97th St., Marion Chaurant. Requiem mass at Church of the Holy Name, 96th St. and Amsterdam Av., on Thursday, July 19, at 9:30 o'clock. Interment private.

CLYNES.—On Tuesday, July 17, 1917, Thomas Clynes, member of Traffic A, New York City Police Department; also member of Honor Legion, New York City Police Department; native of Caramore, County Mayo, Ireland, beloved husband of Cecelia Clynes, (nee Cosgrove,) and father of Mrs. Thomas Fallon and James, Thomas, and William Clynes. Funeral from his late residence, 83 Morton St., Brooklyn, on Friday, July 20, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to the Church of the Epiphany, South Main St. and Bedford Av., where a requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment Calvary Cemetery. Troy (N. Y.) papers please copy.

CRABBE.—On July 16, 1917, Selima Adele Crabbe, daughter of the late Anne Burke and John Latin Crabbe of Cuba, W. I. Funeral services at the chapel of the Little Church Around the Corner on Wednesday morning, July 18, 1917, at 11 o'clock. Relatives and friends invited. Interment private at Poughkeepsie.

DE PUY.—On Monday, July 16, Harriet Adams De Puy. Funeral services in her late home, 325 Amsterdam Av., Wednesday, July 18, 5 o'clock P. M. Burial private in Bath, N. Y.

DOYLE.—On Monday, July 16, Catharine Doyle, beloved sister of Mrs. John Cook. Funeral from residence of her sister, 1,350 Fulton Av., Bronx, Thursday, July 19, 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Augustine's Church, 167th St. and Franklin Av. Requiem mass. Interment St. Raymond's.

DUNN.—On Monday, July 16, 1917, John Kendall Dunn, in his 75th year. Funeral at the convenience of his family at his late residence, 398 Hillside Av., Jamaica, L. I.

GEARY.—On Tuesday, July 17, 1917, Elizabeth Ward, widow of Edwin Geary. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

KUES.—Kathryn Gertrude, daughter of Frank Kues and Marie Kues, (nee Soldan,) on July 17, 1917, after a brief illness. Funeral services Thursday evening, July 19, at 8:30 P. M., at her late residence, 491 East 140th St. Interment Friday.

LAW.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Tuesday, July 17, 1917, James T. Law, aged 64 years. Services at his late residence, 987 Central Av., Plainfield, on Friday, July 20, at 11:30 A. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

LINDENBAUM.—July 15, Emma, beloved mother of Max, Edwin, Herbert, and Martha Lindenbaum. Funeral Thursday, July 19, at 10 A. M., from her son's residence, 40 St. Nicholas Place.

MANNING.—At Belmar, N. J., John J. Manning, beloved husband of the late Margaret Tracey and beloved son of Mary and the late Michael Manning. Funeral from his late residence, 143 East 95th St., on Thursday, July 19, 1917.; thence to the Church of St. Francis de Sales, 96th St. and Lexington Av., where a solemn requiem mass at 10 A. M. will be offered. Interment Calvary.

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MANNING.—Members of the Catholic Club of the City of New York are requested to attend the funeral services of John J. Manning at the Church of St. Francis de Sales, 96th St., near Lexington Av., at 10 A. M. Thursday, July 19.
PERCY J. KING, President.
EDWARD K. HANLON, Secretary.

MARAZZINI.—At his residence, 101 West 48th St., Frank Marazzini, 64 years old. Funeral will be held Thursday, July 19, at 2 P. M., at Perazzo's Undertaker's Parlors, 195 Bleecker St.

MARTINEZ.—July 15, 1917, Jose Martinez, aged 80 years. Services Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304-6 West 126th St., Wednesday evening, half past 8.

McCURRY.—James. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,970 Broadway, (Frank E. Campbell Bldg.) Time later.

MILLER.—On Monday, July 16, Ida E. Miller. Service Wednesday evening at 8, 771 East 169th St. Funeral private.

MONKS.—At Hastings, N. Y., July 16, 1917, Josephine Monks, at the residence of her aunt, Helen Baker. Solemn high mass of requiem at St. Matthew's Church, Thursday, July 19, 1917, at 10 o'clock. Interment at St. Mary's Cemetery.

MORRIS.—Members of Washington Lodge, No. 70, I. O. F. S. of I., are requested to attend the funeral of our late member, Salomon Morris, on Wednesday, July 18, at 1:30 P. M., from Meyer's Funeral Parlor, 228 Lenox Av.
MAX SCHOENHOLZ, President.
BURNHAM ASCH, Secretary.

NORTON.—G. Frederick Norton, son of the late Eckstein and Lucy Moore Norton, aged 40, killed while on duty with American Ambulance Field Service in France.

O'REILLY.—In Jersey City, suddenly, at his late residence, 567 Jersey Av., on July 17, 1917, Hugh J., beloved son of the late Hugh and Ann O'Reilly. Notice of funeral hereafter.

PALMER.—At New London, Conn., on Tuesday, July 17, Frank Loomis Palmer. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 581 Pequot Av., at 2:30 P. M. Thursday, July 19. Relatives and friends invited to attend. Burial private. Kindly omit flowers.

PALMER.—Frank Loomis Palmer, President of the Palmer Brothers Company, died at New London, Conn., early yesterday of apoplexy, at the age of 66 years. Mr. Palmer was widely known in the dry goods jobbing trade as a pioneer manufacturer of bed comfortables. Through his efforts and those of his brothers, long associated with him, the business has attained the proportions of an industry reaching into every State in the Union. Mr. Palmer was also President of the Massasoit Manufacturing Company of Fall River, and the Swansea Dye Works of Swansea, Mass. He was connected with various banking, educational, and humanitarian corporations, being President of the Savings Bank of New London, Director of the National Bank of Commerce, Trustee of Connecticut College for Women, Public Library of New London, Thames Club, and other organizations.

Mr. Palmer was born at Montville, Conn., June 9, 1851, the son of Elisha Hurlbert Palmer and Ellis Loomis. He was married May 16, 1876, to Louisa Townsend of Vicksburg, Miss. Mrs. Palmer and three children, Charles Townsend, Theodore, and Virginia, survive. One brother, George S. Palmer, Treasurer of the Palmer Brothers Company, and two sisters, are living. Mr. Palmer was a close student of economic questions, and embodied the results in a book, "The Wealth of Labor." He was a member of the Manhattan and New York Yacht Clubs.

PEARCE.—On July 17, 1917, Annie E., beloved wife of Charles F. Pearce. Services at her late residence, 806 Springfield Av., Summit, N. J., on Thursday, July 19, 1917, at 10:15 A. M. Train leaves Hoboken 9:15 A. M., D., L. & W. R. R.

RAYWOOD.—Tuesday, at 410 West End Av., Thomas H. Raywood, Sr. Mass at Holy Trinity Church, 82d St., between Broadway and Amsterdam Av., Thursday, July 19, at 10 o'clock. Interment private.

SAYER.—On Sunday, July 15, 1917, at Bethlehem, N. H., William Murray Sayer, Jr., of 398 Washington Av., Brooklyn. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Messiah, Greene and Clermont Avs., on Wednesday, July 18, at 2:30 P. M.

SHAPIRO.—Aaron, on Tuesday, July 17, beloved husband of Ray (nee Gillert) and father of Ethel, Belle, Florence, brother of Benjamin, Harry, Ethel Silverman, Lena Bloch, and of the late Julius Shapiro. Funeral Thursday, July 19, 9:30 A. M., from his late residence, 64 East 90th St.

SHAW.—Entered into the fullness of joy in Paterson on Monday, July 16, 1917, Mary Campbell, beloved wife of the late Rev. Charles D. Shaw, D. D. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the services at the Second Presbyterian Church on Friday, July 20, 1917, at 2:30 P. M. Interment at Cedar Lawn Cemetery.

STAATS.—On Monday, Ellen Downey Staats, beloved wife of John J. Staats. Funeral from her late residence, 193 Van Duzer St., Tompkinsville, S. I., on Wednesday at 9:30 A. M. Requiem mass at Church of Our Lady of Consolation at 10 A. M. Interment New London, Conn.

TUTHILL.—On Monday, July 16, 1917, George Sidney Tuthill, native of East Moriches, L. I., at his residence, 881 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn. Funeral services Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

WALSH.—Edward De Witt, suddenly, on July 17, 1917, at Roslyn, L. I. Funeral private.

WASSERSCHEID.—July 17, Augusta, widow of Rudolf and mother of August A., Frederick W., Rudolf C., Otto C., and Clara A. Wasserscheid. Services at her late residence, 325 East 55th St., Thursday evening, 8:30. Funeral Friday, 10 A. M. Interment Greenwood. Omit flowers.

WIERUM.—On Tuesday, July 17, at West Newbury, Mass., Mary Dwight, youngest child of the late Otto C. and Anna Howard Wierum. Funeral services in the Episcopal Church of West Newbury on Wednesday forenoon. Interment at Morristown, N. J.

WILLIAMS.—John McCoy, at San Francisco on Tuesday morning, husband of Lillian Hamilton. Boston and Providence papers kindly copy.

WOOD.—At her home in Boston, Mass., on Tuesday, July 17, 1917, Anna Kimber, daughter of William K. and Louise K. Wood. Interment at Greenwood.

BERGER.—Maurice, 98 9th Av., July 16, aged 44.

COMERFORD.—John, 509 Hudson St., July 15. Funeral tomorrow, 10:30 A. M.

COPPINGER.—Margaret, Stapleton, S. I., July 15, aged 58. Funeral today.

DIRKS.—Elise, 1,050 Clay Av., Bronx, July 16, aged 54. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DITCHETT.—Bertha, 506 East 106th St., July 15.

FITZGERALD.—Mary K., 235 East 96th St., July 16. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

FORTUNE.—Elizabeth, 2,220 Blackrock Av., Bronx, July 15. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

GARVEY.—Anna P., 1,420 3d Av., July 16. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

GINCH.—Henry J., 516 West 48th St., July 16. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

GLEESON.—Bridget, 1,075 Park Av., July 16. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

HUSTING.—Agnes R., 248 10th Av., July 16.

KECK.—Hannah, 1,989 Amsterdam Av., July 16. Funeral tomorrow, 9:15 A. M.

KOELLSTED.—John, 819 East 223d St., July 15. Funeral service today.

LAVIN.—Helen E., 633 Columbus Av., July 15.

LYNCH.—Mary, 136 West 103d St., July 16. Funeral notice later.

McALEESE.—Nora, 223 East 22d St., July 15.

O'KEEFE.—Lester, 326 West 47th St., July 15. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

POWERS.—Mary A., 365 West 11th St., July 16. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

WOLF.—Louisa, 237 East 81st St., July 16, aged 56. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

YOUNG.—Lillian, 229 East 69th St., July 15.

Brooklyn.

BAHNKEN.—Henry, 696 Henry St., July 15. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BISHOP.—Winifred, 216 Rodney St., July 16. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

COLLINS.—Margaret, 90 South 2d St., July 15. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

COOK.—Annie E., 745 Classon Av., July 16, aged 86. Funeral service today.

COX.—David J., 134 Prospect St., July 15, aged 30.

DORRE.—Henry J., 478 Dean St., July 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DOWNS.—Sanford, 360 Lafayette Av., July 15, aged 73.

ECKHARDT.—Julia A., 1,425 35th St., July 16, aged 22. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

ERICSSON.—Olaf G., 579 East 29th St., July 16, aged 63. Funeral service today.

FULTON.—James, 98 Tillary St., July 15.

GLATZ.—Henry, 210 Hemrod St., July 16, aged 41. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

GOREY.—Bernard, 467 Union St., July 16, aged 35. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

GRATTAN.—Lawrence, 1,424 Herkimer St., July 16. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

HAYES.—Sarah, 374 East 35th St., July 17, aged 64. Funeral private.

HOLMAN.—Eliza C., 488 Nostrand Av., July 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

JOHNSON.—Hannah M., 22 Duryea Place, July 15.

KRAUS.—Barbara, 148 Grove St., July 16, aged 62. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

LENARD.—Thomas B., 217 Manhattan Av., July 15, aged 33.

MASON.—Thomas F., Jr., 225 Clermont Av., July 16, aged 47. Funeral private.

MILLER.—Henry R., 1,663 Grove St., July 17, aged 37. Funeral service today.

MYERS.—Loretta, 1,864 65th St., July 16. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

PRENTICE.—Charles H., 201A McDougal St., July 15.

RIBLINGER.—Charles, 1,865 Harman St., July 16, aged 73.

SCHINDLER.—Gottlieb J., 489 Hart St., July 15, aged 82.

SEXTON.—Alice E., 333 Marion St., July 15. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

STUEHLER.—William F., 1,355 Putnam Av., July 15, aged 29. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

TUITE.—Jane, 102 Havemeyer St., July 16. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

ZELLER.—Clarence L., 990 East 8th St., July 16, aged 26.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

ATCHISON.—George, 481 Grove St., Jersey City, July 15.

Died.

BOLGER.—James M., 195 Ridge St., Newark, July 15. Funeral today, 8:15 A. M.

BUSE.—Frank, 587 South Orange Av., Newark, July 14.

COLEMAN.—William D., 18 Magazine St., Newark, July 15, aged 77.

CUSTIS.—Thomas, Newark, July 17. Funeral July 20.

DENIEFF.—Mary, 51 Oriental Terrace, Newark, July 14, aged 52.

FORETICH.—George, 214 Madison St., Hoboken, July 14, aged 49. Funeral today, 8 A. M.

FRASE.—Albert P., Newark, July 16, aged 55. Funeral tomorrow.

HERRMANN.—Margaret, 614 South 20th St., Newark, July 14, aged 61.

KELLER.—John, 436 15th Av., Newark, July 15. Funeral today.

KIMBEL.—Vom Stein, 136 Bragaw Av., Newark, July 16, aged 82.

KLEEHAUPT.—John, 72 Osborne Terrace, Newark, July 15.

KOCH.—Melchior, 296 New York Av., Jersey City, July 15, aged 50.

LARSEN.—Johannes, 1,089 Summit Av., Jersey City, July 15, aged 45. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

LEASENDALE.—Minnie, 120 Bergen Av., Jersey City, July 16. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

McCAFFERY.—John, 233 Academy St., Jersey City, July 17.

McCARTHY.—Mary A., 528 Newark Av., Jersey City, July 17. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

PAGE.—Charles T., Jersey City, July 15. Funeral private.

PROCTOR.—Robert, 606 Hoboken St., West Hoboken, July 15, aged 47.

RIKER.—Henry B., 263 Bruce St., Newark, July 16, aged 62.

STEWART.—Walter, Newark, July 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

VEZZETTI.—Antonio, 232 Madison St., Hoboken, July 15, aged 82. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

WAAG.—Christenia, Newark, July 16. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

WATERS.—Catherine, 729 Washington St., Hoboken, July 15.

Long Island.

CARTER.—Charles W., Jr., Woodhaven, July 15.

DETJEN.—Sophia, Middle Village, July 15, aged 75. Funeral today, 3 P. M.

HICKEY.—Hanora, Jamaica, July 15, aged 31. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

MILES.—Ambrose, Woodhaven, July 16, aged 86. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

MUNDER.—August, Huntington, July 15, aged 74.

RUSTIN.—Annie H., Richmond Hill, July 16.

SCHILDT.—Claus J., Woodhaven, July 16, aged 65. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

SEYMOUR.—Charles, Flushing, July 15, aged 79.

In Memoriam.

HENNESSEY.—In remembrance of Anna Agnes, beloved wife of Joseph J. Hennessey, who died July 18, 1916.

O'KEEFFE.—Mass for the repose of the soul of Elizabeth Gilligan, dearly beloved wife of John G. O'Keeffe, tomorrow at 9 o'clock at All Saints' Church, Madison Av. and 129th St.

O'GRADY.—Joseph P., mass St. Joseph's Church, Newark, today, 8 A. M.

SCHMELZLE.—Katie, mass St. Peter's Church, Newark, today, 8 A. M.

TUITE.—Anna G., mass St. James's Church, Newark, today, 8 A. M.

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BUTTONS, Silks, Woolens, General Merchandise.—$100,000 cash. "Remarkable," 62 West 14th. Chelsea 9192.

CHECKS.—Shepherd checks, 54-inch, all qualities; mail samples and prices. J 167 Times.

COATS AND SUITS.—High grade only; jobbers will place orders. Call, with samples, 29 West 24th, 11th floor.

COATS AND SUITS.—Looking at better lines snappy styles. 48 West 25th, 4th floor.

COATS.—Jobber looking at wool velours and broadcloths. 159 West 25th, 7th floor.

COATS, SUITS.—Placing orders, better grade garments. 120 West 27th, 12th floor.

COATS, SUITS—Prominent jobber placing stock orders. 4th floor, 6 West 32d St.

COATS.—Jobber placing orders on Fall coats. Fifth floor, 45 West 27th St.

COATS.—Jobber looking at coats; snappy styles; 28 West 25th St., 1st floor.

CORDUROY.—36 inch, narrow wale, white. Send samples and prices. F 244 Times Downtown.

CORDUROY.—White Juilliards 9001. 9000—613 Merrimack 57, 66, 61. B 91 Times.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Open for large quantities of good 8-thread and 4-thread crepe de chine for spot cash. Kayanee Waist & Dress Co., 536 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Large jobber is placing stock orders on serge, crepe de chine, crepe de meteor, charmeuse, and evening dresses; open for both popular and better grade merchandise; samples daily. Wilner, 53 West 36th St.

DRESSES.—Contractors, we are placing large orders on silk and serge street and afternoon dresses; bring samples; we furnish materials. Call all day Wednesday, Har & Co., 11 West 32d St., 3d floor.

DRESSES.—Will buy jobs of taffetas, Georgettes, or crepe de chine dresses; no quantity too large; must be exceptional values. C. C., 240 Times Downtown.

DRESSES.—Jobber looking at the better kind in silks and serges, from $10 up; your own material. Bring samples Wednesday morning, 9 to 1, Room 1100, at 45 West 34th St.

DRESSES.—Ladies' and misses' black voile dresses wanted; will pay cash for a quantity. Mr. O'Connor, 425 West 55th St. Columbus 9660.

DRESSES.—Jobber looking at serge, silk dresses; placing orders immediately. Ivy Dress Co., 38 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Very large jobber looking at samples of serge dresses. 43 W. 26th, 1 flight up.

DRESSES.—Jobber looking at serge dresses. 8th floor. 48 West 25th St.

DRESSES, COATS AND SUITS.—Open for jobs, spot cash. Handels, 336 6th Av.

MACHINES.—Wanted at once, one slightly used single buttonhole machine, No. 71-32; also one Wheeler & Wilson no-stop motion eyelet hole machine; both must be in first-class condition and guaranteed. State prices and address Carr, Mears & Peebles, 145 Granby St., Norfolk, Va.

MERCHANDISE.—The Menter Company, Inc., are now located at their new general offices, 45 East 17th St., where they are ready to look at merchandise.

POM POM wanted, all shades. Cohen & Klausner, 146 West 25th. Chelsea 6815.

POPLIN.—Will pay cash for PPL and WFX French serge. W 2 Times.

POPLINS.—Will pay cash for 90610, navy and black. Madison Square 1540.

SERGE.—Pacific cotton warp; open to buy 1,500 pieces, any width or color, style SRGL, WSG, and CSG; also VSL; cash; write full details promptly. W 3 Times.

SERGES.—Light weight French serge, W. F. X. preferred; navy only. J. D. Booth & Son, 134 West 26th St.

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WOOLENS.—Open for half wool challis cloth or Batiste. Rosenberg, 134 Spring.

WORSTEDS.—15 ounces up, fancy, also black, navy; cash. Delporte, 329 West 50th St.

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COATS—Silk plush; trimmed; guaranteed lining, $9.50. Metropolitan Coat, 40 W. 27th.

COATS.—Silk jersey coats; immediate delivery. I. Novick, 40 West 28th St.

COATS, SUITS.—Fall line ready, better kind; popular prices. Talbot, 114 West 27th.

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COTTON SUBSTITUTE, 300 bales, broken cop, clean, spinnable. Box 516, Amsterdam, N. Y.

COTTON SUBSTITUTE, spinnable, 300 bales white; good staple. Box 516 Amsterdam, N. Y.

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CLOTH.—Pom poms, wool velours, chinchillas, muxkatex, striped bolivia. Farr. 2648.

DRESSES. — Serges, satins, taffetas, Georgettes, white, colors; immediate delivery; new styles continually; special prices; quantity lots; large sizes always on hand. Princess, 19 West 24th.

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DRESSES.—500 taffeta, to close out at a price. Redfern Costume Co., 6 West 36th St.

DRESSES.—200 cotton and gingham dresses to close out cheap. National Garment Co., 1 East 28th.

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MOP AND BRUSH YARNS.—10,000 pounds weekly; desirable, inexpensive. Box 516, Amsterdam, N. Y.

MUFFS.—Ladies' coonies, black and brown muffs, 17x26, cheap. Room 1,100, 23 East 26th.

NECKWEAR.—Marabou capes at $24 per dozen; unusual value; also job of ostrich boas. E. Eisemann & Co., 48 West 4th St.

OVERCOATS—400 kerseys, fancies, also alpaca coats, to close out very cheap. D. L. & W., Inc., 46 East 14th St.

PIECE GOODS.—American 90610, all colors; Joels 6400; Garfield 4833; Lorraine 3617; Raritan 1273; botany broadcloth 315; also H. & H. plush 200; quantity of above in all shades; low prices. Farragut 3148.

REMNANTS. Colored Drills, &c.—Short lengths, 30,000 lbs., pound goods. Franklin 1358.

SERGES.—Botany 11433, $1.55 net; botany broadcloth 315; price $2.10 net. Madison Square 2339.

SERGES.—Cotton warp; all wool, storm, and French serges. Gramercy 2991-92.

SERGES, 1464-54289 M. F. L. Farragut 9943. Mr. London.

SLEEVE LININGS, coat linings, 12,000 yards; desirable; cheap. Mayflower, Madison Square 9380.

SLEEVE LININGS, 12,000 yards, 12½ cents; blue, flesh. Box 516, Amsterdam, N. Y.

SKIRTS.—White wide wale corduroy skirts to close out. $1.50 net. H. B. Schwartz, 127 West 26th.

SKIRTS—5,000 wash skirts to close. Bronner Mfg. Co., care of Lehmann Sales Co., 33 W. 34th St.

SKIRTS.—350 black, fancy taffeta and satin; sacrifice, $2.25 up. Chelsea 9872.

SKIRTS.—3,500 wash skirts to close out at sacrifice. H. Teitlebaum, 43 West 27th St.

SKIRTS, COATS.—Silk jersey skirts, $3.75, and coats, $5 up. Daily Waist, 8 W. 19th.

SKIRTS.—1,000 skirts to close out; Mitchel's poplins and serges. Orchard 2355.

SUITS.—Genuine ladies' palm beach suits to close out. Sol Levine & Co., 12 W. 27th St. Phone 488 Farragut.

SUITS.—Ramie linen suits to close out. Fensterstock & Rosen, 35 West 31st.

TRIMMINGS. — Stock of high-class trimmings, laces, braids, ornaments, garnitures, fringes, tassels, buttons, bugles, and cords to close out at a sacrifice. M. J. McDonald & Co., 40 West 34th St. Greeley 1946.

VELOURS.—Wool single width Chinchillas, kerseys, zibelines. Call in person, Herman Cloak Co., 30 West 26th St.

VESTS, Quilted.—Job of 65 dozen ladies' quilted vests, mainly sateens and Jap. silk. 39 Union Square, West, Room 14.

VELVETS.—Short lengths; good quality; all colors; 65c per yard. Spring 7934.

WAISTS.—Georgette, popular price, and crepe de chine; large quantity on hand; will sell at a price. Supreme Waist Co., 114 West 26th St.

WASH SKIRTS.—500 dozen white and fancy to close. Greenwald Petticoat Co., 1261 Broadway. Telephone Madison Square 8832.

WASH SKIRTS.—Job to close cheap. A. Russakow, 136 West 21st St.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..4½@5 per cent. for the best names
Monday ...4½@5 " " " "

The quotation is for six months' paper.

⁂

Crude Rubber Prices Steadier.

For the time being at least, prices in the local crude rubber market appear to have touched bottom. In spite of the continued lack of trading, yesterday's quotations were practically on a level with those of last week. The spot figure for plantations was 67 cents, with July-September quoted at 66½ cents and October-December at 66. For upriver fine, spot, 68½ cents was asked, with coarse quoted at 49 cents, and upper Caucho ball at 42½ cents. Big buyers continue to show only a limited interest in the market.

⁂

Mills Not "Rubbing It In."

According to a well-informed mill agent in the woolen trade, the mills, even though prices look exorbitant at the present time, are not "rubbing it in" to their customers. It seems that the mills are having their own troubles in trying to gauge the demand further ahead by two or three months than is their usual wont. Yarns have to be bought on what approaches speculation and, when the selection happens to be the right one, the mill is the winner. When several sizes or grades are not successful sellers in the fabric, they have to be resold, and rarely over the cost price. For this reason, it was pointed out, profits have not been increased as present prices might indicate.

⁂

Dating Sales from Delivery.

A change in the usual order of terms has been made in the dress goods trade. Formerly sellers permitted dating to be taken from Jan. 1 on Spring goods and from July 1 on Fall merchandise. Several houses have now made arrangements to sell their goods on a dating which runs from the time of delivery. Thus, on a shipment that is received on Sept. 10, payment must be made seventy days after that date, instead of seventy days after Jan. 1. Another set of terms put into use is a thirty-day net plan whereby a certain discount is given for payment in that time. Through the adoption of the new terms, the dress goods sellers hope to spread out payments, instead of having them come in all at the same time. The arrangement is expected to be especially beneficial under present trying conditions, when the mills frequently need money to take advantage of favorable opportunities to buy in the raw-material markets.

⁂

Misses' Garments Selling Well.

It is a long time since the spirit of youth has been any better depicted than in the garments for misses and juniors that are now being shown in this market. That the buyers realize this fact and appreciate it is shown by the amount of business that has already been written on the books of the leading houses. Garments for the "flapper," which is the title given to young girls of the awkward age, also are said to show the results of careful designing, and with the same success that has been met by the more regular sizes. With certain modifications, the lines of the new season's garments follow quite closely the silhouette of the "grown-up" models. Especially is this true of dresses.

⁂

Gray Goods Still Quiet.

Listlessness again characterized trading in the local gray goods market yesterday. Neither first nor second hand goods were much in demand, though there was some inquiry on the part of buyers who wanted to get goods out below the market for the nearby deliveries. Not much interest was shown in contracts. Printcloths had a rather poor time of it. In the coarse goods end of the market there was further selling of 40-inch 4.25-yard sheetings, for spot delivery, at 11 cents. Sales also were made on 36-inch 6.15-yard sheetings at 8¼ cents, net, for delivery in the Fall. Closing mill prices for printcloths were as follows:

39-inch, 80-80s	14½c	38½-inch, 64-60s	10½c
39-inch, 72-76s	12½c	38½-inch, 64-56s	10¼c
39-inch, 68-72s	[illegible]	38½-inch, 60-52s	9¾c
39-inch, 56-44s	8¾c	38½-inch, 60-48s	9¼c
38½-inch, 64-64s	11c	27-inch, 64-60s	7⅛c

⁂

Hard Coal Output Snapped Up.

The Coal Trade Journal will say today that there is little to be said about the anthracite situation except to repeat the old story about everybody being short of the prepared sizes. This shortage is not due to any falling off in production, for June shipments were the largest on record for any month. After more than due allowance is made for steam sizes, the tonnage of domestic coal shipped from the region was, and is, above Winter normal and far above the amount usually sent to market in the Summer months. In the opinion of many in the local trade, the price-fixing program is working in a maner that will result in a great hardship to some bituminous consumers unless a way is found to regulate distribution or increase production.

⁂

Prices Dumfound Sellers.

In summing up the situation in the dress goods trade, the representative of one house said yesterday that the prices received from the mills are even causing consternation among sellers themselves. Buyers, he said, are buying goods now that a month ago they passed up as unreasonably high priced, and they are refusing merchandise today for the same reason that in another month's time they will probably be glad to get. "The New York agents," he added, "are wondering when the end will come, and even the buyers seem less disturbed than some of the people they are doing business with."

⁂

These Goods Were "Some" Late.

A merchant who is interested in some stores in the Far West, and who recently returned from a visit to them, told yesterday of some instances of how goods had been tied up en route between this city and the Rocky Mountain region by the railroad situation. All of them were out of the ordinary, but the worst one of all was a case in which some goods that had been shipped from here on Feb. 8 and 9 did not reach their destinations until about the middle of last month. This kind of thing, the merchant in question asserted, worked considerably more hardship on the stores than the difficulty experienced in getting the goods in this market. Over-the-counter business, he said, has been excellent so far this year, in spite of the higher prices charged.

DRESS FABRIC BUYERS.

Topics Discussed at Their Midsummer Meeting Yesterday.

A strong spirit of optimism prevailed yesterday at the midsummer meeting of the Jobbers' Association of Dress Fabric Buyers held at the Waldorf-Astoria. About 150 members, representing large firms in all sections of the country, were present when H. Clay Miller of the Daniel Miller Company, Baltimore, First Vice President of the association, called the meeting to order. W. T. Farley, President of the organization, it was explained, was unable, on account of illness, to be present.

Mr. Miller, in his opening address, said he considered it his duty to urge deliberate action, and the importance for thoughtful consideration of national and international conditions. He held, however, that after all was said and done "each man must make up his own mind as to the wisdom of any certain course."

Close attention was given an address by William Whitman, President of the William Whitman Company of this city. Mr. Whitman, whose subject was "Wool and Cotton Situation," spoke from an active experience of sixty-three years. After discussing the high price of cotton at the present time, the speaker came out against Government control of prices. "Such prices," Mr. Whitman said, "had better be left to the operation of economic laws, rather than be influenced by governmental interference, except in the matter of exports to our enemies."

Relative to the prospect for the future, Mr. Whitman said he was an optimist, as it seemed to him that cotton manufacture was to be limited only by the production of the raw material and by the labor that can be secured for its manufacture. The wool situation he thought far more complex than the cotton situation. He figured that this country's consumption of wool for the present calendar year would be not less than 800,000,000 pounds. This amount was not in sight and the speaker thought it possible that the shortage might amount to 200,000,000 pounds.

Mr. Whitman said that the transition period after the war might depress business for a short period, but would be followed by greater business activity than ever before.

On motion of W. M. G. Howse, a committee will be named to inquire of the Government whether it intends to fix a maximum price on cotton. Mr. Howse said that reports that the Government contemplated such action had a tendency to upset business.

Another subject taken up related to cancellations. Several members reported that mills had canceled their orders, making the excuse that they had been obliged to take on contracts for the Government. After a letter had been read from Colonel John P. Wood of the Wool Committee of the National Council of Defense, telling of the priority to be given Government orders, the jobbers reached the conclusion that the mills in the main were inclined to be fair in cancellations.

The members declined to accept the resignation of President Farley, which was offered in view of the fact that it might be several months before he could assume active direction of the affairs of the organization.

Members from the mid-West, Pacific Coast, the South and other sections all agreed that the outlook was excellent for stable business this Fall. W. M. G. Howse of Wichita, Kan., said that while jobbers would buy conservatively at this time, to cover requirements, and would spend just about as much money as in the past, the yardage of the goods purchased would be less. The forum of members held just before final adjournment emphasized that conservatism should be the keynote of business transactions in the immediate future.

THEY MAY RECONSIDER.

Protest Against the Reduction of Discounts by Milliners.

Following a luncheon and conference held yesterday at the Hotel McAlpin under the auspices of the Committee on Discounts of the Retail Millinery Association of America to consider the subject of discounts, it was stated that the recent action of manufacturers in reducing discounts to the retail trade may be reconsidered.

Joseph Mayer of R. H. Macy & Co., First Vice President of the millinery association, presided over two-score representatives of retail and hat manufacturing firms located in all parts of the country. The meeting was called primarily to convince the hat manufacturers that the buyers, in protesting against the reduction in discount by the manufacturers from 7 to 6 per cent., had the active support of the heads of their respective firms.

The retailers' side of the controversy was presented by Jesse I. Straus of R. H. Macy & Co.; E. L. Howe, Secretary-Treasurer of the National Retail Dry Goods Association; G. L. Peck of Lord & Taylor S. Mundheim of Kaufmann Brothers, Pittsburgh; A. W. Townsend of Montgomery Ward & Co., Chicago; and M. Fuld of Bamberger & Sons, Newark, N. J. All of these speakers protested against the action of the hat manufacturers in reducing the discount.

After hearing what the store representatives had to say, William Rosenblum, President of the National Association of Hatters, promised to lay the matter of the discount reduction before his association for reconsideration, provided the members of the hatters' organization agreed.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

NEW YORK GAS AND ELECTRIC SUPPLY CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Paul Albert, doing business as the New York Gas and Electric Supply Co., 139 Grand St., by the following creditors: Henry Greenstein, $900; Morris H. Schwartz, $20, and Charles M. Flamberg, $14.

CHARLES SCHROEDER, a provision dealer, 719 East Eleventh Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $17,580 and assets of $7,831. Among the largest creditors are the North Side Savings Bank, $6,000, and Margaret Schroeder, $3,000.

Samuel Diamondstein, a grocer, 279 Audubon Avenue, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities given as unknown and assets of $409.

THE AMERICAN CHAIR CO., INC., 570 Grand Street, has assigned to Abram B. Freedman. Barnett Press is President of the company, which was incorporated in 1917.

BERKOWITZ & MOSKOWITZ.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Berkowitz & Moskowitz, 442 Lorimer Street, Brooklyn, by the following creditors: Aaron J. Friedman, $352.88; Abraham Abramowitz, $425.35, and Samuel Markowitz, $222.20.

SADIE MARCO, 1,225 Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn, has made an assignment to Albert F. Massolles, 1,419 Park Place, Brooklyn.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 17.—Charles E. Orwig, a Buffalo contractor, filed a petition in bankruptcy today, estimating his unsecured debts at $53,000. His assets are $175. The largest creditor is the R. F. Hopkins Company of Parson, W. Va., with a claim of $10,000.

UTICA, N. Y., July 17.—Dean E. Brown, conducting the C. G. Brown Furniture Company, manufacturer of desks and cabinets of Syracuse; petition in bankruptcy.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 17.—A voluntary petition in bankruptcy was filed by Cureen E. Redmon, a general merchant at Hatfield, Spencer County, who lists his liabilities at $2,466.57 and his assets at $615.77.

Otto R. Rodarmel, a grocer at Bloomfield: voluntary petition; liabilities, $2,802.92; assets, $1,929.46.

Sam M. Angel, a farmer of Evansville; voluntary petition; liabilities, $6,438.53; assets, $4,446.

Roy Van Vleet, who resigned as educational director of the Y. M. C. A., has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy, listing his liabilities at $3,753 and assets at $102.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 17.—S. E. Peterson, coal and ice dealer, East Moline, Ill., filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy; liabilities, $8,400; assets, $2,951.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts $100 and Over.

Abbate, Antonio—California Wine Association of New York, Inc.	$439.96
Aronowitz, Oscar—L. Schlesinger	484.91
Burch, Sarah E.—A. F. Mahoney	100.68
Bosworth, Fred L.—Z. O. Nelson & Son	228.76
Bogel, Abe D.—J. Braszy	241.66
Baldwin, George E.—H. H. Levey	111.64
Birnbaum, Leon—M. Fishman et al	195.41
Barry, William—Charles L. Scale, Inc.	355.41
Barnet, William R.—Starkey, Marshall & Co.	2,059.80
Brown-Morton Co.—I. Nolins	600.61
Brierly, Henry J.—Ernest Zobel Co., Inc.	116.05
Cooper, Theo. P., and William H. Levine—Montauk Bank	424.51
Cipriani Realty and Construction Co., Orlando Cipriani, Annie Bolognese, Giovanni Nista, and Nista Construction Co., Inc.—Empire City Gerard Co.	533.16
Dorio, August—People, &c.	200.00
Dondero, Louis, and Ceasri Elpidio—L. Poirano	399.98
Edward W. Martin Co.—Broadway Building Co.	159,730.45
Faldi, Rowland E.—Encyclopaedia Britannica Corporation	117.95
Fiedelbaum, Herman—M. L. Aaronson	128.57
Fenlon, John T.—Security Bank of New York	4,226.19
Freifeld, Abraham—H. Sobel et al.	227.87
Hanifan, William, and James Garlin—Brooklyn Elevator and Milling Co.	2,431.63
Howard, Ray L.—United Market and Grocery Co.	180.06
Hurlburt Motor Truck Co.—American Autopress Co., Inc.	502.73
Heffernan, Edw. F.—E. Toothill	25,048.17
Johnson, Ernest W.—Trow Directory Printing and Bookbinding Co.	158.73
Kienzle, William — Sweet, Orr & Co., Inc.	104.83
Kromberg, Max—H. Singer	106.22
Kaplan, Harry—H. Singer	169.25
Krosnahino, Nicolaj, and Sam Cherok—A. Grunbaum	102.85
Liberty Credit Association—H. Singer	190.40
Levick, Douglas G., Francesco Ebell and Manfred Uhlfelder—T. J. Crouchley	125.88
Landes, Leonard L.—A. Engel	228.28
Leopold, Leiser—L. Sheinberg et al.	128.16
Linde, Jose G.—F. Furst	119.41
McNally, Owen—W. S. Bainbridge	459.91
McEvoy, James — Central Consumers' Wine and Liquor Co., Inc.	212.76
Morandy, Louis—S. M. Goldstein Co., Inc.	162.82
Morris, John J.—J. McCullough et al.	110.71
M. M. Realty Co.—New York Savings Bank	38,618.18
Neach, Harry D.—Beekman Paper and Card Co., Inc.	104.81
Nebbioso, Gervasio—People, &c.	200.00
Olkis, Harry—S. Fogel	224.16
Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Co. and Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Co.—F. B. Cox	738,132.95
Pfeffer, Max—Broad and Beaver Street Co.	$1,727.00
Plaja, Paul—People, &c.	200.00
Shanahan, John, and National Surety Co.—People, &c.	1,000.00
Sackin, Aaron—H. Wiodover	224.58
Stevenson, Oscar—Batavia Rubber Co.	371.84
Schlecht, Louis and Anna—G. Busch	375.93
Thompson, William H. — W. H. Hendrickson	120.41
Ursprung, Lulu—Hillaire Mahieu & Co., Inc., costs	107.83
Ursprung, Louis—Same, costs	107.83
Union Central Life Insurance Co.—J. Kirschenbaum	205.92
Wirth Auto Service Co.—F. Schneider	539.91
Same—Same	271.91
Whitney-by-the-Sea, Inc.—O. A. Marsh et al.	114.41
Werner, Annie—George & Bro., Inc.	151.05
Weingrad, Samuel—G. Brauer	157.66
Walron, Frank R.—R. B. Dana	451.26
Wekstein, Samuel—Italian Vineyard Co.	179.76
Werner, August H.—Phelps Stokes Estates, Inc.	650.58

In Bronx County.

Adler, Julius—N. Kirchenbaum	$42.65
Allegro & Marrazzi Corp.—Heavy Haulage Co., Inc.	155.88
Broderick, Michael J.—Harlem Savings Bank	1,592.88
Baldwin, Charles L.—Olin J. Stephens, Inc.	227.02
Charles Essenwanger & Son, Inc.—C. E. O. Fehr	525.41
Connelly, Adelaide S.—Harlem Savings Bank	1,154.23
Fitzgerald, Archer W.—J. F. Clancey	115.83
Gruner, Paul—J. Wachtel	229.12
Hopewell Building Co., Inc.—Sargent & Co.	112.89
Linetzky, David—L. Rosansky	111.81
Lund, Paul—Haupert Machine Co., Inc.	46.61
Remor Corp.—Daily Realty Co., Inc.	500.00
Theodore Starrett Co.—S. V. Turits	242.15
Violante, John, Louis Porcelli, and Maria Porcelli—Bronx Borough Bank	2,345.77

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Arrowhead Realty Co.—A. Koch, May 21, 1917, reversed	$500.00
Bement, Wm. P.; Arthur E. Weil, and the Penn Co. for Ins. on Lives, &c.—Aetna Life Ins. Co., June 28, 1916	103.30
Alpha Portland Cement Co.—J. Wise, Nov. 3, 1916	8,644.28
Bellemore Holding Co., Inc., and Frederick Brown—Cleveland Holding Co., Inc., Feb. 16, 1917, vacated	12,523.46
Goldbeck, Walter D.—Fine Arts Building Co., June 11, 1917	845.03
Geohegan, Agnes C.; Wm. J. Conners, and Christian F. Tietjen — Security Bank of New York, Jan. 24, 1916, vacated	140.04
Independent Western Star Order—L. Corn, Feb. 1 1917	682.10
Christie, Henry—Kellwood Realty Co., March 26, 1917, canceled	107.94
Republic Bag and Paper Co.—Yorkville Paper Co., July 12, 1917	200.00
Thorpe, Walter—S. Mitchell, April 17, 1917	1,116.75
Dannenberg, Rose, and Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Md.—People, &c., June 8, 1917	1,000.00
Kimball, Samuel E.—General Electric Co., April 14, 1917	1,766.51
Held, Anna—E. H. Kaufmann, June 14, 1917	1,456.20
Shoemaker, Edgar—T. Rudolph, Feb. 27, 1915, reversed	396.18
Bischoff Banking House—A. E. Becker et al., Aug. 5, 1915	1,161.85
Carroll, Daniel J.—S. Elterman et al., May 9, 1917	53.65
Knapp, Edward J.—F. F. French, Dec. 23, 1915	100.06
Same—Same, May 4, 1916	30.43
Same—Same, April 10, 1916	113.46
Perlberg, Haberman Iron Works and Morris Perlberg—M. Ambinder, Jan. 21, 1915	250.00

AUCTION SALES.

AT AUCTION MANUFACTURER'S STOCK
3,500 MEN'S
OVERCOATS
in kerseys, meltons, Oxfords, conservative, trench and belted models, all silk lined and hand tailored.
H. KARP, AUCT'R, By J. KARP, SELLS TODAY, Wednesday, July 18th, 10:30 A.M., at 28 Walker St., N. Y. C., above stock. This is the finest lot of clothing ever offered at auction before the season, and should command attention of all high-class stores, as these goods were made for the finest trade. Goods will be sold in large lots to dealers.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neill Co.; Miss G. A. Tobin, waists; W. T. Tobin, coats, suits, dresses; 37 West 26th.

ALLENTOWN, Penn.—C. A. Dorney Furniture Co.; J. W. Zeigenfuss, furniture; Murray Hill.

ATLANTA—M. Rich & Bros. Co.; W. Jones, furniture; 1,150 Broadway; Latham.

BALTIMORE—B. Fleishman & Bros.; B. Fleishman, jobs, Spring suits; 1,163 B'way.

BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg; Mrs. M. Katz, children's, ladies' wear; 404 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Armstrong, Cator & Co.; W. P. Whitmore, laces, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; L. Michelson, millinery, ribbons; L. Goodman, dry goods; 470 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—John E. Hurst & Co.; J. H. Wells, dress goods, silks, ready-to-wear; 11 E. 31st.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; G. Eytinge, ribbons, dress trimmings; 384 4th Av.

BALTIMORE, Md.—Stewart & Co.; C. S. Stackpole, shoes; 2 W. 37th.

BOISE, Idaho—C. C. Anderson & Co.; W. E. Graham, men's furnishing goods; 116 W. 32d.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Mr. McCurdy, gloves; Miss Vincent, ladies' suits; Mr. O'Callahan, misses' suits; Miss Maloney, skirts; 116 W. 32d.

BOSTON—W. & A. Bacon Co.; Mr. McCabe, cotton goods; Mr. Graham, upholstery goods; Mr. McCahey, rugs; Mr. McGuire, notions; Mr. Murphy, toys, sporting goods; Miss Rice, hosiery, underwear; 1,133 B'way.

BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; I. Burke, M. G. Cronin, infants' wear; A. Watson, costumes; J. Day, millinery; S. E. Emery, underwear; F. Kemball, costumes; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Miss Hornstein, coats; H. A. Cook, underwear, kimonos, house dresses; Mrs. Quinn, infants' wear; J. N. Wilson, coats; 404 4th Av.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; W. F. Varnum, boys' clothing; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; W. H. Mann, domestics; 105 Grand.

BOSTON.—Gilchrist Co.; C. A. Durant, boys' clothing, furnishing goods; 404 4th Av.; Brostell.

BOSTON, Mass.—Chandler & Co.; G. F. Johnson, furs; 230 5th Av.

BOSTON—Smith-Blair Co.; Mrs. Withers, waists, sweaters, underwear; Prince George.

BOSTON, Mass.—Jordan Marsh Co.; F. C. Kemball, costumes; Mr. Berry, notions; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON, Mass.—R. H. White Co.; A. H. Shannon, piece goods; T. Barker, housefurn. goods; 470 4th Av.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland Dry Goods Co.; J. D. Granfield, men's furn. goods, hosiery, underwear, gloves; 404 4th Av.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Smith-Murray Co.; E. M. Lampson, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; Miss E. M. Treat, art needlework; 2 West 37th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adams & Co.; E. Haun, millinery; Miss M. Dooley, corsets, muslin underwear; M. Mittleman, shoes; P. F. Brett, women's gloves; 2 W. 37th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Miss P. Brinton, ready-to-wear; C. H. Nearing, shoes; 2 W. 37th.

BUTTE, Mon.—M. J. Connell Co.; D. J. O'Donohoe, dry goods, hosiery, laces, notions, gloves; C. U. Lorimer, ready-to-wear; 23 East 26th.

BUTTE, Mon.—Symons D. G. Co.; S. A. Mayer, women's ready-to-wear; 141 5th Av.

CHARLESTON, W. Va.—Abney-Barnes Co.; J. Abney, dry goods; 60 Worth.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field Co.; Mrs. C. Vail, children's knit underwear; Mrs. K. Schaffer, infants' wear; Mrs. A. Corby, children's coats, dresses; 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; C. J. Cornwell, furn. goods, trunks, bags; 115 5th Av.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; D. S. Betts, ribbons; 72 Leonard.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; J. P. Thomas, knit underwear; 115 5th Av.

CHICAGO—D. B. Fisk & Co.; J. C. Beckman, flowers, feathers; 411 5th Av.

CHICAGO, Ill.—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; W. P. Cortis, prints, ginghams; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Ederheimer, Stein & Co.; D. A. Stein, clothing; 200 5th Av.; Breslin.

CHICAGO—Chicago Mail Order Co.; M. C. Goldman, cloaks, suits, waists; 368 6th Av.; Wallick.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—Louis Stix & Co.; A. L. Stix, prints, ginghams; 377 Broadway.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—Alms & Doepke Co.; Miss Meyers, furs; E. Kotter, silks, dress goods, (wholesale;) J. P. Hicks, silks, dress goods, (retail;) 350 Broadway.

CINCINNATI—John Shillito Co.; F. L. Mandlove, ready-to-wear; 432 4th Av.

CINCINNATI—John Shillito Co.; W. D. Clark, dress goods, silks; 432 4th Av.; Gregorian.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—Irwin Cloak Co.; W. Irwin, coats, suits; 404 4th Av.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—Root & McBride Co.; J. B. Callow, prints, wash fabrics; 72 Leonard.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—The Higbee Co.; Mr. Knight, furs; L. R. Fay, upholstery goods; 230 5th Av.

CLEVELAND — Ames Co.; Miss S. Cohen, waists, skirts, negligees; Miss S. Jacobs, coats, suits; 116 West 32d.

CLEVELAND—Sunshine Cloak & Suit Co.; A. D. Kramer, piece goods; 1,133 Broadway.

CLEVELAND—William Taylor, Son & Co.; F. C. Hofmayer, domestics, silks, wash goods; 470 4th Av.

COLUMBUS, Ga.—D. Rothschild, piece goods; 43 Leonard.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; W. J. Huber, boys' clothing, girls' dresses, coats; 220 5th Av.; Collingwood.

COLUMBIA, S. C.—M. Citron, notions, hosiery, underwear; Albert.

DALLAS, Texas—Neiman, Marcus Co.; A. L. Neiman, ready-to-wear; 1,140 B'way.

DANVILLE, Ill.—Meis Bros.; G. Meis, hosiery, knit, art goods, notions, ribbons; 116 W. 32d.

DENVER—May Co.; T. Milroy, men's, boys' hats, caps, ladies' sport hats; 37 W. 26th.

DENVER—Daniels & Fisher Stores Co.; Miss G. Murphy, waists; 71 West 23d St.

DES MOINES, Iowa—Harris-Emery Co.; Mrs. J. L. Lacey, muslin underwear, children's wear; 353 4th Av.

DETROIT—Sommer & Reno; Miss J. Gilmore, trimmed hats; Grand.

DETROIT—A. Krolix & Co.; L. P. Laurendeau, dress goods; 320 B'way.

DULUTH—Duluth Glass Block Store Co.; Miss V. Perry, art goods; Woodward.

EASTON, Penn.—W. Laubach & Sons; C. M. Laubach, cloaks, suits; 41 Union Square.

EL PASO, Texas—H. Krupp & Co.; J. M. Frazier, notions, underwear; 395 Broadway; Herald Square.

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Wolf & Dessauer; Miss A. Bellamy, ready-to-wear; 1,239 B'way.

FORT WORTH, Texas—Monnig Dry Goods Co.; G. B. Monnig, general merchandise; Somerset.

FREMONT, Ohio—La Mode Cloak House; P. Conheim, jobs silk waists, silk dresses; McAlpin.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; Miss Sheehan, waists, petticoats; 404 4th Av.; Murray Hill.

HOUSTON, Texas—Foley Bros.; H. C. Dollohite, ready-to-wear; 1,140 B'way.

HOUSTON, Texas—W. C. Munn Co.; J. H. Hill, general mdse.; 1,150 Broadway.

INDIANAPOLIS—A. P. Hendrickson Hat Co.; C. S. Cully, hats, caps; Albert.

JOLIET, Ill.—M. A. Felman; Miss McGowan, cloaks, millinery; 303 5th Av.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—G. Bernheimer Bros. & Co.; L. J. Schiff, ladies' Fall suits; 7 W. 22d.

KANSAS CITY—Harzfeld Parisian; Miss Platt, coats, suits, dresses; 303 5th Av.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Donovan Co.; C. H. Foulk, furniture; 116 W. 32d; Breslin.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Watt & Shand; H. E. Kline, house furn. goods; 432 4th Av.; Breslin.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Watt & Shand; H. E. Kline, housefurn. goods; 432 4th Av.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Pfeifer Bros.; A. Pfeifer, general merchandise; 1,150 B'way.

LOS ANGELES—Bullock's; W. H. Bezzo, women's ready-to-wear, muslin underwear, infants', children's wear; basement; 95 Madison Av.

LOS ANGELES—Paris Cloak and Suit House; J. L. Koerner, suits, gowns; 303 5th Av.

LOUISVILLE.—Sterling Furnishing Goods Co.; J. Shapinsky, furnishing goods; Imperial.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—J. M. Robinson, Morton Co.; H. A. Walton, dress goods; 72 Leonard; Great Northern.

LOUISVILLE—Blum Bros. & Hilder; E. Hilder, notions, jewelry, waists, neckwear; Claridge.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Kaufmann, Strauss & Co.; C. P. Walmsley, ready-to-wear; 220 5th Av.

LYNCHBURG—Fields, Watkins Co.; H. W. Fields, hats, caps; Breslin.

MACON, Ga.—Donnenberg Co.; J. D. McMurray, ready-to-wear, millinery; 1,133 Broadway.

MINNEAPOLIS—E. E. Atkinson Co.; H. Atkinson, women's, misses' suits; 100 West 32d.

MINNEAPOLIS—Wyman, Partridge & Co.; A. A. W. Lumb, dress goods, silks; 43 Leonard.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Powers Mercantile Co.; F. W. Wesner, shoes; Mrs. Havlick, corsets, lingerie, sweaters; 2 W. 37th.

MINNEAPOLIS—Tucker & Levinson; M. H. Tucker, millinery, flowers, feathers; Latham.

MISSOULA, Mon.—The Leader; J. Danzeiger, general mdse.; 141 5th Av.

NASHVILLE—Rich, Schwartz & Joseph; L. Schwartz, ready-to-wear; 1,140 Broadway.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Weinbaum & Jacobs; H. B. Weinbaum, ready-to-wear; 1,261 Broadway.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—J. Morse Co.; W. S. Bailey, J. Morse, men's clothing; Flanders.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Gamble, Desmond Co.; Miss F. Schell, infants', children's wear; 470 4th Av.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—E. Malley Co.; Miss M. McNamara, women's, infants' wear; 404 4th Av.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—E. Malley Co.; J. C. Mizer, notions, jewelry, ribbons; 404 4th Av.; Park Avenue.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Edward Malley Co.; Thomas F. O'Neil, linen, white goods, domestics; 404 4th Av.; Prince George.

NEW ORLEANS.—M. Isaacs Co.; A. A. Porter, carpets; 1,150 Broadway; Continental.

NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhodes & Swartz; W. Schneen, jewelry, leather goods; 1,239 Broadway; Gregorian.

NORWICH, Conn.—Porteous & Mitchell Co.; W. E. Woods, housefurn. goods; 432 4th Av.

OMAHA—J. L. Brandeis & Sons.; H. B. Blodgett, carpets; 1,261 Broadway.

OMAHA, Neb.—M. E. Smith & Co.; J. R. Scobie, domestics, prints; 1,133 Broadway.

OMAHA—M. E. Smith & Co.; J. V. Shireman, muslin underwear, house dresses; 1,133 Broadway.

PENDLETON, Ore.—People's Warehouse; C. Blumberg, ready-to-wear; J. W. Earl, manufacturers' clothing; 470 4th Av.

PEORIA, Ill.—Block & Kuhl Co.; J. S. Elmland, ready-to-wear; Miss M. Boylston, basement, ready-to-wear; Mrs. R. Ladd, infants' wear; 404 4th Av.

PHILADELPHIA—J. Largman & Bro.; J. Largman, tie silks; 209 5th Av.; Latham.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Silverman & Son; W. Silverman, cotton, woolen, piece goods; 18 West 27th; Latham.

PHILADELPHIA—A. Graff & Co.; A. F. Lippincott, rugs; Imperial.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; E. Bohn, leather goods; Broadway and 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—Cantor Bros.; M. H. Cantor, coats, suit materials; 1,328 Broadway; Gregorian.

PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Mrs. C. Arnold, infants' wear; 1,261 Broadway.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Silverman & Son; A. Silverman, jobs silk wash dresses; 18 West 27th.

PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; Miss R. Cohen, jobs silk, wash suits; Miss Ransford, silk dresses; 15 E. 26th.

PITTSBURGH, Penn. — Kaufmann Dept. Store; E. J. Gattman, (basement,) ready-to-wear; L. Schwartz, Miss McClure, infants' wear; Miss M. Gibson, waists; M. Lippman, jobs silks; 1,261 Broadway.

PITTSBURGH—Solomon Bibro Co.; Miss McGown, furs; 116 W. 32d.

PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.; W. F. Dalzell, dress goods, prints; 43 Leonard.

PITTSBURGH—Arbuthnot, Stephenson Co.; G. R. Aufderheide, dress goods, silks, laces; 43 Leonard.

PITTSBURGH—Lewin, Neiman & Co.; H. Lewin, millinery; 470 4th Av.; Collingwood.

PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.; F. B. Patton, silks, linings, ribbons; 43 Leonard.

PITTSBURGH, Penn.—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; J. Graham, M. M. Dunn, domestics, silks, linens; 404 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; J. Cohen, silk suits, coats, dresses, satin dresses; 364 5th Av.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.; L. N. Levinson, (basement,) ready-to-wear; I. N. Lipman, (basement,) ready-to-wear; 1,123 Broadway.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; A. G. Reid, domestics, wash goods, linings; Miss Kenny, women's, infants' wear, corsets; 230 5th Av.

QUINCY, Ill.—J. W. Sinnock & Son; J. W. Sinnock, knit goods, hosiery; 61 Leonard.

READING, Penn.—Diver, Pomeroy & Stewart; W. Munshower, knit underwear; 230 5th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; Miss E. A. Cox, millinery; 432 4th Av.; Belmont.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; R. W. Butler, trimmings, neckwear; S. P. Caldwell, cloaks, suits; 432 4th Av.

SALEM, Mass.—Almy, Bigelow & Washburn; Miss A. F. O'Brien, corsets, knit underwear; 230 5th Av.; Collingwood.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Boston Store Co.; J. Findling, coats, suits, waists, dresses; 15 E. 26th.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Hudson Bay Fur Co.; Mrs. Provol, ready-to-wear furs; 116 West 32d.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Paris Millinery Co.; R. E. Hecox, juvenile clothing, men's furn. goods; 141 5th Av.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Keith-O'Brien Co.; M. Oberdorfer, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d.

SAN FRANCISCO—Roos Bros.; Miss M. E. Weber, ready-to-wear; Miss Conor, waists, millinery; 1,140 Broadway.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—L. Dinkelspiel Co.; S. Dinkelspiel, wash, dress goods, linens; 72 Leonard.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—The Emporium; Mrs. Hamilton, waists; 470 4th Av.

SEATTLE, Wash.—T. J. Hardeman Hat Co.; T. J. Hardeman, hats, caps; St. Andrew.

SHERMAN, Texas—Walter Jones & Co.; E. L. Jones, women's ready-to-wear, men's furn. goods; Wallick.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa—T. S. Martin Co.; F. E. Shields, linens, domestics, white goods; 470 4th Av.

SOUTH BEND, Ind.—George Wyman & Co.; Miss Krider, ready-to-wear; 1,170 Broadway.

SPOKANE, Wash.—The Palace; E. McBride, dress goods, silks, linens, carpets; 225 4th Av.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Ely & Walker Dry Goods Co.; J. A. Raible, silks; 395 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS—Frank & Meyer Neckwear Co.; G. M. Frank, tie silks; Latham.

ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney D. G. Co.; C. Lowenstein, blankets; 23 East 26th; Latham.

ST. LOUIS—L. Herzog & Bro. D. G. Co.; C. M. Steinman, Spring hosiery, underwear; 874 Broadway.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Mannheimer Bros.; Miss R. E. Womack, juniors' wear; 353 4th Av.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Robinson-Strauss Co.; C. J. Richter, flowers, feathers; 621 Broadway.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Mannheimer Bros.; J. R. Hopkins, linens; 353 4th Av.; Longacre.

TOLEDO—Tiedtke Bros. Co.; C. L. Fine, men's furn. goods; 72 Madison Av.

TOLEDO—Baumgardner & Co.; W. F. Myers, silks; 60 Worth; Manhattan.

TOLEDO—Lasalle & Koch Co.; C. Greene, jobs Spring coats, suits; 1,170 Broadway.

TROY, N. Y.—Wm. H. Frear & Co.; H. E. Ingraham, boys' clothing; Herald Square.

TULSA, Okla.—Hunt Co.; D. Hunt, women's wear; 220 5th Av.; Park Avenue.

TYLER, Texas.—Mayer & Schmidt; J. Wolf, Mrs. McFadden, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.

TYLER, Texas—Mayer & Schmidt; J. Wolf, women's ready-to-wear; Miss C. L. McFadin, women's ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way; Gregorian.

WAINSBORO, Ga.—J. Ehrlich, coats, suits; 1,161 Broadway.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; I. E. Fronenl, house furnishing goods, glassware, crockery; 334 4th Av.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; C. H. Francke, laces, neckwear, gloves; N. Goldman, boys' clothing; J. Goldenberg, cloaks, dresses; H. Grunebaum, domestics, dress goods, silks; 1,140 Broadway.

WORCESTER, Mass.—J. C. MacInnes Co.; J. W. Aubuchon, hosiery, gloves, hdkfs.; 432 4th Av.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Strouss-Hirshberg Co.; W. J. Breen, dress goods, silks; 351 4th Av.; Park Av.

GOODS BY LETTERGRAM.

Country storekeepers may replenish their stocks by placing their needs in a brief prepaid day lettergram addressed to The New York Times. The contents will be reproduced concisely in an advertisement costing 50 cents for each line of six words. Wholesalers and manufacturers will respond immediately. Address The New York Times, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

We offer Exceptional Facilities for the Discounting of Manufacturers' and Merchants' Receivables.
Inquiries from Interested Executives are Invited.
LEVISON & COMPANY
BANKERS
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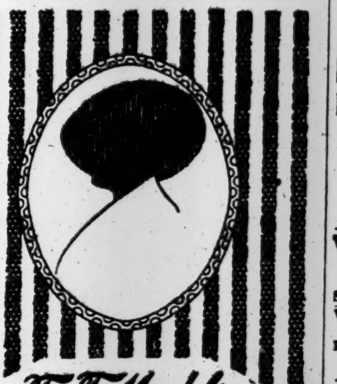
Universal Discount Co.
JACOB ROSENTHAL
100 Fifth Ave., New York

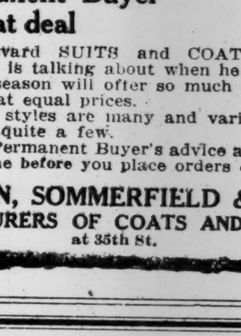
ADVANCES ON MERCHANDISE
WORMSER & CO.
COMMERCIAL BANKERS
1 Fifth Av. Phone Stuyvesant [illegible]



F. F. Models
STYLISH STOUT SUITS & COATS
for full-formed women are specially designed to impart long lines and youthful figures—without sacrifice of style.
See the Fall models to-day at
BERNSTEIN, BAUM, DA COSTA CO.
33 West 32nd St., N.Y.
12th Floor
22d & Arch Sts., Philadelphia

THE SILK CLEARING HOUSE OF AMERICA
SAMUEL EISEMAN & CO. INC.
ALL
The Fashionable
SATINS
CHARMEUSES
and TAFFETAS
are included in our large assortment of
SILKS
SAMUEL EISEMAN & CO., INC.
114-120 East 23d St.
Tel. Gramercy 6204.

HA-KU-RA
SILK WAISTS
Heavy Domestic Georgettes at $27.00 Dozen
Heavy Habutai at $18.00 Dozen
Heavy Crepe de Chines at $36.00 Dozen
At these prices and in these materials HA-KU-RA Silk Waists yield precedence to no other make [illegible]
HANEY-KUTTNER & RAAB
JUNIPER & VINE STS. PHILADELPHIA
1270 BROADWAY-NEW YORK



The Permanent Buyer talks a great deal
—about Boulevard SUITS and COATS, but he knows what he is talking about [illegible] "Boulevard" styles are many and varied—you'll probably want quite a few of them. Take the Permanent Buyer's advice and see the "Boulevard" line before you place orders elsewhere.
GOLDMAN, SOMMERFIELD & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF COATS AND SUITS
1333 Broadway at 35th St. New York

SILK JERSEY
SPORT
COATS & SUITS
Immediate Delivery.
GOLDBERG and ROSENBLATT
137-139 West 25th St. Farragut 9501.

Monarch
Saves You
20%
By Eliminating Selling Expense
By Reducing Overhead
By Figuring Minimum Gross Profit
Convince yourself—see Monarch Dresses and compare?
Silks $6.75 to $35.00
Serges $6.25 to $18.50
MONARCH WAIST & DRESS Co.
6 West 32nd Street N.Y.

What'll you have?
If you want a big, busy season in separate skirts, see the Fall Display of
STAR SKIRTS
Styled to the Minute
Variety enough in style and fabric to cover any class of trade. Star Skirts will win new customers and hold the old ones to your store.
STAR SKIRT CO.
15-19 East 26th Street.

IMPORTED GEORGETTE
IVORY and FLESH
"Priced Attractively Low"
S. & A. E. OBERFELDER,
138 Fifth Ave., New York.

Unprecedented Special Sale of Notions, Fancy Goods, Handkerchiefs and Ready-to-Wear Merchandise.
M. Neuburger & Co., 305 Canal St., Near Broadway.

AUTO DUSTERS
AUTO NOVELTY COATS
RAIN COATS
34 West 27th Street
HOLLSTEIN, YOUNG & CO.

Fall Serge and Silk Dresses
For Immediate Delivery.
NEW ADDRESS
6 & 8 West 32d St.
Pioneer Ladies Garment Co.

VENETIANS
SHIPLEY-HOLLINS CO., 44 East 25th St.

WASH SKIRTS [illegible]
16-18 West 17th Street.

COATS ALONE Weinreb & Horowitz 1140 Broadway.

Cloth Cutting Machines
and SUPPLIES Our Specialty
G. & P. ELECT. SUPPLY HOUSE
M. I. GARSHELIS SAM PHILLIPS
Gramercy 5627-8 238 3d Ave., N. Y.

WOOLENS OFF PRICE
ELIAS SURUT

Our Fall Line of SUITS Now Ready.
TRIANGLE COAT CO. 127 W. 26th St.

Women's Bath Robes, $14.00 dozen up.
[illegible] 151 West 26th St.

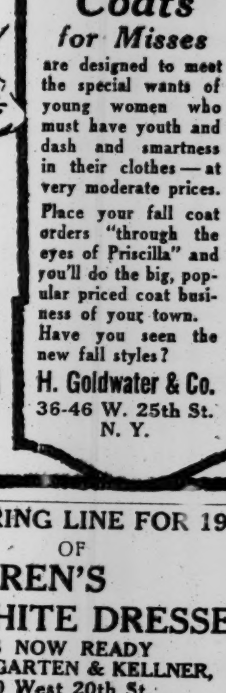
SIMON GINSBERG & BRO.
16-18 West 32d St.
[illegible]

[illegible] PLUSH COATS [illegible]
ROTHSTEIN & NELSON'S, 129 W. 29th St.

Silk Dresses [illegible]

WASH DRESSES [illegible]

BROADWAY [illegible] BRAND, RIBBONS & VELVETS.
MAX FEIST, 32-34 W. 37TH ST.



Through the eyes of
PRISCILLA
Priscilla Coats for Misses
are designed to meet the special wants of young women who have youth and [illegible]
H. Goldwater & Co.
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N. Y.

OUR SPRING LINE FOR 1918
OF
CHILDREN'S
WHITE DRESSES
IS NOW READY
ROSENGARTEN & KELLNER,
20 West 20th St.

FALL COATS, $5.75 TO $15.00
FALL SUITS, $6.75 TO $15.00
PEERLESS CLOAK & SUIT CO.,
1,133 Broadway.

SOLD
[illegible]
HOW ABOUT YOU?
COOPER & GRAPES, 362 Fifth Ave.

Sport & Silk Dresses—Popular Price
Booth, Bregman & Sumberg, 129 W. 27th St.

A LOT OF SECOND HAND
Partitions for Office and Showroom
All Qualities—Rock Bottom Prices.
H. Katz & Son, 118 Prince St. Spring 3239.

SEWING MACHINES [illegible]

Jewish Morning Journal [illegible]

CHINESE PRESIDENT TO GIVE UP OFFICE

Report Li's Decision Influenced by a Guard Running Amuck at His House.

FENG MAY BE SUCCESSOR

Premier Tuan's Decision to Avoid Imperial Abdication Causes New Complication.

PEKING, July 16, (Delayed.)—Tuan Chi-jui, who commanded the republican forces which defeated the attempt to restore the monarchy, has definitely assumed the Premiership, besides taking over the war portfolio.

President Li Yuan-hung has announced his decision not to resume office. He has entered the French hospital, and is under treatment for a slight internal complaint. It appears that his resignation was induced not by illness but by a disturbing incident at his residence at 5 o'clock this morning. One of the guards ran amuck with a sabre, killed a Colonel and two soldiers, and wounded a Captain and a soldier. Taking the pistol of one of his victims, he fired several shots.

Premier Tuan has decided that an abdication edict is unnecessary, as it would compromise the Emperor. Chinese of the southern provinces, jealous of Huan's success, are already endeavoring to weaken his power, asserting he intends to retain the Emperor.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Li Yuan-hung's early retirement from the Presidency of the Chinese Republic and Vice President Feng Kuo-chang's succession to the highest office are indicated in diplomatic advices from the Far East received in Washington today. President Li has not been permitted by the Premier, Tuan Chi-jui, to resume his powers as Executive. Tuan, who is regarded as one of the saviors of the republic in the recent attempt to restore the monarchy, had been previously dismissed from office by Li, and harbors this grievance against the President.

Direct communication between Peking and the Chinese Legations abroad has been re-established with the return to Peking of the Premier and the appointment of a new foreign Minister, Wang Tah-sieh. Premier Tuan is a professional soldier as well as a statesman, and his acceptance of the War Office is regarded here as indicative of his intention of controlling the war machine if China enters the world conflict.

The new Foreign Minister has been a neutral in politics, and can be identified only generally as a republican. His appointment to the Foreign Office was regarded here as significant on account of his previous residence in both England and Japan, whose influence is expected to be felt strongly by China in the immediate future.

Liu Kang-hsun, the new Naval Minister, belongs to the Southern Party in Chinese politics, his appointment being considered as a "peace offering" to the South by the military party of the North, which is now in control of the Government. Whether the South will be completely satisfied with this recognition is problematical.

Premier Tuan, whose policies, especially his efforts to induce the Chinese Congress to pass a war resolution, precipitated the recent governmental crisis, is looked to by close observers of the situation to move toward war in an effort to solidify the sentiment of China and to consolidate the authority of the central Government. He is considered more powerful now than any other man in China.

Minister Reinsch at Peking reported today the names of the three Americans wounded by stray bullets when the republican troops defeated the monarchists. None was dangerously hurt. The names follow:

Corporal J. E. Gault, marine corps, ricochet bullet wound in right side of back; doing well.

Allen R. Zumbrum, civilian, rifle bullet through lower left leg and another through left hip; no bones broken; doing well.

R. A. White, civilian, of Traer, Iowa, bullet wound in left side of back about two inches from spine; no wound of exit; condition much improved.

LOYALTY CHALLENGE IS SENT TO GERMANS

Security League Asks Them to Hold Mass Meetings to Show That America Is United.

The National Security League sent yesterday to the leading organizations of Germans in New York City its challenge to them to stand up and be counted as condemning the German Government and assuring their relatives and friends in Germany that the United States is a united nation in its conduct of the war.

The request for the German-Americans to hold mass meetings and acclaim their loyalty to America will be sent to all the German societies in the United States. The replies will be made public.

S. Stanwood Menken, President of the league, sent a letter to the German societies inclosing a resolution adopted by the Executive Committee of the league. The letter said:

> We take the liberty of sending you herewith a copy of a resolution adopted at the meeting of the Executive Committee of this organization.
>
> We are submitting it to you at this time because it points the way for a great national patriotic work on the part of the members of your organization, and we do so with the conviction that you desire to do your full part of service to bring to the United States peace with victory.
>
> We are advised that the people of Germany do not believe that Americans are a unit in their prosecution of the war or in support of the President, and if your members took it upon themselves to communicate as far as opportunity permits with those that they know in Germany and its allied countries, to the effect that America is preparing for the war on the broadest scale and the entire strength of the nation is behind the war, we feel that it would have tremendous influence toward world peace.
>
> In order that you may understand the attitude with which this resolution is presented, I would say that throughout the National Security League has taken the position that Americans of native birth should approach their fellow-citizens of foreign origin with understanding and good-fellowship and make the war the occasion of creating a nationality by cementing all elements into a common people.

The letter was sent to these New York organizations: Liederkranz Society, Germania Society of Brooklyn, Synod of the Lutheran Church, Arion Society, German-American Independent Democracy, German-American Rowing Club, German-American Waiters' Association, Deutscher Verein, German Historic Society, German Masonic Temple, German Press Club, and the German Society.

ROBBED ST. QUENTIN BANKS.

French Lawyer Hears That Germans Broke Open the Safes There.

GENEVA, July 17.—A French lawyer who is interned at Geneva received news today through an indirect route from a banker friends at St. Quentin to the effect that the Germans recently forced the safes of all the banks in St. Quentin and stole the contents in money, notes and scrip, and even the private account books, which were sent to Germany.

The operation was carried out before the eyes of the bank Directors and employes, who refused to open the safes.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against.*

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Grubb, J.—Room 323, 3d Floor, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

Franklin<Hamburg-Am Packet Co.
Hamburg-Am Packet Co<Franklin.
Willis<Barnes, Ames & Co.
Spencer<Bark Argentina.
Jolles<SS La Drome.
F Renping Leather Co <Ham-Amer Line (2)
Pellissier<same.
Higgins<SS La Drome
Jaburg Bros<same.
Olufsen<3,300 tons oil cake.
Czarnikow<SS Sandon Hall.
Dorrance<Barber & Co.
Re Tug Oneida.
Re Tug Saranac.
Sugar Prod Co<SS Delaware.
Schneider<Stmbt Little Silver.
O'Boyle<Tug James McWilliams.
Mackenzie<Johnston Ltg Co.
Moran Tow & Tow Co <Crawford Co.
Penn RR<Tug Kinetis.
Same<Josh A Lovett.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Bankruptcy discharges,

Matt J Harvey,
George G Snyder,
Solomon Slavin,
Jacob Grossman,
John W Merriam,
James J Tucker,
Saul Levy,
Dorothy Maynard,
Reuben Ovadin,
Henry Lieberman,
Quinn & O'Hara,
Kaplow Bros,
James Weinstraub,
B & L Auto Lamp Co,
Eleanor Cochran,
Lawrence Barnum,
Milton E Stern,
Under objections:
William Kerner,
Elizabeth J Halpin,
David Diamond,
Friedlander Diamond Jew Co,
C M Eckhardt.
Adjourned cases:
Bernard Solomon,
L & E Goldsmith,
Schiff & Greenhaus,
William Oppenheimer,
Involuntary case:
Petition<Daleo & F.
Motions:
Morris & Pope,
Lafayette Baths,
H H Paradise,
Alton Dress & W Co,
J & J Freed,
Emmet Queen,
Vincent Volence, Jr,
Henry Roux,
Morris Cohen,
Samuel Klein,
Int-Ocean Trans Co,
Louis Kupferman,
M & H Gordon,
Hubert Motz,
William Kerner,
Arkin Dress Co,
St Gall Amer Emb Works,
Morris Schwartz,
Ray Hayman,
William Oppenheim,
Morris Fein,
Patterson Lumber Co,
B E Peake & Co, (2.)
Godwin De Gray,
Jacob Simon,
John W Pace,
Baron Bros,
Isidor B Derman,
Levi M Rosenthal,
William Steuer,
Loretta Corp, (2.)
Herbert E Schaffer,
Nathan Thuman,
Resnek-Shapiro Co,
Bronx Cut Stone Co,
H & L Jarmulowsky, (2,)
Samuel Kaufman,
Rodin & Kalish.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., at 2 P. M.—Bankruptcy compositions.

Henry C Paradies et al Consumers Pie Baking Co.
Morris Okzman.
Bankruptcy and general motions:
Robert Burns, Jr.
Wilhelm Co<Rosenson, (2.)
Penobscot Rty Corp,
McLaughlin, as trustee<Kupel.
Camille Weidenfeld,
Bernard Mosesson,
Jacob Friedman,
Bronstein & Javetz,
Henry Krauss,
Fred M Schwartje,
Hecker-J-J Mill Co<Gilbert R Green.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—First Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Ordway, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

The calendar of Special Term, Part I., will hereafter be called by the Clerk at 10:15 A. M. for the purpose of noting defaults, adjournments, and motions ready for argument and to allow submission of motions where papers are complete. At 10:30 A. M. the motions not thus disposed of will be heard in their regular order by the Justice presiding.

Planten<Nat Nas Bk.
Re McGowan<Williams.
NY Pneu Serv Co<N Y Edison.
Reichstadt<Halstead, (2.)
Gurdick<Dela & Hud.
Mack<Amco Rlty Co, (2.)
Singer<Packard Car.
Babinczak<Dela & Hudson Co.
Griffin<Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Co.
Re East 218th St, (White Plains Rd.)
12th Ward Bk<Hains.
Ludwig<Hermann.
Ferreigno<Adams.
Wilson Overseas Ship.
Quacquarello<Remsen.
Honig<Isaac.
Rothstein<Slevin.
Skolnik<Teter.
Conslavo<Loew.
Kogan<Bonta.
Lyons<Asphalt Const.
Mantell<Un Cig Strs.
Lorenzo<Williams & Wells Co.
Michelow<Runetz.
Arnstett<Baecker Haromic Verein, Inc
Kirk<Andrews.
Dunleavy<Am Pastry & Mfg Co.
Johnston<Weed.
Tanenbaum<Tanenbaum.
De Marco<Met Trust.
Grober<Kalbach.
avage<Aldrich.
Re Maltbie (McEar.)
B H RR<Pub Service.
Nassau Elec RR<same
C I & B RR<same.
B, Q Co & RR<same.
Cohen<NY, Ont & W RR, (2.)
Bookbinder<Mirkin.
Gaffney<Kelly.
Roig y Roig<Mangold.
Kaufman<Workin.
Enzler<Seltzer.
Reynolds<Smith.
Faria<McNamara.
Wolforth<same.
Monroe<Monroe.
Hayward<McPaul (2.)
Tachmann<Kinerath Realty Co.
Ledwith<Flynn.
Bernheim<Sloane.
Ely<Moran.
Feld<Muller.
Coan<Ludlam.
Redman<Redman.
Mount<Isaacs.
Birdsall<De Veze.
Caleff<Caleff.
Tritt<Piskoch.
Leifer<Gibbs.
Habousch<Habousch.
Jezek<Firuski.
Kylos<Horn & Hardart Co.
Kelberman<Brondy.
Re Trool.
Rising<Hardman, Peck & Co.
Matich<Baker, Smith & Co.
Schuman<Burns Bros.
Strauss<302 5th Av Corp, (6.)
Conlan<Marsh.
Rector, Church Wardens, &c<Katz.
Conlan<Marsh.
Wiener<Wiener.
Nealis<Nealis.
Bookbinder<Mirken.
Bigelow<Russell.
Alexander<Bd of Edu.
Greenberg<Istel.
Makepeace<Dilltown Smokeless Coal Co.
Steele<Cook.
Perkins<Perkins.
Re Platz.
Hancock<Hancock.
Kirk La Shelle Co<Armstrong.
Re Poletis, (Reit.)
Altieri<Altieri.
Schwartz<Levitt.

PART II.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Excise cases:
Bisson<Scanlon.
Same<Dickinson.
Same<Garthe.
Same<Walsh.
Same<Melbourne.
Re Seller, (2.)
Re Dexter.

PART III.—Recess.

PARTS IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS—PART II.—Recess.

PARTS III., IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—

Wills for probate:
James Farrelly,
Fanny S. Thomas,
Christine Bowman,
Charles T. Dodd,
Brooks S. Wells,
Helena Weyelbaum.

TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M. Litigated motions.

Kelly<Comm Nat Fire Ins.
Crystall Glass and Syphon Bottle Mfg<Faerber-Silverman Co.
Dillon<Brown.
Lipkowitz<Shapiro.
Morris<Rosendorf.
Kalt Lumber Co<Smith Concrete Construction Co.
Killian<Levine.
Greenebaum<Warner.
Segal<Stewart.
Levy<Castellanos.
Realty Records Co<Carroll.
Dusal Chemical Co<Casale.
Weiser<Smith.

PART II.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Franklin Sav Bank<Clarence Realty Co—Wilbur Larremore. Schlosser<Zimmermann—Louis J Schwartz. Goodwin<Fettretch—Joseph P Morrissey.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—John M Bowers<Park Ridge Realty Co—Charles H Griffiths. J Leo Hanigman<Loretta Corp—Geo Z Medalie. Flora Stark<Federal Mail & Gem Express Co—Lester Friedman.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Mullan, J.—Motion calendar, to be called Friday, July 20.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Mullan, J.—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

Motions:
William Rowe,
Elizabeth Mohr,
Louisa Will,
Charles Meyer,
Edna T Wallen,
Wm G Ehrlich,
Rose Difini.
Wills for probate:
T F McCormick,
Martha C Newell,
Rachel Ann Thorn,
Charles F T Roos,
Carl Stelzner,
John Doll,
Wm G Marshall,
Henry Wachsman,
Adolph Brunn,
Charles F Koenig.
Accountings:
Michael Berst,
Henry Turner,
Peter H Short,
William J McGough,
Charles H Fox,
James J Kelly.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Tiernan, J. No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J.—Wood<Phelan Brothers Construction Co—Dominic L O'Reilly.

COUNTY COURT—Tiernan, J.—Thornton<Thornton—Samuel W Phillips.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J.—Arpad G Gerster<David Robinson et al—Felix A Muldoon.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Manning, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.

Waterman<Fort Masonry Co, (2.)
Potter<Tourtellot.
NY Munic Ry Co<Bdway Theatre, (2.)
Glickman<Glickman.
Mondello<Stevedoring.
Johansen<Mapp.
Ballway<Stenson.
Re NY Munic Ry Cor & ano, (Fulton St.)
Hanson<Boenan.
Rose<Rose.
Lee<Lee.
Edlund<Sulzberger & Sons Co.
L Kaplan<Buerkle.
Y Kaplan<same.
S Kaplan<same.
M Kaplan<same.
Hoffman<same.
Bindrim<Smith.
Tichko<L I Elec Ry.
Murphy<NY & Q Co Ry.
Peterson<same.
Lucente<same.
Higgins<same.
F Teen<Wyburn.
G Teen<same.
Cromwell<Bynner.
Galgano<Placella.
Magner<Swope.
Broesel<Long Beach Water Co.
Armour & Co<Hoffman.
Siegel<Newman.
Krugman<Neideregger
Blomgren<Blomgren.
Re Shapiro.
Alderstein<Goodman.
Padgett<Skerry.
Weil<Bklyn Un Gas.
Thibandeau<Hoyt.
Frank<Blant.
Tappen<Tappen.
Steinberg<Steinberg.
Barast<Waldman.
McAvoy<Skelly.
Fisher<Fehlinger.
Murphy<Murphy.
Bronstein<Bronstein.
Grady<Hamill.
Carroll<McDonald.

PART II.—Cropsey, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

Undefended divorces:
Calazza,
Winter,
Meeker,
Schechtman,
Hamilton,
Vasile,
Dobbs,
Zimmermann,
Bergler,
Rosenblatt,
Zwelling,
Saunders,
Davis,
Doppel,
Beck,
Thompson,
Goldman,
Turkowski,
Selah,
Lander,
Fay,
De Gennaro,
Ratner,
Cosentino,
Coulman,
Gregory,
Mackin,
Janssen,
Goldberg.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar, at 10 A. M.

Wills of:
Frederick Holler,
Andrew Smith,
John C Moss,
Barbara Schmidt.
Accounting of:
John Allen,
G A Litchfield,
Isaac Gridley,
Adam Henrich,
Ernest Tinner,
John H Giebhardt,
Sarah D Curtis,
Elizabeth Gaertner,
Carl Stranaberg,
Thomas Haefner,
Laura Gallagher,
Marie Stocker,
William Campbell,
Thomas Donohue,
Goldstein infants,
Arthur Wilson.
Estate of:
Thomas Howden.

County Court.

CIVIL—No day calendar.

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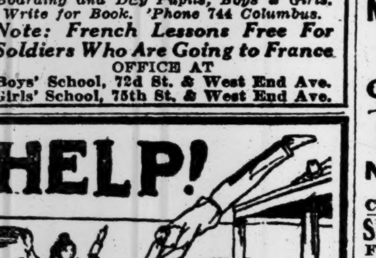

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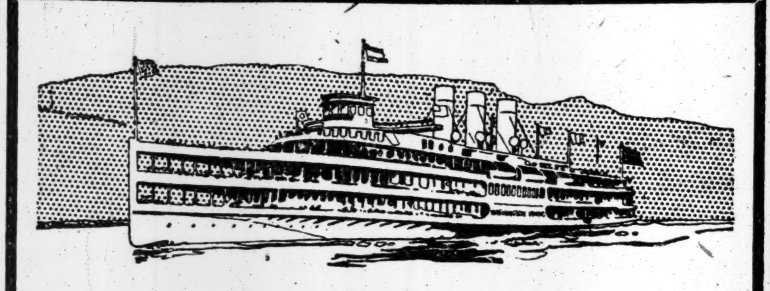

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LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT—RICHMOND COUNTY.—BARNETT WILENSKY, Plaintiff, against ISAAC COHEN and "JANE" COHEN, his wife, said name "Jane" being fictitious, said defendant's real first name being unknown to the plaintiff, Defendants. SUMMONS.

To each of the above named defendants:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, New York, February 6th, 1917.

HAROLD SWAIN, Attorney for Plaintiff. Office and P. O. Address, No. 176 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

TO THE DEFENDANT ISAAC COHEN:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. Charles H. Kelby, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 19th day of June, 1917, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of Richmond at the County Court House at Richmond, in the County and Borough of Richmond, City and State of New York, on June 22nd, 1917.

Dated, June 22nd, 1917.

HAROLD SWAIN, Attorney for Plaintiff. Office and P. O. Address, No. 176 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of INTERMEDIATE CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, July 18, 1917, by order of the Court, at 11:00 A. M., at West Nutley, New Jersey, and at 3:00 P. M. at 120 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Pumps, Melting Kettles, Air Compressor, Subliming Kettles, Chemicals of all kinds connected with the manufacture of Beta Napthol, including sulphuric acid, soda ash, caustic soda, etc., and other machinery, and at 120 Broadway, office furniture, desks, chairs, table, safe, etc.

JOHN H. DELANEY, Receiver.
THOMAS & FRIEDMAN, Attorneys for Receiver, 2 Rector Street, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CENTURY DYE & PRINT WORKS, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, July 24, 1917, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 320 B'dway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Office furniture and fixtures, desks, chairs, typewriter, tables, partitions, safe, etc.

ARCHIBALD R. WATSON, Receiver.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of RAY RODIN & THEODORE KALISH, individually and as co-partners trading as RODIN & KALISH, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, July 18, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 3902 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of all the fixtures as well as the receiver's right, title and interest in and to the lease.

LAWRENCE B. COHEN, Receiver.
LEON DASHEW, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Recover Part of Monday's Losses on Easier Money—New Financing.

A better feeling in financial circles followed the passing of the temporary stringency in money caused by Government withdrawals to meet the $200,000,000 of Government certificates of indebtedness which were paid off yesterday. Renewals were made yesterday at 6 per cent. for brokers' loans, which proved to be the high rate of the day, some funds being offered at the close at 3 to 3½ per cent. A period of high call money operates to attract cash from the interior, and the redepositing of about $100,000,000, which was paid to retire the temporary certificates, resulted in an easier situation in the call money market. Stocks were irregular, but most issues recovered part of Monday's declines. The conspicuously weak issue in yesterday's dealings was Maxwell Motor, which broke from 41 to 35⅛, closing at 36¾, with a net loss for the day of 4⅝. The slump in this issue was due to an expectation that the directors might reduce or omit entirely the dividend at the meeting scheduled to be held yesterday. No action was taken, owing to lack of a quorum, and the question will go over for another month.

The stock market is in an uncertain mood, with discussion of the price-fixing measures to be adopted by Washington looming larger each day. The difficulties involved in the new policy are so many and so great that no easy solution offers itself. In the meantime, buying for the Allies has almost come to a standstill. It is at least a debatable point as to whether the Federal authorities have the right to fix prices for supplies bought by the European Governments, and while manufacturers are reconciled to accepting prices to be fixed by governmental authority for purchases made for this nation's account, they are not disposed to concede that the same quotations should apply to export business.

A suggestion emanating from Washington which has received favorable comment in the financial district, is that the President should appoint a purchasing commission made up of several prominent industrial heads, with representation for the War and Navy Departments, to act as a board of review for all Government buying.

Although there was a fair degree of activity in yesterday's market, bankers believe that speculation should be limited, lest the market absorb too much of the banks' funds. Sentiment on the Stock Exchange inclines to the view that present conditions do not warrant a more active market.

The demand for investment issues has been slow in recovering from the strain of the Liberty Loan offering. Announcement of the short-term financing to be done by the Delaware & Hudson was received with a good deal of interest as indicating the inability of corporations of the very best credit standing to finance their needs with long-term issues at a satisfactory price in the present state of near-deadlock in the bond market. The demand for short-term issues is, however, excellent.

LONDON MARKET QUIET.

Brazilian Issues Leading Feature—American Securities Dull.

LONDON, July 17.—The stock market was quietly cheerful today. The leading features were Brazilian issues on the resumption of payments and Japanese bonds on redemption purchases. In the mining section Canadians were prominent and in other sections rubber and oil stocks were strong, while steady investment buying occurred in breweries, Australian bonds and consols at occasionally harder price. American securities were dull and uninteresting. Money was in better supply and discount rates were easy.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, July 17.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 60 francs 70 centimes for cash. Exchange on London 27 francs 18 centimes. Five per cent. loan 88 francs 50 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	6	Last	3½
Low	3	Renewals	6

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	4½@4¾	Sixty days	5
Ninety days	4½@4¾	Ninety days	5
Four months	4¾@5	Four months	5@5¼
Five months	4¾@5	Five months	5@5½
Six months	5 @5¼	Six months	5@5½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	3@3½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	4@4½

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days	4½
4 to 6 months	4½@5

Other Names.

4 to 6 months	5@5¼

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.7550	$4.7550	$4.7550	—.0005
Cables	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	...
Francs—				
Demand	5.75⅝	5.75⅝	5.75⅝	—.00⅜
Cables	5.74⅝	5.74⅝	5.74⅝	—.00⅜
Rubles—				
Demand	22.40	21.90	21.90	—1.00
Cables	22.50	22.00	22.00	—1.00

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	4.7550	4.76 7/16
5.7825	Paris	5.75⅝	5.74⅝
	China—		
	Hongkong	63.25	63.35
	Peking	98.25	98.35
	Shanghai	92.875	93.00
19.295	Greece	19.80	19.90
40.10	Holland	41.18¾	41.25
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	32.75	33.00
	Calcutta	32.75	33.00
5.1826	Italy	7.22½	7.21½
49.84	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.00	51.12½
	Yokohama	51.00	51.12½
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	50.12½	50.25
51.85	Russia	21.90	22.00
26.79	Scandinavia—		
	Copenhagen	28.90	29.10
	Stockholm	31.00	31.20
	Christiania	29.40	29.60
19.295	Spain	22.90	23.10
	South America—		
32.41	Rio	26.75	26.875
42.44	Buenos Aires	43.875	44.00
5.1826	Switzerland	4.66	4.64½

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.71½	$4.69½	$4.71⅛	$4.69⅛

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House Exchanges, $872,949,128; balance, $52,516,023; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $234,344; Federal Reserve credit balance, $27,861,561.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 25@10c discount; San Francisco, 10c premium; Montreal, $2.50@$2.8125 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 40 15-16d, off 5-16d; in New York, 80⅝c, off ⅝c; Mexican dollars, 63¼c.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Tin, spot	62.00	62.50	61.50	.....
Lead	....	10.62½	.....	11.12½
Spelter	8.62½	.....	8.75	.....
Antimony	*15.00	15.50	*15.00	15.50
Quicksilver	105.00	.....	105.00	.....
Aluminium	*55.00	.....	*56.00	.....
Iron, No. 2Xfdy	53.75	54.75	53.75	54.75

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 29½@30c, carload lots, spot delivery; 29c, third quarter; 27½@28c, fourth quarter delivery.

London quotations were:

	Tuesday. £	s.	d.	Monday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	130	0	0	130	0	0
Copper, futures	129	10	0	129	10	0
Tin, spot	329	0	0	287	10	0
Tin, futures	336	5	0	334	15	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	30	10	0	30	10	0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, JULY 17, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	664,480	336,839	448,382
Year to date	109,194,963	90,836,583	75,546,735

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
26⅛	30	100	Advance Rumely	27	27	27	27	—1
67½	67¾	100	Ajax Rubber	67¾	67¾	67¾	67¾	+ ¼
5⅛	5⅜	100	Alaska Gold Mines	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	...
29	29¼	900	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	29	29	28¾	29	— ¼
90½	91	2,600	Am. Beet Sugar	90¼	91	90¼	90⅞	+ ⅜
48¼	..	1,200	Am. Can	48	48½	48	48½	+ ½
..	..	10	Am. Can pf	107	107	107	107	...
76	76½	400	Am. Car & Fdry	75⅝	76	75¼	76	+1
38	39½	200	Am. Cotton Oil	38½	38½	38	38	— ¾
12⅞	13⅜	300	Am. H. & Leather	13	13	13	13	...
60½	61	300	Am. H. & Leath. pf	60¼	60⅜	60¼	60⅜	+ ½
57¾	58½	900	Am. International	58	58⅜	58	58	—1½
24¾	25	2,900	Am. Linseed	24¾	24¾	24¼	24¾	+ ¼
60	61¼	100	Am. Linseed pf	60	60	60	60	—2⅛
71¼	71¾	1,400	Am. Locomotive	71	71½	70½	71½	+1½
16⅜	16⅞	2,300	Am. Malting	16¼	16½	16	16½	+1¼
68½	68⅞	1,550	Am. Malting 1st pf	69¾	70	68½	68½	— ½
103¼	103⅝	5,300	Am. Smelt. & Ref	102⅝	103⅝	102¼	103⅝	+1
66½	67	400	Am. Steel F'dries	66½	67	66½	67	...
123¾	124¼	16,100	Am. Sugar Ref	121⅞	124½	120¾	124	—2⅜
119	119½	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	119	119	119	119	— ½
51⅛	51⅝	3,700	Am. Sumatra Tob	51	52¾	50⅝	51½	+ ⅝
120½	121	200	Am. Tel. & Tel	120½	120½	120½	120½	— ⅛
207	210	2,400	Am. Tobacco	197⅞	206⅛	197½	206⅞	+9¼
100⅞	101	400	Am. Tob. pf. new	101	101	100⅞	101	+ ⅛
52	53	100	Am. Woolen	52⅛	52⅛	52⅛	52⅛	+ ⅛
97½	99	100	Am. Woolen pf	98	98	98	98	...
38	38½	100	Am. Writing P. pf	38½	38½	38½	38½	—1
23¼	24	1,900	Am. Zinc L. & S	22	23¼	22	23¼	— ½
61¼	62¾	100	Am. Zinc L. & S. pf	61¼	61¼	61¼	61¼	+ ¼
78	78⅛	13,500	Anaconda Copper	77¼	78⅛	76¾	78	+1
101¼	101½	1,500	Atch., Top. & S. F	100⅞	101½	100⅞	101¼	+ ⅜
98	98½	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	98	98	98	98	+1
111¼	112½	100	Atlantic Coast Line	111½	111½	111½	111½	+1¼
107⅛	107⅞	3,000	At., Gulf & West I	107¼	108	105½	107⅝	+ ⅛
61	61¼	100	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	61	61	61	61	— ⅝
68½	69¼	11,700	Baldwin Loco	67⅝	69¾	67¾	68⅝	+ ½
73⅛	73¾	600	Baltimore & Ohio	73⅛	73⅝	73	73¼	...
126¾	127	57,800	Beth.S.class B t.cfs	123½	127	122⅝	127	+3¼
59½	60⅛	100	Bklyn Rapid Tran	60½	60½	60½	60½	...
85	89⅞	40	Buf., Roch. & Pitts	85	85	85	85	...
37	38	300	Butte & Superior	36¾	37	36¾	36⅞	+ ⅝
12	12½	100	Butterick Co	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	+ ⅝
37	37½	200	California Packing	37½	37½	37½	37½	— ¼
75¾	83	100	Calumet & Arizona	77	77	77	77	...
163¾	164	1,500	Canadian Pacific	164	165	163½	164	...
80	84	100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼	—2⅞
85½	86	5,600	Central Leather Co	85	86	84¼	86	+ ⅞
110	113	200	Central Leather pf	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	+ ½
87⅜	88	600	Chandler Motor	88	88	87	87	—1
34⅛	34½	300	Chi., Gt. West. pf	34⅛	34⅛	34	34	...
72½	73	1,420	Chi., Mil. & St. P	73	73⅝	72⅞	73	+ ¼
109¼	110	400	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	110	110	109¾	109¾	— ¾
67	67½	200	Chi., Rock Island & Pac. cfs. of d. f.p	67	67	67	67	— ½
36¾	37¼	900	C., R. I. & P. t. cfs	37¼	37¼	36¾	37	— ⅛
76¼	77	400	Chi., Rock Island & P., 7 p.c.pf.t.c.x d.	77	77¼	76½	76½	— ⅜
62½	63	1,500	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c.pf.t.c.x d.	63	63¼	62½	62¼	— ⅝
20⅛	20¼	800	Chile Copper	20¼	20¼	20⅛	20⅛	...
52½	52¾	3,100	Chino Copper	52⅝	52¾	52¼	52¾	...
49⅝	49¾	1,600	Col. Fuel & Iron	49	49¾	48½	48½	— ½
40¼	41	100	Columbia Gas & El	40½	40½	40½	40½	...
108	108½	20	Consolidated Gas	108½	108½	108½	108½	...
101¼	101½	600	Continental Can	100½	101½	100½	101½	+1⅛
34¼	34⅜	16,200	Corn Products Ref	33⅞	34⅜	33¼	34¼	+ ⅝
81	81¼	35,800	Crucible Steel	79	81½	79	81	+1½
41¾	42⅛	4,800	Cuba Cane Sugar	40¾	42⅛	40¾	41¾	+ ¾
89	90¼	210	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	90½	90½	89⅞	89⅞	— ⅛
99¾	100½	200	Deere & Co. pf	100	100	100	100	...
114	114¼	400	Delaware & Hud	113	114¼	113	114¼	+ ¾
13½	14½	400	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	14	14	14	14	+ ¾
24	24¼	5,000	Distillers' Secur	23½	24½	23½	24⅛	+ ⅝
25½	25⅝	2,300	Erie	25⅞	25⅞	25⅛	25⅝	+ ⅝
38	39¼	700	Erie 1st pf	39	39	38¾	38¾	...
29¼	29½	200	Erie 2d pf	29	29¼	29	29¼	...
35¼	36½	200	Gaston, W. & W	34¾	35	34¾	35	...
156¾	161	600	General Electric	156⅞	157½	156⅞	157	—1
116¼	116⅜	14,200	Gen. Mot. temp. cfs	116¼	117¼	114⅜	116½	+ ⅜
50½	51½	2,400	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	49¾	51¼	49¾	50⅝	...
105⅜	105¾	300	Great Northern pf	105½	105⅝	105½	105⅝	+ ⅝
33¾	34	4,000	G. N. ctfs. for o. p	33⅝	34¼	33½	33⅞	+ ⅞
41	41½	400	Greene-Cananea	41	41	41	41	+ ⅝
110	120	500	Gulf States Steel	120	120	117	117	—3
38⅝	39	350	Haskell & Barker	38¾	38⅞	38¾	38⅞	+ ⅜
55⅝	55¾	6,100	Inspiration Copper	55⅝	56¼	55¼	55⅝	+ ½
9¼	10	100	Interboro Consol	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	...
56½	57½	600	Interboro Con. pf	55½	57	55½	57	+1
19½	20½	500	Int. Agricultural	20	20	20	20	+ ¾
56½	57⅛	2,600	Int. Agricultural pf	55⅞	58¼	55⅞	57¾	+1½
28⅝	29	7,700	Int. Mer. Marine	29⅝	30	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅞
83⅞	84¼	16,100	Int. Mer. Mar. pf	85¼	85⅞	83¼	84	— ½
39¼	39½	2,700	Int. Nickel	39	39½	38¾	39¼	+ ½
34½	35	200	Int. Paper	34	34½	34	34½	+ ½
41	43	500	Jewel Tea	43¼	43½	43	43	—2
42¾	42⅞	4,000	Kennecott Copper	42⅜	42¾	42⅛	42¾	+ ¼
91½	91⅞	3,900	Lackawanna Steel	90½	91¾	90¼	91¾	+1¾
21	21½	100	Lee Rubber & Tire	21	21	21	21	— ⅜
63¼	64	500	Lehigh Valley	63¼	63¾	63¼	63¾	+ ½
80¼	81½	100	Mackay Cos	81½	81½	81½	81½	...
64	64⅛	100	Mackay Cos. pf	64	64	64	64	— ⅛
36½	37	16,900	Maxwell Motors	41	41	35⅛	36¾	—4⅝
60¼	61	1,900	Max. Motors 1st pf	60¼	60¼	59¼	60	— ¾
27	29	400	Max. Motors 2d pf	27¼	28	27	28	— ¼
95¼	95⅞	3,100	Mexican Petroleum	95⅞	96	94½	95⅝	+ ⅛
39⅝	40	900	Miami Copper	39¾	40	39½	40	...
60	60½	1,800	Midvale Steel	59¾	60½	59	60½	+ ¾
15½	16¼	100	Minn. & St. L. new	16½	16½	16½	16½	+ ¼
6	6¾	700	Mo., Kan. & Texas	6⅝	6⅞	6⅜	6⅞	— ½
11	12	300	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	12	12	12	12	+ ½
33⅛	33¼	8,100	Mo. Pacific tr. ctfs	32¾	33¼	32⅝	33¼	+ ¾
34¼	35	100	National Acme	34	34	34	34	+ ¼
37	37½	2,700	Nat. Conduit & C	36¾	37½	36½	37	— ⅝
40½	41	800	Nat. Enam. & St	40½	40½	40⅛	40⅛	— ¼
99	100	150	Nat. En. & St. pf	99½	99½	99½	99½	— ⅜
55¼	57	100	National Lead	55½	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛	+ ½
109	112	100	National Lead pf	110½	110½	110½	110½	— ¾
21¾	22	400	Nevada Con. Cop	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾	+ ⅛
25	25⅝	500	N. O., Tex. & Mex	25⅛	25¼	25⅛	25¼	[illegible]
130	135	200	N. Y. Air Brake	133	133	130	130	—5
90¼	90¾	1,400	N. Y. Central	90¾	91¼	90½	90½	...
26	29	100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	26	26	26	26	+1
36½	37	1,525	N. Y., N. H. & H	37	37⅛	36½	36⅞	— ⅝
122½	123⅛	400	Norfolk & Western	123¾	123¾	123⅛	123⅛	— ⅞
101	102	800	Northern Pacific	102⅛	102¼	101	102	— ¼
56¼	56⅝	1,300	Ohio Cities Gas x r	55½	56½	55½	56½	+ ¼
62	62¼	2,900	Ohio Cities G. rgts	62	62½	61¾	62¼	...
5⅜	5⅝	400	Ontario Mining	5½	5½	5½	5½	+ ⅛
91	92	200	Owens Bottle Mach	91	91	91	91	...
27	27¾	400	Pacific Mail	27	27	27	27	...
89½	92	100	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	90	90	90	90	...
53¼	53½	600	Penn. R. R	53⅛	53¼	53⅛	53¼	+ ⅛
77	78½	200	People's Gas, Chi	77	77	77	77	...
37	38	600	Philadelphia Co	38	38⅜	37⅛	37⅛	— ⅞
38¼	39¾	100	Pierce Arrow	39	39	39	39	—1
72¼	80	100	P., C., C. & St. L	74	74	74	74	+2
53⅜	54½	2,200	Pitts. Coal cfs. of d	54	54¾	53½	54	— ¼
119½	120	300	Pitts.C. pf. cfs. of d	120	120	119	119¾	—1¼
100	102	100	Pittsburgh Steel pf	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	+ ¼
32⅝	32⅞	600	Pitts. & West Va	32⅝	32⅞	32½	32⅞	+ ¼
63	64	100	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	63	63	63	63	...
71½	72½	1,900	Pressed Steel Car	71½	71½	71	71½	+ ½
26⅝	27	5,100	Ray Con. Copper	26½	27⅛	26⅝	26⅞	+ ⅛
96¾	96⅞	7,700	Reading	97	97¼	96⅜	96¾	+ ⅞
87	87¼	11,200	Rep. Iron & Steel	86¼	87¼	85¼	87¼	+ ¾
65	65⅜	1,400	Royal Dutch t r	65¼	65⅞	65½	65¾	+ ¼
47	50	100	St. L. Southw. pf	47⅛	47⅞	47⅛	47⅞	— ⅞
82	85	500	Savage Arms	79	81	79	81	+1⅛
18	18⅛	100	Saxon Motor	18½	18½	18½	18½	...
168	169	100	Sears, Roeb. & Co	168	168	168	168	—2
23⅛	24½	1,100	Shattuck-Arizona	24	24¼	23⅜	24¼	— ¾
43	43⅝	2,100	Sinclair Oil & Ref	43	43⅝	42¾	43¼	+ ½
53	53½	1,300	Sloss-S. Steel & I	53	53	52½	53	—1
93½	93¾	1,200	Southern Pacific	93¾	93¾	93⅜	93¾	+ ⅜
27⅞	28	2,300	Southern Railway	28	28⅛	27¾	27⅞	— ¼
56	57	200	Southern Ry. pf	57	57	57	57	+ ⅛
58⅛	58¼	6,800	Studebaker Co	57¾	58⅛	56	58⅛	+ ½
43	44	200	Superior Steel	44	44	43½	43½	— ½
101½	105	200	Sup. Steel 1st pf	102½	102½	102½	102½	+ ¼
17	17½	300	Tenn. C. & C	17	17⅜	17	17⅜	— ⅛
188½	189	3,400	Texas Co	191	191	187	188¾	—2⅝
..	..	4,105	Texas Co. rights	21⅝	22	20½	21	— ⅛
16½	17	300	Texas & Pacific	16	16¼	16	16¼	+ ¼
19½	20	200	Third Avenue	20⅛	20⅛	20	20	— ⅞
62⅞	63	11,000	Tobacco Products	61	63	60⅞	63	+2
101	103½	200	Tobacco Prod. pf	103	104	103	104	+2
136¼	136¾	2,000	Union Pacific	136½	137⅛	136⅜	136½	+ ⅜
79½	80	500	Union Pacific pf	80	80	80	80	...
43	45	600	United Alloy Steel	42⅞	43	42⅞	43	...
115¾	116⅛	17,900	United Cigar Stores	112	116⅛	112	116	+4
132	137½	100	United Fruit	134	134	134	134	...
9½	10	200	United Rys. Invest	10	10⅛	10	10⅛	— ⅛
20	22	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	21½	21½	21½	21¼	...
157	157⅞	5,400	U. S. Indus. Alco	156	158	155	157⅞	+1⅝
61½	62¼	100	U. S. Rubber	61	61	61	61	— ¼
107½	108¼	200	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	108	108	108	108	+ ⅛
58	58½	300	U. S. Sm., R. & M	58⅞	58⅞	58½	58½	—1¼
121⅝	121¾	211,600	U. S. Steel	120½	121⅞	119⅝	121⅞	+1⅜
117¾	117⅞	800	U. S. Steel pf	118	118	117⅞	118	+ ⅛
103⅞	104	9,600	Utah Copper	102½	104	101½	103⅞	+1⅛
18½	19½	100	Utah Securities	19	19	19	19	...
..	..	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	110	110	110	110	+2
65	68	900	Va. Iron, Coal & C	66	66	65	65	—1
11½	12	100	Wabash	12	12	12	12	...
50	50¼	500	Wabash pf. A	50	50	49½	50	...
17	17½	100	Western Pacific	17	17	17	17	...
49½	49¾	1,100	Westingh. E. & M	49¼	49½	49¼	49¼	...
16¼	16½	400	Wheeling & L. E	16¼	16¼	16	16¼	+ ⅜
34⅛	34¾	100	Wheel. & L. E. pf	34½	34⅛	34¼	34¼	— ⅜
46¼	46¾	200	White Motors	46⅛	46¼	46¼	46¼	—1⅛
68¾	69	500	Wilson & Co	68⅝	69	68⅝	68¾	— ¼
32¼	32⅜	2,900	Willys-Overland	32⅛	32½	31¾	32¼	+ ⅛
95½	96½	900	Willys-Overland pf	95½	96½	95⅜	96½	+ ¼
122	124	200	Woolworth pf	123	123	123	123	+ ⅝

SAVE 1,120,000 TONS OF COAL

Railway Cut in Passenger Service Now 16,267,028 Train Miles.

Fairfax Harrison, Chairman of the Railroads War Board, announced yesterday that passenger schedule curtailment under the board's war plans had amounted to date to 16,267,028 miles of train service a year, meaning a saving in the one item of coal of 1,120,000 tons, and the releasing of a large amount of equipment for freight transport.

"Every ton of coal, every locomotive, every mile of track space, every man whose duties are absorbed by an unnecessary passenger train can be put to effective use in freight service," says Mr. Harrison, "and nothing is more necessary at the moment to insure the safety and prosperity of the country than that the railroads be able to handle the utmost possible amount of freight. The railroads gave in April some 15 per cent. more freight service with practically the same facilities than in the same month last year."

In view of the war necessity for restricting passenger service, Elisha Lee, General Manager of the Pennsylvania, has issued a reminder to all employes of the special need for care "in observing their courteous obligation not to occupy seats when pay passengers are standing."

The New York Central announced last night that it would provide special facilities for the new medical supply depot of the United States Army at Greenwich and Morton Streets. A spur from the tracks in West Street will be constructed to the storehouse, and freight will be brought to the door from all parts of the country. This spur was suggested by the Secretary of War in a letter to Mayor Mitchel, who put the matter before the Board of Estimate and the Bureau of Franchises. The permit was made "for the period of the war."

Raise Capital Stock to $25,000,000.

In accordance with previous action of the Directors and stockholders of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, the capital stock of the company was increased yesterday from $20,000,000 to $25,000,000. The surplus of the company was also increased to $25,000,000, making the total capital and surplus $50,000,000. The Guaranty is the third bank in the United States to have a capital of $25,000,000, the other two being the National City Bank and the National Bank of Commerce, both of New York.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Call Money Down to 3 Per Cent.

Call money rates, which rallied to 10 per cent. on Monday, were considerably lower yesterday. The renewal rate was 6 per cent.—the figure at which most of the loans were made the previous day—and it was also the high for the day. The low was 3 per cent. and the closing quotation was 3½ per cent. The Federal Reserve Bank of New York was again a heavy creditor at the Clearing House, due, no doubt, to the adjustments incident to the withdrawal of Government funds and the transfer of money to out-of-town correspondents, but about $50,000,000 was paid to the banks in redemption of Treasury certificates of indebtedness which were due yesterday.

***

Liberty Bond Quotations.

The Committee on Arrangements of the New York Stock Exchange decided yesterday that transactions in Liberty Loan bonds in lots of less than $500 shall not be reported. Trading will be continued in odd lots, even in single $50 bonds, but the published prices will be those of lots of $500 or more. It was explained that the prices quoted for $50 bonds created an erroneous impression as to the market value of the Government securities, many people not realizing that small odd lots cannot be sold at the prices paid for round amounts and that the real index of market value was the quotation for full lots. Yesterday Liberty Loan bonds sold from 99 40-50 to 99 44-50, closing at 99 42-50, or $998.40 per $1,000.

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Exchanging Bonds.

Secretary McAdoo, in his original announcement concerning the details of the Liberty Loan, declared that provisions would be made for the interchange of bonds of different denominations and of coupon and registered bonds upon the payment, "if the Secretary of the Treasury shall require," of a charge not exceeding $1 for each new bond issued upon such exchange. He stated that the transfers of registered bonds and the exchanges of registered and coupon bonds would not be made until Oct. 1, or such later date as might be designated. No advices have yet been received regarding what charge, if any, will be made, but it is understood that a small payment will be required, one sufficient to reimburse the Government for the expense of the new certificate and the clerical work connected with it.

***

New City Bonds Go Well.

It was reported yesterday that slightly more than half of the $47,500,000 issue of the New York City bonds purchased by the Morgan Syndicate last Thursday had already been sold. All of the $7,500,000 serial bonds were disposed of last week. Bond dealers are greatly pleased with the response of investors, and they say that the quick sale of the municipals indicates the demand for tax-exempt securities.

***

A New Slump in Maxwell.

A fresh period of weakness in Maxwell Motors yesterday had little influence on the market for other motor shares. Maxwell common, on heavy dealings, broke from 41 to 35⅛, afterward recovering to 36¾, at which figure it showed a net decline of 4⅝ for the day. The first and second preferred issues were not affected, both losing only ¼ on moderate transactions. The decline was based on an expectation that Directors at the July meeting, scheduled for yesterday, might omit the dividend. The meeting was not held owing to lack of a quorum, and was put over until next Tuesday, but it is not expected that the dividend declaration will be considered until the next regular meeting on Aug. 14. The common stock is now on a 10 per cent. basis, so that at yesterday's low price it represented, while the dividend continues, a yield of 28 per cent.

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Unoccupied Desk Chairs.

There were more absentees among men prominent in Wall Street affairs yesterday than are usually noted in the dullest season. The disposition of corporations to forego new financing measures and the quiet in bond circles gave many men who have been keeping long hours since the announcement of the Liberty Loan an opportunity to get into the suburbs for a day on the links.

***

Government Needs Accountants.

Major L. W. Blyth, in charge of the Auditing Division of the Ordnance Department of the War Department, has written to Ernst & Ernst, certified public accountants, requesting them to give publicity to the need of accountants in the Government service. The United States Civil Service Commission has announced open competitive examinations for men to fill from 100 to 200 vacancies at salaries ranging from $1,200 to $2,700 a year. Applications will be received at any time and papers will be rated promptly, and certification made as the needs of the service require. With the Government placing so many large contracts on a cost basis a great many men will be required to check up the accounts of manufacturers. Experienced men are scarce, and high class accountants usually receive more than the Government is offering, but it is expected that many will make sacrifices in the recruiting that will be undertaken by the well-established accounting firms.

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Chinese Solving Cuba's Labor Problem.

Cuba's shortage of labor is being relieved by an influx of Chinese. According to advices received yesterday by the Federal Sugar Refining Company, about 100 Chinamen are arriving at the island every week and have been coming in at this rate for some time. Planters would be glad to see a still greater immigration, as native labor is scarce and dear.

DEPOSITS OF $2,180,992,300.

Resources of Trust Companies Here Exceed $2,583,489,400.

The resources of the thirty-one trust companies in the City of New York total $2,583,489,400, according to a statement compiled by the Clearing House from reports furnished to the State Superintendent of Banks in response to the call for condition on June 20. Since the last previous call, Feb. 28th, when thirty companies filed reports, the resources have increased $39,304,700. In this interval of four months two new companies were established, namely, the Mercantile Trust and Deposit and the Scandinavian, and the Astor Trust was eliminated from the record by reason of its absorption by the Bankers Trust Company.

The deposits of the thirty-one trust companies aggregated $2,180,992,300 on June 20, an increase of $32,184,900 for the period. Following is a comparative summary of resources and liabilities:

RESOURCES.

	June 20.	Feb. 28.	Increase.
Stock and Bond Investments (market value)—			
Public securities	$200,067,800	$160,502,900	$39,564,900
Private securities	281,178,300	299,762,700	*18,584,400
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	39,298,400	39,406,500	*108,100
Mortgages owned	64,287,100	59,325,400	4,961,700
Loans and Discounts—			
Secured by real estate	9,680,000	8,759,900	920,100
Secured by other collateral	946,047,800	875,691,300	70,356,500
And bills purchased, not secured	360,044,100	328,370,600	31,673,500
Due from Trust Companies, Banks, and Bankers—			
From reserve depositaries	179,195,400	249,698,600	*70,503,200
From others	66,254,500	66,254,500	....
Specie	143,428,600	159,460,400	*16,031,800
Legal tender notes and notes of National Banks	12,738,600	11,616,500	1,122,100
Cash items, exchanges, and Federal Reserve notes	57,171,500	53,686,400	3,485,100
Other resources	224,097,300	231,649,000	*7,551,700

LIABILITIES.

	June 20.	Feb. 28.	Increase.
Capital	89,550,000	84,550,000	5,000,000
Surplus and undivided profits	178,822,000	179,277,600	*455,000
Gross Deposits—			
Preferred deposits	239,882,100	208,794,600	22,087,500
Deposits (not preferred)	1,649,936,500	1,657,270,000	*7,333,500
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	300,173,700	282,742,800	17,430,900
Aggregate deposits	2,180,992,300	2,148,807,400	32,184,900
Acceptances, foreign and domestic	94,484,800	102,240,100	*7,755,300
Other liabilities	39,640,300	29,309,600	10,330,700
Total liabilities and resources	2,583,489,400	2,544,184,700	39,304,700

*Decrease.

Economic Russia
Her Present Position and Possibilities

are discussed at length in a ninety-eight page book we have prepared. Merchants and investors interested in the possibilities offered by Russia are invited to send for a copy of this book.

A. B. Leach & Co.
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Investment Statistics

that have been gathered by us from official and authoritative sources are at the disposal of investors who wish to avail themselves of the information we have collected. We invite the investing public to make use of our services.

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MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	71.65	71.20	71.47	— .09
25 industrials	90.95	89.22	90.77	+1.06
50 stocks	81.30	80.25	81.12	+ .58

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
July 17	81.30	80.25	81.12	+ .58
July 16	81.44	80.15	80.54	— .61
July 14	81.59	80.69	81.15	+ .43
July 13	81.83	80.42	80.72	— .77
July 12	82.13	81.08	81.49	— .19
July 11	81.93	81.15	81.68	+ .70
July 10	81.18	80.25	80.98	+ .68

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

July.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1917	82.44	July 2	80.05	July 6	81.12
1916	87.04	July 6	82.91	July 14	84.38
1915	75.34	July 20	66.96	July 10	73.55
1914	69.08	July 7	57.41	July 30	57.77
1913	70.24	July 28	65.80	July 9	69.34
1912	82.76	July 3	79.75	July 12	81.80
1911	83.75	July 19	81.50	July 5	82.49

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1917	90.46	Jan. 4	75.77	May 9	81.12
†1916	91.83	Jan. 3	80.91	Apr. 22	84.15
Full Years.					
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.99	Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.80	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30	60.20
1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.06
1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.20
1911	84.41	June 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

July 17	82.68	+.03	July 10	82.62	+.01
July 16	82.65	—.09	July 9	82.61	—.08
July 14	82.74	+.10	July 7	82.69	+.04
July 13	82.64	—.07	July 6	82.65	—.14
July 12	82.71	+.02	July 5	82.79	—.07
July 11	82.69	+.07	July 4	Holiday.	

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1917	89.48	July 20	82.61	July 9	82.68
†1916	87.43	June 17	86.19	Apr. 22	87.00
Full Years.					
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 23	88.64
1915	87.62	Nov. 24	81.51	Jan. 2	86.67
1914	89.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18	86.34

*To date. †To corresponding date.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, JULY 17, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	$2,221,000	$2,741,000	$1,803,500
Year to date	542,663,450	578,893,450	428,219,700

U S Liberty 3½s, w i
$35000 99 43-50
500 99 41-50
10000 99 42-50
500 99 40-50
500 99 40-50
500 99 40-50
25000 99 40-50
10000 99 42-50
2000 99 40-50
500 99 43-50
1000 99 41-50
500 99 40-50
27000 99 42-50
12000 99 41-50
6000 99 42-50
500 99 41-50
1500 99 43-50
500 99 44-50
500 99 44-50
21000 99 43-50
30000 99 44-50
10000 99 43-50
69000 99 44-50
500 99 40-50
25000 99 43-50
5000 99 42-50
500 99 40-50
500 99 40-50
3000 99 44-50
53000 99 42-50
286000 99 40-50
4000 99 42-50

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000.

U S 3s, coup
1..... 99½
Am For Sec 5s
15..... 96⅞
60..... 97
Anglo Fr 5s
70..... 94
½..... 94⅛
½..... 94⅛
½..... 94⅛
½..... 94¼
½..... 94⅛
1..... 94
½..... 94⅛
6 lots
½..... 94¼
1..... 94⅛
2..... 94
3..... 94⅛
Argentine 5s
1..... 85
Chinese Ry 5s
2..... 68
CityofBord6s
6..... 95
1..... 95¼
CityofMars6s
6..... 95
CityofParis6s
6..... 94⅜
3..... 94⅝
1..... 94½
2..... 94⅜
1..... 94⅞
3..... 94¾
French Govt temp 5½s
4..... 99¼
17..... 99⅛
109..... 99 3/16
Jap Govt 4s, sterl loan
2..... 76
4½s, stl ln, 2d Ser, Gerstp
1..... 79½
UnKingofGt Br & Ire 5s
4..... 98⅛
11..... 98¼
2..... 98⅜
6..... 98½
15..... 98⅝
5½s, 1918
7..... 99 11/16
1..... 99¾
17..... 99 11/16
132..... 99¾
5..... 99 11/16
7..... 99⅝
1..... 99 13/16
5½s, 1919
14..... 97¼
5..... 97⅜
new
19.....100⅛
5.....100 3/16
1.....100¼
11.....100 3/16
1.....100⅛
14.....100¼
2.....100⅛
1.....100 3/16
5.....100¼
3.....100¼
2.....100 3/16
6.....100⅛
5½s, 1921
6..... 96⅜
5..... 96½
6..... 96 7/16
15..... 96½
5..... 96⅜
N Y Canal 4s, 1960
1.....101
NYCity4s,1955
1..... 94¼
4s, 1958
2..... 94½
4s, 1959, reg
1..... 93
4¼s, 1964
6..... 98
4½s, Nov, 1917
2.....100⅛
AlaskaGMcv deb6s, SerB
1..... 64
AmSm&Ref temp 1st 5s
1..... 92¼
5..... 92⅜
5..... 92¼
AmT&Tcol4s
3..... 89⅛
1..... 89¼
col tr 5s
7..... 99⅛
½..... 99⅝
1..... 99
1..... 99⅛
1..... 99
1..... 99⅛
Arm'r&Co4½s
5..... 91⅛
A,T&SFgen4s
1..... 88⅜
AtlCstLine, Lo&Ncol 4s
10..... 77½
Bald Loco 5s
1.....101½
B&Oprln3½s
5..... 91½
gold 4s
1..... 85¼
conv 4½s
4..... 88⅝
ref 5s
1..... 96¾
BethStlext5s
10.....100⅜
1st & ref 5s
5 3... 98¾
BRT5s,1918
25..... 98¾
6..... 98⅞
BklnUnGas5s
1..... 99⅝
CanSocon5s, Ser A
3..... 99⅝
CenofNJgen5s
3.....110
registered
3.....109¾
2.....110½
CenPacgtd4s
2..... 84
C & O cv 4½s
5..... 79
5..... 78¾
2..... 79
conv 5s
21..... 87⅞
2..... 87¾
5..... 87½
1..... 87⅞
Chi&Alton3½s
1..... 46⅜
3..... 46
C,B&Qjt4s
1..... 96⅛
1..... 96¼
5s30f. 96⅛
22..... 96¼
gen 4s
1..... 91
Chi,Mil&StP gen 4½s
5..... 94½
ref 4½s
5..... 85⅝
conv 4½s
12..... 89
18..... 88½
Chi&NWdeb 5s, 1933
1.....100
Chi Rys 5s
1..... 94½
Chi,RI&P Ry ref 4s
10..... 71
3 c... 71
15..... 71¼
2..... 71
C&WIcon4s
1..... 72
Chile Cop 7s
1.....123½
6.....123⅝
6s, rcts, pt pd
3.....100¼
Col&Soref& ext 4½s
1..... 79
D&RioGr 1st&ref5s
3..... 49¾
1..... 50
1..... 50⅝
DistSecCorp5s
7..... 65⅛
cv4s, SerA
1..... 53
GenElecdeb5s
1.....103⅝
Hud&Man1st &ref5s, SerA
1..... 59
adj inc 5s
5..... 12¾
IllCent4s,1953
1..... 82
IllCent&Chi,St L&NOjt5s,A
12..... 93
Ill Steel 4½s
2..... 87
Ind Steel 5s
2.....102⅛
IRT1st&ref5s
1..... 93¼
3..... 93⅜
3..... 93½
IntMerMarsf6s
23..... 93¼
7..... 93¾
83..... 94
Int Paper 6s
2.....100
KC,FtS&M4s
1..... 71⅜
1..... 71½
LaclGasLofSt L 1st 5s
13.....100
LakeS&MichS 4s, 1928
2..... 91½
4s, 1931
1..... 90
Ligg & M 5s
7.....100
LItempdeb5s
5..... 80½
L & N gen 6s
4.....100½
unified 4s
1..... 91½
ManhatCon4s, tax exempt
5..... 84
Midvale Steel col tr 5s
3..... 93⅝
16..... 93¾
1..... 93⅝
M,StP&SSM 1st con 4s
7..... 88¾
Mo,K&T1st4s
3..... 68
2d 4s
3s30f. 39¼
MoP1stcon6s
1.....100
1st&ref5s, w i, 1926
1..... 92⅞
1965
1..... 91⅛
gen 4s, w i
15..... 60⅝
2..... 60⅝
1..... 60¾
7..... 60½
5..... 60¾
1..... 60⅝
18..... 60½
5..... 60⅜
12..... 60½
NYCentdeb6s
10.....104⅞
2.....104¾
12.....104⅞
NY,L&W term&imp4s
5..... 96½
NY,NH&H cv deb 6s
6..... 97
1..... 96¼
NYStateRys con 4½s
1..... 79
NYTel4½s
30..... 93⅝
NY,W&B4½s
1..... 56
N & W gen 6s
1.....110
Nor Pac 4s
6..... 87¼
2..... 87⅛
½..... 88⅛
1..... 87
Nor Pac 3s
4..... 62¾
NorStatesPow 1st&ref5s
1..... 93⅝
OreR&Ncon4s
3..... 87
OreSL1stcon5s
2.....103
gtd ref 4s
1..... 88½
PacGas&El5s
3..... 88
2..... 97½
1..... 97¾
Penngtd4½s
5..... 99½
PaRRtemp4½s
10..... 95
PereMar1st5s
½..... 89½
1..... 88¾
PubServCsf5s
1..... 87
RepIron&Steel s f 5s, 1940
1.....100¼
StL&SFprpln 4s, Ser A
6..... 62¾
25..... 62½
prln5s, SerB
1..... 79⅛
StLSW1st4s
5..... 70
SeabALgold 4s, stamped
1..... 75½
adj 5s
2..... 59
5..... 60
So Bell T & T 1st 5s
1..... 99¼
So Pac cv 4s
2..... 82
conv 5s
4..... 98¾
1..... 98½
6..... 98¾
So Ry gen 4s
5..... 65½
1..... 65⅝
1..... 65¾
2..... 65½
6..... 65¾
Tex Co deb 6s
12.....102¾
10.....102½
8.....102⅝
ThirdAv1st5s
5.....101
adj 5s
2..... 41
10..... 40½
Un Pac 1st 4s
1..... 91¼
1..... 91⅜
1..... 91½
conv 4s
2..... 89⅝
1..... 89⅛
1st & ref 4s
5..... 85
2..... 84¾
USRubber5s, Tr Co ctfs
2..... 86½
4..... 86⅝
7..... 86½
½..... 87
½..... 87
½..... 87
½..... 87
10..... 86⅝
10..... 86½
U S Stl Corp sink fund 5s
21.....104⅛
5.....104
5.....104¼
VirgnRy1st5s
1..... 94½
1..... 94
Wabash 1st 5s
2.....100¼
West Elec 5s
1.....100
West Pac 5s
3..... 87⅛
WestUnfd& real est 4½s
1..... 92
Wilson & Co 1st 6s
1.....101½
5.....101¼
3.....101
WisCengen4s
1..... 81

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96½	..
2s, c, 1930	96½	..
3s, r, 1918	99¼	..
3s, c, 1918	99¼	..
3s, 1946	84	..
4s, r, 1925	104½	..
4s, c, 1925	104½	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	96	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	96	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	80	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	80	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Acme T 1st pf		92
Adams Ex	110	115
Ad Rumely	14	15¾
Alaska J	4	4½
Allis-Ch M pf	82½	84
Am Ag Ch	92	93½
Do pf	99	100½
Am B N	38	42
Do pf	47	49½
Am B Sug pf	93½	97
Am B S & Fdy	..	102
Do pf	180	194
Am C & F pf	116	116½
Am Coal	44	..
Am Cot O pf	89	95
Am Exp	92	100
Am Ice	10½	11
Do pf	52½	53
Am Lo pf	102	103
Am Sm pf, A	98½	100
Do, B	92	93
Do rec	91	93
Am S & R pf	112½	114
Am Snuff	120	130
Do pf	99	105
Am S Tob pf	88	95
Am T & C	59	62
Am T & T, 2d paid	65	70½
Asso D G	15	21
Do 1st pf	51	59
Do 2d pf	35¼	39
Assets R	2	3
Assoc Oil	58½	62
A, B & A	14¼	15
A, G & W I pf	61	61¼
Bald Loco pf	100	101
B & O pf	69¾	70½
Barrett Co	105⅝	107
Do pf	107	109
Batop M	1	1¼
Beth Steel	129	135
Do pf	115	120
B Un G	100	115
Brown Sh	..	71
Do pf	95	100
Bruns Ter	10⅝	11⅝
B R & P pf	105	115
Burns Bros	99	100
Bush Ter	..	100
Calif Pet	19	19¼
Do pf	50¼	51
Cal Pkg pf	106¼	109½
C, C & O	22½	26
Do pf	50	..
C R R of N J, ex div	235	325
Can So	..	54
C & S A Tel	116	118
Cerro de P	34½	35½
Ches & O	60¼	61
Chi & Alt	..	16
Do pf	21	26¾
Chi Gt W	11¼	11½
C & N W	109	109½
Do pf	140	150
Chi, St P, M & Om	90	110
Do pf	110	130
C, C, C & St L	39	41
Do pf	68	76
Cleve & P	..	83¾
Do spec	..	49¾
Clu-Peab	63	67
Do pf	103½	116
Col & So	25	27
Do 1st pf	53	56
Do 2d pf	40	47
Comp T R	38	40
C G E L & P, B	104	116
C I C M	17	18⅜
Cont C pf	..	111
Cont Ins	52	54
Corn P R pf	97	99
Crex Carp	30	45
Cruc S pf	102	102¼
C-Am Sug	188	195
Do pf	100	105
D, L & W	200	210
D & R G	6¾	7¾
Det Ed	122	124
Det U Ry	..	112
Dome M	11	11¼
D S S & A	3⅞	5¾
Do pf	6	9¼
Elk Coal	34	35
Do pf	44	46
Elec S B	58½	60
Erie & P	..	70
Fisher Bdy	36½	37
Do pf	85	90
F M & S pf	40	46
Gen Chem	221	240
Do pf	111	115
Gen M pf	87½	88
Gen Cigar	36	40
Do pf	95	100
G'drich (B F) Co pf	104	106½
Granby C	81	84
Gulf S S 1st pf	110	114
Do 2d pf	105	160
Hartman	55¼	63⅞
Helme (G W) Co	..	200
Do pf	100	120
Homestake	100⅛	..
Ill Cent	103¼	104
Inger-R	200	..
Do pf	100	..
I H, N J	112	113½
Do pf	117	117⅛
Int H Cor	67¾	76
Do pf	103	..
Int N pf	102½	..
Int Pa pf	..	105
Do pf, sta	70	71¼
Iowa Cent	3	5½
Jewel T pf	100	105
K C, Ft S & M pf	..	68
Kan C So	21¾	23
Do pf	53	56
Kelsey Wh	30	38
Do pf	82	88
Kelly S T	47	49
Do pf	88	95
K & D M	2½	6
Do pf	..	50
K'gs Co El L & P	109	110
Kress (S H) Co	55	65
Do pf	105	105¾
Lacl Gas	96	98
L E & W	16	18
Do pf	28	30
Ligg & M	235	240
Do pf	115	120
Long Isl'd ctfs	39	43
L-W Bis	15	18
Do 1st pf	80	92
Do 2d pf	51	64
Lorill'd Co	200	225
Do pf	115	116¼
Louis & N	127	128½
Mah C R	350	..
Man B'ch	1	2
Man Elev	114	118
Man Elec S 1st pf	..	95⅞
Math Alk	52	53
M Dep Sts	52½	56
Do pf	102¼	108
Mex P pf	91	95
Mich Cent	98	120
M, St P & S S M	101	104
Do l l	65	80
Mo Pac pf	58	58½
Mon Pow	92¼	94
Do pf	110	112¼
Mor & Es	77¾	85
N, C & St L	127	140
Nat Bis	108½	110
Do pf	115	121
N C & S	73	79
Do pf	108½	112
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	..	23
Do 2d pf	4	7
N Y, C & St L 1st pf	66	80
Do 2d pf	45¼	50
N Y Dock	17½	18
Do pf	40	44½
N Y, L E & W	..	115½
N Y, O & West	23½	23⅞
Norf So	24¼	26
N & W pf	82½	85
North Am	60	64
N W Tel	..	60
Nova Sc S	92	94
Ohio F S	44⅝	47
Owens B M pf	110	120
Pac Coast	40	60
Do 1st pf	68	90
Do 2d pf	68	80
Pac M pf	100	120
P T & Tel	25	28½
Do pf	91	98½
Peo & E	7½	9
Pere Marq	20¼	21
Do P pf	63½	64½
Do pf	..	50
Pett-Mull	21	55
Do 1st pf	90	95
Pierce-A pf	96½	98
Pitts Coal	53	60
Do pf	119	142
P, Ft W & C	146¼	154
Pr Stl Car pf	100	103
P S N J	117	118
P'man Co	141	144
Quicksilver	1¼	2
Do pf	1½	2⅜
Ry Stl Spr	50	52
Do pf	98	99
Rdg 1st pf	40½	42
Do 2d pf	41¼	44
Rep I & S pf	102½	102⅞
St L & S Fran	17	18¼
Do pf	..	29
St L S W	31¼	33
Seab A L	12	13¾
Do pf	28	30
Sears-R pf	124	126¾
S-S S & I pf	93	95
So P R S	159	180
Do pf	100	..
St'd Mill	86	92
Do pf	84	90
Studeb Co pf	93	98
Stutz Mtr	41	45
T P L Tr	135	..
T, St L & West	2	10
Do ctfs	3	6
Do pf	8	16
Do pf c	8	12
Tran & W	42	43
T C R T	84¾	86
Und Type	101	105¼
Do pf	114	..
U B & P	11	12
Do, new	81	85
Un Drug	73	75
Do 1st pf	51⅝	52
Do 2d pf	85½	87¼
Un Cig Sts pf	114	119
Un P'board	27½	29
U S C I P	20	22
Do pf	52½	58¼
U S Exp	18	22
U S R & I	13	15
U S Sm pf	50	50⅜
Va I, C & Coke	40½	41
Va R & P	..	48
Wab pf B	27	27¼
W F Exp	90	94
West Md	20	21
Do 2d pf	35	39
W Pac pf	45	46
West U T	93⅝	94
W E & M 1st pf	65	70
Weym-Bru	..	270
Do pf	100	115
Wilson pf	102	105
Wis Cent	49	50
W'w'th (F W)	125	130
Wor Pump	34	36
Do pf, A	90	97½
Do pf, B	57	61

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. For. Sec.	5	Aug., 1919	96⅞	97⅛	6.75
Argen.Gov.Disc.		Dec. 15,'17	99⅞	100⅜	5.10
Argen. Govt.		May 15,'20	98⅛	98¾	6.25
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99⅝	100⅛	4.90
City of Mont.	5	May, 1918	99½	100⅛	4.90
City of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	98	100	5.00
Dom. of Can.	5	Apr., 1921	98½	99¼	5.15
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1917	99⅞	100⅛	3.50
Dom. of Can.	5	Mar., 1937	94⅛	94¾	5.50
FrenchGov.Con.		Apr., 1919	99	99¼	5.80
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	95	97	6.60
Italian Govt.	6	Oct., 15,'17	99⅞	100⅛	5.50
Norweg. Gov.	6	Oct. 15,'17	99⅞	100½	4.50
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	100½	102	5.40
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	98	100	5.00
Gov. of France	5	Is. of 1916	$145	$150	..
Rep. of China	6	Nov., 1919	94½	96½	7.50
Russian Govt.	6½	July, 1919	90	91	..
Do	5½	Dec., 1921	78	80	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb. 14,'26	$218	$220	..
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1918	99⅝	100⅛	4.85
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	99½	99⅞	5.05

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Nov., 1917	99⅞	100¼	4.00
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	99	100	6.00
Am. T. & T.	4½	Feb., 1918	99⅞	100¼	4.05
Am. Thread	5	Jan., 1919	98	98½	5.05
Ark. Val. R., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	99	100	6.00
Beth. St. Cor.	5	Feb. 15,'19	98¼	98½	6.15
Braz. L. & T.	6	Nov., 1919	95	97	7.50
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	98½	98¾	6.30
C., B. & Q.		July, 1921	96⅛	96⅝	4.95
C. & W. Ind.	5	Sep., 1917	99⅝	100⅛	4.25

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Can. North.	5	Sep., 1917	99½	100	5.00
Can. Pac. R.	6	Mar. 2,'25	101⅝	101⅞	5.65
Curt. A. & M.	6	Serial	99½	101	..
Cuba-Am.Sug.	6	Apr., 1918	100⅜	100¾	4.95
East. P. & L.	5	Mar. 1,'18	97	100	5.00
Erie R. R.	3½	Apr., 1919	98	98¼	6.05
Fed. Sug. Ref.	5	Jan., 1920	97¾	99	5.30
Gen. Rubber	5	Aug., 1918	99	99½	5.15
G. T. of Can.	5	Aug., 1918	97	99	5.80
G. T. of Can.	5	Nov., 1917	99	100	5.00
Hocking Val.	5	Nov., 1917	99⅞	100¼	4.00
Int. Harvest.	5	Feb. 15,'18	99⅞	100½	4.10
Kan. C. Ry.	5½	July, 1918	98¾	99½	6.00
K. C. Ter. Ry.	4½	Nov. 15,'18	98½	99¼	4.90
K. C. Ter. Ry.	4½	July 19,'21	97½	99	4.80
Mich. C. R.R.	5	May 3,'18	99¼	99½	5.60
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	90	97	7.50
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	100	100½	4.75
N.Y.C. R. R.	4½	May, 1918	99⅜	99⅝	5.00
N.Y., N.H.&H.		Apr. 15,'18	95½	96¼	8.95
Otis Elevator	5	Apr., 1920	97	99	5.20
Penn. Co.	4½	June 15,'21	98½	99½	4.60
P. S. C., N.J.		Mar., 1919	98	99¼	5.30
Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co.	5	Feb. 1,'19	79	83	..
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2,'19	98¼	98½	5.95
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	99⅞	100⅜	4.55
Utah Sec. Cor.	6	Sep. 15,'22	90	91½	8.10
Wabash R. R.	4	May, 1920	92	95	5.80
W'house El. & Mfg. Co.	5	Oct., 1917	99⅞	100¼	3.70
Win. R. Arms	5	May, 1918	97¼	98	..
W. V. T. & E.	6	May, 1919	97½	98½	6.75
W. S. G. & E.	6	June, 1927	97	98	6.25
Win. E. Ry.	6	Jan. 15,'18	98½	100	5.50

April 30, 1917

American Car and Foundry Co.

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LIBERTY LOAN AIDS IN CONFERENCE HERE

Discuss with Paul M. Warburg Improvements in Handling Future Issues.

WILL REPORT TO McADOO

New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Richmond, Cleveland, and Chicago Districts Represented.

Paul M. Warburg, Vice Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, came to New York yesterday to attend an informal conference of Liberty Loan Committees of the Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Richmond, Cleveland, and Chicago districts, which was held at the offices of the New York Liberty Loan headquarters, at 50 Wall Street. The main purpose of the conference was to consider improvements in handling future bond issues, in th light of the experiences of the last campaign. The session lasted practically all day, and there will be another meeting today.

The various bankers who attended the conference were requested to say nothing about the discussions for publication, but James Freeman Curtis, Secretary of the New York Reserve Bank and Secretary of the conference, issued a formal statement, thus summarizing the topics considered:

"Time schedule of campaign; method of organization of Central Committee and its relations with sub-committees; apportionment of expense; publicity; organization and development of general selling plans; maintenance of organization between campaigns; co-ordination between Federal Reserve districts; co-operation with local associations and organizations; handling of reports, receipts, and payments of subscriptions; deliveries of interim certificates and definitive bonds; time of day for closing subscription books; organization of Government deposit departments, and custodian for securities pledged to secure Government deposits."

The official statement called attention to the fact that, inasmuch as the conference would probably report its recommendations to the Secretary of the Treasury, the members felt that it would not be proper for them to give any detailed statement of their deliberations prior to the receipt of their report by the Secretary.

Alfred L. Aiken, Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston, was elected Chairman of the conference. The other Reserve bank officials present were Governors Charles J. Rhoades of Philadelphia, E. R. Fancher of Cleveland, George J. Seay of Richmond, and James B. McDougal of Chicago. Pierre Jay, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, represented this district. The other local bankers attending the sessions were Charles E. Mitchell, President of the National City Company; N. D. Jay, Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company; G. E. Gregory, Vice President of the National City Bank; Guy Emerson, Vice President of the National Bank of Commerce, and E. B. Sweezy of Harris, Forbes & Co.

The out-of-town delegates were M. P. Hallowell, J. R. Macomber, Phillip Stockton, Robert R. S. Weeks, John K. Allen, C. S. Bullen, and C. E. Perkins of Boston; G. J. Ward, W. C. Janney, F. M. Hardt, and Lewis H. Parsons of Philadelphia; J. F. Bruton and Channing Rudd of Richmond; L. B. Williams of Cleveland; H. L. Stuart and W. M. J. Fisk of Chicago, and Lewis B. Franklin of the Treasury Department and J. A. Broderick, Chief Examiner for the Federal Reserve Board.

There were invited to the conference a committee of the American Bankers Association, consisting of Lewis E. Pierson, Chairman of the Irving National Bank; Fred I. Kent, Vice President of the Bankers Trust Company; Colonel Frederick E. Farnsworth, General Secretary of the association, and Arthur D. Welton, manager of the Department of Public Relations.

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY CO. for the year ended Dec. 31, 1916, shows surplus after charges amounting to $2,649,651, an increase of $955,528 over 1915 period.

Public Utilities.

BRAZILIAN TRACTION, LIGHT & POWER CO., LTD., for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1916.	1915.	1914.
Gross rev.	$5,764,764	$5,339,193	$7,523,696
Total	6,019,478	5,612,876	8,058,813
Surplus	823,154	545,422	809,413

PHILADELPHIA & WESTERN RAILWAY—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
June gross	52,186	45,420	6,766
Net	24,237	25,125	*888
Sur. aft. chgs. and tax	11,711	12,595	*884
12 mos. gross	538,137	491,488	46,649
Net	271,306	256,669	14,697
Sur. aft. chgs. and tax	120,894	106,320	14,574

DAYTON POWER & LIGHT for June—

	1917.	1916.
Gross earnings	125,181	115,735
Total operating expenses	84,400	66,176
Net earnings	40,781	49,558
Total income	41,413	50,104
Net income	16,174	30,149
Dividend on pref. stock	14,812	14,812
Surplus	1,362	15,636

REPUBLIC RAILWAY & LIGHT CO. and subsidiary companies, eliminating intercompany items, for June—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Gross earnings	875,345	821,024	54,821
Net earnings	120,959	132,319	*11,359
Gross income	125,262	132,663	*7,400
Net income	44,747	64,083	*19,335
Pref. Divs.	25,957	25,957	......
Balance	18,790	38,126	*19,335
12 months ended June 30:			
Gross earnings	4,283,069	3,598,296	684,772
Net earnings	1,594,265	1,485,547	108,718
Gross income	1,627,436	1,497,766	129,669
Net income	719,560	742,086	*22,526
Pref. divs	311,484	311,484	......
Balance	408,076	430,602	*22,526

*Decrease.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Baltimore & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	5.00	4.80
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	5.00	4.75
Canadian North'n	1917-'26	4½@5	6.80	5.80
Canadian Pacific	1917-'28	4½	5.30	5.00
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	5.05	4.80
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	4.85	4.60
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1917-'27	4½	5.70	5.10
Chi., St. L. & N.O.	1917-'24	5	4.98	4.72
C., C., C. & St. L.	1917-'29	5	5.45	5.00
Cuba Railroad	1917-'26	5	6.20	5.25
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.00	4.85
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	5.35	5.00
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	5.70	5.20
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½@5	4.95	4.70
Louis. & Nash	1917-'23	5	4.92	4.62
Michigan Central	1917-'30	5	5.00	4.75
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1917-'23	5	6.10	5.20
Missouri Pacific	1917-'22	5	5.75	5.20
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	5.40	5.00
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1917-'32	4½@5	5.10	4.80
Norfolk & West.	1917-'24	4½	4.92	4.62
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½@6	5.38	5.00
Penn. Gen. Fr'ght	1917-'28	4 @4½	4.92	4.67
St. L., Southwest	1917-'26	4½@5	5.33	5.00
Seaboard Air Line	1917-'26	5	5.37	5.00
Southern Pacific	1917-'26	4½	4.97	4.74
Southern Railway	1917-'24	4½@5	5.08	4.78
Toledo & Ohio C.	1918-'27	4½	5.10	4.90

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Amer Oil	32	35	Iron Blos.	85	$1
Bay S Gas	8	10	Jerome V.	1⅛	1⅛
Bingham	12⅝	13	La Rose	40	50
Begole	50	75	Majestic	43	46
Bohemia	1½	1¾	Mex Met.	27	29
Bost Ely	40	50	Mojave T.	68	72
Bost & M.	60	61	New Baltic	1¼	1¾
Butte & L.	13	16	Nev Doug.	1⅛	1⅜
Butte & D.	45	55	N Utah B.	..	50
Bost Ariz.	1¾	2	Nixon	36	39
Calaveras	3½	4	N Cornelia	17½	18
Chief Con.	2½	2⅝	Nat Z & L.	65	67
Crown Res.	27	32	Oneco	..	50
Con Ariz.	2	2¼	Ohio Cop.	1¼	1½
Cortez	20	25	Onondaga	30	40
Champ Cop	7	8	Pioneer	1⅛	1¾
Cal Corbin	1½	2½	Rilla	2	3
Eagle & B	2⅝	2½	Ray Herc.	3¾	4
Earl Eagle	15	17	S W Miami full paid.	2⅛	3
Fortuna	7	8	S W Miami part paid	2	2¼
Gold Lake.	5	7	Truro	1¼	1⅜
Houghton	75	95	U Verde E	36¾	37½
Homa Oil	1¼	1⅜	Yuk Gold.	1¾	2
Humboldt	85	95			
Iron Cap.	16	16½			
Iron C pf.	15¾	16½			

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hldrs. of Record.
Am. Beet Sugar pf.	$1.50	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 15
Crucible Steel pf.	2	Ac.	Aug. 31	Aug. 16
Kings Co. E.L. & P.	2	Q	Sep. 1	Aug. 21
Pitts. Oil & Gas	2	—	Aug. 15	July 31
Republic Iron & S.	1½	—	Nov. 1	Oct. 15
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Oct. 21	Sep. 15
Sears, Roebuck & Co.	2	Q	Aug. 15	July 31
Taylor W. I. & S. pf.	1¾	Q	Aug. 1	July 20

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 17.—Twenty-two new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $425,000, were chartered today. They include:

Liberty Bell Waist Co., Inc., Manhattan, waists and dresses and ladies' wearing apparel, $5,000; J. Siederbaum, H. Plotkin, L. Farber, 300 Brook Avenue.

Lockwood Estate, Inc., Manhattan, realty, $120,000; W. H. Reid, A. W. Pross, F. J. Middlebrook, 46 Cedar St.

Jean Havez, Inc., manage theatres and opera houses, $5,000; H. S. Hechheimer, L. Gilson, H. B. Price, 220 West 42d St.

Greenwood Rosenberg, Inc., Manhattan, manufacture ladies' wearing apparel, $5,000; F. & B. Greenwood, B. Rosenberg, 10 West 119th St.

Protection Paint Co., Inc., Brooklyn, general manufacturing and sale of paint, varnishes, chemicals, $10,000; J. Karjan, M. Bartholomew, P. Lamprepoulos, 66 5th Av., Brooklyn.

Schneider's Cafe and Family Liquor Store, Inc., Manhattan, conduct cafes and family liquor stores, $5,000; H. Goode and M. and R. Schneider, 140 West 142d St.

Breseo Shoe Co., Inc., Herkimer, general shoe business, $6,000; B. E. and L. A. Bresee, Frank Soller, Herkimer.

Norway Hotel Co., Inc., Manhattan, operate hotels, restaurants, and cafes, $50,000; S. L. Root, M. B. Marshall, J. V. B. Roome, 135 West 42d St.

Lundihn, Inc., Manhattan, tailors, dressmakers, milliners, $50,000; H. L. Carmichael, G. Howard, L. O. Lundihn, 748 5th Av.

D. Loventhal's Sons, Inc., Manhattan, manufacture shoes, rubber footwear, $25,000; C. D. and H. and I. Loventhal, 2,032 2d Av.

Rochester Auto Parts, Inc., Rochester, deal in autos, motor boats, and motor cycles, $10,000; I. Brown, F. D. Russell, F. B. Schuber, Rochester.

F. W. Hall & Co., Inc., Manhattan, manufacture laundry supplies, colors, and chemicals, $100,000; J. B. Baer, L. C. Karutz, E. M. Taub, 60 Wall St.

Capital increase: W. H. Duncan Co., Inc., Manhattan, $30,000 to $75,000.

Authorization: Danwuille & Co., Ltd., Great Britain, planters, fruit growers, no capital given. Representative, John Oliver, 204 Franklin St.

Dissolutions: District Bottlers' Collecting Co., Brooklyn; Strang Montauk Storage Co., Brooklyn; A. & P. Cloak and Suit Co., Manhattan; Lestershire Industrial Co., Binghamton; Levi & Schwarz, Inc., Manhattan; Elmhurst Dairy Co., Inc., Manhattan; Elmdorf Realty Co., Rochester.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., July 17.—Charters filed:

American Alcolene Corp., manufacture produce and deal in distilled and crude petroleum and other oils, $20,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, H. L. Mullin, Clement M. Egner, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

National Synthetic Rubber and Tire Co., manufacture various kinds of tires for automobiles, $1,000,000; A. W. Britton, S. B. Howard, John A. Moore, all of New York.

Merry Oil and Refining Co., acquire oil lands and develop the same, $1,000,000; E. L. Merry, Oklahoma City, Okla.; R. A. Moody, Tulsa, Okla., and L. Harden, Muskogee, Okla.

Monitor Oil and Refining Co., acquire and develop oil lands of all kinds, $1,000,000; J. Edmond Stevens, Walter P. Carrow, George T. Maxwell, local Dover, Del., incorporators.

General Steel Co., buy, sell, and deal in and with iron, steel, manganese, $2,250,000; C. L. Rimlinger, H. L. Mullin, Clement M. Egner, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

The Mines and Metals Corp., do a general mining business of all kinds, $150,000; Jules Hickman, Arthur H. Bailey, Henry W. Youngling, all of New York.

Increase in capital: New York-Irvine Oil Co., New York, $60,000 to $10,000,000.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Pittsburgh Oil and Gas Company has declared an initial dividend of 2 per cent.

The Sub-Treasury has transferred $2,441,000 to San Francisco on account of a shipment of an equal amount of gold to Japan.

Salem, Mass., has sold to Edward L. Stokes, Philadelphia, a temporary loan of $250,000 in anticipation of revenue.

The Southern California Edison Company has filed with the California Railroad Commission an application for authority to execute a mortgage and deed of trust upon its property to secure an issue of $10,000,000 face value of bonds. This is a preliminary application.

A petition has been filed with the up-State Public Service Commission by the Long Island and Lighting Company for authority to issue $130,000 in first mortgage 5 per cent. twenty-five-year gold bonds, and $100,000 in common capital stock, the proceeds to be used for reconstruction, equipment, and working capital.

The Chicago Stock Exchange Governors have approved the listing of Bucyrus Company common and preferred stocks.

The Treasurer of the Pennsylvania Railroad is prepared to commence delivery tomorrow of the definitive bonds of the issue of $60,000,000 of Pennsylvania Railroad Company general mortgage 4½ per cent. bonds or surrender of interim certificates at the office of the company at 85 Beaver Street, or at the Treasurer's office, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

Charles E. Robinson, formerly with Stranahan & Co., is now associated with McGeorge & Vanderhoef.

THE COTTON MARKET

Crop and Weather Conditions Responsible for a Number of Sharp Changes.

Southwest crop and weather conditions again occupied the attention of traders in the cotton market yesterday and were responsible for a number of sharp changes in the market. Reports of good rains caused an opening decline of 10 to 48 points and brought out a good deal of overnight liquidation, but the break was short-lived. Private advices asserting that the parts of Texas which were most in need of rain had received comparatively little started a covering movement, which, being increased by active purchases for Japanese account and by trade interests, ran prices up nearly $3 a bale from the lowest of the morning. October contracts touched 25.50c and December 25.36c, an advance of 30 points over Monday's closing figures.

According to advices current around midday, Southern and Western Texas had received only scattered showers which failed to relieve the drought in those regions. The rest of the State, as well as Oklahoma, seemed to have been well watered, and advices from those areas were of a generally favorable condition. The Eastern belt likewise sent reports which created a bearish sentiment and eventually, in the afternoon, increased selling brought about a total loss of the earlier upturn.

Considerable interest was again manifested in the July position. While trading was light in that delivery, it was understood that a considerable long interest yet remained and was prepared to take delivery of cotton to fill export contracts which have already been made and freight room engaged. It was believed in some quarters that because of the Southern freight congestion, it might be necessary for shorts to bring cotton from the East to fill their commitments in the current month.

The Liverpool market was 25 points lower on both spot and futures. A local crop reporting bureau made condition 70.4 against 70.2 on June 22, which was considered rather bullish. A Texas concern also issued a report making condition 71.8, with the Texas condition 69.

Exports for the day were much smaller, aggregating only 1,511 bales, all to the Continent. Exports so far this season total 5,350,872 bales against 5,834,052 for the same period last year.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon.
July	26.80	26.80	26.54	26.54@26.56	26.90
Aug.	25.50	25.50	25.45	25.88 bid	25.93
Sept.	..	..	..	25.55 bid	25.55
Oct.	25.00	25.50	24.98	25.21@25.23	25.19
Nov.	..	..	..	25.09 bid	25.12
Dec.	24.91	25.36	24.88	25.06@25.08	25.10
Jan.	25.00	25.45	24.97	25.13@25.14	25.18
March	25.21	25.58	25.20	25.28 bid	25.34
May	25.19	25.66	25.19	25.39@25.40	25.45

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 45 points lower at 26.95c for middling upland. Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 26.30c; Memphis, 26c; Houston, 25.50c; New Orleans, 25.38c; Savannah, 26⅛c; Augusta, 25.63c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics follow:

	Tuesday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	8,179	6,557	9,643
Exports	1,511	......	20,916
Port stocks	667,691	782,125	630,597
New York arrivals	3,427	150	1,028
New York stocks	48,470	79,008	130,219

Liverpool cables—Spot cotton dull, 25 points lower, at 19d for American middling. Sales 2,000 bales, including 1,000 American. Imports 10,000; American 4,000. Futures 25 points lower; July-August, 17.65d; October-November, 16.60d; January-February, 15.95d; March-April, 15.77d.

Republic Iron & Steel Earnings.

The Republic Iron & Steel Company reported yesterday for the quarter ended June 30 net earnings after deductions of $8,778,000, comparing with $5,836,000 for the three months ended March 31. Total income was $8,838,000, against $5,877,000 for the previous quarter, and net profits available for dividends $7,130,000, as compared with $4,346,000. The balance remaining after dividends was $6,285,000, compared to $3,501,000 three months earlier.

COMMODITIES PRICES

WHEAT.

The Food Control bill appears to be meeting with stronger opposition and the wheat trade almost despairs of its ever passing. In consequence the market is in a most unsettled condition, and, instead of the new crop moving as is customary at this time of the year, wheat is being stored on the farms, and elevators are apparently little disposed to make purchases at prevailing prices. It is very difficult to buy cash wheat in any position and prices are firm for both the new and the old crop. In the local cash market prices were entirely nominal, as practically no business is being done, and the prices are being based on moderate offers from the Southwest at $2.37, free on board, the Gulf.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	2.07	2.06	2.07	2.05½	1.11¼
September	1.96	1.92	1.93	1.95½	1.12⅝

Rye.—Market steady; No. 2 Western, $1.82, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CORN.

The corn market was feverish early, but after a sharp advance and a partial reaction prices developed renewed strength, and at the close were 1⅛ to 4c net higher. Stocks are very light, with contract stocks in Chicago down to only 1,000 bushels. Cash prices were very irregular, but strong, with No. 2 yellow quoted in the local market at $2.06½, although exporters were said to be offering a certain amount of No. 2 mixed on resale at $1.99.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	1.60	1.58⅞	1.60	1.58⅞	75½
December	1.13¾	1.09⅝	1.13¼	1.09⅝	63⅝
May	1.11⅞	1.08⅞	1.11⅞	1.08⅞	..

OATS.

The oats market was easy during the greater part of the day under quite heavy liquidation for outside account. Favorable weather and excellent crop prospects led to expectations of increased hedging operations and were believed to be responsible for the selling. The firmness in corn brought about a partial recovery and final prices were steady to firm at ¼c net higher to ⅝c lower.

The local cash market was firm; standard quoted at 81½ to 82c; No. 2 white, 82½c; No. 3 white, 81c; No. 4 white, 80½ to 81c; fancy clipped white, 82 to 84½c; ordinary clipped white, 80½ to 81c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	68¾	67⅝	68¼	68	41⅛
September	55⅛	53½	54⅝	54⅝	41
December	57¼	55¼	56	56⅝	42⅝

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was under more or less pressure and prices showed moderate losses. The cash demand was slow and sentiment has been influenced by the political situation in Europe, which is now considered unfavorable for early peace. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 16,000; estimated for Wednesday, 29,000; Kansas City received 15,000 and Omaha 15,800.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	20.75	20.65	20.65	20.80	12.97
September	21.05	20.87	20.90	21.07	13.05
Ribs—					
July	21.55	21.40	21.42	21.50	13.37
September	21.67	21.52	21.57	21.65	13.40
Pork—					
July	..	..	40.50	40.05	25.87
September	39.90	39.75	39.80	39.90	24.60

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil was again under pressure, and final prices were 12 to 16 points net lower. Total sales were 12,300 bbls. The recent reports from Washington to the effect that cotton and cotton products would be eliminated from the Food bill failed to have much appreciable influence. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	15.00@ ..	15.10
July	..	..	14.95@15.10	15.15
August	15.05	14.98	14.97@14.98	15.09
September	14.98	14.87	14.89@14.91	15.04
October	14.93	14.81	14.82@14.84	14.98
November	14.70	14.61	14.62@14.63	14.74
December	14.72	14.64	14.63@14.65	14.75
January	14.70	14.70	14.63@14.67	14.75
February	..	..	14.65@14.74	14.77

COFFEE.

There was rather a sharp break in the coffee market yesterday, with closing prices 10@12 points net lower on sales of 24,000 bags. Liquidation was a feature throughout the session, induced by the rather unfavorable view of the peace outlook in Europe and an absence of any outside support. In the local spot market Rios were scarce and a little higher, with No. 7s quoted at 9⅝c. Santos 4s were unchanged at 10½c. Cost and freight offers from Santos were irregular. Santos 4s were quoted at 9.80c, London credits, and 3s and 4s at 9¾c, American credits. Rio 7s ranged from 8½@8¾c, London credits. Futures in Santos were unchanged to 50 reis higher. Sales in the local market amounted to 24,000 bags. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	..	..	7.79@7.81	7.89
August	..	..	7.88@7.90	7.98
September	8.05	7.99	7.96@7.98	8.06
October	..	..	8.00@8.02	8.10
November	..	..	8.05@8.06	8.15
December	8.19	8.08	8.10@8.11	8.20
January	..	..	8.15@8.16	8.25
February	..	..	8.20@8.21	8.30
March	8.30	8.20	8.24@8.25	8.34
April	..	..	8.29@8.30	8.40
May	..	..	8.34@8.35	8.45
June	..	..	8.39@8.40	8.51

SUGAR.

There was not much in the way of special feature to the trading in sugar futures, and after opening firm at advances ranging from 3 to 4 points the market became irregular, with local trade interests holding persistently to the buying side. The close was 7 points net higher to 1 point net lower, with total sales of 14,500 tons. The market for raw sugar was quiet, though firmly held, and the steadiness there tended to check any decline in contracts. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	5.45	5.45	5.47@5.49	5.40
August	5.48	5.45	5.47@5.49	5.42
September	5.54	5.50	5.53@5.54	5.43
October	5.53	5.53	5.53@5.55	5.49
November	5.51	5.51	5.54@5.56	5.51
December	5.40	5.35	5.38@5.39	5.33
January	5.07	5.04	5.06@5.07	5.00
February	..	..	4.88@4.92	4.88
March	4.90	4.90	4.88@4.92	4.89
April	..	..	4.90@4.94	4.91
May	..	..	4.93@4.97	4.94

The market for refined sugar was firm, but prices remained unchanged, ranging from 7.50@8c for fine granulated. The inquiry continues good and a fair business was reported, with refiners considerably delayed in deliveries. Raw sugar was quiet with only a moderate business reported, but there was an advance in spots to 6.58c, duty paid. The Federal during the morning bought 30,000 bags Cubas, July shipment, at 5¼c, cost and freight basis, and later bought 700 tons ex-store at 6.58c, the equivalent of 5⅛c, cost and freight. At the close there was no offers in any position at 5¼c, cost and freight, holders generally asking 5⅜c, cost and freight. Spot quotations follow: Centrifugal, 6.58c; molasses, 5.70c; cost and freight, 5⅛c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 10,536 packages. Supplies are still exceeding the demand, and under some pressure to sell prices declined another ¼c, and the market is unsettled at the lower figures. General demand is very moderate. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb, 38¾@39¼c; extras, (92 score,) 38¼c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 37½@38¼c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 35½@37¼c; thirds, 34@35c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 40@40½c; extras, 39@39½c; firsts, 38@38¾c; seconds, 36@37¾c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 38@38½c; good to prime, 36½@37½c; common to fair, 33@36c; renovated, extras, 36@36½c; firsts, 35@35½c; lower grades, 33@34½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 35@35½c; ladles, current make, firsts, 34@34½c; seconds, 33@33½c; lower grades, 31½@32½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 33@33½c; No. 2, 32½c; lower grades, 31@31c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 19,578 cases. Arrivals are running lighter than last week, but the market is very liberally supplied with good and lower grade of fresh gathered stock, for which trade is quiet and values extremely irregular. There is a scarcity of new-laid quality, and any lots that show a good to large proportion of such are sought for at firm prices. A considerable part of the Western current packed stock shows very ordinary quality and is freely offered at a range of 30@33c, but there is fair call for good lines fairly acceptable as firsts at 35@35½c, and occasional sales up to 36c of stock that would not receive a higher grading than firsts. There is very little of the higher grade stock offering, and this meets fairly prompt demand at good prices. Nearby white eggs of fine quality are cleaning up closely and rule firm, but the offerings are often more or less defective and show considerable range in value. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 38@39c; extra firsts, 36½@37c; firsts, 35@36c; seconds, 32@34c; thirds, and poorer, 29@31½c; dirties, No. 1, 32@32c; No. 2 and poorer, 25@30c; checks, good to choice, dry, 29@30c; undergrades, 23@28c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 42@43c; ordinary to good, 38@41c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 37@41c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 35@39c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 40@42c; gathered brown and mixed colors, ungraded, 33@39c.

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GEORGIA LIGHT, POWER & RAILWAYS

SINKING FUND NOTICE

To Holders of First Lien Five Per Cent. Thirty Year Gold Bonds:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that offers will be received up to 3 P. M. on Wednesday, August 1st, 1917, by the undersigned at the office of The New York Trust Company, 26 Broad Street, New York City, for the sale to the Sinking Fund, under its First Lien Indenture, of so many of said bonds as the Sinking Fund of Fifty Thousand Four Hundred Fifty-seven Dollars and Fifty Cents ($50,457.50) will pay for, at the lowest prices at which such Bonds shall be offered, not exceeding one hundred and five per cent. (105%) of the principal amount of said bonds, with accrued interest to September 1, 1917. Each offer must specify the designation number of each Bond therein offered, and if more than one Bond be offered, shall be for all or any less number of Bonds so offered. Parties whose offers are accepted will be promptly notified and payment will be made upon delivery of the Bonds offered, together with all unmatured coupons thereunto appertaining, at the office of said The New York Trust Company on or after September 1, 1917.

GEORGIA LIGHT, POWER & RAILWAYS.

NEW ORLEANS CITY AND LAKE RAILROAD COMPANY.

Pursuant to Article Fourth of the Mortgage from the New Orleans City and Lake Railroad Company to Columbia Finance and Trust Company, dated November 22, 1893, the undersigned will until the close of business July 31, 1917, at its office in the City of Louisville, Kentucky, receive bids for the surrender and cancellation of CONSOLIDATED FIRST MORTGAGE FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS of said Railroad Company, dated January 2, 1893, and maturing January 1, 1943, and secured by the above-mentioned mortgage.

Bids to be acceptable must be at a price not exceeding 110% and accrued interest.

FIDELITY AND COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, Louisville, Kentucky.

DIVIDENDS.

Taylor-Wharton Iron and Steel Company, High Bridge, N. J.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the outstanding Preferred Stock of the Taylor-Wharton Iron and Steel Company for the three months ending June 30th, 1917, has been declared payable August 1st, 1917, to stockholders of record at the closing of the books at 3 P. M. on July 24th, 1917. The Preferred Stock books will remain closed until 9 A. M. on August 1st, 1917.

W. A. INGRAM, Secretary & Treasurer.

JULIUS KAYSER & CO.

A regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) upon the First Preferred Capital Stock, and a regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) upon the Second Preferred Capital Stock of Julius Kayser & Co. has been declared, payable August 1, 1917, to the holders of record of said First Preferred Capital Stock and of said Second Preferred Capital Stock at the close of business July 20, 1917.

Dividend checks will be forwarded by Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

LOUIS LEWINSOHN, Secretary.

OFFICE OF CONSOLIDATED ARIZONA SMELTING COMPANY.

New York, June 28, 1917.

From the surplus earnings of 1916 the Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of 2% (10c per share,) payable as follows: 1% (5c per share) on Aug. 15, 1917, to stockholders of record at close of business July 18, 1917, and 1% (5c per share) payable Nov. 15, 1917, to stockholders of record at close of business Oct. 18, 1917. Checks will be mailed by the Guaranty Trust Co. of N. Y., Transfer Agent. The stock books will not be closed.

FRANK W. THOMPSON, Treasurer.

THE MILWAUKEE ELECTRIC RAILWAY AND LIGHT COMPANY.

No. 30 Broad Street, New York, July 7, 1917.

SEVENTY-FIRST REGULAR DIVIDEND.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. upon this Company's Preferred Capital Stock will be paid on July 31, 1917, to all stockholders of record at the close of business on July 20, 1917. Checks will be mailed to stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders at this office.

J. F. FOGARTY, Secretary.

F. W. WOOLWORTH CO.

COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 21.

July 11th, 1917.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two ($2) Dollars per share on the Common Capital Stock, payable September 1st, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business August 10th, 1917. Stock books will not be closed. Checks will be mailed.

C. F. VALENTINE, Secretary.

PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT CO., PORTLAND, OREGON.

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 28.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent. has been declared on the Preferred Stock of PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT COMPANY for the quarter ending July 31, 1917, payable August 1, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business on July 20, 1917.

GEORGE F. NEVINS, Treasurer.

American Zinc, Lead and Smelting Co.

The Directors of the American Zinc, Lead & Smelting Company have declared a regular quarterly dividend of one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) per share on the preferred capital stock, payable August 1, 1917, to preferred stockholders of record at the close of business July 27, 1917.

S. E. FARWELL, Treasurer.

FIRST NATIONAL COPPER CO.

A dividend of 40 cents per share for the year ending July 1, 1917, has been declared payable August 15, 1917, to stock of record July 21, 1917.

WM. A. KERR, Treasurer.

New York, July 6, 1917.

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DELAWARE & HUDSON ISSUES 3-YEAR NOTES

Because of Deadlock in Bond Market Directors Decide on $9,000,000 Sale.

WILL BEAR 5% INTEREST

Company Will Use $5,000,000 of Proceeds to Retire Bonds and Remainder for Improvements.

The deadlock which has persisted in the bond market since the beginning of the discussion of Government financing was emphasized yesterday by a decision of Directors of the Delaware & Hudson to meet current needs for new money by a sale of short-term notes. The company has sold to a strong banking group, headed by Kuhn, Loeb & Co., an issue of $9,000,000 of three-year notes, which will carry interest at 5 per cent. and be offered to investors at or close to par.

Out of the proceeds $5,000,000 will be used by the company to retire a like amount of Pennsylvania Division first-mortgage currency 7s, which mature on Sept. 1. This issue was put out in 1877, when money rates were high, and the company will effect a considerable interest saving annually through its retirement with 5 per cent. notes. The remaining $4,000,000 will be used for improvements and other needs. This financing will take care of all of the company's requirements for this year, and it has no other maturities to meet until 1922, when an issue of $9,643,000 of 4½ per cent. equipment notes falls due.

The Delaware & Hudson planned early this year to finance itself through an issue of bonds, but the necessary permission was so long in being granted by the up-State Public Service Commission that the company on May 1 last notified that body that it did not for the present care to sell the $4,000,000 which had been authorized. W. H. Williams, Vice President, accordingly asked the commission not to set a price for the proposed issue.

Among improvements which it is proposed to finance wholly or in part through the proceeds of the short-term financing are changes to be made in and around Albany which, it is estimated, will involve an expenditure of more than $2,000,000. This sum would provide for a new office building, river front improvements, extensions in the south end, and track elevation. Other large sums are being expended for additions to the Carbondale yards, the Whitehall terminal, new third tracking, and for purchases of new locomotives and equipment.

A temporary injunction obtained by a stockholder to prevent payments on account of the company's 9 per cent. annual dividend, which was authorized for the current year at a Directors' meeting at the end of 1916, was dismissed by the courts a few weeks ago on the submission of figures showing that the dividend is being more than covered by current earnings. Selling which took place at the time the injunction was sought carried the price of the shares down to 106 on May 4 from the high figure of 151⅞ made on Jan. 19. President Loree told stockholders four days later that he had no reason to believe that the dividend was jeopardized. He stated that income from the coal department should make up any deficit from the operating department.

WAR REDUCES SURPLUS.

Brazilian Traction, Light & Power Co. Issues Annual Report.

The Brazilian Traction, Light and Power Company, Ltd., which last November floated a $7,500,000 issue of 6 per cent. notes in New York, gave out yesterday its fourth annual report for the year ended Dec. 31, 1916. The statement shows that the company had a surplus available for dividends of $5,674,642. The revenue from securities owned and under contracts with subsidiary companies amounted to $5,764,764, and the surplus after dividends $823,154.

Comparing the gross surplus of 1916 with the two preceding years, results show an increase over 1915, but a decrease from 1914. The figures are: 1914, $8,058,813; 1915, $5,612,876; 1916, $6,019,473. The decline in surplus compared with the year preceding the war is explained as due to the fall in the exchange value of the Brazilian milreis, worth 15d in 1914 and 12d during the next two years.

The effect of the war on the company is shown in various other ways. The report states that ships which were under charter to the Rio Company for the carriage of coal were during the greater part of the year under requisition by the British Admiralty. The bulk of the company's coal, therefore, had to be carried in other ships chartered especially for the purpose, at rates four and five times those current before the war. Plans for the purchase of controlling interests in a number of other Brazilian telephone companies, in addition to the five now held by the Rio Company, had to be given up because of the war.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.02	Jacket	.08
Alta	.03	Justice	.02
Andes	.13	Mexican	.12
Best & Belcher	.02	Ophir	.09
Bullion	.01	Overman	.02
Caledonia	.08	Potosi	.04
Challenge Con.	.01	Savage	.07
Chollar	.04	Seg. Belcher	.01
Confidence	.05	Sierra Nevada	.10
Con. Virginia	.34	Union Con.	.18
Gould & Curry	.02	Utah	.01
Hale & Norcross	.02	Mexican dollars	.62¾
TONOPAH.		Daisy	.03
Tonopah Belmont	4.20	Florence	.18
Halifax	.25	Fraction	.04
Jim Butler	.70	Goldfield Cons.	.52
McNamara	.17	Goldfield Merger	.06
Midway	.09	Great Bend	.06
Mizpah	.14	Jumbo Exten.	.31
Monarch Pitts	.09	Jumbo Junior	.04
Montana	.20	Kewanas	.13
North Star	.10	Silver Pick	.10
Rescue	.21	Spearhead	.06
Tonopah Exten.	2.35	MANHATTAN.	
Tonopah Nevada	6.00	Big Four	.05
West End	.66	Consolidated	.32
West Tonopah	.18	Morning Glory	.22
GOLDFIELD.		Union Amalg.	.14
Atlanta	.10	White Caps	1.30
Booth	.07		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	5⅞	6	Granite	53¼	60
Dr. J'pot.	4½	5	Isabella	10	11
Elkton	6½	7¼	McKinney	16	18
El Paso	30	40	Portland	148	155
Fanny R.	2¼	4½	U. Gold M.	22	22½
Golden C.	212	214	Vindicator	75	79
Gold Sov.	4	5			

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Forecast:

N. Car.—Thunder showers Wed. in e., fair in w.; warmer in interior. Thurs., probably fair; moderate winds, mostly s.

S. Car., Ga. and Ala.—Thunder showers Wed. and Thurs.; gentle to moderate winds, mostly s.

Fla.—Thunder showers Wed. and Thurs.; gentle to moderate shifting winds.

Miss.—Thunder showers Wed. and Thurs.; gentle to moderate shifting winds, mostly s. on the coast.

Tenn.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; warmer Wed.

Ky.—Warmer and fair Wed. and Thurs.

Ind.—Warmer and fair Wed. and Thurs.; gentle to moderate shifting winds, becoming s. e.

Lower Mich.—Fair Wed., preceded by showers in s. e.; warmer in n. and w. Thurs., fair and warmer; gentle to moderate shifting winds, becoming s. e.

Upper Mich.—Fair Wed., warmer in n. w. Showers Thurs. or Thurs. night; gentle to moderate shifting winds, becoming s. e.

Ohio—Fair Wed., preceded by thunder showers in e.; warmer. Thurs., fair, warmer; moderate shifting winds.

La.—Fair Wed. and Thurs., except scattered thunder showers near coast.

Ark.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

Okla.—Fair Wed., warmer. Thurs., fair.

E. Texas—Fair Wed., probably in n., probably thunder showers in s.; warmer n. Thurs., fair.

W. Texas—Fair Wed.; warmer in n. Thurs., fair.

Ill., Mo., and Wis.—Fair and warmer Wed. and Thurs.

Minn.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; warmer Wed.; cooler in n. Thurs.

Iowa—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; warmer Wed. and in e. and s. Thurs.

N. Dak.—Fair Wed.; warmer in e. and cooler in extreme w. Thurs., fair; cooler in e.

S. Dak.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; warmer in e. Wed.

Neb.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; warmer Wed.

Kan.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; warmer Wed.

RUSH FOR EXPORT LICENSES

Total of 2,391 Applications Received at the Federal Offices Here.

The action of the Exports Council in adding to the list of commodities to be licensed for export was reflected yesterday at the New York office of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce by a noticeable increase in the number of applications for licenses. More than 700 licenses were applied for, bringing the total number filed up to 2,391. On Monday 650 applications were received.

"We are swamped by the number of shippers asking for licenses," said Stanley H. Rose. "I am glad to say that the New York office refuses no licenses. Doubtful cases are passed to Washington for the final judgment of C. A. Richards, head of the licensing bureau. In our efforts to speed shipments we have on several occasions licensed entire cargoes."

Mr. Rose said the New York office was expanding as a centre for the applications of licenses. At present the bureau is receiving licenses from as far South as Delaware, from cities of the Midle Atlantic States, and in some instances from New England.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	96½	98	4s, registered, 1925	105	106
2s, coupon, 1930	96½	98	4s, coupon, 1925	106	106
3s, registered, 1918	98¾	99¾	2s, coupon, 1938, reg.	96	98
3s, coupon, 1918	98¾	99¾	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	96	98
3s, registered, 1946	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, reg.	83	88
3s, coupon, 1946	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, coupon	83	88
3s, conversion, 1947	85	90			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Monday. Bid.			Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Monday. Bid.
6s	Sept., 1917	100⅛	100¼	100	4s	May, 1919	99½	..	99½
4½s	June, 1965	101⅞	102½	102	4s	Nov., 1918	99½	..	99½
4½s	Mar., 1963	101⅞	102¼	102	3½s	Nov., 1954	84	85⅛	83½
4½s	Nov., 1957	101⅞	102¼	102	3½s	May, 1954	83½	..	84
4½s	May, 1957	101⅞	102¼	102	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:				
4½s	Nov., 1917	99⅞	..	99⅞	4½s	1924-1930	4.50	4.25	4.50
4¼s	April, 1966	97½	98¼	97¾	4½s	1918-1923	4.50	4.25	4.50
4¼s	Mar., 1960-30	97⅛	98	97	4½s	1924-1931	4.50	4.25	4.50
4¼s	Mar., 1964	97½	98⅛	97½	4½s	1921-1923	4.50	4.25	4.50
4¼s	Mar., 1962	97⅝	98	97¼	4¼s	April, 1920	4.50	..	4.50
4¼s	Sept., 1960	97⅝	98	97¼	4¼s	1918-1919	4.50	..	4.50
4s	May, 1959	94	94⅝	94⅝	3½s	1930-1939	4.50	4.25	4.55
4s	Nov., 1958	94	94⅝	94	3½s	1940-1953	4.50	4.25	4.55
4s	May, 1957	94	94⅝	94	3½s	1922-1929	4.50	4.25	4.50
4s	Nov., 1955	93	94½	94	3s	1926-1930	4.50	4.20	4.50
4s	Nov., 1936	95	98	95					

PUBLIC UTILITIES

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.
135	Am. Light & Traction	309½	308	309	311
245	Cities Service	276½	274¾	275	276
320	Cities Service pf	85⅛	84⅞	84¾	85½
500	Cities Service new	29¼	29⅛	29⅛	29¼
240	Republic Ry. & Light	32¾	32	32½	33

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	20	22	New England Co.	50	53
Adiron. Elec. Pow. pf.	71	75	New Eng. Co. 1st pf.	95	99
Am. Gas & Electric	110	115	New Eng. Co. 2d pf.	63	69
Am. Gas & Elec. pf.	47¾	49	Northern Ohio Electric	30	35
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	108½	110½	Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	73	78
Am. Power & Light	67	68	North. Ont. Lt. & Pow.	11	15
Am. Power & Light pf.	88	89¾	North. Ont. L. & P. pf.	56	59
Am. Public tilities	80	85	Northern States Power	90	92
Am. Pub. tilities pf.	66	68	Northern States P. pf.	97	99
Am. W. W. & Elec.	8	9	Northern Texas Elec.	53	56
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	80	82	Northern Texas El. pf.	78	83
Am. W. W. & E. partic.	22	25	Ozark Power & Water	35	45
Carolina Power & Light	37	39	Pacific Gas & Electric	54¾	55½
Carolina P. & L. pf.	98	100	Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	89	90½
Colorado Power	28	29	Pine Bluff 7 p. c. pf.	91	100
Colorado Power pf.	98	101	Puget Sound Traction	20	24
Commonwealth P. & L.	48	50	Puget Sound Trac. pf.	69	72
Com'wealth P. & L. pf.	76½	78½	Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	65	67
Consumers' P. pf.	94	97	Southern Cal. Edison	86	88
Dayton Power & L. pf.	86½	88½	South. Cal. Edison pf.	103	104
Duluth Edison	75	80	Southwest. P. & L. pf.	97½	100
Eastern Texas Electric	57	60	Stand. Gas & Electric	10	12
Eastern Texas El. pf.	83	85	Stand. Gas & Elec. pf.	55	56
Electric B. & S. pf.	99½	100	Tampa Electric	122	127
Electric Properties	60	62	Tenn. Ry., L. & P.	5⅝	6½
El Paso Electric	104	108	Tenn. Ry., L. & P. pf.	30	32
El Paso Electric pf.	95	98	Texas Power & Lt. pf.	97	100
Empire Dist. Elec. pf.	86	91	Tri-City R. L. pf.	93	95
Empire Gas & Fuel	99	100	Un. Gas & El. 1st pf.	70	75
Fed. Light & Traction	11½	13	United Gas Improve.	80	89¼
Fed. Light & Trac. pf.	45	50	United Light & Rys.	38	41
Gas & Elec. Securities	290	310	United Light & Rys. pf	68	70
Gas & Elec. Sec. pf.	94	100	West. P. Tr. & W. P.	14	18
Interstate Electric	35	42	W. P. Tr. & W. P. pf.	65	70
Interstate Elec. pf.	91	95	Western Power	14½	15
Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49	Western Power pf.	54	56
Miss. River Power	11	12	West. Penn. P. pf.	98	105
Miss. River Power pf.	33	37½	Wisconsin Edison	46	50
New Eng. Power pf.	100	105	Yadkin River P. 7% pf.	99	100

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	70	72	Nat. Sec. prior lien 6s	89½	92
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	78	82	Nat. Secur. deb.	48	53
Central P. & L. 1st 6s	95	98	Nat. Secur. incomes	10	13
Central Ill. Light 5s	96½	98	New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51	94	96
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	99	101	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s, '31	80	86
Col. G. & E. 1st 5s, '27	85	89	Nor. States P. 6s, 1926	97½	98½
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27	80	83	Nor. States J. 5s, 1941	93	93½
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	97	100	Nor. Tex. El. col. tr. 5s	88	92
Conn. Pow. 1st 5s, '63	93	97	Ohio Gas 1st 5s, 1939	100½	102
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937	95	99	Omaha & C. B. 5s	90	95
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942	94	98	P., G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s, '31	95	100
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s	100½	101½	Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	99	101
Defiance G. & E. 5s, '42	89	92	Puget Sd. Trac. notes	98	100
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	94	96	Standard Gas & Elec. 6 p. c. notes, 1935	90	94
Eastern Ohio 1st 5s	97	101	Stand. G. of N. J. 5s, '45	94	96
E. Texas Elec. col. 5s	88	92½	So. Cal. Ed. 5s, 1939	93	95
Fed. Light & Tr. 5s	87½	90	Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	88	92
Fed. Light & Tr. 6s	90	93	U. S. R., R. & M. 6s, '25	111	118
Galv.-Hous. El. 1st 5s	85	89	Un. Light & Rys. 1st 5s, 1932	85	90
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	81	84	Un. Light & Rys. deb. 6s, 1926	97	99
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	94	98	United Util. cv. 6s, '43	95	98½
Kan. Pub. Serv. 5s, '41	93	96	Utah Sec. 6s	90	91
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36	88	93	W. W. Light 6s, 1925	96	98
L., G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, '41	90	95	Western Power 1st 5s	96	98
Mich. Light 5s, 1946	97½	99	West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91¼	93½
Middle West U. 6s, '25	85	89	West. P. P. 1st 5s, '46	95	98
Man. & S. R. & L. 5s	99½	100	Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	91	96
Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	70	71	Yadkin River Pow. ctfs.	83	87
Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	85	90			

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	Atlantic Pet.	7¼	7¼	7¼	70	Hous. O. pf.	65⅝	65⅝	65⅝
10	Balt. Tube	96	96	96	132	Mer. & Min. Transp.	60	55	60
50	Do pf	98½	98	98½	24	M.V.Mills pf.	71	71	71
10	Con. Power	112	112	112	2	Nor. Central	83½	83½	83½
250	Cos.& Co.cfs.	12½	12⅜	12⅜	6	Nat.Bk.of C.	35½	35½	35½
631	Cos. O. & G. ctfs.	12½	12¼	12⅜	8	Sec. Nat. B.	251	251	251
15	Do pr. ctfs.	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	100	Sapulpa	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
100	Elkhorn	34½	34¼	34½	200	Un.Rys.& El.	29	29	29
10	Fid. & Dep.	125	125	125	225	W.,B.& Ann.	19	18	18½

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	An. & Po. 5s	99	99	99	$1,000	G.,C.& N.5s	99½	99½	99½
11,000	Cos. O. & G. notes	90	90	90	2,000	M.& M.T.6s	99½	99½	99½
1,000	Con.Gas 4½s	91½	91½	91½	1,000	Un.Rys.& El. inc. 4s	62½	62½	62½
2,000	Con.Pow.4½s	88⅞	88⅞	88⅞	4,000	Un.Rys.& El. 1st 4s	80½	80½	80½
1,000	Con. Coal 6s	104	104	104	2,000	W.,B.& A.5s	84¼	84¼	84¼
5,000	Elkhorn 6s	99¾	99¾	99¾					

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
12	Ahmeek	100	98½	98½	15	Miami	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝
22	Allouez	60½	60½	60½	20	Michigan	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
890	Am. Zinc	24	22½	24	115	Mohawk	80¼	80	80¼
5	Do pf	61	61	61	15	Nev. Con.	22	22	22
100	Ariz. Com'l.	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	60	North Butte.	17⅞	17⅝	17⅝
870	Butte-Balak.	62c	57c	62c	20	Old Dom	56	56	56
5	Butte & Sup.	36	36	36	10	Osceola	83¼	83¼	83¼
45	Calu.& Ariz.	76¾	76½	76½	425	Pond Creek.	25¼	24⅞	25¼
1	Calu.& Hec.	535	535	535	62	Quincy	85	84⅞	85
50	Chino	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	140	Santa Fe	1 1/16	1	1 1/16
847	Cop. Range.	60	59	59½	50	Shannon	8 1/16	8 1/16	8 1/16
850	Davis-Daly	5¼	5⅛	5¼	25	Shan.-Ariz.	11	11	11
15	Daly-West	2¼	2¼	2¼	5	St.Mary'sLd.	70	70	70
155	East Butte	12	12	12	880	Sup. & Bos.	4½	4¼	4¼
50	Hancock	15	15	15	115	Trinity	7½	7⅜	7⅜
50	Hedley	16	16	16	240	U. S. Smelt.	59	58⅛	59
150	Isl'd Creek	69	68½	69	157	Do pf	50½	49½	49½
110	Isle Royale	30	29½	30	200	Utah Apex	2⅝	2 1/16	2 1/16
5	Keweenaw	2	2	2	20	Utah Con.	15	15	15
25	Lake	12	12	12	110	Utah Cop.	103½	101½	103½
5	Mason Val.	6¼	6¼	6¼	75	Victoria	3⅝	3½	3⅝
185	Mass Con.	12¾	12½	12¾	130	Wolverine	44½	44	44½

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1	Bos. & Alb.	155	155	155	4	Conn.&Pass.	83	83	83
50	Boston Elev.	61	61	61	25	W.EndSt.Ry.	49	49	49
25	Bos. & Me.	32	31½	31½					

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am. Agr.Ch.	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	160	Mass. Gas	93	93	93
90	Do pf	100	99½	100	2	Math Alkali	52	52	52
75	Am. P.Serv.	1½	1¼	1¼	4	N. E. Cot.Y.	88	88	88
835	Am. Sugar	124¼	121½	124	20	N. Eng. Tel.	114	113	113
80	Do pf	119½	119	119	50	New River	22½	22½	22½
172	Am.Wool.pf.	98½	98	98½	15	Pullman	141½	141½	141½
95	Amos. pf	88	88	88	435	PuntaA.Sug.	35½	35	35
20	Art Metals.	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	50	Reece But.	14¼	14¼	14¼
675	A., G.& W.I.	108	106⅛	107½	15	Reece Fold.	3¼	3¼	3¼
5	Do pf	61	61	61	40	Swift & Co.	153	152⅝	152⅝
805	Cuban Cem't	17½	17	17½	10	Torrington	64	64	64
150	E. Bos.Land	8½	8⅛	8⅛	1	*T. G. Plant.	101¼	101¼	101¼
5	Edison	177	177	177	20	United Fruit.	134	134	134
5	Ga.Ry.& El.	125⅛	125⅛	125⅛	226	U.ShoeMach.	50	49½	49¾
50	Int. P.Cem't	13	13	13	130	Do pf	27	27	27
15	McElw'n pf.	102	102	102	210	Ventura Oil.	6⅝	6¼	6⅝

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	U. S.Lib.3½s	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛	$2,000	W. T.& T.5s	95½	95½	95½
3,000	Cent. Vt. 4s	70	70	70					

*Ex dividend.

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2	Am. Rad'r	280	280	280	23	Lindsay L.	30½	30½	30½
70	Am. Ship. pf	94	94	94	95	Mitchell	42½	41½	42½
25	Booth F. new	23	23	23	30	Prest-o-lite	140	138½	138½
70	Do pf	87½	87	87	113	Sears-Roe	170	169	170
20	Chi. Rys., S.2	13	13	13	5	Shaw	70	70	70
6	Do Series 4	1	1	1	50	S. Warner	64	62½	62½
200	Cudahy	120	120	120	*368	Swift	152⅝	152¼	152½
13	Com. Edis'n.	122	122	122	767	Un. Carbide.	189½	187	189½
60	Dia. Match	119	118	118	1,305	Do rights	17½	17¼	17½
5	H., S. & M. pf	115	115	115	93	Un. Paper'd.	28	28	28
40	Illinois B'k	75½	75	75½	15	West. Stone.	1	1	1
					175	Wilson	69½	68¼	68¼

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Booth F. 6s	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞	$3,000	Met. El. Ry. 1st 4s	63½	63½	63½
1,000	C. C. & C. 5s	65	65	65	15,000	Swift 1st 5s	100	99⅞	99⅞
9,000	Com. Edison 1st 5s	100	99⅛	99⅛	6,000	Wil. 1st 6s	101¼	101¼	101¼

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
11	Am. Stores	35½	35⅛	35¼	30	Do pf	46	46	46
87	Am. Gas	108	106¾	108	304	Penn. R. R.	53⅛	53¼	53⅜
80	Am. Rys. pf.	90¾	90	90	251	Phila. Elec.	29⅞	29⅝	29⅞
40	Elec. S. Bat.	60	60	60	6,010	P. R. T. t. c.	31	30	31
400	Lake S. Cp.	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	100	Ton. Belm't.	4 1/16	4 1/16	4 1/16
147	Lehigh Nav.	77½	77½	77½	50	Ton. Mining.	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
1	L. V. R. R.	64⅛	64⅛	64⅛	470	Union Trac.	44⅛	43⅞	44½
300	L. V. Tran.	26½	26⅛	26½	325	U. G. Imp.	78½	78½	78⅝

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Con. Tr. (N. J.) 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	$1,000	Ph. Co. cn.5s	90	90	90
2,000	E. & P. T.4s.	78	77¾	78	13,000	Phila. El. 1st 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
7,000	L. V. gn.4½s	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜	5,000	S.-Am. I. 6s.	101	101	101
10,000	L. 3½s, w.i.	99.43	99.43	99.43	2,000	Y. R. 1st 5s.	95	95	95

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Monday. Bid.		Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Monday. Bid.
American Cigar	108	112	108	MacAndrews & F.	205	215	210
Do pf	95	99	95	Do pf	99	102	100
Conley Foil	250	325	250	P. R.-Am. Tob.	215	230	215
J. S. Young	160	170	160	R. J. Reynolds	530	570	520
Do pf	105	110	106	Do pf	111½	112½	112

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

The market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange changed its tone a number of times during the day. An improving tendency was displayed at the start. This was followed by a sharp setback, with new low prices for the movement reached by a number of prominent stocks in the early afternoon. Then there was a recovery, with the closing tone firm. Much of the time the general list followed the trend of United States Steel common. Of that stock more than 62,000 shares were dealt in. Dealings for commission house account were on a broad scale and included a large volume of odd-lot orders.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Alaska Gold.	5¼	5¼	5¼	210	Midvale Steel	59⅝	59½	59⅝
250	Am. B. Sug.	91¼	90¼	90¾	580	Mo. Pacific.	33¼	32⅝	33⅛
100	Am. Can.	48⅝	48	48⅝	20	Nev. Consol.	21½	21½	21½
10	Am. C. & F.	75⅞	75⅞	75⅞	70	N. Y. Cent.	91	91	91
200	Am. Loco.	71¼	70½	71	100	N. Y., N. H. & H.	36⅞	36½	36½
200	Am. S. & R.	103⅝	102	103⅝	150	Nor. Pacific.	102	102	102
890	Am. Sugar	124¼	121¾	123⅞	30	P. & W. V.	32½	32½	32½
120	Am. Zinc	23¼	22	23¼	20	Ray Copper.	26⅞	26½	26⅞
1,250	Anac. Cop.	78⅛	77	78	490	Reading	97¼	96⅝	96¾
300	Bald. Loco.	69⅝	67⅞	69¼	580	Rep. I. & S.	87¼	85⅝	87¼
40	Balt. & Ohio.	73⅛	73	73⅛	20	Sinclair Oil.	43¼	43¼	43¼
4,870	Beth.Steel B.	126⅞	122⅝	126⅞	10	So. Pacific.	93¾	93¾	93¾
50	B'klyn R. T.	60½	60½	60½	250	So. Railway.	28	27⅞	27⅞
10	Can. Pacific.	165	165	165	540	Studebaker.	58	56	58
390	Cent.Leather	86	84⅝	86	150	Tob. Prod.	62⅞	62	62⅞
100	C.,M.& St.P.	73	72⅞	73	150	Union Pac.	136⅞	136½	136½
50	Chino Cop.	52½	52½	52½	540	U. S. Ind. A.	158	155	157½
200	Col. F. & I.	49½	49⅛	49¼	62,250	U. S. Steel.	121⅞	119⅝	121⅜
500	Corn Prod.	34	33¾	34	1,490	Utah Cop.	104⅛	101½	104
4,970	Crucible St'l	81⅝	79	81⅝	210	Westing. El.	49½	49¼	49¼
450	CubaCaneSu.	42⅝	41⅞	42	20	W. & L. E.	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞
450	Dist. Secur.	24½	24	24½	100	Willys-Over.	32	32	32
200	Erie	25⅛	25¼	25¼		MINING STOCKS.			
700	Gen. Motors.	117¼	115⅛	117	500	Atlanta	.10	.10	.10
50	Goodrich Co.	51½	50¼	50½	1,200	Con. Va.	.32	.31	.31
70	Gt.N.Ore pf.	34⅝	33¼	33¼	500	Elkton	.07½	.07½	.07½
110	Inspir. Cop.	56⅛	55½	55⅝	500	Gt. Bend.	.07	.07	.07
500	Int. Mer. M.	30¼	28½	28¾	3,000	Mon. Pitts.	.10½	.09	.10½
1,110	Do pf	85⅛	83	84	350	Portland	1.45	1.45	1.45
10	Int. Nickel.	39⅛	39⅛	39⅛	1,200	Res. Eula.	.22	.22	.22
140	Kenne. Cop.	42⅝	42⅜	42⅝	200	Ton. Ext.	2.37½	2.37½	2.37½
130	Lack. Steel.	91¼	90¼	91¼	300	Ton. Min.	6.12	6.12	6.12
1,120	Max. Motor.	39½	35	36¼	600	West End.	.70	.69	.70
750	Mex. Petrol.	96	94¼	95⅝					
80	Miami Cop.	39¾	39½	39¾					

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10,000	‡Aetna Expl.	6½	6	6½	588	‡N. Y. Ship.	44	44	44
500	‡ Do cfs.of d	6¼	6	6¼	2,000	N. A. P. & P.	4¾	4	4¾
300	‡Air Reduc.	85½	85	85½	1,100	‡Ohio C. G. w. i.	56⅝	55	55⅞
200	‡Butter.Jud.	60	58	60	100	Smith & T. Trans. pf.	10	10	10
80	‡Carbon St'l	95	94	94	1,000	‡St. Jo. Ld.	18¾	18	18¾
200	‡Car L. & P.	3	3	3	400	‡Steel Alloys	6¾	6¾	6¾
900	Carwen Steel	11½	11½	11½	4,000	Submar. Bt. v. t. ctfs.	31¼	30¾	31⅛
600	Char.Ir.of A.	8⅞	8¾	8¾	400	‡Un.E.Aero.	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
600	‡Cities Serv. w. i.	29¼	29	29⅛	400	U. S. St'ship	4⅝	4¼	4⅝
2,300	Curtiss Aero.	41½	38¼	39	3,500	‡Un. Motors	26¾	25⅝	25⅝
8,800	Do rights	1¾	1	1	1,200	‡U. S. Aero.	7½	6¼	6¾
700	Emer. Phon.	6½	5¾	6½	1,650	‡U.S.L.& H.	2⅛	2	2
100	Ev.-Hea.,Inc.	21¾	21¾	21¾	500	World Film v. t. ctfs.	¾	¾	¾
100	‡Hall Sig. pf.	10	10	10	12,000	‡Wright-Mar. Aircraft	10	9⅛	10
2	Holly Su. pf.	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛					
200	‡Lake T. Bt.	7¼	7¼	7¼					
100	‡Lima Loco.	56	56	56					
15,000	‡MaximMuni.	1¾	1½	1¾					
400	‡Mitch. Mot.	40½	39⅝	39⅝					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Buck. P. L.	101	101	101	45	Sta'd O. Co., N. Y.	282	280	280
20	North. P. L.	100	100	100					

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
3,900	†‡Allen Oil	11/16	⅝	⅝	2,800	Key'e Con.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
1,700	‡Bar. O. & G	1⅛	1¾	1⅞	350	‡K.-Wyo. Oil	2⅝	2½	2⅝
3,500	‡B. O. & G., (a pros)	⅝	½	½	2,100	‡Do pf	10	9⅝	9⅝
10,000	†‡B.-W. Oil, (a pros)	23	16	19	400	‡Lost C. Oil.	⅞	⅝	¾
250	†Con. M. Oil, (a pros)	49	49	49	20,000	‡Mer. O. Cp.	34	32¾	34
1,200	‡C. O. & G. ctfs	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	6,000	Met. Pet'm.	1 13/16	1¾	1⅞
1,300	‡C. & Co. (o. ref.) ctfs.	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	500	†‡Midwest O.	78	77	77
1,713	†‡Crosby P., (a pros)	55	53	55	2,000	‡Midwest R.	158	153	158
4,700	Cum. P. & R	15/16	⅞	15/16	5,000	†‡N. W. Oil.	50	48	50
8,000	‡Elk B. Pet.	11⅞	11½	11¾	6,000	†‡Okla. Oil	7½	6½	7
21,000	‡E. O. & G., (a pros)	11/16	⅝	⅝	1,900	Ok. P. & R.	9¼	9	9¼
2,500	‡Esm. O. Cp.	1⅛	1 1/16	1⅛	16,000	‡Do rights.	3/16	3/16	3/16
1,500	‡Federal Oil.	4⅝	4½	4½	1,000	†O'r O. & G.	32	32	32
300	‡Int. Pet'm.	13⅛	13	13⅛	3,200	Osage-H. O.	8⅞	8¾	8¾
1,400	Ken'a O., (a pros)	¼	3/16	3/16	600	Penn. G'line.	½	7/16	½
					2,800	‡Penn.-K. O.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
					1,200	‡Sap. O. & R	10⅜	10¼	10⅜
					11,700	Seq. O. & R.	1 1/16	1 1/16	1 1/16
					23,000	†‡Tux. S. O.	1¼	1⅛	1¼
					2,000	‡Un. W. Oil.	3/16	½	½
					2,500	‡Victoria Oil, new stock	8	*6	8
					700	‡West. S. P.	⅞	⅞	⅞

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
6,400	Acme C. H.	2½	2⅛	2⅝	1,500	Mason Val.	6⅝	6½	6½
1,400	Al.-Brit.Col. Metals	11/16	⅝	11/16	700	†McK.-Dar.	57	55	54
5,600	†‡Al.Std.Cp.	38	35	36	3,000	‡Milford Cop.	1¾	1 11/16	1¾
5,500	†‡Atlanta	10	10	10	12,000	†‡Mohican	⅞	¾	⅞
1,600	Big L. Cop.	2	1⅞	2	3,800	‡MojaveTung.	¾	11/16	¾
1,400	‡Bisbee Cop. (a pros.)	¼	¼	¼	2,800	†‡Moth. Lode	27	27	27
9,000	†Bos. & Mon.	60	58	60	100	†‡NancyH'ks Montana	1	1	1
100	Butte C. & Z. v. t. ctfs.	10	10	10	3,000	†‡Nat.Z.& L.	65	60	60
1,000	Butte Det.	7/16	3/16	7/16	8,600	‡N. Y. Zinc, (a pros.)	3/16	⅜	½
4,000	†‡Caledonia	64	63	64	800	Nipissing	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
5,000	‡Cal. & Jer.	1½	1 7/16	1½	3,700	‡Ohio Cop., new, w. i.	1½	1⅜	1½
200	Canada Cop.	2 3/16	2⅛	2 3/16	7,000	†Portl'd Con.	35	33	34
9,600	‡Coco R. M.	1 7/16	1⅜	1 7/16	500	‡Red War.	¾	¾	¾
2,500	Con.Ariz.Sm.	2¼	2⅛	2 3/16	6,500	‡Rex Con.	25	24	25
500	‡Con.H'stead	⅝	⅝	⅝	1,200	†RichmondM. M. & R.	56	54	56
200	Cres. Con. G.	5¾	5¾	5¾	3,500	†Rochester	49	48	49
700	Crystal C. M.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	200	†‡Rd. Mtn.	32	32	32
9,500	‡Emma Con.	15/16	*13/16	13/16	300	‡SantaR.Dev.	3/32	3/32	3/32
6,500	†Goldf. Con.	52	52	52	1,500	Senorito Cop.	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,500	†‡Gold. Mer.	6	6	6	3,100	Sil.Kg.ofAriz.	7/16	7/16	7/16
1,500	†‡Gt. Bend.	7	6½	6½	2,000	†‡St. Nich.Z.	17	16½	17
2,000	‡Greenm. M.	15/16	⅞	15/16	1,500	Std.Sil.-Lead	11/16	⅝	11/16
800	Hecla Min.	8 13/16	8 13/16	8⅞	1,200	Stewart	⅝	⅝	⅝
500	Hud.B.Z.M.	1	1	1	7,000	†‡Success	31	29	30
400	‡I.M.M.Dev.	1¼	1⅛	1¼	500	Super. Cop., (a pros.)	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
5,000	†Jerome Ver. (a pros.)	1⅝	1½	1 9/16	1,250	Tono. Ext.	2½	2 7/16	2⅜
1,500	†‡Jim Butler	72	72	72	2,000	Tri-Bullion	¼	3/16	¼
1,000	Jose.-Kenne. (a pros.)	3/16	3/16	3/16	500	†‡Troy-Ariz.	24	24	24
1,700	†Jumbo Ext.	31	31	31	50	Unit. East'n	4¼	4¼	4¼
3,000	‡Jum.M.of N. M. (a pros.)	2	2	2	1,400	U.M.of Ariz.	3/16	⅛	3/16
100	Kerr Lake	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	1,200	†‡U. S.Tung.	23	22	23
1,700	Louis. Cons.	1	15/16	1	100	‡U.Verde Ex.	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞
1,000	†‡Lucky Girl	15	15	15	200	Unity Gold.	3⅝	3½	3⅝
300	Magma Cop.	46	45	46	1,000	†‡Utah Nat.	4¼	4⅛	4¼
300	†‡M'matic C.	23	23	23	9,000	†‡Utica	23	20	21
2,800	†Magnate C.	15/16	⅞	⅞	600	†‡VerdeInsp.	68	68	68
					4,700	†Yerington	27	26	27

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$55,000	‡Beth.Stl.5s 2-yr. notes	98½	98⅜	98⅜	$10,000	‡Rus. Govt. new 5½s	79	78⅞	78⅞
5,000	‡Cos. Oil 6s	90	90	90	11,000	‡Rus. Govt. 6½s	91	89½	89½
75,000	‡N. Y. City 4½s, w. i.	101 3/16	101⅛	101⅛	2,000	‡South. Ry. 5% notes.	98½	98½	98½

*Odd lot. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

⁂

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Monday. Bid.	Ask.	INDUSTRIALS. Continued.	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Monday. Bid.	Ask.
Am.-B. Mfg.	6	10	6	10	Mar. of Am.	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
Do pf	30	35	30	35	Marlin Arms.	94	100	94	100
Am. Drug S.	10	15	10	15	Mitchell Mot.	41	50	41	50
Am. Tin & T.	½	¾	½	¾	Motor Prod.	38	40	38	40
Am. Stores	34	36½	34	36½	Nat. Auto Cp.	15	25	15	25
Do 1st pf.	96	98	96	98	N. Y. Trans.	16½	17	16½	17
Atlantic Steel.	135	150	135	150	Peerless T. M.	16	18	16	18
Am. Writ. P.	3	4	3	4	Poole Engine.	75	90	75	90
Boyd Motors.	3⅞	4	3⅞	4	Redden M. T.	17½	20	17½	20
Brit.-A. Tob. Ord. Bearer.	18	19	18	19	Rep. Truck.	70	72	70	72
Brit.-Am. T., Ord	17½	18	17½	18	Do pf	93	95	93	95
Can. Nat. Gas	⅛	⅝	⅛	⅝	Smith, (A. O.)	34	35½	34	35½
Cen. Fdry. pf.	51	54	51	54	Do pf	92	98	92	98
Chal. Motors.	10	12	10	12	St.L.,Rky.Mt. & Pacific	32	34	32	34
Charc'l I. pf.	6	6⅝	6	6⅝	Stand. Motors	11½	12	11½	12
Chev. Motor.	92	97	92	97	Todd Sh'yards	82	84	82	84
Cramp Ship.	80	90	80	90	Triangle Film.	1 11/16	1 13/16	1 11/16	1 13/16
Curtiss A. pf.	70	80	70	77	United Sugar.	36	36½	36	36½
Eastern Steel.	116	118	116	118	Un. Zinc Sm.	4⅝	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞
Electric Gun.	⅝	⅞	⅝	⅞	West I. Syn.	40	45	40	45
Elite Plan S.	1/16	3/16	1/16	3/16	Wright-M. pf.	50	60	50	60
Free. T., new	42½	44	43	45	Zinc Con.	2½	2¾	2½	2¾
Fisk Rub. 1st conv. pf.	..	103	..	103	OIL STOCKS.				
Grant M. Car.	4½	5½	4½	5½	Am. Oil. N.E.	43	44	43	44
Hendee Mfg.	27	31	27	31	Am. Ventura.	12	16	12	16
Holly Sugar.	54	56	51	56	Houston Oil.	20	22	20	22
Holly Sug. pf.	100	101½	102	103	Midw. Oil pf.	99	100	99	100
Int. A. & F.	27½	..	27½	..	N. Y. & O. O.	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
Int. Trading.	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜	N. Y.-Tex. Oil	1⅞	2	1⅞	2
Int. Trad. pf.	1	1⅛	1	1⅛	Okla. Oil pf.	52	57	52	57
Interc. Rubber	11	12	11	12	Penn.-Wyo.	8¼	8½	8¼	8½
Kath. Bze. pf.	1½	2½	1½	2½	Pierce Oil	11½	12	11½	12
Key. T. & R.	17	17½	17	17½	Sin. Gulf C.	25	27	25	27
Do pf	17¼	17¾	17¼	17¾	Utah Pet'm.	30	40	30	40
Kresge	97	102	97	102	MINING STOCKS.				
Lake Tor. Bt.	7⅝	7¾	7⅝	7¾	Alaska Mines.	⅝	⅞	⅝	⅞
Lake T. Boat 1st pf.	8½	9½	8½	9½	Austin Am'n.	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
L. Val. C. S.	75	80	75	80	Big Jim	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
Lukens Steel.	42	47	42	47	Booth	7	8	7	8
Do 1st pf.	102½	103½	102½	103½	Butte-N. Y.	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
Man. Transit.	⅝	¾	⅝	¾	Ton. Belmont.	4¼	4½	4¼	4½
					Ton. Mining.	6⅛	6¼	6⅛	6¼
					BOND.				
					Pierce Oil 6s.	82	84	82	84

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Monday. Bid.		Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Anglo-Am. Oil	18½	19	18½	Penn.-Mex. Fuel	47	53	47
Atlantic Refining	920	940	930	Prairie Oil & Gas	500	510	500
Borne-Scrymser	410	440	410	Prairie Pipe Line	270	275	270
Buckeye Pipe L.	98	100	99	Solar Refining	330	340	330
Chesebrough Mfg.	390	410	390	Southern Pipe Line	195	200	195
Colonial Oil	50	70	50	South. Penn. Oil	288	292	290
Continental Oil	485	510	480	So. W. Penn	110	115	110
Crescent Pipe L.	38	40	38	Stand. Oil of Cal.	256	259	256
Cumberland P. L.	155	165	155	Stand. Oil of Ind.	745	755	745
Eureka Pipe Line	205	210	205	Stand. Oil of Kan.	470	490	470
Galena Signal Oil	147	150	147	Stand. Oil of Ky.	345	355	345
Galena Sig. Oil pf.	139	142	139	Stand. Oil of Neb.	500	520	500
Illinois Pipe Line	209	213	209	Stand. Oil of N. J.	576	580	578
Indiana Pipe L.	96	99	96	Stand. Oil of N. Y.	278	282	278
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd.	13	13⅛	13	Stand. Oil of Ohio.	430	440	430
Nat. Transit	14	16	14	Swan & Finch	100	115	100
N. Y. Transit	185	190	185	Union Tank	96	98	97
Northern Pipe L.	98	101	98	Vacuum Oil	355	365	355
Ohio Oil	342	345	342	Washington Oil	30	34	30

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Monday. Bid.		Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Aetna pf.	35	38	36	Colt's Arms	98	103	106
American Brass	300	315	320	Du Pont	257	260	257
Atlas Powder	159	163	159	Do old com.	104	105	104
Do pf.	99	101	99	Do deb. pf.	99	101	100
Babcock & Wilcox.	123	125	124½	Hercules Powder.	247	250	247
Bliss	500	550	500	Do pf.	116	120	116
Do pf.	73	78	73	Niles-Bem't-Pond.	145	155	154
Can. Explosives	350	450	350	Scovill Mfg	580	610	..
Do pf.	104	110	104	Winchester Arms.	1000	1200	1000

UTILITIES MUST KEEP UNIFORM ACCOUNTS

Court Decides Service Board's System of Bookkeeping Shall Be Followed.

AIM TO AVOID MISTAKES

Companies Have Right to Fix Depreciation Rate, Providing Commission Concurs.

The system of bookkeeping prescribed by the Public Service Commission must be followed by all of the public utility corporations to the end that the auditing of these accounts by the commission may be quickly performed with very small danger of mistakes. This was the effect of a decision given by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in a certiorari proceeding brought by the Kings County Lighting Company to review a decision of the commission in reference to an issue of bonds.

William L. Ransom, chief counsel for the commission, said that the decision would make for sound financing and the proper upkeep of the properties of the corporations. The legal proceedings grew out of the determination of the commission to attach as a condition to an authority given to the Kings County company to issues $134,545.53 in bonds that the money should be used only to make good the indisputable depreciation of the company's property. In sustaining this order the court held that Section 66 of the public service commissions law authorized the commission to prescribe uniform methods of keeping accounts by the gas corporations. The company vigorously objected to the commission dictating the manner in which it should keep track of its own affairs.

Another question of importance and which has resulted in much controversy, was answered in the commission's favor. The Kings County and other companies had successfully urged upon the commission that it had no power to deal with the subject of depreciation in a separate proceeding and to require compliance with an order by the commission concerning maintenence expenditures and depreciation reserves. The commission had yielded in this matter because there appeared to be grave doubts of its power to deal with the matter in an independent proceeding, and had undertaken to deal with it as in the Kings County company matter through attaching a condition to an order authorizing an issue of bonds. Concerning this matter the opinion of the court read:

"In no event could the commission, without taking an independent proceeding against the relator, in which the relator would have notice and an opportunity to defend itself, make an order requiring it to change its whole system of accounting and put its depreciation charge upon some other basis than that adopted by the company under the law and the earlier order of the commission."

Under the commission's order requiring the maintaining of its system of accounts it is required that when fixed capital is retired from service, depreciation applicable to the period after Dec. 31, 1908, was to be charged to the depreciation reserve, and that until otherwise ordered the amount estimated to be necessary to cover such depreciation, month by month, was to be based on a rule to be fixed by the commission.

The company had set aside an eight-cent rate for each thousand feet of gas sold, to provide for depreciation, and later increased the amount to 11½ cents. It was claimed that part of this reserve had been used for extensions. As to this method, the court said that such a proceeding "would be tantamount to permitting the relator to borrow money for the purpose of providing for a depreciation fund, a practice unsound in principle, and one which would ultimately lead a company into a serious financial condition. The commission therefore was naturally willing only to permit the treasury to be reimbursed by an issue of bonds on condition that such part of the proceeds as were equivalent to the sum spent out of depreciation reserve should be restored, and it coupled its permission with such a condition."

The court also decided that the company was entitled to fix such a rule or rate for depreciation as it saw fit, and that this rule was to govern until the commission fixed a different rule or rate, as the commission had the power to do.

EXPORT GRAIN TRADE HALTED BY EMBARGO

At a Standstill in Baltimore and Other Centres—Chamber of Commerce to Act.

BALTIMORE, July 17.—The export grain trade of Baltimore has come to a standstill since the embargo proclamation went into effect Saturday, and this is said to be equally true at all other large grain export centres of the United States. The railroads are holding back the grain intended for export and have placed an embargo in conformity with the proclamation.

Baltimore grain dealers say the urgent demand from the Allies will soon force action in getting the foodstuffs to them. The Baltimore Chamber of Commerce will meet tomorrow to formulate a set of rules governing the movement of grain from the interior to the seaboard. It also will seek to reach some positive way by which exporters can go ahead with their shipments without undue embarrassment.

GETS A $758,132 JUDGMENT.

Chicago Munition Concern Had Sued Railroads.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 17.—There has just been filed in the Rensselaer County Clerk's office a judgment granted by Supreme Court Justice Howard in favor of F. Bradley Cox of Chicago, for $758,132.95, against the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway, and the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company.

The suit was brought by Cox as head of a Chicago munitions concern against several railroads including the two named and the New York Central to recover for the loss of munitions while in transit. The two railroads named were served by publication and when they did not appear judgment was taken by default. The New York Central, however, was not so served, and it has made its answer and proposes to fight the suit.

Attorney Lewis E. Carr of the legal staff of the Delaware & Hudson Company represents the railroads, while Lester Bloch of Albany is attorney for Cox. It is understood that an effort will be made to reopen the judgment on the ground that the judgment obtained by default is wrong.

Free Employment Bureau Aids 175.

The Chelsea Neighborhood Association announced yesterday that its free neighborhood employment bureau, 135 West Twenty-third Street, had placed 175 applicants in jobs in its first month of work. According to Mary Arnold, who manages the new movement, whose object is to have employes live near their work, 798 persons, 623 men and 175 women, asked for help during June. Nearly 200 concerns requested the bureau to find workers for them.

SAFE INVESTMENTS
In these days, when "good" securities are not so good and those previously scorned are looking better, be careful and protect yourself.
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TO HOLD ALIENS' ACCOUNTS.

Banks Will Aid Government in Stopping Transfer of Funds Abroad.

Banks and trust companies are cooperating with the Government in preventing the transfer of banking credits to neutral countries for account of enemy aliens. While they are not required to file applications for permits for the transmission of funds, as is demanded of exporters who ship merchandise, the banks have agreed to furnish the Department of Justice transcripts of all remittances made by them.

Most of the large institutions have made it a practice to mail daily a record of documentary and clean credits granted to their clients, the name, the amount, and the country of payment being indicated in each case. It was said yesterday that the banks did not wait for approval of the lists before consummating the transactions, but were prepared to furnish additional information should the Federal authorities require it. In some few instances where bankers have entertained some doubt respecting a payee they have taken the precaution of first communicating with the Government officials. These instances have been very few indeed.

Not very long ago, the Federal Reserve Board in Washington, acting upon advices received from the State Department, sent a letter to all banks on the subject of banking transactions with alien enemies. The transactions in which the State Department is interested are:

1.—Foreign exchange transactions between banks in this country and banks in neutral countries in Europe.

2.—Ordinary banking transactions, such as the obtaining of credits by enemy aliens resident in the United States.

3.—Banking transactions between this country and Mexico, or Central American and South American countries.

"It is, of course, difficult," said the board, "for a bank to determine offhand whether or not a transfer is for the account of enemy aliens, when it is asked by an individual or corporation in this country to make a transfer to a bank in a neutral country. The board is advised, however, that the State Department is anxious that bankers throughout the country should be warned that they should scrutinize most carefully every application made to them involving the transfer of funds to neutral European countries, which transfers seem intended to give aid to the enemies of this country, either directly or indirectly."

WHAT MEMBERSHIP MEANS
A PRIVILEGE—NOT A HARDSHIP.
A COMFORT—NOT A BURDEN.
A SAVING—NOT AN EXPENSE.
NOT DEATH INSURANCE BUT LIFE INSURANCE, which is absolutely necessary and promotes the comfort of provident men.
TRUST FUND PROVISIONS guaranteeing principal and interest, forestalling waste or diversion of funds, and avoiding the necessity of investing large sums in advance.
MONTHLY INCOME provisions for a stipulated number of years, also for life.
OLD-AGE PENSIONS covering two lives (insured and beneficiary.)
CORPORATION, co-partnership and business protection.
ANY ONE OF THESE and other vital features may be secured under the same contract, based upon scientific calculations involving the laws of mortality and compound interest.
CONSERVES EARNING POWER OF MEN—the most vital of all values, social or commercial—the most uncertain and the greatest of hazards for the individual, but absolutely assured by organized membership.
ACCOMPLISHED THROUGH SMALL REGULAR DEPOSITS, the FIRST of which puts the contract in full force.
WON'T YOU GET UNDER COVER?
FOR DETAILED INFORMATION address, giving date of birth,
S. D. JONES, General Agent,
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company
1250 Woolworth Building, New York City.
In replying please mention this newspaper.

Commission orders executed in
Pennsylvania Gasoline
(Listed on New York Curb)
Now quoted 7-16 bid, 9-16 asked
L. A. Mathey & Co.
35 Broad Street, New York City
Phone 5376 Broad.

Carbon Steel
In the current issue T. B. Lyon reviews the improved position of Carbon Steel. A copy of this number and an attractive subscription offer, "A," are obtainable by writing to THE
FINANCIAL WORLD
Publication Office, 29 Broadway, New York

Wanted Manager for Bond Department. Must have broad experience and thorough training and be able to handle both salesmen and necessary traders. Excellent opportunity to right man. All replies held strictly confidential. Address "Confidential," Box B 296 Times Downtown.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

MORRIS & SMITH.
NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The co-partnership of MORRIS & SMITH has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated, New York, June 23, A. D. 1917.
STUYVESANT FISH MORRIS, JR.
ROBERT G. KENNEDY.
ST. JOHN SMITH.

MORRIS & SMITH.
CERTIFICATE OF CONTINUED USE OF FIRM NAME.

Whereas, The business of MORRIS & SMITH, a firm having business relations with foreign countries, and which has transacted business in this State for not less than three years, and continues to be conducted by the undersigned, some of whom were partners in such firm;

Now, therefore, we, ROBERT G. KENNEDY, whose place of residence is No. 131 Claremont Avenue, in the City of Montclair, Essex County, New Jersey, and ST. JOHN SMITH, whose place of residence is 57 East 91st Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, do hereby certify and declare:

1. That we are the persons continuing the use of the firm name of MORRIS & SMITH, and intending to deal under said name.

2. That our principal place of business is located in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York.

3. That the general nature of the business to be transacted is acting as brokers in the purchase and sale of stock and buying, selling, and dealing in bonds, notes, foreign and domestic exchange, and other securities.

Dated, New York, June 25, A. D. 1917.
ROBERT G. KENNEDY.
ST. JOHN SMITH.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK, SS:

On this 26th day of June, A. D. 1917, before me personally came ROBERT G. KENNEDY and ST. JOHN SMITH, to me known and known to me to be the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing certificate, and they severally duly acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

[Notarial seal.] HENRY E. KIRBY, Notary Public, Kings County, No. 167; Cert. filed in New York Co., No. 227; New York Co Reg. No. 9192.

A. S. MITCHELL & CO.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership existing between ARTHUR S. MITCHELL and E. DOUGLAS WARREN, doing business at 42 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, under the name of A. S. MITCHELL & CO., is this day dissolved, and that the business will be continued by A. S. MITCHELL at the same address under the said firm name, who assumes payment of all liabilities. Dated New York, July 17, 1917.

A. S. MITCHELL and E. DOUGLAS WARREN.

New York, May 29th, 1917.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE OUTSTANDING 6% FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS OF THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given by the above named Company of its election to redeem and pay off all of its First Mortgage Gold Bonds on the first day of August, 1917, and that on such interest payment date there will become and be due and payable upon each of the bonds so to be redeemed at the office or agency of the Company in the city in which the principal of such bond is payable the principal thereof and accrued interest to such date of redemption. Payment will be made upon said bonds at the office of W. R. Grace & Co., 7 Hanover Square, New York City, New York, or at the office of Grace Brothers & Co., Ltd., 144 Leadenhall Street, London, E. C., England, at the rate of 105% of the par of said bonds together with all accrued and unpaid interest. Holders of said bonds are notified to present them for payment at either of the said places on the first day of August, 1917, on which day all interest on said bonds will cease.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
(Sgd.) J. P. GRACE,
President.

RUTLAND RAILWAY LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY.
NOTICE OF OFFER TO PURCHASE FORTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to the terms and conditions of a certain mortgage or deed of trust made by Rutland Railway Light and Power Company to Lincoln Trust Company, Trustee, dated March 1, 1906, and a supplemental mortgage thereto dated December 9, 1908, and pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors of Rutland Railway Light and Power Company dated June 29, 1917, Lincoln Trust Company, as Trustee, is prepared to invest the sum of $10,000, now in the sinking fund, in bonds of the said Company, issued under said mortgage and supplemental mortgage, at a price not exceeding the face value thereof and a premium of ten per cent. together with accrued interest.

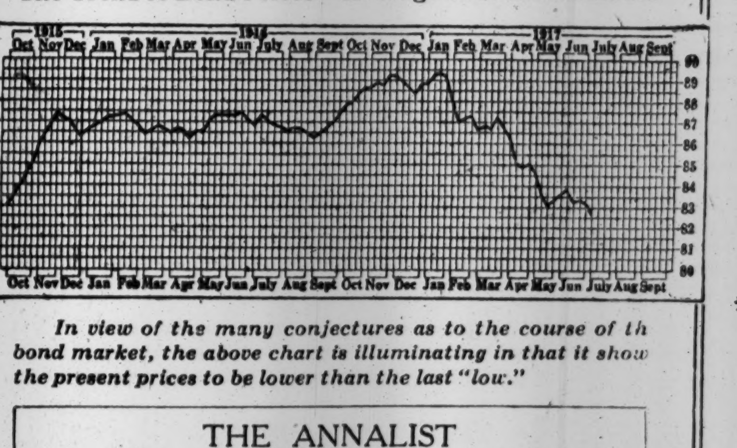
The holders of said bonds may submit offers for sale, specifying price, to the aforesaid Trustee, at its office, No. 204 Fifth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before July 30th, 1917.

Dated New York, July 16, 1917.
LINCOLN TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.

FRAUDULENT ADVERTISING.

The New York Times rejects doubtful, misleading, or fraudulent advertising.—Advt.

The Trend of Bond Prices—Average of 40 Listed Issues



In view of the many conjectures as to the course of the bond market, the above chart is illuminating in that it shows the present prices to be lower than the last "low."

THE ANNALIST
Times Square, New York (31)
Send The Annalist for one year to the address below, for which I enclose $4.
Name ....
Street ....
City ....
Domestic, $4.00; Canada, $4.50; Foreign, $5.00

METROPOLITAN LIFE TAKES PITTSBURGH

All Outstanding Policies of That Company Will Be Reinsured.

WASHINGTON LIFE INCLUDED

Insurance Authorities of Pennsylvania and New York Approve Contract to Protect Holders.

It was announced at the office of the State Insurance Department yesterday that arrangements have been practically completed whereby the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company will take over all outstanding policies of the Pittsburgh Life and Trust Company of Pittsburgh, which was alleged to have been wrecked by the manipulations of a group of former officers now under indictment on a charge of grand larceny. The Metropolitan Life also takes over the outstanding policies of the Washington Life Insurance Company of New York, which were reinsured by the Pittsburgh Company about eight years ago, when the Washington Life almost went to the wall because of unprofitable investments.

The reinsurance contract has met with the approval of the New York and Pennsylvania Insurance authorities as the best way of protecting the policy holders of both companies against any great loss, if any loss at all. It means that 60,000 policy holders of the two companies, representing $119,000,000 of outstanding insurance, will be reinsured by the Metropolitan on a sound basis.

Under the contract the Metropolitan Life takes all the assets of the Pittsburgh Life and Washington Life and assumes all the policy liabilities with a tion of 33 1-3 per cent. against each policy for the deficiency in the present reserve. This lien, however, will not be operative until five years after the policy is taken over, and it may not be operative then if, in the meanwhile, the assets of the company increase sufficiently in value to make up for the present deficiency. The lien will mean a deduction of 33 1-3 per cent., not of the amount of the policy but of the reserve at the time the policy is taken over. Thus in the case of $1,000 policy, if the reserve amounts to $300, the lien will deduct $100 from the face value of the policy, making the final payment $900.

All the policies of the Pittsburgh Life and Trust and Washington Life are taken over on an equal basis, and all losses occurring within the first five years of the contract are to be paid in full, thus affording the holders full protection without reference to the lien. The lien was established in the contract because the assets taken over were valued by the Metropolitan Life on a basis equal to 72½ per cent. of the liabilities assumed under the policies. The total assets of the two companies amount to $21,000,000.

Under the terms of the contract, it is also agreed that the funds and accounts of the two companies are to be segregated from the regular business of the Metropolitan Life. If any profits accrue from the handling of the assets, the contract provides that they shall be applied to the reduction of the lien by extending for another five years the time in which policies are to be paid in full. Insurance Department officials were of the opinion yesterday that the securities of the company taken over by the Metropolitan Life at comparatively low valuations will increase in value within five years to such an extent that there will be no necessity of enforcing the lien.

The Washington Life had insurance of $27,000,000 outstanding with a reserve of $13,000,000, while the Pittsburgh Life had a total insurance outstanding of $92,000,000 with a reserve of $8,000,000. The reinsurance contract will go into effect as soon as it is approved by the court.

The troubles of the Pittsburgh Life and Trust Company first came to light early in May of this year, when seven men were accused by J. Denny O'Neil, Insurance Commissioner of Pennsylvania, of conspiring to defraud the company out of $1,900,000. They were Clarence F. Birdseye of New York, Kellogg Birdseye, Treasurer of the company; George Montgomery, Robert R. Moore, President of the Commercial Trust Company, New York, against whom all proceedings, however, have since been withdrawn; Albert Leury of New York, and W. D. McQueston and a Mr. Watson, whose addresses were not given.

According to Commissioner O'Neil, the company's capital of $1,000,000 and its surplus had been entirely wiped out by the transactions of these men. It was alleged that through a deliberately planned conspiracy they succeeded in converting into cash for their own use gilt-edged securities, which they purchased with the funds of the company by "dummy" manipulations. It was stated at the office of the State Insurance Department yesterday that the contract with the Metropolitan would in no way affect the proceedings now pending against the indicted men. The trial of the charges against them has been set over for the Fall term of court in Pittsburgh.

FORMER BURNS MEN TESTIFY

Detectives Tell Incident of Their Employment with Agency.

One of the witnesses called yesterday in the hearing on the charges against the William J. Burns National Detective Agency before Deputy State Controller Boardman was Guy B. Biddinger. About six years ago he was Assistant General Manager for the Burns Agency, and later was in the employ of the Val O'Farrell Agency.

Biddinger was asked about the connection of one Gaston B. Means with the Burns Agency. He replied that Means was always a mystery to him. Means had desk room in the office of Burns for a time, but what he did or why he was there the witness declared he did not know.

A. B. Owens, formerly employed by the Burns Agency, said his flat had been robbed three times within a year and that, besides money and jewelry taken, the thieves had carried off two letters bearing on the Carmen murder case, on which the Burns Agencl was working. He did not know if the object of the thieves was to get the letters.

The last witness was H. J. Connors, a former employe of the Burns Agency. He said he did not want to "get Burns," but that he wouldn't trouble to do him a favor.

The hearing will be resumed tomorrow morning.

PREPARE TO CENSOR CABLES

Young Women Recruited with Rank and Pay of Yeomen.

The Government order establishing a censorship of all outgoing cables was not received by the companies here yesterday. It is not expected until later in the week for, it is said, there are still some details to be worked out.

In anticipation of an increased number of censors here Commander Hoff, in charge of the local censorship, is increasing his staff. Several young women were accepted as recruits yesterday at the Naval Reserve recruiting station, 26 Cortlandt Street, and these will receive the rank and pay of yeomen and will be assigned to the censor's office. It was explained that their duty will not be to pass upon the messages received for transmission across the Atlantic. They will decode all messages, perform clerical work and act as stenographers. They can be sent to any part of the United States or abroad by the Government, and except that they will not have to do sea duty they will rank with the men and serve under similar conditions. They will be paid from $90 to $125 a month, according to their garde. Already thirty-four women have taken the oath and are now employed here.

So many applications have been received from women that they are placed on file for future reference. The women who have been enlisted will wear a uniform, a regulation blue navy middy blouse and a white skirt.

THE REAL ESTAE FIELD.

An important residential deal was closed yesterday in the upper Lenox Hill home centre in the sale of the four-story American basement dwelling at 53 East Seventy-seventh Street, owned by Henry L. Wardwell. It covers a plot 84.6 by 102.2, adjoining the Don Carlos apartment house on the northeast corner of Madison Avenue, from which it is separated by an open court. Mr. Wardwell has owned the property since 1907, when he bought the house and extensively remodeled it. The holding price has been $175,000. William B. May & Co. were the brokers, and the buyer has purchased for occupancy.

Private Dwelling Sales.

Meister Builders, Inc., resold to a client 23 East 128th Street, a four-story brownstone building on a plot 20 by 100.

A client of L. J. Phillips & Co. has purchased for occupancy from the Pond and Mortgage Company, 62 Hamilton Terrace, a three-story dwelling on a lot 20 by 100.

Buyers for Harlem Flats.

Leon S. Altmayer and Theodore Ortmann sold for R. Loewenthal the triple flat at 2,916 Eighth Avenue, 25 by 100, to James H. Cruikshank.

McDowell & McMahon sold for the Mercedes Building Company, John P. Boyland, President, the five-story apartment at 1,749 Park Avenue, 20 by 75, to John Hahn.

Ferdinand Johnson sold the six-story elevator apartment house at 500 West 134th Street to Joseph J. Curley, and received in part payment sixteen acres at Maywood, N. J.

J. B. Wood resold the five-story flat at the northwest corner of Seventh Avenue and 136th Street, 32.5 by 100, for S. A. Singerman to an investor. The buyer acquired it last week.

Bronx Sales.

Edward N. Crosby & Co. and Joseph A. Blackner sold for the Harsin Building Company, A. M. Harrington, President, the new five-story apartment house on the southeast corner of 173d Street and Longfellow Avenue, 50 by 100, to the Systell Holding Company, Sidney Stern, President. The buyer gave in part payment 681 Beck Street, a four-story apartment house, 33.4 by 125.

Fanny Waxenbaum purchased for investment from the Schuyler estate 1,288 Hoe Avenue, a five-story apartment house, on a lot 50 by 100. In part payment the buyer gave a vacant plot, 50 by 100, at 9 East 118th Street.

Charles Shapiro bought the premises, 50 by 87.6, on the east side of Hughes Avenue, 200 feet north of 188th Street, from Nathan B. Jacobson.

Queens Borough Sales.

F. Vrabeak has sold to C. Winkler, who immediately transferred the property to P. H. Winkler, the houes and plot, 50 by 100, on the south side of Twelfth Street, 350 feet west of Seventh Avenue, Whitestone.

E. E. Meacham & Son sold to C. Gassira four lots at Richmond Hill Circle, Woodhaven.

E. Witzel sold to G. Golsner a plot 102 by 301 feet on the west side of Sixteenth Street, 100 feet north of High Street, College Point.

Westchester County.

The Robert E. Farley Organization has sold a plot at the corner of Franklin Street and Union Avenue, in the Nelson estates section of Peekskill, to Haviland Wessels.

Samuel M. Burkank of Louisville, Ky., sold his former residence on Winyah Avenue to M. C. Rolland of New York. The property consists of a fifteen-room brick residence, garage, one and one-quarter acres of land, held at $20,000. James D. McCann was the broker.

New Jersey.

S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman has sold for Jacques G. Zirkel to William Y. Fosdick, the bungalow at 53 Hope Street, Ridgewood.

The dwelling at 3 Madison Avenue, Newark, 30 by 125, near Clinton Avenue, has been sold by Feist & Feist for Max Hertz to Aaron Parsonnet.

F. M. Crawley & Brothers has sold the house situated on the west side of Prospect Terrace, Montclair, N. J., for A. Wright, Jr., to Albert J. Armstrong of New York City. The property has been held at $22,500.

Commercial Leases.

Herbert Hecht & Co. leased to the Beck Shoe Company stores for J. Clarence Davies and Lewis Morris, at 955 Southern Boulevard; for Barney Lefkowitz, at 31 Second Avenue, near Second Street, and for the Dutch Reformed Church, at 2,258 Third Avenue, near 122d Street. The leases are all for a long term of years at an aggregate rental of $80,000.

Joseph P. Day has leased for five years large space in the Knickerbocker Metallic Bed Company Building, on Avenue E, between Fiftieth and Fifty-first Streets, Bayonne, N. J., to the Newman - Cavallon Company, Inc., manufacturers of building products.

$210,000 Building Loan.

The Jatison Construction Company has obtained a building loan of $210,000 from the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company for the erection of a nine-story apartment house at 103 to 107 East Eighty-fourth Street, a plot 76.1 by 102.2, adjoining the northeast corner of Park Avenue.

Realty Notes.

Title to the Saks Building, on the west side of Broadway, between Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth Street, passed yesterday to the Morewood Realty Company, headed by Herbert Du Puy. The property was sold July 6 by L. J. Phillips & Co. for the Herald Square Realty Company, of which Henry Morgenthau is President.

The Broadway Holding Company, C. H. Burdett President, is the buyer of the three five-story apartment houses, 36 to 40 West Sixty-seventh Street.

The General Theological Seminary has made a mortgage loan of $34,000 to the Congregation Israel Anschi Poland on the property at 24 to 28 West 114th Street, 53.4 by 100.11. The plot is covered with three buildings used as a synagogue.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Daniel Greenwald.

Wooster St, 149-153, w s, 145.2 ft s of Houston St, 74.6x100, eight-story loft and stores; Metropolitan Life Insurance Company against Chisholm Realty Company et al.; Butcher, T. & F., attorneys; due, $180,838.74; taxes, &c., $6,217.50; to the plaintiff for $165,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

Madison Av, 1,840, w s, 76 ft s of 120th St, 25x100, five-story flat and store; City Real Estate Company against Creston Building Company et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $23,426.52; taxes, &c., $500; to the plaintiff for $19,000.

2d Av, 2,154, e s, 75.11 ft s of 111th St, 25x100, five-story tenement and store; City Real Estate Company against Ezra Solomon et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $17,453.27; taxes, &c., $500; to the plaintiff for $16,000.

By Henry Brady.

Cannon St, 116, e s, 125 ft n of Stanton St, 25x99.10, five-story tenement and store; E. S. Fuerst against Sarah Minkowsky et al.; Meighan & N., attorneys; due, $23,146.68; taxes, &c., $40.60; to the plaintiff for $20,000.

By Samuel Marx.

Madison St, 141, n s, 38.9 ft e of Birmingham St, 25x82, four-story tenement and store; Samuel Levin against Jacob Lunitz et al.; Heyn & C., attorneys; due, $16,863.86; taxes, &c., $578.14; to the plaintiff for $12,500.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

74th St, 103 West, n s, 100 ft w of Columbus Av, 20x102.2, five-story flat and stores; withdrawn.

By J. H. Mayers.

19th St, 453 East, n s, 93.10 ft w of Avenue A, 29.6x92, five-story stable; Metropolitan Savings Bank against James J. Burke et al.; A. S. & W. Hutchins, attorneys; due, $16,563.53; taxes, &c., $1,054.78; to the plaintiff for $15,000.

By James L. Wells Company.

3d St, 127 and 129 West, n s, 134.9 ft w of Macdougal St, 46x100, one-story frame sheds; Courtney Development Co. against Morris Jacoby et al.; Geller, R. & H., attorneys; due, $18,532.23; taxes, &c., $365.40; to the plaintiff for $17,500.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

St. Ann's Av, 738, e s, 25 ft s of 156th St, 25x90, four-story flat; M. A. Watson, individually and executor, against Marie Kahrs et al.; McGuire, H. & S., attorneys; due, $13,042.15; taxes, &c., $452.77; to the plaintiff for $7,500.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

Prospect Av, 2,109, w s, 100.2 ft n of 180th St, 10x100x irregular, dwelling and vacant; withdrawn.

By James J. Donovan.

136th St, 244 East, s s, 175 ft w of 3d Av, 25x100, five-story flat; A. C. Rogers against Abr. Greenberg et al.; Middlebrook & B., attorneys; due, $14,501.54; taxes, &c., $165.80; to the plaintiff for $12,000.

Southern Boulevard, w s, 305 ft s of 167th St, 80x100, vacant; L. J. Ashforth against Amundson Realty Co. et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $15,634.51; taxes, &c., $450; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Waldo Av, s s, 681.74 ft n of 248th St, for a two-story and attic terra cotta block dwelling, 89.8x48; Delafield Estates, 27 Cedar St, owner; Julius Gregory, 30 East 42d St, architect; cost, $17,000.

Parkside Place, w s, 318 ft s of 207th St, for a one-story brick garage, 50.1x22; William P. and J. G. Michael, 299 Madison Av, owners; J. G. Michael, 323 45th St, Brooklyn, architect; cost $1,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

134th St, 26 West, to a five-story tenement; Mrs. P. Brown, 783 Prospect Av, owner; W. J. Russell and J. B. Horn, 25 West 42d St, architects; cost, $5,000.

Washington Av, s w corner of Claremont Parkway, to a five-story brick school, 200x83; City of New York, owner; C. M. Morgan, 529 Courtlandt Av, architect; cost, $6,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, JULY 17.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted, address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, s e corner of 155th St, runs s 124.10x e 125x n 24.11x e 25x n 99.11 to street x w 150 to beginning; City Real Estate Co. to John Whalen, 458 West 155th St, b. and s., Dec. 30, 1909; address, 206 Broadway $100

AMSTERDAM AV, n e corner of 154th St, runs e 125x n 75x w 25x s 25x w 100 to avenue x s 50 to beginning; same to same, b. and s., all liens, July 3; address, same. $100

AVENUE D, 97 and 99, w s, 36.6 ft n of 7th St, 36.6x77; Benjamin Kaufman et al. to Esther L., wife of said Benjamin Kaufman, on premises, mtg $27,000, July 10; attorney, S. N. Tuckman, 320 Broadway..$1

GOLD ST, 87, w s, 63.8 ft n of Spruce St, 33.8x79.1x33.2x78.7; Gertrude Kane to Frederick A. Ross, 1,620 Nostrand Av, Brooklyn, mtg $30,000, June 19; attorney, E. V. Daly, 32 Nassau St........ Two deeds, each $1

MOTT ST, 58, 75 ft n of Bayard St, 25x47; Giovanni Santulli to Angelina Santulli, 86 Mulberry St, mtg $10,000, July 13........$1

PLEASANT AV, 289, w s, 60.7 ft n of 115th St, 15x74; Antonio Trezza to Crestina Trezza, on premises, all liens, July 2; attorney, Louis Leo, 249 East 112th St........$100

ST. NICHOLAS AV, s w corner of 184th St, 49.11x100; Frederick Vogts to Gustave F. Boehme, 220 Audubon Av, mtg $75,000, all liens, July 14; attorney, David Batt, 299 Broadway $100

UNIVERSITY PLACE, n e corner of Waverley Place, 27-29, runs n 42.10x e 74.6x n 57.10x e 67x s 100.8 to place x w 141.6 to beginning; City Real Estate Co. to 1 University Place, Inc., 200 West 72d St, b. and s., July 12; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$100

WEST ST, s e s, 47.7 ft s w of North Moore St, 40.2x58.6; Katherine M. Cook, executrix, to Bernard Diekmann, Ridgefield Park, N. J., mtg $20,000, July 17; attorneys, Otterbourg, S. & H., 200 5th Av........$1

1ST AV, 775 and 777, s w corner of 44th St, 50.5x100; Henry Frank et al., executors, &c., of Jacob Fleischauer et al., to Swift & Co., Union Stock Yards, Chicago, mtg $15,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

4TH AV, 437, e s, 59.6 ft s of 30th St, 19.9x60; Etagloc Holding Co. to John Rogers, 102 East 30th St, mtg $30,000, b. and s., c. a. g., June 28; attorneys, Speir & B., 52 Wall St........$1

9TH AV, 204, s e s, 24.8x100; Antonetta, wife of John Palmer, individually and as executrix and heiress of Fortunata Palmer, to John Palmer Realty Co., 205 8th Av, mtg $26,000, July 13; attorney, Myron Sulzberger, 38 Park Row $1

10TH ST, 145 and 147 West, n s, 66 ft e of Waverley Place, 44x73x irregular; Isidor Cohn to Israel Beman, 55 West 110th St, all liens, June 1........$1

17TH ST, 3 East, n s, 100 ft e of 5th Av, 25x92; Jacob Axelrod to Der M. Haig, 78 Carnegie Av, East Orange, N. J., mtg $50,000, May 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; Der M. Haig to James E. Patton, Jr., Alder-Court Apartment, Pittsburgh, Penn., mtg $50,000, all liens, July 13; attorney, same $100

29TH ST, s s, 160.6 ft e of 5th Av, 98.9x20x irregular; 29th St, 10 East, s s, 180.6 ft e of 5th Av, 20x18.8x — x irregular; Francis R. Hitchcock to Elbridge T. Gerry, 2 East 61st St, all liens, June 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$1

52D ST, n s, 225 ft e of 11th Av, runs n 100.3x e 25x s 49.1x s e along centre line old Hoppers Lane — x s 47.3 to street x w 50 to beginning; William H. Wilson, exr., &c., to Warren Leslie, 110 West 69th St, mtg $10,000, all liens, July 2; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $15,000

62D ST, n s, 311.6 ft e of 5th Av, 20.6x100.5; Mary L. Daly et al. to Hy. McC. Bangs, 160 West 59th St, b. and s., confirmation deed, July 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

62D ST, n s, 311.6 ft e of 5th Av, 20.6x100.5; Mary L. Daly et al., executors, &c., to Henry McC. Bangs, 160 West 59th St., July 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

71ST ST, 227 West, n s, 483.4 ft e of West End Av, 15.9x102.2; Florence M. Rainforth to Georgia Havlin, 8,602 22d Av, Brooklyn, all liens, July 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$1

89TH ST, 329 West, n s, 373 ft w of West End Av, 75.8x20x irregular; Mary E. Maclay to Felix Wickes, 1,221 Albemarle Road, Brooklyn, mtg $21,000, July 14; attorney, Water Dodd, 20 Broad St........$100

92D ST, 39 West, n s, 445 ft e of Columbus Av, 20x100.8, foreclosure July 11, 1917; Judson B. Wilds, referee, to the Trustees of the Fund for Aged and Infirm Clergymen of the P. E. Church, in Diocese of New York, July 13; attorneys, Harrison, E. & B., 59 Wall St........$12,500

92D ST, n s, 94 ft e of 1st Av, 40x100.8; Jacob A. Geissenheim and another, trustees, to George N. Gregory, 640 Madison Av, b. and s., all liens, June 26........$1

97TH ST, 118 East, s s, 275 ft e of Park Av, 25x100.11; William F. Colliton to William J. Murphy, 612 West 178th St, mtg $22,500, June 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

97TH ST, 120 East, s s, 300 ft e of Park Av, 25x100.11; Henrietta Wissler, New Brunswick, N. J., to same, July 16; attorney, same $27,000

118TH ST, n s, 160 ft e of 5th Av, 50x100.11; Herman Waxenbaum et al., to Arthur C. Damsgaard, 216 Willis Av, Bronx, mtg $17,000, all liens, July 14; attorney, R. D. Adams, 176 Broadway........$100

123D ST, 520 and 522 West, s s, 200 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 66.10x100.11; Delta Holding Corporation to Mary Foley, 321 South 4th Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., mtg $42,000, July 16; Leo Schafrau, 51 Chambers St..$100

126TH ST, 223 West, n s, 212.6 ft w of 7th Av, 12.6x99.11; Max Wieder, referee, to New York Savings Bank, 81 8th Av, foreclosure July 12; attorney, John A. Dutton, 80 Maiden Lane $4,000

189TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 100x100; Washington Place Building Co. to William S. Dempsey Realty Co., 548 West 55th St, mtg $95,700, all liens, July 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

Bronx.

BECK ST, n s, 274.1 ft e of Avenue St. John, 33.4x125; Systell Holding Co., Inc., to Harsin Building Corp., 1,478 Vyse Av, mtg $14,000, July 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

BELMONT AV, 2,334, e s, 25x100; Edward Hergenröther to Louise M. Hergenrother, 2,334 Belmont Av, mtg $6,000, July 10; attorneys, Goldsmith & F., 55 Liberty St...$1

BRYANT AV, n w corner of 165th St, 110x100; Herbert Bauersfeld, referee, to Nathan Lottman, 962 Gates Av, Brooklyn, July 10; attorney, M. B. Rich, 66 Broadway...$7,000

CITY ISLAND BRIDGE approach, w s, at s s Lots 594 to 596, on map of Elizabeth R. B. King, — to Pelham Bay x — to old bridge site; Ferdinand Rosenberger to Edward Rosenberger, 663 City Island Av, July 16; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$1

CYPRESS AV, e s, 40.7 ft n of 133d St, 21x80; Urban Securities Co. to Albert Frankel, 2,531 Madison St, Ridgewood, N. J., July 16; attorneys, Reeves & T., 165 Broadway....$1

DITMARS ST, 81; City Island Homes, Inc., to Frank E. Fehr, 440 Hancock St, Brooklyn, July 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$1

FREDERICK AV, e s, 200 ft n of 188th St, 50x87.6; Nathan B. Jacobson to Charles Shapiro, 4,495 3d Av, mtg $3,500, May 15, 1916; attorney, Charles Shapiro, 4,495 3d Av........$100

HOE AV, 1,288, e s, 50x100; Schuyler Estates Corporation to Fannie Waxenbaum, 124 Stanton St, and another, mtg $40,000, July 16; attorney, A. Waxenbaum, 124 Stanton St........$1

HOE AV, 1,154, e s, 25x100; Matilde Pagani to Roman Catholic Church of St. John Chrysostom, 985 East 167th St, mtg $6,600, July 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

LONGFELLOW AV, s e corner of 173d St, 50x100; Harsin Building Corp. to Systell Holding Co., Inc., 299 Broadway, July 15, mtg $37,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$100

LOTS 594 to 596, map of Elizabeth R. B. King; Ferdinand Rosenberger to Edw. Rosenberger, 663 City Island Av, July 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

LOT 22, map of 41 lots on Southern Boulevard and Fairmount Av; John J. Kuhn, referee, to Edgar N. Sidman, 640 West End Av, mtg $7,200, July 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$50

LOT 73, Block 3,186, tax map; Israel J. P. Alderman, referee, to City of New York, July 13; attorney, Corporation Counsel.$250

LOT 74, Block 3,186, tax map; Elias Loewenkopf, referee, to same, July 14; attorney, same $250

LOT 76, Block 3,258, same map; Albert H. Vitale, referee, to same, July 12; attorney, same $250

LOT 77, Block 2,871; same map; Raphael R. Murphy, referee, to same, July 12; attorney, same $250

MARTHA AV, e s, 50 ft s of 241st St, 25x100; Mellwin Realty and Construction Co. to William D. Hyam, 4,378 Martha Av, mtg $3,500, July 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$100

UNDERCLIFF TERRACE, 1,521, w s, 83x143; Elsie Coddington to Virgin Thurkauf, Sr., 301 West 55th St, July 16; attorneys, Sayers Bros., 31 Nassau St........$100

WASHINGTON AV, e s, 260 ft s of 172d St, 50x109.7; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Thomas J. McGrath, 229 East 176th St, July 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

3D AV, 4,495, n w s, 30x120; Lena Shapiro to Charles Shapiro, 4,495 3d Av, mtg $10,000, March 14; attorney, A. Shapiro, 4,495 3d Av........$100

135TH ST, 606 East, s s, 24.7x100; Ignatz L. May to Mary L. May, 606 East 135th St, July 16; attorneys, Hirleman & V., 391 East 149th St........$1

146TH ST, [illegible] East, s s, 50x120; Augusta Eichner to Gophir Realty Corporation, 352 East 120th St, mtg $5,500, Jan. 2; attorney, Gophir Realty Co., 352 East 120th St....$1

149TH ST, s s, being east half of Lot 97, map of Melrose South, 25x106.6; Charles R. Manning, trustee, to Dominick Woodworth, South Bend, Ind., et al., mtg $10,000, May 31; attorney, Charles R. Manning, 138th St and 3d Av........$1

151ST ST, n s, being west half of Lot 324, map of Melrose South, 25x118; Charles R. Manning, trustee, to Dominick Woodworth, South Bend, Ind., mtg $3,500, May 31; attorney, Charles R. Manning, 138th St and 3d Av........$1

167TH ST, 949 East, w s, 37.6x90; Lawrence Davis to Simon Sarnoff, 780 Riverside Drive, mtg $22,000, July 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

173D ST, 542 East, s s, 25x89.10; Daniel F. Ward to Marie F. Gerz, 732 Van Nest Av, mtg $11,650, June 30; attorneys, Knox & D., 27 Cedar St........$1

181ST ST, 646 East, s s, 84.8x115; Hulda A. Daggett to John P. Dippel, 82 Fairview Terrace, West N. Y., and another, mtg $25,000, June 29; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway........$1

188TH ST, n w corner of Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 89x66.11x88.9x78.4; Sidem Building Co., Inc., to Richard W. Farrelly, 2,345 Broadway, June 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, n w corner of 74th St, 91.1x117x87x143.8, July 12; Therese D. Browning to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St, due July 16, 1920, interest as per bond; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place $75,000

FRONT ST, 126, w s, 90.8 ft n of Wall St, 75x18.6x irregular; also property in Bronx, Westchester, and Queens, June 29; Kamark Realty Co. to Henry L. Young, 67 Prospect Av, Richmond Hill, Borough of Queens, due and interest as per bond; attorneys, Slensby & Wolf, Hillside Bank Bldg., Richmond Hill, Borough of Queens........$6,500

SHERMAN AV, n e corner of 204th St, 100x100, July 16; Florence Nassoit to Hy Brinckmann, 2,303 Creston Av, due May 30, 1920, 6 p. c., equal lien with prior mtg $12,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,000

UNIVERSITY PLACE, e, n e corner of Waverley Place, runs n 42.10x e 74.6x n 57.10x e 67x s 100.8x w 141.6 to beginning, Dec. 12; Number One University Place, Inc., to Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co., 175 Remsen St, Brooklyn, due July 1, 1922; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100,000

3D AV, w s, 75.6 ft s of 97th St, 25x80, July 17; Heinrich Michaelis to Eastern District Savings Bank, 1,024 Gates Av, Brooklyn, due Nov. 1, 1920; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway........$10,000

48TH ST, 546 West, s s, 200 ft e of 11th Av, 30x100.5, July 6; Christian Wollerson to Frederick H. Adams, Ridgewood, N. J., due as per bond, mtg $18,000; attorney, P. E. Jackson, 2 Rector St........$5,500

79TH ST, 53-57 East, n s, 99.10 ft e of Madison Av, 42.2x102.2, July 12; Catharine C. D. and John S. Rogers to Augustus D. Julliard, at Tuxedo, N. Y., et al., trustees, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Joline, L. & R., 54 Wall St........$200,000

84TH ST, n s, 57.2 ft e of Park Av, 76.1x102.2, building loan, July 16; Jatison Construction Co. to Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., due Nov. 1, 1922, 6 p. c. until completion of building and then 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Butcher, T. & F., 1 Madison Av. $210,000

114TH ST, 24 to 28 West, n s, 244.7 ft w of 5th Av, 53.4x100.11, July 16; Congregation Kol Israel Anschi Poland et al. to General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States, 175 9th Av, 5 years; attorneys, Murray, I., H. & H., 16 William St........$34,000

Bronx.

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, e s, at n w s of Kingsbridge Terrace, runs n 163.9x e 99.5x s 171; also land in New York, Queens, and Westchester; Kamark Realty Co., Inc., to Henry L. Young, 67 Prospect Av, June 23, due as per bond; attorneys, Slensby & W., Richmond Hill, N. Y........$6,500

LONGFELLOW AV, s e corner of 173d St, 50x100; Systell Holding Co., Inc., to Harsen Building Corporation, 1,478 Vyse Av, prior mtg $37,000 July 15, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $6,000

LOTS 106 and 107, map Arden property, 100x100; John McMorrough to Joseph A. Murphy, 409 West 147th St, June 27, 5 years; attorneys, Clarke & Co., 51 Chambers St........$2,000

LOTS 594 to 596, map of Elizabeth R. B. King; E. Rosenberger to Ferdinand Rosenberger, 566 Brook Av, July 16, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,750

MOTT AV, 604, e s, 25x98.2x29.7x114.1; Arthur S. Warren to Catherine Schulmerich, 1,294 Intervale Av, July 16, due Dec. 1, 1920, 6 p. c.; attorney, Knox & D., 291 Broadway $2,000

UNDERCLIFF AV, 1,521, w s, 33x143; Virgil Thurkauf to Elsie Coddington, 41 West 83d St, July 16, 5 years; attorney, C. M. Coddington, 15 Wall St........$16,000

WASHINGTON AV, e s, 260 ft s of 172d St, 50x109.7; Thomas J. McGrath to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, July 16, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$1,500

135TH ST, 606 East, s s, 24.7x100; Mary May to Caroline Krohn, 586 East 161st St, July 16, due Jan. 1, 1920, 6 p. c.; attorney, Hirlswan & V., 391 East 149th St....$2,000

167TH ST, 949, n s, 37.6x90; Simon Sarnoff to Lawrence Davis, 76 Green St, Newark, N. J., prior mtg $22,000, July 11, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$6,500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

DIVISION ST, 11 and 11½, all, with option to purchase before Jan. 1, 1919, for $60,000; Edith Epstein to Max Walowinski, 309 East 79th St, and another, 10 years from June 1, 1917; address, on premises........$5,000

HESTER ST, 25 East, store floor; Mark I. Abrahams et al. to Ignatz Noschkes, 329 4th Av, 2 years from May 1, 1917........$870

MOTT ST, 77, all; Sarah A. Albro of Bronx to Bartolomeo B. De Costanzo, 108 Mulberry St, 4 9-12 years from July 15, 1917, 3 years' renewal; attorneys, Bailey & S., 135 Broadway $3,000

8TH AV, 103, all; Peter Doelger Brewing Co. to Martin Meyer, 103 8th Av, 5 years from May 1, 1917; attorney, Hy. Herzbrun, 60 Wall St........$2,000

9TH AV, 475, store floor and basement; Carrie P. Rupp to David Cohn, 355 West 29th St, 3 years from Oct. 1, 1917; address, on premises ....$1,880 and $1,440

24TH ST, 450 West, s w s, 260 ft s e of 10th Av, 20x80, the land; Katharine E. Moore to James T. Murray, 21 years from May 1, 1908, option of renewal; attorneys, John N. Wells's Sons, 191 9th Av $400

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

MONROE ST, 245; William M. Purdy et al. against Louis Edelson et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Jones & Carleton.

153D ST, s s, 150 ft w of Broadway, 100x99.11; Equitable Trust Co. of New York against Carrie G. Silverman, amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Murray, Prentice & Howland.

71ST ST, s s, 30 ft e of West End Av, 20x100.5; George E. Chisholm et al. against John P. Hopson et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, W. H. Van Benschoten.

123D ST, 348 to 352 East; John M. Bowers et al. against Park Ridge Realty Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. H. Van Benschoten.

115TH ST, 9 East; Mercy M. Plum against Loretta Corporation et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Gilberberg & Davis.

Bronx.

LAFAYETTE AV, s e, corner of Garrison Av, 50x224.3; Corinne Churchill et al., as trustees, against Ellen Young, action to compel termination of claim; attorney, A. C. Kellogg.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

38TH ST, 546 West; Isidore W. Horn against Crystal Spring Water Co., owner; Extension Building Co., Inc., contractor......$342

Bronx.

ST. ANN'S AV, 471; Benjamin Glasser against Mary E. Bunt, owner; James T. and Mary E. Bunt, contractors........$116

147TH ST, East, 546; Benjamin Glasser against Mary E. Bunt, owner; James T. and Mary F. Bunt, contractors........$192

HARRISON AV, 2,116-2,124; Gus Schlaier, Eagle Wrought Iron Works, against Harrison Improvement Co., Inc., owners and contractors $2,243

SATISFIED MECHANIC'S LIEN.

Manhattan.

WASHINGTON St, 384; Harry Weprin against Rebecca T. Archer et al., June 15, 1917 ....$1,600

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

Manhattan.

84TH ST, n s, 57.2 ft e of Park Av, 76.1x102.2; Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. loans Jatison Construction Co., Inc., to erect a nine-story apartment........$210,000

Bronx.

PELHAM AV, n w corner of Hoffman St, 50x83; Elizabeth K. Dooling loans De Candido Construction Co., to erect one-story brick and iron garage........$12,000

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORTGAGE MONEY
Manhattan 4½% Bronx 5%
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, Inc.
Mortgage Department
14 Wall St. Tel. Rector 4090.

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With the bright afternoon sun shining
The "Tout ensemble" was perfect.
That scene had taken $900,000 in money
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RIVER VIEW MANOR
at Hastings—on Hudson—Dobbs Ferry
the superb residential suburb of N. Y.
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Convenient trains to Hastings from Grand Central Station
9:50 10:45 2:10 3:13 3:47 4:20

THEY HAVE TO GO
The Executors Said So.
60 City Lots Were SACRIFICED
Last Saturday Afternoon.
THE REMAINING
139 Fully Developed City Lots,
to Close the Estates of S. & S. Sturges, Dec'd.
RIGHT AT EAST 174TH ST. SUBWAY STATION,
ARE TO BE SOLD
AT AUCTION
TOMORROW, July 19th, 1917,
at 12 o'clock noon, in the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St.
Don't you think it worth while to at least look them over this afternoon?
SEND FOR BOOKMAP TO-DAY TO
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156 BROADWAY AUCTIONEER Telephone Cort. 1547

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THIS BEAUTIFUL ALL-YEAR HOME, NEAR WATER,

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4 Rooms,	7th floor	(1 bath)	$1,400
5 Rooms,	9th "	(2 baths)	1,900
6 Rooms,	10th "	(3 baths)	2,500
7 Rooms,	12th "	(3 baths)	2,800

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(Just west of West End Avenue)
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$40 Unfurnished, $47.50 Furnished.
Inquire on premises, or
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Rooms large, light, conveniently arranged.
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APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Responsible management of the house you live in means Service, Comfort and Fair Rental. The following houses are under the management of

A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 EAST 42ND ST.

ASPINWALL APARTMENTS
399-403-407-411
Audubon Avenue
185th to 186th St.

The most unusual apartments in the city. Splendid construction. Awarded prize by the American Institute of Architects. A short walk from 181st St. Subway Station. A few apartments to let from next October.

Suites.	Per Month.
3-room	$28 to $31
4-room	$29 to $40
5-room	$37 to $47

The HUDSON-FULTON
S. E. Cor. 136th St. and Broadway
One block from Subway.

A few light suites to let from October in this elevator apartment house.

6, 7 and 8 rooms—rental $840 to $1,050 yearly.

140 WEST 71st. STREET
Doctor's Apartment
3 rooms, $800.

3 and 4 Story Private Dwellings
Nos. 105-111-121-125-129-143
West 73d St.

A rare opportunity for those seeking well-located houses in New York. These dwellings to let from October 1st will prove most attractive.

Rentals $1,600 to $1,800.

Apply on premises or to above management.

SELECT APARTMENT GUIDE

3-4-5-6-7 LARGE, AIRY ROOMS.
Ideal 10-story buildings; light, airy, delightful suites; outlook superb; outside rooms. Service, appointments, conveniences best.
"NORTHOLD—SOUTHOLD"
B'way, 150th to 151st St.
B'WAY SUBWAY OR BUS SERVICE

5-6-7-8-9 ROOM SUITES.
Exclusive 9-story apartment home. Hudson River views; charming suites, sunny, airy, delightful; select surroundings. Appointments, service equal to N. Y. hotels.
"SUTHERLAND"
611 West 158th St., Corner Riverside Drive.
B'WAY SUBWAY AT 157TH ST.—ONE BLOCK.

5-6-7-8 ROOM APARTMENTS.
High-class, 6-story; delightfully situated, overlooking Hudson River and Manhattan; a healthful, beautiful, convenient home for you.
"WEST POINT"
575 Riverside Drive at 135th Street.

Before deciding on your new apartment home, see these exclusive suites. Convenient locations, healthful, airy apartments. Rents moderate. Select tenants and surroundings.

An early inspection will save looking further.

Apply Resident Manager on premises.

The Riviera
Riverside Drive, 156th to 157th St.
Modern Twelve Story Fireproof Apartment.
Subway station half block distant.
FOR LEASE FROM OCT. 1st.

5 rooms	$750 to $780	Per Annum
7 rooms	$1100 to $1300	Per Annum
8 rooms	$1400 to $1500	Per Annum
9-10 rooms	$1600-$2000	Per Annum

with two or three baths.

Apply to A. J. Odell,
Manager, on Premises, Audubon 5400, or
Manhattan Leasing Co.,
149 Church St. Tel. 6390—Barclay.

Our Annual Booklet
of high-class apartments, 3 Rooms and Bath to 10 Rooms and 3 Baths offered for rent from Oct. 1st, will be mailed on application.
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
162 W. 72nd Street.
TEL. COLUMBUS 7240.

2465-71 Broadway
AT 91ST STREET.
Five and six rooms, elevator apartment. Rents $55-$70.

Kendal Court
521 WEST 111TH STREET.
Four, six and seven rooms, elevator apartment. Rents $50-$75. Apply Superintendent, on premises, or JOHN S. HEEP, 95 William St. Tel. 2065—John.

BUCKINGHAM COURT
310-320 West 99th St.
High Class Apartments of
8 ROOMS & 2 BATHS
To Lease from October 1.
Inquire Superintendent, on Premises.
Manhattan Leasing Co.,
149 Church St.
Telephone 6390—Barclay.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS DOCTOR'S OFFICES
suitable for
Dentist, Nose or Throat Specialist.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH.
NEW APARTMENT, JUST COMPLETED.
34 WEST 51ST ST.
EUGENE A. WALSH
on Premises. Phone Circle 1184.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

A.—640 Madison Av. Hoffman Arms N.W. Cor. 59th
6 to 10 Large Rooms
$1,300 to $2,000.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

THE WOOLSEY
141 EAST 44TH ST.
1 & 2 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette.
Furnished, $50 to $97.50.
Inquire on premises, or
BING & BING, 119 WEST 40TH ST.

REAL ESTATE.

"A MOVE TO LONG ISLAND IS A WISE MOVE."

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Bargain, 3-story house for sale or rent, West 11th St., 14 rooms, 2 baths; alter to suit tenant. Write M. N., 507 Amsterdam Av.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

SEE THE NEW HOUSES AT KEW GARDENS.
Fifteen minutes from Herald Square.
Ready for occupancy; from $9,500 to $22,500, on reasonable terms.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

HOMES AND ESTATES
FOR SALE OR RENT.
ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

A SACRIFICE—$20 MONTHLY.
Beautiful home, 6 rooms; handsome bath; open fireplace; elegant decorations; hardwood floors throughout; electricity, gas, steam heat, range, and tubs; large plot for garden and garage; shrubs; easy commuting; $250 cash; full price, $3,400. H. S., 47 West 34th St., Room 434.

Cozy little home and 2 acres of fine farm land; some fruit and shade trees; makes ideal home for small family wanting to raise vegetables, poultry, &c.; good location; stores, schools, &c.; price $1,350 complete; easy terms to right party. Write to "Cozy Home," Box 142 Times Downtown.

If you want to buy an old house with a large plot of land for cultivation of vegetables, fruit, poultry, &c., house needing small repairs, near water and station, price $1,450, for $75 down and $10 monthly, write or call at once to B Store, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Seashore home, $2,000, on easy terms; beautiful location; facing bay and ocean; garden plot, nice locality; improvements; near trolley, school, stores, &c. Write for further particulars, Shore Home, Box 222 Times Downtown.

Sage Foundation, Forest Hills; must sacrifice contract for 2½ exceptionally fine lots, 4½ years' payments made. Benson, Room 906, 88 Wall St.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

I HAVE A COUNTRY PLACE in which I am now living. I will sell it for a great deal less than it is worth owing to the fact that I am compelled to go West.

The place consists of 15 acres, situated on the Delaware River, one hour and thirty-four minutes from the Pennsylvania Station in New York, and commands one of the finest views in America. A railway station is five minutes from the house, besides trolley service every twenty minutes.

The main house is of brick, 22 rooms, 4 bathrooms complete, also 3 extra lavatories and 1 extra toilet; 7 open fireplaces, steam heat, laundry, cellar, and wine cellar. Hot and cold water throughout, and while a country place, has all night telephone and electric light service. Is fully equipped with shades, screens, storm windows and doors.

There is also a lodge containing 3 living rooms, garage, 4 stalls, and gymnasium; electrically lighted and hot water heated; also barn, pumphouse, and all outhouses to make it the most complete and desirable of country residences.

Will arrange to show it at any time convenient to you, or will take up price and other details by correspondence. F 243 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, much less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c. commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near fine schools and station; 70 trains daily, trolleys also. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

Exceptional Bargain. — Six-room modern home, $3,200, worth $3,700; also 5-room bungalow, $2,700, worth $3,000; all improvements; near station and trolley; restricted neighborhood; high ground; 30 minutes on Erie; small payment down, balance monthly like rent. W. BUTSCHER, 21 Park Row.

Great opportunity to buy or rent new and attractive houses, 6-8 rooms; all improvements; large plots; near station; easy terms; $5,000 to $8,500. Write for booklet. Smith-Singer Company, Glen Rock, N. J. (Adjoining Ridgewood.)

Two Plainfield houses left out of nine; they sell faster than we can finish them; best location; 2 baths, sleeping porch, choice finish, decorations, &c.; $8,500. Send for pictures. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

Bungalow, must sell immediately, $4,500 bungalow, $300 cash, balance like rent, six rooms, all improvements; good neighborhood, near Manhattan; owner leaving city. W 18 Times.

For Sale.—Commuting country place, 4 acres, beautiful all-year bungalow; large veranda; plenty of fruit and berries; garage; poultry buildings; $5,800; hour Jersey City. B 270 Times Downtown.

Pay rent to yourself; artistic 7-room house; every convenience; Mountain Station, Lacka. R. R., 40 mins. N. Y.; I pay taxes, int., ins.; you pay $40 month. W. S. Macintosh, Bldr., 15 Meeker St., West Orange.

WESTFIELD.—Remade house, 9 rooms, corner plot 100x175; all improvements; fruit and shade trees; great bargain, $5,500. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FOR Sale or To Rent.—Gentleman's estate, Woodstock, Conn., beautifully situated in midst of charming country; all improvements; 100 acres of land; two miles from Putnam. William Ordway Partridge, care E. C. Morse, Putnam, Conn.

STAMFORD, CONN.—Magnificent estate on Strawberry Hill; 8¼ acres; large house with every modern improvement; garage; greenhouses, gardener's cottage, &c. Address B. S. H., (Suite 1933,) 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

RECEIVERS' SALES.

RECEIVERS' SALE

Pursuant to an order of Hon. Charles B. Witmer, U. S. Judge for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, W. A. Keyworth, C. L. Hoff and Henry D. Schmidt will sell by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, on Tuesday, July 24, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., all of the assets of the Pullman Motor Car Company, situated at York, Penna., at the plant of the Pullman Motor Car Company at York, Pa.

This is the finest sale offered in years and affords an opportunity very seldom given at an auction sale. It consists of an Automobile Company right up to date.

MACHINERY.

Gisholt lathes, Norton grinders, Buob & Scheun Co., Colladays, Myers Machine Company, J. G. Blount & Co., Cincinnati Mfg. Co., milling machines, Becker milling machines, Schuchardt & Schuttle automatics, Fellows vertical gear shapers, Bardone & Oliver lathes, Ingle Machine Co., automatic gears, Pratt & Whitney thread milling grinders, Cincinnati Universal tool grinders, Fox & Chicago Machine Co. millers, Barnes and Quint turret machines, Davis turret back gear shifts, Jones & Lamson turret lathes, Gudlet semi-automatics, Becker & Brainard milling machines, Greenlee flat turrets, Whitcomb & Blaisdell lathes, Reed lathes, Stemple turret machines, radial drills, grinders, tools, wiring machines, and other machinery too numerous to mention.

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

Every equipment necessary for a first-class shop.

NICKEL SHOP.

Equipped up to date.

MOTORS.

About one hundred fifty motors of every horsepower.

ENAMEL SHOP.

A first-class equipment.

METAL DEPARTMENT.

Fully equipped with up-to-date machinery for the manufacture of all metal parts. Making its own gasoline tanks and other parts.

TOP & SIDE CURTAIN DEPARTMENT.

Containing motor driven Singer sewing and electric cutting machines.

WOODWORKING PLANT.

B. M. Root & Co. rip saws, American Wood Working Machine Co. moulders, Dixie blower system, boring machines, knife grinders, single surfacers, saw machines, turning lathes, and all the necessary machinery complete for the making of bodies or any woodworking contracts.

SMALL TOOLS.

Jigs, chuch cutters, arbors, and everything that can be had in a first-class plant.

RAW STOCK.

Tons of iron and steel, rims, frames, top bolts, wiring, cloth, carpets, linoleum, leather, rims, tapes, kegs of nails, almost in all original packages.

NEW CARS.

About one hundred and fifty brand new this year's model. Good will, book accounts, franchises, trade marks, and all property whatsoever kind.

OFFICE FIXTURES.

Desks, chairs, safes, adding machines, typewriters, all up to date.

REAL ESTATE.

One of the finest factories in York, free and clear of all encumbrances.

This sale is without reserve and will be sold either in parts or as a whole, for cash, as may realize the most money.

This property is conveniently located in an excellent manufacturing town, with good labor conditions, and with three railroads adjoining the property.

Open to inspection from July 16th to the 23rd, 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. Catalogues will be furnished on application to any of the Receivers or their Attorneys at York, Penna., or the Auctioneer at 539 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.

Every manufacturer of Automobiles, Dealers and Speculators are invited, as this plant must be inspected to be appreciated. Sale by order of W. A. Keyworth, C. L. Hoff, Henry D. Schmidt, Receivers; Michael S. Niles, York, Pa., Attorney for Receivers; Charles Shongood, Auctioneer.

FARMS.

Westchester County—For Sale or To Let.

236-ACRE FARM.
BEDFORD ESTATE SECTION,
on Miami River—ponds and waterfall.
Owner wants immediate offer.
J. T., 257 Mayflower Av., New Rochelle, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

$50 down and $7 a month will buy beautiful 2-acre farm, fruit and shade trees, near lake. B., Owner, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

COMMERCIAL FARM
Fully equipped, 290-acre Commercial Farm; large crops, stock, tools and excellent buildings. Price $28,000.
RURAL LIFE CO., KINDERHOOK, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Farm for sale cheap, 50 acres; substantially built, all improvements; one of most beautiful and productive farms New Jersey. L. Bullard, R. F. D. 3, Princeton, N. J.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Desk room in attractive office; modern sanitary mahogany desks, unusual service; all conveniences, including bulletin listing, etc. Room 411, Cambridge Bldg., 334 Fifth Av., cor. 33d St.

Factory, 32x72 feet; two stories and basement, railroad siding, one block Central R. R. station and P. O. N. Moyers & Son, 121 Watchung Av., Plainfield, N. J.

DESK ROOM, $8; MAIL PRIVILEGE, $2; well furnished office; every convenience. DUANE, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

140 WEST 34TH ST., showrooms and offices. Apply to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

Desk room, mahogany furnished; telephone; stenographic services. Room 411, 103 Park Av.

5TH AV., 127—STORE, 25 by 100, or part; excellent location; reasonable rent. Price.

Wonderfully located offices, $15 up; magnificent building; high-class service. 110 W. 40th.

HOUSES TO LET.

Unfurnished.

Handsome brownstone residence, Lincoln Road, near Prospect Park; parquet floors, electric light, and all modern conveniences; $9,800, small initial payment. Address 184 Lincoln Road. Phone 4364 Flatbush.

Out of Town.—Unfurnished.

For Rent.—Attractive 9-room modern house; all improvements; sleeping porch; high ground; convenient trolley and railroads; very high-class neighborhood; large plot; garden, fruit; $65 monthly. T. N. Benedict, 46 Lawton St., New Rochelle.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Westchester County.

Will sacrifice $100 of regular August and September rental by subletting handsomest 8-room cottage, overlooking Hudson, at $100 per month. B 102 Times.

Ten rooms, two baths; modern improvements; garage; vegetable garden; $250 until Sept. 15. Keller, Bedford Hills, N. Y.

Long Island.

Ten-room furnished cottage, delightfully situated facing beach; good bathing, boating; owing unforeseen circumstances will sublet from Aug. 1 to Oct. 1, $125. Apply or write Goldsmith, East Reinhardt cottage, Clinton Av., Bay Shore, L. I.

Reduced rental on exceptional attractive, modern cottage at Huntington; very conveniently located. D. Gerard, 1,270 Broadway.

Connecticut.

To let for August and September, the most beautiful cottage in Twin Lakes, Conn.; fully furnished; running water; bathroom; telephone; 50-foot porch; magnificent view of lakes and Berkshire Hills; terms, $200 for the season; very best references required. Address W. V. Hirsh, 50 Broad St., New York City.

Wanted—Furnished.

Wanted to rent, for two months, furnished house with five master's bedrooms, in or near New Rochelle; rent between $150 and $200 per month. Address Y 348 Times Annex.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

$4,500 to loan first mortgage, 5%, Manhattan or Bronx. Morris E. Sterne, Inc., 9 East 14th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, $15 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service; astounding Summer values. Hotel Rutledge.

ATTENTION! — Summer rates now; apartments, furnished, 2 rooms and bath, full hotel service; one block from subway; $10.50 to $14 weekly. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th St.; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

Furnished—West Side.

5TH AV., 12.—Hotel, under new management; one, two or three room apartments; furnished, unfurnished.

52 WEST 39TH ST.
Large rooms; clean, cool; maid service, telephone; Summer prices.

56TH, 208 WEST.—An especially attractive apartment, 2 rooms and bath; just vacated; full hotel service free. Thorndyke Apartments.

69TH, 243-245 WEST, (The New West End,) —One, two, three rooms, bath, and kitchenette; Summer rates; $45-$85; completely furnished; satisfactory references absolutely necessary. Supt. on premises. Open evenings.

72D.—Four rooms, handsomely furnished, new building; sacrifice Summer; longer. Columbus 3974.

74TH, 103 WEST.—MAGNIFICENT PRIVATE SUITE; PIANO. COLUMBUS 5685.

79TH, 302 WEST.—Attractive, cool, completely furnished 5-room apartment; sacrifice; immediate possession.

80S, WEST END.—7 rooms, exquisitely furnished; lease indefinitely; bargain. Columbus 3974.

95TH, 148 WEST.—Five outside, breezy rooms; southern exposure; beautifully furnished, completely, $80; less than rent unfurnished. 8C.

111TH, 528 WEST.—Attractive 5-room furnished apartment for Summer; 2 master bedrooms. Barylak. Phone Morningside 7046.

114TH, 419 WEST.—Attractive four-room apartment, near Columbia University; reasonable rent. Apartment 8C.

118TH, 423 WEST.—Spacious two-room apartment, southern exposure; elevator, kitchen privileges. Reynolds.

168TH, 601 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive corner apartments, southern exposure, overlooking Hudson; subway. Ellsworth.

APARTMENTS—SUBLET,
handsomely furn., any period, Summer rates.
EXCLUSIVE REALTY, Specialists,
176 West 72d St. Phone 848 Columbus.

APARTMENT HUNTING unnecessary. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d St. Columbus 836.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments,
$35 $45, $55, $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions lease or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

BACHELOR apartments, attractively furnished; two rooms, bath, service; electricity, elevator. 47 West 49th St.

BEAUTIFUL cool, six-room apartment for August and September; near Riverside Drive; bare rental; references required. L. S. H., 129 Times.

BROADWAY and 95TH ST., (Hotel Newton.) —Exceptional suites at most moderate rates for the Summer; 2 rooms and bath, $15 per week and up; 3 rooms and bath, $20 per week and up; excellent restaurant at popular prices; 2 blocks from Park and Drive, within 15 minutes of all business centres; it is service that counts.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
Immediate and future rentals; choice localities; long, short leases; $75-$500 month.
CLARK REALTY COMPANY,
30 E. 42d St. Telephone Vanderbilt 1450.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 214. — Two spacious rooms, overlooking Hudson; private bath; select apartment. Noble.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, No. 125, (84th St.)—Eleven light, well-furnished rooms; also unfurnished. W. R. & J. M. Stewart.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, No. 125, (84th St.)—Eleven light, well-furnished rooms; also unfurnished. W. R. & J. M. Stewart.

SPECIALIST.
Handsomely furnished sublet apartments; Summer, longer. Gray, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

Two to six rooms and bath, with or without kitchen and dining room; completely furnished, including hotel service.
$1.00 PER ROOM DAILY.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS, 305 West 98th St.—Phone 6100 Riverside. Modern building; half block front Riverside Drive; 2 minutes from 96th St. express station; nicest location; best value in city; restaurant attached.

Furnished—West Side.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 82.—Five, seven, high-class apartments, furnished or unfurnished; sublet.

WEST END AV., 895, (104th.)—To sublet, six-room apartment; highest class; big Summer concession. Apply Apt. 24, The Mentone.

WEST END, 740.—Five beautifully furnished rooms; 2 master bedrooms; cool, spacious. Apt. 94.

WEST END AV., 840.—Beautifully furnished 8-room apartment, $125. King, Vanderbilt 1453.

Unfurnished—East Side.

MADISON AV, 697.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, furnished; all conveniences; two or three months; seen by appointment. 7668 Plaza

THE CLEVELAND,
126-130 East 24th St.
Apartments, unfurnished, unusually well arranged, 8 and 9 rooms and bath; rent $900 and $1,000. Apply on premises, or to CAMMANN, VOORHEES & FLOYD, 84 William St.

THE WOOLSEY, 141 East 44th.—One room; bath, kitchenette; Aug. 1; rated $50, asking $42. Call 6C, Murray Hill 8595.

Unfurnished—West Side.

9TH, WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; Summer rates. Call 21 West 9th St.

NO. 44 WEST 10TH ST.
Washington Square Section.
New nine-story fireproof apartment house, 3, 4, 6 rooms, open fireplaces; separate maids' rooms. Apply on premises. Wm. A. White & Sons, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

10TH ST., 44 WEST, (Washington Square Section.)—New nine-story fireproof apartment house, 3, 4, 6 rooms; open fireplaces; separate maids' rooms. Apply on premises. Wm. A. White & Sons, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

57TH, 200 WEST, (S. W. Cor. 7th Av.)—New studio and apartment building, housekeeping suites of 3, 4, 6 and 8 rooms and large duplex studios, with bedroom and bath; rentals $1,300 to $4,500, including refrigeration; renting agent on premises. Payson McL. Merrill Co., Inc., 9 East 44th. Tel. Murray Hill 8300.

72 WEST 69TH ST.
Seven-room up-to-date apartments; electric lights, steam heat; $60-$65.

AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR DOCTOR OR DENTIST.
Very desirable ground floor apartment.
Tenanted by doctor for the last seven years. Apply Leon Sobel, 215 Manhattan Av. Phone 1647 Academy.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 40.—Five rooms, facing park, rent $55; sublet $45, August-September; privilege new lease thereafter. Raby.

SAVE money and housekeeping worry.—Hotel Calumet, 340 West 57th, furnished and unfurnished apartments to suit refined people; modern fireproof apartment hotel; high class service; references; few apartments to sublet to Oct. 1.

SEAMAN AV., 15. (204th St., West of Broadway.)—Four-five large, beautiful, outside rooms; $31 to $41; every modern improvement; new.

WEST END AV., 850, (near 102d.)—High-class elevator apartment, eight rooms, bath, parquet floor; rents $900 to $1,200.

Bronx.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 863.—4-5 large, light, up-to-date rooms; electric light; showers; steam; hot water; reasonable.

Queens.

JACKSON HEIGHTS APARTMENTS,
$35 to $45 a Month.
THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION,
Renting Office, Jackson Av., cor. 25th St.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Unfurnished.

LARGE apartment, 7 to 8 rooms, two baths on Central Park if possible or similar location; ground or top floor. Write P., 101 West 85th St.

WANTED—Entire floor in private house, four or five rooms, kitchen, bath, open fireplace, between 40th and 100th Sts. Write R. C. G., 188 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New York City.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855, (The Woodbury.)—Two blocks north 157th subway; wonderful grounds.

Staten Island.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Family House of High Standard.
20 Minutes' Delightful Sail Manhattan.
50 Cozy Rooms, Suite, Exquisitely Furnished.
Excellent Chef and Service; Separate Tables.
Abundance Sunlight, Sea Air, Quietness.
Parlors, Porches, Lawns, Comforts.
Weekly, $12-$20 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

THE STUYVESANT, St. George.—Block from ferry; beautiful rooms, private baths; excellent food and service; open year round.

Long Island.

JUST OPENED.—New, strictly modern cottage; block from ocean; single rooms, suites private baths; splendid food; former manager Mary Elizabeth Tea Room. Ward Cottages, 265 Rue de St. Felix, Far Rockaway, Phone 2141 Far Rockaway.

Private Christian family will rent beautiful, airy room for season, or transient; boating and fishing; all conveniences; references. 67 Holland Pier, Rockaway Beach, L. I.

BAYSIDE PARK, L. I.—Private home would appreciate one or two refined guests; beautiful grounds; use of garage; not boarding house; terms reasonable. Y 392 Times Annex.

PATCHOGUE INN, Patchogue, L. I.—Good room; excellent table; boating, bathing, tennis, dancing; reasonable.

Board in a private home; large grounds; fine surroundings. Apply Box 85, Bayport, L. I.

Westchester County.

A PRACTICAL NURSE, having a comfortable home of her own, would desire a few invalids or convalescent patients, where no other boarders are taken. Mrs. E. S. Ware, Mount Kisco, N. Y.

SUNNY CREST FARM.
A gentleman's modern estate; certified milk, fresh eggs, and vegetables; unexcelled table and service; near Sound; few select guests may apply. Phone 486 Port Chester, N. Y.

ROCKLEDGE MANOR HOTEL AND COTTAGE.—Delightful home at moderate prices; convenient to New York City. 124 Bruce Av., Yonkers.

EDGEWATER LODGE.—Directly on Sound, delightfully cool, attractive accommodations; moderate rates; commuting. Telephone 91-W Neptune Island, New Rochelle.

HIGHCLIFFE HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers. —Unexcelled home cooking; river view. Yonkers 2161.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH HOTEL,
"THIRTY MINUTES FROM BROADWAY,"
45 NORTH ARLINGTON AV.,
EAST ORANGE, N. J.
Spend the Summer in beautiful East Orange, with its shady oiled streets, beautiful lawns and flowers; best water in the world; a parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with excellent meals for two persons, from $28 to $50 per week; take Lackawanna at Hoboken; hotel one block from East Orange Station; write for booklet. Phone Orange 2620. W. T. Reade, Prop.

MONTCLAIR MANOR, Montclair, N. J.—In beautiful residential section of Montclair; exceptionally attractive accommodations; all conveniences; unexcelled cuisine; 35 minutes New York. 27 Hillside Av. Montclair 2977.

Ideal homelike sanitarium for invalids, chronic, nervous cases, near New York; large grounds; own vegetables; booklet. Dr. Ellis, Metuchen.

Country Board Wanted.

YOUNG GENTLEMAN, Japanese, wishes room and board with American private family, one hour from Manhattan. Write to Ando, Room 1401, 25 Madison Av.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

58TH, 156 EAST.—Pleasant room; wholesome meals; convenient location.

38TH ST., 29 EAST.—Studios, large, small rooms; meals served; quiet surroundings.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 30th St.)—Exclusively for women. Why not live at a hotel at lower cost than a boarding house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; full hotel service; homelike, including high-class meals; $10 weekly and up. Phone Madison Square 6160.

West Side.

16TH, 7 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large, small; excellent board; all improvements.

51ST, 58 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths, carefully planned meals.

53D, 57 WEST.—Immaculate single, double rooms, baths; excellent table; rates; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Single and double rooms; private baths; references.

57TH, 351 WEST.—First-class large, small rooms; private bath; excellent cuisine; telephone.

72D, 122 WEST. — Desirable cool rooms; double, single; private baths; excellent table.

72D, 253 WEST.—Double and single rooms; prices reasonable; table guests. Columbus 9687.

76TH, 239 WEST.—Large room, with bath; single room; fine location; excellent table.

77TH, 116-124 WEST.—Unusually attractive large and medium rooms; private bath; electricity; parlors; excellent home cooking optional; references.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

77TH, 266 WEST.—Attractive rooms; all conveniences; excellent home cooking; Riverside, subway.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

80TH, 124 to 128 WEST.—New and modern, cheerful rooms; good home cooking.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable rooms; few adults appreciating superior table; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Very attractive large and small rooms, bath; excellent table; references.

93D, 265 WEST.—Excellent accommodations; private bath; single, suite; constant hot water, electricity.

126TH, 174 WEST, (The Norwood,) Corner 7th Av.—Room and board; special rates; baths; telephone; home cooking; convenient cars.

136TH, 490 WEST.—Double room, with excellent home cooking, for two, $7 each per week; newly furnished, bright, cozy; adjoining bathrooms; built-in wardrobe; refined neighborhood; near "L" and subway; private family. Apply Apt. 18.

156TH, 553 WEST, ("LAFAYETTE INN.") —DESIRABLE ROOMS; EXCELLENT TABLE; NEAR SUBWAY STATION.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Private family; exclusive accommodations for American; reasonable; telephone. Morningside 7231.

WASHINGTON SQUARE NORTH, 21.—Rooms with board; facing park; table guests accommodated; references.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th St.) — Large, small rooms, floors, suites; board optional; Winter reservations.

BOARD WANTED.

AGED MAN and wife wishes board, private family; Bronx preferred; exchange references and state location, terms. B 101 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

36TH, 6 EAST.—Rooms with private bath; electricity, telephone; $3 to $12.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.) Suite, two rooms and bath.

34TH ST., 46 EAST.—Elegant room, electricity, private bath, $5.50; another, $4.

43D, 16 EAST.—Offers cool rooms; comforts of home; conveniences of hotel; references.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Room, with running water; single room; Summer rates; references.

53D, 56 EAST.—Furnished rooms, all conveniences; near park; Summer rates. Plaza 2955.

55TH ST., 17 EAST.—Bachelor's suite, with bath; residence art collector; references.

86TH, 153 EAST, (Y. M. C. A.)—Rooms, $2.50 to $4 weekly; dues, $3.25.

GRAMERCY PARK, (145 East 21st.)—Furnished suites; private baths; single rooms; electricity; park privileges; references.

IRVING PL., 14.—Front rooms, box-spring beds, tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 163 (30th St.)—Room, sunny, with running water, phone, elevator, electric light; well furnished; excellent service; $5 weekly, up; with bath, $9 weekly, up; meals exceptionally reasonable; optional.

MADISON AV., 162.—Large, small rooms; private bath, kitchenette; electricity. Murray Hill 8427.

West Side.

9TH, 64 WEST.—Cool, well-furnished, large, front rooms; clean, well-conducted house; continuous hot water, electric lights, telephone.

9TH ST., 28 WEST.
SMALL ROOMS; QUIET HOUSE.

23D, 258 WEST.—Gentlemen, large room, private bath, $7; small room, $3.50.

40TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large, small rooms, adjoining bath; overlooking park; electricity; references.

49TH, 26 WEST.—Large, airy rooms; telephone; electricity; city visitors accommodated. Hayes.

49TH, 116 WEST.—Two pleasant rooms, private bath; electricity, all conveniences. Phone Circle 204.

49TH ST., 47 WEST.—Attractively furnished large and small rooms, bath, electricity, elevator.

50TH, 14 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; also small rooms; gentlemen; Summer rates.

50TH, 44 WEST.—Airy rooms, bath, kitchenette; single room; hot water, electricity; references.

52D, 250 WEST.—Scrupulously clean; parlor, private bath; single rooms; Summer rates; references.

56TH, 48 WEST.—Comfortable room; gentleman; running water, electric light; summer rates.

57TH, 260 WEST.—Very cool rooms; electricity; elevator apartment; $5 to $10. Sewell.

69TH, 143 WEST.—Beautiful large, small rooms; private family; $7-$3.50. Apt. 3.

70TH, 28 WEST.—Cool, attractive rooms; private or adjoining bath; electricity; gentlemen; references.

70TH, 200 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; kitchen privileges; city visitors; Summer rates. Apt. 14.

70TH, 220 WEST.—Attractive second floor front; electricity and telephone; references.

71ST, 303 WEST.—Cool, outside, attractive rooms, for men; breakfast served; references.

71ST, 147 WEST.—An attractive, large front single room, with washroom, large closet, bath adjacent, southern exposure.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large, airy rooms, private bath, electricity, telephone; first-class accommodations.

72D, 120 WEST.—Comfortable, large, airy rooms, with, without individual bath. Columbus 8012.

72D, 266 WEST.—Cool, attractive rooms; reasonable; meals optional; reference; excellent location.

72D, 111 WEST.—Large and small rooms; ideal location; terms reasonable.

72D, 121 WEST.—Nicely furnished room, very reasonable.

73D, 168 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room; hall room; bath; electricity; references.

73D ST., 163 WEST.—Two large, attractively furnished rooms, adjoining bath; exclusive house.

73D, 173 WEST.—Large room and extension; private bath; kitchenette.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; telephone, electricity; references.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Double or single rooms, private bath, electric light; exclusive house.

75TH.—Outside, cool room; elevator, electricity, telephone; refined surroundings; references. Schuyler 9881.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Large, small rooms; first-class house; excellent location; telephone.

75TH, 34 WEST.—Large room, bath; private house; electricity; maid service; near Park.

75TH, 137 WEST.—Newly furnished house, large and small rooms; electricity; $5-$8.

75TH, 8 WEST, (near Park.)—Rooms, private baths; electricity; $5, $6, $8, $12.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Immaculately clean; electricity; private bath, kitchenette privileges; references. Schuyler 4566.

76TH, 110 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, adjoining bath; private house; electricity; references.

76TH, 116 WEST.—Large and small; privilege kitchenette; also studio room. Schuyler 2528.

76TH, 242 WEST.—Rooms, bath, kitchenette; select private house; $3 to $10.

77TH, 158 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms, cool, electricity, conveniences, private house; references.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Desirable medium and small room; references; reasonable; gentlemen.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Desirable single room, southern exposure; reasonable; references.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Beautiful large room, connecting shower bath; exclusive home; small room.

78TH, 122 WEST.—Handsomely furnished double room, also single; cool; homelike; electricity, telephone.

78TH, 142 WEST.—Desirable rooms; refined surroundings; telephone; reception room; $2.50 to $10.

80TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; constant hot water; electricity; references; rates.

80TH, 114 WEST.—Elegant, large rooms; privilege of breakfast, telephone; $8-$10 weekly.

80TH, 104-147 WEST.—Beautiful large and small, cool rooms; private baths; references.

81ST, 27 WEST, (facing park.)—Exceptionally large, elegant room or suite, private bath, maid service; exclusive neighborhood; transportation convenient; private home. Schuyler 7352.

81ST, 120 WEST.—Attractive, unusual large, cool rooms; private bath; lavatory; $5 up.

82D, 20 WEST.—University professor's wife will rent newly furnished rooms; references exchanged.

82D, 8 WEST.—Large front room; well appointed; all conveniences.

85TH, 329 WEST.—Beautifully furnished double or single rooms; hot and cold water in each room; all conveniences; private family; board optional. Telephone Schuyler 9942.

85TH, 134 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private bath; front basement, private bath.

86TH, 337 WEST.—Elegant large room, private bath; small room; near Drive; references.

86TH, 338 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms, baths, electricity; Summer rates.

86TH, 23 WEST.—Medium room, bath; breakfast; gentleman wishing quiet, conveniences; private home.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

87TH, 201 WEST.—Attractive, newly furnished, outside rooms; maid service; elevator; reasonable. Kennedy.

87TH ST., 319 WEST.—Fine large hall room; gentleman; private family; reference.

95TH, 171 WEST.—Room, southern exposure, running water, telephone, homelike. Apt. 4W.

98TH, 243 WEST.—Attractive, airy room, with lavatory; elevator; telephone; homelike. Apt. 6 B.

99TH, 243 WEST.—Front room, suitable two persons desiring first-class appointments in every particular; also smaller room. Bolich.

113TH, 541 WEST.—Excellent accommodations for 1, 2 gentlemen; breakfast optional; private. Apt. 3.

113TH, 621 WEST.—Two large, cool rooms with bath, comprising entire second floor of private dwelling; may be had singly.

116TH, (Near Riverside, Columbia.)—Attractive front room. Telephone Morningside 5136. Apt. 22.

117TH, (Amsterdam Av., La Porte Hotel.)—Delightful Summer location; opposite Columbia University campus; between Riverside and Morningside Parks; 16 minutes from 42d St.; large and small rooms, suites, private baths; $4 weekly up; transients $1 daily up.

120TH, 434 WEST.—Opposite Columbia; elegant front room; refined gentleman; private home. Dwyer.

126TH, 56 WEST.—Pleasant, well-kept rooms, gentlemen solely, from $2.50.

142D, 605 WEST, (Near Riverside.)—Front room; southern exposure; shower bath. Scott.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Neatly furnished, facing Broadway; private, elevator; subway; reasonable. 5G.

168TH, 601 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive corner rooms, southern exposure, overlooking Hudson; subway. Ellsworth.

180TH, 660 WEST.—Desirable, outside room; couple, gentlemen; references; elevator apartment. Hunt.

A JAPANESE gentleman can have beautiful large front room with bath in elegant private residence, adjoining Riverside Drive, near 103d St. subway; references. J 34 Times.

BROADWAY and 95TH ST., (Hotel Newton.) —Attractive large rooms, $1 per day and upward, full hotel service; excellent restaurant, popular prices; 2 blocks from Park and Drive; within 15 minutes of all business centres.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, (66TH.)—In charming apartment, delightful outside room, private lavatory; excellent transportation. Columbus 7915.

MANHATTAN AV., 51, (102d.)—Large front room, running water; one flight; meals. Bailey.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 50, (Cor. 119th.)—Pleasant room, high, elevator, kitchen. Apt. 74.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 214, (Corner 94th.)—Private family will rent finely furnished connecting rooms reasonable to desirable party; references exchanged. Supt. Phone Riverside 3287.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 214.—Two spacious rooms, overlooking Hudson; private bath; high-class apartment. Noble.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549, (Apt. 1C.)—Large, outside rooms; running water, bath.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 223.—Large, airy room, single or suite; board optional.

ROOMS, perfectly appointed, to business women; references. Phone 6340 River, Apt. 62.

WEST END AV., 693, (94th.)—Large, cool, newly furnished rooms; private bath; automatic elevator; excellent cuisine; table guests; references.

WEST END AV., 826.—Superior bachelor accommodations; single or suite. Riverside 3050.

WEST END AV., 350, (Near 76th.)—Attractive large, small rooms; private house; modern conveniences.

WEST END AV., 896.—Beautiful large front room, bath, $7; single, $3; electricity.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Double, single, bath, facing park, $10-$8-$5.

WEST END AV., 664.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms, adjoining baths.

Brooklyn.

15TH, 811 EAST, Flatbush.—Family will rent furnished room, suitable for couple; all conveniences; private house; near Brighton L, Avenue H station. Tel. Kenmore 578.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

87TH ST., 109 WEST, (Near Central Park West.)—Three unfurnished rooms for rent; hot and cold water, gas, electric light; private bath; $45 per month, inclusive.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Comfortably furnished room in country home with no other roomers desired by young Japanese gentleman throughout year; state terms, particulars, train facilities. B 114 Times.

Jewish young man desires room with family of culture, west side; unquestionable references; price no factor. W 4 Times.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

A BARGAIN LIST.
F.I.A.T. "30," 1915; latest importation.
Fiat 6-cyl. 56-H. P. 7-pass., Victoria top.
MARMON 1917 TOURING (500 MILES).
PACKARD TWIN SIX ROADSTER.
PACKARD "1-35" 7 pass. Touring.
Stutz '16 6-pass., Westinghouse shock abs.
STUTZ SPECIAL SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 5-PASSENGER TOURING.
MERCER RACEABOUT.
MANY OTHERS.
R. S. IRELAND,
1,648 Broadway. Phone Circle 3249.
Next door to Winter Garden.
Open Sundays and evenings.

ALL GUARANTEED CARS.
NO REASONABLE OFFER REFUSED.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER.
1917 CHANDLER TOURING.
1917 STEARNS ROADSTER.
1917 STUDEBAKER TOURING, 6-cylinder.
1917 STUDEBAKER ROADSTER.
1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN.
STUTZ COLONIAL COUPE.
CADILLAC 8, TOURING.
HUPMOBILE ROADSTER.
MANY OTHERS.
VAN DYKE AUTO CO., INC.,
1,700 BROADWAY. ONE FLIGHT UP.

ATTENTION! AUTOMOBILE BUYERS!
1917 Chandler Cloverleaf.
1917 Stutz Bulldog Special.
1917 Crow Elkhart, 2 tops.
1916 Moon 6 cyl. 6 pass.
Bianchi 4 pass. Sport Roadster.
1916 Overland 6 cyl. 7 pass.
1916 Marion Handley 6 cyl.
1916 Oakland Runabout.
1916 Overland 5 pass.
1916 Oldsmobile 8 cyl. 5 pass.
1915 Packard 3-38 7 pass.
1916 Saxon 5 pass.
1915 Cadillac 8 cyl. 7 pass.
1915 National 5 pass.
1914 Cadillac Roadster.
1914 Mercer 5 pass. Touring.
GOTHAM AUTO EXCHANGE,
1694 Broadway. Phone Circle 8515.
Open Evenings and Sunday.

BABY PEUGEOT, LATEST IMPORTATION.
LANCIA "30" SPECIAL SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ, 1914, BEARCAT.
MERCER, 1916, 22-72 ROADSTER.
SIMPLEX, "75," SPECIAL SPEEDSTER.
PIERCE-ARROW, 1914, "6-48" ROADSTER.
MERCER, 1914, SPECIAL SPEEDSTER.
F. I. A. T., "30," FLEETWOOD IMPORTED.
SCRIPPS BOOTH 1916.
BURRELLE, 1,704 Broadway, cor. 54th.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1917 CADILLAC, 7-pass.; like new.
1917 HUDSON SUPER 6, touring.
1917 HUDSON CABRIOLET.
1917 HUPMOBILE Roadster; like new.
1916 STUTZ BULLDOG SPECIAL.
1916 FIAT 55; 7-PASSENGER.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING 7-PASS.
1916 OLDSMOBILE TOURING.
1916 HUPMOBILE TOURING.
1916 HUPMOBILE ROADSTER.
1916 OVERLAND touring, 6 cyl., 7 pass.
1916 OVERLAND Roadster, model 83.
1914 MERCER MODEL M "4."
1914 PIERCE 6-48; 7-PASSENGER.
1913 PIERCE 6-38 TOURING.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 W. 55th, 2 Doors from B'way; open ev'gs.

BAKER electric runabout; completely rebuilt and newly painted; ideal physician's car; $450. Electric Garage, 62d St. and Central Park West.

BUICK 1916 LITTLE "6" CABRIOLET.
LIKE NEW; $850.
Has scarcely been used; all new shoes, with one extra mounted; mechanically O. K., nicely painted, not a scratch or blemish; this car must be seen to appreciate what a new car this is; open to mechanical inspection and demonstration day, evening, or Sunday till 1 P. M. On exhibition at The Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

BUICK 1915 C 55 touring, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger; like new; perfect condition; guaranteed. 150 West 55th St.

BUICK 1915 C 24 runabout, like new. Harlem Exchange, 2,061 7th. Morn. 9367.

BUICK 1916 little 6 touring. Harlem Exchange, 2,061 7th Av. Morn. 9367.

CADILLAC 1917 7-PASS. TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 "16 VALVE" SPEEDSTER.
PAIGE 1917 TOURING, LIKE NEW.
MERCER 1916 SPORTING 4.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
FIAT "55" RIVERIA TOURING.
MARMON 1915 "41" SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1913 RACEABOUT; Wire Wheels.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,700 B'way.

CADILLAC, 1915, eight-cylinder, 7-pass. touring car, model 51; in good condition mechanically; painted, etc.; will sell for $850.
DETROIT CADILLAC MOTOR CAR CO.,
536 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Tel. Mulberry 3240. Used Car Dept.

CADILLAC 1916 touring; run 7,000 miles; many extras; will accept $1,100. 159 West 127th St. Morningside 3960.

CADILLAC 1916 7-passenger touring car for sale, in good condition. Box 125, Norwalk, Conn.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

CASH BARGAINS!!
1917 DAVIS TOURING, $750.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6" ROADSTER, $525.
1917 LEXINGTON TOURING, NEW, $1,100.
1916 SAXON "6" TOURING, $425.
1916 LOZIER "6" TOURING, $675.
1916 OVERLAND "6" TOURING, $525.
1916 PAIGE SPECIAL ROADSTER, $800.
1916 DAVIS "6," SLIP COVERS, $600.
1915 CHALMERS "6," $475.
LEXINGTON USED CAR DEPARTMENT,
315 West 47th St. Bryant 2411.

CHANDLER brougham, wire wheels, special body; practically new; cost $3,200; sacrifice. Phone 2624 Schuyler between 10 and 12 A. M.

CROW-ELKHART, 3-PASSENGER, USED 1,200 MILES.
Cloverleaf model, practically new; has a detachable Winter top and every equipment; is offered for sale at the right price; on exhibition at the Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., corner Franklin Av., Brooklyn, where it can be demonstrated and inspected day, evening, or Sunday till 1 P. M.

DODGE ROADSTER 1917; 1,500 miles; detachable Winter top; extras $800. Telephone Audubon 3413. Apt. 2A. Mornings.

GUARANTEED EXCHANGE
LOCOMOBILES.
Ready for immediate delivery. These cars carry our standard LOCOMOBILE guarantee.

1916 "48" six pass. torpedo,
Original cost, $5,400.00.
Resale price, $3,250.00.

1915 "38" five pass. Touring Car.
Original price, $4,400.00.
Resale price, $2,500.00.

Exchange Car Booklet on Request.

E. L. Franklin, Mgr., Exchange Car Dept.,
The LOCOMOBILE COMPANY of AMERICA,
West 61st Street, next to Broadway.
'Phone Columbus 7750.

HAYNES, 1917, FOUR PASSENGER. LIKE NEW.
Has been run but a few miles; every possible equipment; cost $1,800; is offered for sale at the right price; if interested call day, evening, or Sunday till 1 P. M. On exhibition at The Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., cor. Franklin Av., Brooklyn.

HUDSON SUPER SIX TOURING.
ASKING PRICE $975.
Has been used 7,000 miles and looks practically new; mechanical condition exceptional and has every equipment; an inspection will be most convincing; any inspection invited and demonstration day, evening, or Sunday till 1 P. M. On exhibition at The Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

HUDSON TOURING; VACATION PARTY GOING PLATTSBURG JULY 21 DESIRES COUPLE. COLUMBUS 6224.

HUPMOBILE 1915 5-passenger touring. Harlem Exchange, 2,061 7th. Morn. 9367.

LOCOMOBILE
1917—38 H. P.
Seven Passenger Touring Car.
Has been driven approximately 1,500 miles. This car is being offered for sale for the account of one of our sub-agents, and is, to all intents and purposes, a new car. Can be purchased at an appreciable reduction and is covered by our standard new car guarantee. Ready for immediate delivery.
For further information, inquire of
E. L. Franklin, Mgr. Exchange Car Dept.
LOCOMOBILE COMPANY of AMERICA,
West 61st St., next to Broadway.
Telephone Columbus 7750.

MERCER 1914 LIMOUSINE.
BODY BY HOLBROOK.
Handsomest fast limousine ever offered for sale; in most exceptional condition and open to mechanical inspection and demonstration day, evening, or Sunday till 1 P. M.; for sale at the right price. On exhibition at the Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

MERCER, 1915, 6-passenger; driven 12,000 miles; mechanically perfect; newly painted; any demonstration; bargain. 330 West 27th. Chelsea 7556.

MERCER 22-72 Runabout, nearly new, perfect in every way. Phone Caine, 172 Bryant, any morning before 10 A. M.

MERCER 1916 runabout; 1916 touring; bargains. Cook & Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 3381.

MITCHELL.—For sale, one five-passenger Mitchell car, 1916 model, in good running condition. J 162 Times.

OLDSMOBILE 1916, 4 passenger runabout; excellent condition; newly painted; extra tires; cheap. B 283 Times Downtown.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 TOURING,
Model 43, five-passenger, complete; reduction for quick cash. 305 West 79th.

OVERLAND 1917 SEDAN,
RUN 2,200 MILES,
cost $1,600, and is practically new; model 85-6-S and cannot be told from one on the showroom floor; has every possible equipment, with many extras; if you are in the market for a practically new sedan give my car your inspection; any demonstration or expert mechanical inspection invited, day, evening, or Sunday until 1 P. M. On exhibition at The Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., corner Franklin Av., Brooklyn.

OVERLAND, 1916, Model 83; Victoria top; fully equipped; no dealers. Victoria Auto Top Co., 250 West 54th St.

PACKARD 1916 seven-passenger 1-35 touring.
Packard 1915 five-passenger 3-38 Phaeton.
Packard 1915 seven-passenger 2-38 touring.
These cars are in perfect condition.
Ready for demonstration.
DOTY DEMOS CO.,
222 - 226 West 65th St.

PACKARD 1-35 touring; also 2-35 phaeton and 1-25 runabout, wire wheels. Cook & Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 3381.

PACKARD twin six runabout; wire wheels; finish white. Tel. 2515 Astoria.

ROLLS ROYCE landau brougham for sale. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 3381.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, eight-cylinder, 1916, seven-passenger touring; two disappearing seats facing forward; Fleetwood paneled body; one-man top; ventilating windshield; Westinghouse lighting and starting; newly painted Brewster green and black; all new tires; sold with new car guarantee. Stearns Used Car Department, 417 West 55th St.

STEARNS-KNIGHT 1916 little four touring. Harlem Exchange, 2,061 7th. Morn. 9367.

STUTZ Springfield convertible sedan; bargain. Cook & Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 3381.

VELIE, 45 H. P., model 15 touring; full equipment, including tire pump, extra rim; fine condition throughout. Hengstenberg, 30 Church St. Phone Cortlandt 2915.

WINTON light six 1915 model, overhauled and repainted; guaranteed; car must be seen to be appreciated. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

Automobiles for Rent.

CADILLAC.—Seven-passenger big limousine landaulet; recent model; hourly, monthly. Circle 4151.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. WILLIAMSON, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD CARS for hire, hourly, weekly, monthly; 1916-1917 models. Road houses, 5 HOURS, $15. Brown-Bushman Co., 162 West 46th. Phone 216 Bryant.

PACKARDS.—Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARDS. OPEN AND CLOSED.
Recent models; hourly, monthly. 1140 Columbus.

PACKARD Cars.—West's cars are the best cars; most reasonable rates; hourly or monthly. Columbus 7300.

PACKARD.—Beautiful new Packard touring, $2.50 hourly; experienced owner drives; references. Morningside 7385.

PACKARD Touring Car by month or trip; owner drives. Murphy, Schuyler 4660.

Motor Trucks.

Three-ton White truck, fine mechanical condition; just overhauled; twelve hundred dollars, ($1,200;) four extra tires included. Y 358 Times Annex.

Automobile Storage.

P. BRADY & SON CO.
Dead storage of Automobiles. Automobiles boxed for export. 552-556 W. 58th St. Col. 3440.

Automobiles Wanted.

STUTZ OR MERCER.—Wanted, late model 4-pass. Stutz, Mercer, or other good make; cash buyer. Dr. Mathews, 18th Av. and Jackson Av., Long Island City.

LANCIA runabout or four-passenger, or similar car; must have starting and electric lighting systems; give full description, year, mileage, &c. Y 340 Times Annex.

PIERCE-ARROW 38 h. p. runabout, not older than 1915; later model preferred; give year and mileage run. Y 339 Times Annex.

BUICK OR DODGE Autos wanted; must be in good mechanical condition; state full particulars. G. M., 278 Times Downtown.

FORD car for hire; reasonable; by hour or day; open for Sunday; owner drives. Call 7292 Harlem.

Automobile Instruction.

OWNERS, prospective owners, chauffeurs, and mechanics, learn the care and operation of the automobile; write for full particulars. Bedford Branch Y. M. C. A. Automobile School, 1,120 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway.	Booklet 1 explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty 1909. Prospers on Merit."
Auto School. WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W.57th St.	Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Spec. classes for ladies.
ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL. 235 West 50th St.	Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.
COSMOPOLITAN AUTO SCHOOL. 231 WEST 50TH ST.	Practical, Thorough, moderate. Reliable. Ladies; also Ford. Booklet.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

A WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY.
Coal and ice business established over 20 years in Greater New York; gross income, $15,000; net profits $9,000 annually; nominal rental; control dockage; good contracts; electric hoist, Mack truck and teams; will sell very cheap. Address Opportunity, Suite 925, 51 Chambers St., New York.

A large and modern Boston Post Road inn, between N. Y. and Bridgeport, doing splendid business, can be purchased or leased at a most reasonable figure for a term of years; (furniture, fixtures, license, &c., to be sold to lessee;) possession immediately; old age reason for offering this property; steady trade. Write F. C. Goodyear, Norwalk, Conn.

ASSISTANT to bookkeeper; must be bright, operate typewriter, write good hand, quick and accurate at figures, and have knowledge of bookkeeping; in office of manufacturing concern located in 42d St., Manhattan; give age, experience, salary expected; reply in own handwriting. Address Book 120 Times.

Automobile repair business, comprising machine shop, painting and body building; best location in New York; floor 50x100 feet; 5-year lease; reason for selling, sickness. V 200 Times.

Wanted—$10,000, ten second mortgages, on new dwellings; bonus and permanent position as secretary; salary $40. P. O. Box 249, Brooklyn.

Two men, representing able management and fine salesmanship, would consider sound business proposition or exclusive agency; capital available. W 12 Times.

Controlling interest in established publishing business for sale, $50,000. F 250 Times Downtown.

We will buy any kind salable merchandise in any quantity anywhere in United States for cash. B 51 Times.

Garage.—Will you build one, reliable parties, willing to invest? B 110 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; modern double entry sets, controlling account; competent and reliable; takes charge; wishes position. W 5 Times.

COOK, first-class, wants position; may live home. A. Mach, 219 East 70th St.

DESIGNER.—Practical designer, pattern-maker of a general line of silk and cotton underwear for manufacturers; home work only. B 90 Times.

DRESSMAKER. — Artistic, expert fitter; street, dinner, dancing frocks; remodeling; out, home preferred. Kelly, 873 6th Av. Circle 1158.

DRESSMAKER wants work at home or out by day; experience and ability; references. Phone 6902 Morningside, Apartment 2E.

DRESSMAKER.—By day; smart gowns; seaside or country; reasonable; reference. V 174 Times.

DRESSMAKER by day; smart gowns; seaside or country; reasonable; references. Box V 174 Times.

DRESSMAKER, with good recommendation, by day or home. Dorsey, 200 West 94th.

HOUSEKEEPER and companion, with two years' reference; city or country. V 67 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Five years practical commercial experience; American; $15. B 297 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; possessing ability and fair amount intelligence; references; $18. B 295 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; neat, accurate; three years' experience; references; $12. K 208 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, office manager desires responsible position with reliable concern. B 250 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wants position in doctor's office. Miss Jordon, 501 West 123d.

TYPIST, well experienced, desires to do part-time or home work. Write B 108 Times.

TYPIST wants position with a reputable firm; salary $10. Box Z, 262 Grand St.

WOMAN, young active, experienced in real estate, desires properties to take charge of; highest credentials. I. B., 216 Times Downtown.

YOUNG lady, trained in first-class secretarial school, desires position with responsible firm; willing to demonstrate ability. Address G. R., 37 East 58th St. Plaza 2993.

YOUNG LADY wishes position; thorough knowledge double entry bookkeeping; expert at figures; good typewriter; eight years' experience; finest references. W 8 Times.

YOUNG LADY wishes cashier or switchboard position; experienced. L. B., 402 West 42d.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

DOMESTIC SERVICE AGENCY, 329 West 59th.—Supplies thoroughly competent colored servants; references carefully investigated. Telephones Columbus 5165—5166.

COOKS, waitresses, nurses, houseworkers. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av., (75th St.) Schuyler 9136.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Young man, severing connection this week; capable, trustworthy, energetic; excellent past record; best of references; will also consider credit man's position; salary $22. Write or phone L. Siebel, care of Horton Ice Cream Co., 205 East 24th St. Madison Square 8700.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances, audits; $5 monthly, upward; books opened, closed, systematized, profit and loss statements, corporation work. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER.
Thoroughly trained and experienced business man, (35,) expert accountant, able executive; available on short notice; highest recommendations. B 269 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT; married; experienced bookkeeper; modern accounting methods; public accountant preferred. B 290 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Young man, (32,) college graduate; experienced accountant, sales manager, correspondent. B 287 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, 34, exempt; college graduate; 16 years' experience; competent to take full charge. B 103 Times.

ACCOUNTANT desires small set of books to keep evenings. K 213 Times Downtown.

A GENTLEMAN with executive and administrative ability, desires connection with large firm or corporation, to meet clients and callers, who require attentive and intelligent information and direction; any concern desiring careful disposition of details will value my services; having had experience in such position can furnish best references. Address "VIM," B 97 Times.

A HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE wishes position with good chance for advancement. Mosbacher, 953 Fox St.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—20; four years' experience; controlling accounts, balances, financial statements; handles collections; best references; $18. B 288 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND ACCOUNTANT, 30, married, desires position; has 10 years' experience; thorough and efficient in every detail; expert correspondent; best references. B 77 Times.

BOOKKEEPER OR ASSISTANT.—26; German; exempted from military duty; 4 years' experience with banking institution; salary $18-$20. B 284 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (20,) college education, four years' experience, desires position where hard work is properly rewarded. B 277 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 19; capable; highest credentials; experienced; high school education. B 298 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Credit man desires position growing concern; $25. Competent. 494 Columbus Av.

BOOKKEEPER, (20,) typist; neat appearance; accurate; trial balance; best references. W 7 Times.

BOY, (16,) wants position, advancement, $8. Nathan Goldschmidt, 1,339 Intervale Av.

BUTLER.—Useful; best reference; $40; refined American; neat, quiet. B 276 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, with many years' experience, wants good position; references. C. Latergreen, care Society Professional Automobile Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Phone Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—14 years' experience; A1 reference; private family; American. Buckley, 618 Amsterdam Av. Riverside 8453.

CHAUFFEUR, master mechanic; American, 30 years of age, single; experienced on the best cars; traveled extensively; best of references; will go anywhere. B 89 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, seven years' experience, wishes position; private; highly recommended. Mechanic, 8 West 119th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored, married; experienced; references; private, commercial. Pierson, 429 West 52d St.

CHAUFFEUR, (35,) good, careful driver, willing to be useful; 8 years' personal reference. L. G., 1,152 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, licensed. Italian, experienced mechanic, wants position. William Flagapane, 247 East 122d St.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC wishes to make change; references. Herman, 236 West 123d.

CHAUFFEUR.—Reliable, experienced minor repairs; best references. Tel. Lenox 8184.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

COLLEGE graduate, 4 years' experience in chemistry, wishes position with manufacturing concern. Write R. R., 61 2d St., Hoboken.

COUPLE, English, first-class cook, useful butler, valet; can take entire charge small family adults or bachelor's country home; competent; can drive small car; excellent references; wages $80. Humphries, 363 West 46th.

DO YOU NEED A QUALITY MAN?

LISTEN! I WANT TO MAKE A NEW BUSINESS CONNECTION.

I WANT A BUSINESS CONNECTION (NOT MERELY A GOOD POSITION)—AN OPPORTUNITY THAT IS REAL, WHERE REAL WORK AND VIGOROUS, CONSTANT, INTELLIGENT EFFORT WILL BE REWARDED WITH NOT ONLY COMMENSURATE PECUNIARY RETURN, BUT ALSO WITH GREATER RESPONSIBILITIES AND DUE RECOGNITION—A FUTURE LIMITED ONLY BY MY OWN ABILITY TO CREATE AND GROW.

SPECIFICATIONS:

An American; good executive; efficient and adaptable, with ability to originate and develop new ideas; strong on organization; knowledge of sales promotion; commercial and technical education. Business training, experience, associations and travel of past seventeen years have yielded broad view of general business problems. Especially familiar with:

Building materials, equipment and construction; Apartment, Hotel and Residence design, and management; Real Estate operations.

IF YOU NEED THE MAN THIS SUGGESTS TO YOU AND IF YOU CAN OFFER THE OPPORTUNITY INDICATED, WRITE ME, (COMMUNICATION STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL,) GIVING PHONE NUMBER, AND I'LL MAKE APPOINTMENT BY PHONE FOR INTERVIEW. WILL BE AT HOTEL McALPIN WEDNESDAY TO SATURDAY, JULY 18 TO 21 INCLUSIVE.
C. H. LESTER.

DRAFTSMAN.—Technically educated young man, (19,) knowledge of drafting and surveying, desires permanent position, engineering concern. B 273 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced, mechanical, structural, neat tracer, wants home work; moderate. Z 207 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE.—American, (39,) 15 years in building line, seeks connection with corporation where large experience in construction work and ability to direct mechanics, make layouts, is required; specialty plumbing, heating, ventilation; technical education; executive and estimating experience. W 1 Times.

EXECUTIVE position by man experienced in modern methods of factory management, costs, planning of work, time studies, payrolls; accountant position not desired; have executive ability and can manage men; now employed but want something better. B 27 Times.

FURNITURE SALESMAN.—Bright, energetic young man desires position as furniture salesman, preferably in wholesale house. A 142 Times.

GENERAL OFFICE MAN.—26; German; 4 years' bookkeeping experience; exempted from military duty; salary $18-$20. B 285 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT—Young man, 33, Christian, banking training, well familiar with bookkeeping, correspondence, foreign exchange and investments, has private means, is man of absolute integrity, education, tact, wishes position of trust with prospects; moderate salary for beginning; best references; German-American. Y 363 Times Annex.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Two years' experience; good penman; accurate; $8. B 288 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MAN.—25, accounting, correspondence, office and sales managerial experience, desire position of trust with prospects. B 278 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE MAINTENANCE, MANAGER OR SUPERINTENDENT.—Familiar with repairs, estimates, steam plants, elevators, ventilating; licensed engineer; best service from employes with economy; have exceptionally good references; file address for future opening. Advertiser, 306 Ovington Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 22, several years' experience as salesman, desires position with wholesale or manufacturing concern; references. B 274 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, (31,) neat appearing, educated, experienced traveler, large and small towns, 8 years' successful selling record; can adapt self to any line. B 107 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young high school graduate, (23,) 4½ years' stock experience, desires position stock, clerical or salesman. B 98 Times.

SALESMAN.—Road, city experience; first-class references; wants line of merit; only reputable houses will be considered. B 100 Times.

SALESMAN open to connect reliable firm; highest references; commission basis. B 75 Times.

SALESMAN.—Would like to get in touch with good live stock proposition; can finance myself. A 66 Times.

SECRETARIAL STENOGRAPHER, 32; thoroughly experienced; American; exceptional correspondent, executive, manager. B 113 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, (35,) thoroughly experienced, good executive ability; highest references. K 210 Times Downtown.

SPECIALIST iron welder and lead burner wishes position in reliable firm; best references. M. Lucas, General Delivery, Passaic, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER.—Several months' experience; high school education; refined American; $8. B 289 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office man, long experience, seeks few hours' employment evenings. W 17 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—A first-class stenographer; young man; would substitute for 30 days or less at $20 weekly. W 10 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' practical experience; rapid worker; references; $12. B 282 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT

of large factory or warehouse; age 43, strong, active, and of good physique; 12 years' executive experience; capable of hiring and handling large force, male and female; expert systematizer and disciplinarian, also considerable military experience; best references. B 95 Times.

TWO YOUNG MEN, 18, desire clerical positions; high school graduates. B 92 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20 years, bright, neat appearance, previously employed by bank, would like to connect with some commercial house with good advancement. W 6 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wishes position with large firm where advancement is assured; have two years' business training and fair education. Phone Fordham 2948.

YOUNG MAN, (35,) college training, desires position with reputable concern where he can learn the business. B 281 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, five years' experience office work, one year's experience salesman, wants position with good chance of advancement. B 93 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, (exempt from draft,) desires position in sales department reliable concern; 7 years' experience. W 13 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, Christian, high school graduate, wishes position with large business house. S. R., 61 2d St., Hoboken.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) typist; knowledge bookkeeping; billing clerk, clerical worker. B 279 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ADDRESSERS WANTED; ONLY EXPERIENCED WRITERS CONSIDERED. WRITE FULL PARTICULARS, PAST EXPERIENCE. K 214 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER. — THOROUGHLY COMPETENT AND EXPERIENCED; GOOD POSITION ASSURED FOR ONE WITH ABILITY. SEE MR. ANDERSON, EIGHTH FLOOR, 661 5TH AV.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant with experience on voucher register; accurate at figures; must have knowledge of typing; good opportunity for conscientious worker. Mr. Lieban, F. B. Q. Clothing Co., 409 Lafayette St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced in mercantile line preferred; good salary to start, with opportunity for advancement; state full particulars when replying. J 147 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—To handle cash book and assist on general ledger; state age, experience, training, and salary requested. F 238 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly experienced, double entry, and A1 stenographer. Hal-Gren-Over-Gaiter Co., 55 West 17th St.

BOOKKEEPER, expert young lady, required immediately, accustomed to English currency; liberal salary. Apply Room 919, Candler Building, 220 West 42d St., City.

BOOKKEEPER.—Lady, one having good experience, able to open a set of books and thoroughly competent, and with first-class references. Apply W 11 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, experienced; must have first class references. B 294 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, double entry bookkeeper wanted by cloak house. I. Arbus & Son, 158 West 27th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Lady who can do stenographic work preferred. American Trunk and Bag Co., 519 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER.—Assistant; insurance broker's office; start $10. Address Steady, 1,515 3d Av.

BOOK SALESWOMAN.—Experienced, for a $50 per week proposition; suited to present national conditions; sales steadily increasing; salary and commission. The King-Richardson Co., Springfield, Mass.

CANVASSERS wanted; neat appearing, experienced women, willing to canvass for prospects for well-known electrical household specialty company; no sales work; salary or commission; to work in Jersey City territory. See Mr. McNamee, Frantz Premier Company, 119 West 42d St., New York City, Wednesday, before 3 P. M.

CANVASSERS.—Neat appearing, experienced women to canvass for prospects for well-known electrical household specialty company; no sales work; salary or commission. M. McNamee, 665 Newark Av., Jersey City, N. J., Monday.

CLERK.—Thoroughly competent renewal and indorsement clerk for leading brokerage office. Apply, stating experience and salary desired, B 272 Times Downtown.

DEMONSTRATOR.—Have opening for middle-aged lady to travel and demonstrate aluminum cooking utensils in retail stores; experienced lady preferred; salary. B 81 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, to handle work for official of large corporation; neat appearing, perfect letters positively required. Call 9 to 10 A. M. Ajax Rubber Co., 241 West 58th St.

DESIGNER

ON INFANTS' AND CHILDREN'S DRESSES; ONLY THOSE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED NEED APPLY. ADDRESS K. T., 279 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DICTATING MACHINE OPERATOR; must be rapid and accurate; present downtown office; permanent position, $18 to $20; applications confidential. Mr. Pahlman, Room 703, 114 Liberty St.

GIMBEL BROTHERS REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A FEMALE SPANISH INTERPRETER. THOSE EXPERIENCED IN THE MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT PREFERRED. APPLY TO SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, FIFTH FLOOR.

GIRL with knowledge of typewriting with Christian firm; salary $7 a week. Address letter own handwriting, F 242 Times Downtown.

LAUNDRESSES.—Two, white; $22; for Seaside Hospital, Coney Island. Apply 72 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

MILLINERS.
KURZMAN,
5TH AV. AND 36TH ST.,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF MILLINERS.
ONLY THOSE ACCUSTOMED TO FINEST WORK AND MATERIALS WILL BE CONSIDERED; PERMANENT POSITIONS; HIGHEST SALARIES. APPLY SIDE ENTRANCE.

MILLINERY DESIGNER.—One accustomed to high-class trade; references required. Miss Towne, Troy, N. Y.

MODEL.—SIZE 16; STENOGRAPHER, CLOAK, SUIT EXPERIENCE. APPLY KARL LIGHT, 45 WEST 27TH.

MODELS.—SIZE 16; LONG SEASON. APPLY EARLY, JOS. ROSENBERG & CO., 141 WEST 36TH ST., 15TH FLOOR.

MODELS for coats; size 18 or small 36; long season; good pay. Baumann & Bash, 31 East 32d St.

MODEL, size 16, for coats, suits, dresses. Room 705, 1,182 Broadway.

NURSE.—A trained baby's nurse wanted to take a position at once at the seashore, West End, N. J. City residence, Newark, N. J. B. Hollander, 376 Cedar Av., West End, N. J.

NURSE for two little girls at the seashore; highest reference required. Z 205 Times Annex.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, stenographer, good education, by church music publishing house; small amount dictation only; clerical, billing, filing, cashier duties mainly; familiarity with parcel post, express shipping; also knowledge music or experience in choir work desirable; permanent position, with advancement; in own handwriting state age, experience, education, references, nationality, and salary expected. Z 204 Times Annex.

SLIP STITCHERS.—Experienced on men's neckwear; good pay; steady work. Meyer Bacharach & Friedheim, 21 East 22d.

REPRESENTATIVE.—Woman over 30, possessing more than ordinary tact, ability, to call on our list of mothers and explain successful character-building plan for children; permanent position; straight salary and extra bonuses. Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHER in office of engineering journal, with dictaphone experience preferred; permanent position, with short hours and Saturday afternoons off all year; $15 to start; state age and experience. K 212 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly refined college graduate; good in mathematics, use of English; intensely business; interesting and desirable surroundings; great amount of experience unnecessary; position permanent to right party; $18 per week. F 247 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady wanted by large oil corporation; must be of neat appearance, take notes rapidly, and transcribe accurately; permanent position; state age, experience, references, and religion; salary $75 per month. B 275 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Require refined, experienced young woman who can spell correctly, do accurate work, and office duties; short hours; salary $15; good position. B 293 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, long experience Underwood and Remington machines, switchboard operator, and bookkeeper. Cortina Academy of Languages, 12 East 46th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent stenographer as substitute; one familiar with Oliver typewriter. Call personally, Lederle Laboratories, 39 West 38th St., Wednesday morning.

STENOGRAPHER.—One with at least two years' office experience in large manufacturing concerns. Stenographer, Times Agency, 33 Jackson Av., L. I. City.

STENO., Fr. & Spanish Dictation, $40 wk.; Stenos., $20, beginners $15; Bookkeepers, four $18, beginners $15; Typists, $15. Alliance Exchange, 29 Liberty St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced, for uptown millinery manufacturing concern; references required. Farrington & Evans, 392 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, work at once, permanent, private office of big advertising agency; opportunity for ambitious girl. Telephone for appointment, Murray Hill 9710.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent and experienced general office work; hours, 8:30 to 5:30; $12 a week. Apply Fidelity Dumb-Waiter Guarantee Co., 142 East 14th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced, rapid, and accurate; $12-$15. Willard Storage Battery Co., 228 West 58th St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; must have three or four years' references; Christian concern. Call at once, Room 819, 381 4th Av.

STENOGRAPHER. — Competent, accurate young woman; permanent position. Davis & Lawrence Co., 10 Christopher St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Accurate, neat; good position for right party. Saalfield, 373 4th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid, and to assist in office; American parentage; salary $18. Apply Walcutt Bros. Co., 141 West 25th.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Two; experienced. Apply W. J. Cox, sixth floor, 120 West 32d St.

SUBSCRIPTION CLERKS, searchers, stencil filers, change of address, complaints, wrapper assorters, addressograph system, stencil cutters, stencil proofreaders, &c.; steady work, short hours, pleasant working conditions, good pay; state experience, salary, present employment; all correspondence strictly confidential. Apply Publisher, J 165 Times.

TEACHERS.—An exceptional opportunity for normal school or college trained women in high-class traveling position; must be 25 to 40 years of age, good personality, and able to demonstrate the fundamental principles of pedagogy; salary and commission; $1,500 to $2,500 per year. N. C. McReynolds, 347 5th Av., New York. Vanderbilt 4835. Call afternoons, 2 to 5.

TEACHER for year's work. Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

TYPIST AND FILE CLERK wanted by Treasurer's office of large corporation; high school graduate with some experience in credit or financial department desirable; please state qualifications thoroughly and salary desired. Address "G. O.," P. O. Box 322, New York City.

TYPIST and Dictaphone Operator, American, good education, in small Wall St. law office; salary $15; answer, giving education and experience. E 400 Times Downtown.

TYPIST TOUCH OPERATOR to learn dictaphone. State age, education, experience; salary, $10 to start. F 249 Times Downtown.

WOMAN, reliable, nurses' home; good salary, room, and board. Apply Home for Hebrew Infants, Kingsbridge Road and University Av., Bronx.

YOUNG LADY to canvass for well-known institution; great opportunity for right party; state experience; salary, commission. Institution, 198 Broadway, N. Y., Room 308.

YOUNG LADY for responsible office position in manufacturing office about fifteen miles from New York; state age and experience. Y Times Annex.

YOUNG LADY to take charge of candy counter in retail store; state experience and salary expected. B 115 Times.

YOUNG WOMEN for photographic fashions; must be tall and distinguished looking; non-professionals preferred; easy work; no regular hours; good pay. B 104 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

STANDARD COMMERCIAL BUREAU, (Agency,) 185 Madison Av., at 34th Street. Worth-while positions with worth-while uptown and downtown firms for worth-while young business girls, beginners or experienced. Miss Shelley, Prop. "NO REGISTRATION FEE; JUST A STANDARD."

FIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE, 95 Liberty St.—Bookkeepers; dictaphone operator, $70; stenographers, substitutes, register now; typists.

BOOKKEEPERS, $20, $12; typist, switchboard showers, stenographers; permanencies. Jupp Agency, 87 Nassau.

BOOKKEEPER.—$62 month for institution. Call Hopkins Educational Agency, 507 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, clericals, numerous positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, clerks; free registration. 303 5th Av. Miss A. Lynch's Agency.

STENOGRAPHERS, (5,) $15-$20; clerks, $12. Business Service Bureau, 309 B'way.

Instruction.

BUSINESS TRAINING for Women.—Business demands trained women to fill actual and prospective vacancies, especially women trained in accounting and office procedures. Send for details of the 16-session Accounting Course for Women, given at the Pace Institute, Hudson Terminal, afternoons or evenings. Ask for Booklet 19.
PACE & PACE, 30 Church St., New York.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES: Don't start at the bottom. Learn filing in six weeks and get good pay and quick advancement. Evening course begins July 23. Register now. We secure positions for our students. National Training School for Filing, Shaw-Walker Co., 60 Franklin St. Phone Franklin 2261.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1858,) Broadway at 72d St.

PRIVATE SECRETARY course.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of N. Y.; individual instruction. Reservations must be made in advance. References required. Summer sessions.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5th Av., (45th St.)—The oldest and pre-eminently the most successful. Prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions. Day, Evening, and Correspondence Courses. Write for catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' individual instruction.
Special rates. Graduates registered.
V. M. WHEAT,
35 West 42d Street.

$10
this week, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, in office of certified public accountants; young man, preferably American, familiar with foreign exchange and banking; must read French and German; permanent; state full particulars in application. K 207 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Certified seniors wanted; permanent position for good men. Write, giving full particulars, salary expected, J 143 Times.

ADVERTISING MAN for department store in Harrisburg, Penn. Call for interview Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock. Ben F. Levis, 72 Madison Av.

BOOKKEEPER wanted for general office of public utility corporation; must possess good working knowledge of accounting and able to compile a balance sheet and profit and loss statements; state age, business training, experience in detail, and salary expected. F 246 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPERS, CAPABLE OF TAKING TRIAL BALANCES; STEADY POSITIONS IN WHOLESALE HOUSE; GIVE EXPERIENCE, EXPECTATIONS. B 292 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER to handle cash book and assist on general ledger; state age, experience, training, and salary requested. F 237 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and Entry Clerk.—Good penman; steady position with good chance for advancement. Arnheim, Broadway and 9th St.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; state age, experience, and salary desired. J 164 Times.

BOYS: GOOD OPENINGS FOR AMBITIOUS WORKERS; WHOLESALE GROCERY COMPANY. ADDRESS, OWN HANDWRITING, CHELSEA. B 291 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY in advertising agency; excellent chance for advancement. Apply Hoyt, 116 West 32d.

BURROUGHS comptograph and comptometer repair men wanted. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., New York.

CLERK by storage warehouse company; state age, experience, previous employers, references, salary expected; good future for right man. B 116 Times.

CLERK in savings bank; state references, age, salary. K 209 Times Downtown.

COOKS.—Three cooks to enlist in cavalry troop, National Guard; regular army cook preferred, though not necessary; wages $50 monthly; clothing, board, and lodging free.

VALET, knowledge of horses, to enlist in cavalry troop, National Guard; wages $50 monthly; clothing, board, and lodging free. Apply Captain Raldiris, Troop E, First New York Cavalry, Bedford Av. and Union St., Brooklyn. Furnish reference.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR. — Temporary position; only high-grade operator need apply; state age, nationality, and salary. P. O., 283 Times Downtown.

DESIGNERS

on punch and dies for manufacturing accurate small parts in large quantities; also on jig and fixtures for accurate production of small parts. Call or write Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

DESIGNERS AND DRAFTSMEN.—Several competent designers and draftsmen who have had a broad and varied experience on designing jigs, fixtures, and gauges for small interchangeable parts; permanent position and exceptionally fine working conditions. Address, stating experience, references, and wages expected, Box Z 201 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, outside of New York City; six mechanical draftsmen, men of integrity, reliability, and industry, 25 to 35 years of age; at least eight years' experience as machinery detailers and designers, including experience in general drafting, design, and layout work; must be capable of developing machinery from rough sketches or preliminary data and of making finished layouts of apparatus from preliminary plans; also able to sketch existing operating machinery for making additions or improvements; education at least sufficient to figure and sketch strength of different classes of machinery and material. In applying state age, experience, and salary expected. Z 202 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMEN.

Men experienced in the design of small mechanical and electrical apparatus; to men of ability and technical education we offer permanent positions with excellent opportunities for advancement. Call or write Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical designer and detailer on light machinery; state age, experience, nationality, education, and salary expected. J 160 Times.

EXPERT COST
ACCOUNTANT
DESIRED.
EMPLOYMENT IN EAST WITH ONE OF COUNTRY'S LARGEST INDUSTRIAL CORPORATIONS; APPLICATIONS HELD CONFIDENTIAL, AND MUST STATE EXPERIENCE AND PAST CONNECTIONS. ADDRESS BOX J 108 TIMES.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF AN EXPERIENCED LETTER ENGRAVER ON GOLD AND SILVER.
ALSO
A WATCHMAKER THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN WORKING ON COMPLICATED IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC WATCHES.
PERMANENT POSITION. GOOD SALARIES.
APPLY AT SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, 5TH FLOOR.

INTELLIGENT MAN.—Manufacturer requires services of man to assist in advertising campaign and take charge of correspondence; salary. B 88 Times.

LEDGER CLERK, experienced, to handle 2,000 accounts, trial balance, and statements; $12; chance for advancement. F 252 Times Downtown.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT MR. LOUIS BROWN has severed his connections with me as Manager and Buyer, and that he is no more authorized to make any purchases for me and in my name.
EPSTEIN MFG. SUPPLY CO.

HELP WANTED—Male.

HEARN,
14th St., west of 5th Av.,
requires
tall, bright young men, over 18 years of age, as
WAGON BOYS.
Good pay; permanent position; quick advancement.
Apply 11 A. M., 4th floor.

MAN.—OPPORTUNITY FOR A CAPABLE, ENERGETIC MAN, AGE 20 TO 23, POSSESSED OF A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION, GOOD PRESENCE, AND ADDRESS, TO ENTER THE OFFICE AND LEARN THE BUSINESS OF A RELIABLE MANUFACTURER LOCATED IN JERSEY CITY HEIGHTS. OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. MUST BE PROFICIENT IN TYPEWRITING. STATE AGE, RACE, EDUCATION, BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. ADDRESS B 240 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MACHINISTS, moulders, all around men, engine lathe, planer, boring mill, steady work; no labor trouble; good wages. Apply Room 6, Barge Office, Battery Park, New York City.

MAN, take care and clean place at night in manufacturing concern; one preferred handy with tools; bond must be furnished; answer, stating salary desired and reference. L. Q. W., 228 Times Downtown.

MANAGER for tearoom restaurant; good opportunity; only those with best references and experience need apply. Box B 85 Times.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN WANTED, OVER 25 YEARS OF AGE, WHO CAN DETAIL FROM LAYOUTS; ELECTRICAL EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; PERMANENT POSITIONS AND EVERY CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT OFFERED TO THE RIGHT MAN. ADDRESS CHIEF CLERK, ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT, WESTINGHOUSE ELEC. & MFG CO., EAST PITTSBURGH, PENN.

MEN FOR SHOE STORE MANAGERS. Must have shoe store experience and unlimited ability; good salaries to those who qualify; state religion. F 251 Times Downtown.

MILLING MACHINE HANDS.—Only those able to set up their own machines from blue prints and work to micrometer measurements need apply. Mergenthaler Linotype Co., 24 Ryerson St., Brooklyn.

NIGHT WATCHMAN, six nights a week. Charles Pfizer & Co., Inc., 632 Flushing Av., near Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

OFFICE CLERK, 22; must have some knowledge of bookkeeping, good penman, and accurate at figures; state experience, salary expected, and references. W 16 Times.

SALESMEN WANTED.

Knowledge is power; present conditions demand that every business man be thoroughly posted on subjects heretofore unnecessary; a reference to the Encyclopaedia Britannica quickly supplies the desired information to the smallest detail, and thousands of business men have already bought it as a business proposition. A few experienced men, able to tell a straight story of what it contains, are needed. Quick promotion to managerial positions to men who can qualify. We give thorough training, drawing account against commissions and pay all transportation expenses. Call 120 W. 32d St.

SALESMAN WANTED.

High-class man to sell article of great value to everyone, which has been popularized by constant advertising; man of character and education, with references as to selling ability, will be given opportunity to qualify for highly remunerative executive position; drawing account against commissions. Address Permanent, Box A 188 Times.

SALESMEN
WANTED
BY WHOLESALE CUTLERY HOUSE. HIGH-GRADE SALESMEN FOR WESTERN TERRITORIES. EXPERIENCED MEN ONLY APPLY, STATING SALARY EARNED; SALARY. B 96 TIMES.

SALESMAN.

A trained salesman, not subject to military service, who is financially able and willing to jump into the harness and demonstrate his worth and ability to direct a small sales force as a sales manager of New York City suburban real estate by producing results in the field, on a substantial commission basis. Enlistment has caused several excellent opportunities in a large organization. 10:30 A. M., Mr. Mullaly, Country Life Exposition, Grand Central Terminal.

SALESMEN.—The largest electrical household specialty corporation of its kind has openings in their Jersey City territory for several salesmen who have sufficient pep and energy to advance themselves to crew managers; we will furnish a few leads and give every assistance to men who wish to make a good future for themselves; commission to start, salary when qualified. See Mr. McNamee, Frantz Premier Company, 119 West 42d St., New York City, Wednesday before 3 P. M.

SALESMEN WANTED. — Ambitious, keen, wide-awake salesmen to sell educational course to biggest employers in the country for their employes; no book proposition; no canvassing; the biggest movement of its kind in the country; can earn $5,000 and upward on commissions yearly. Write Box X 362 Times Annex.

SALESMAN ON HIGH-GRADE PACKAGE CONFECTIONERY LINE FOR PENNSYLVANIA, WEST VIRGINIA, AND GREATER NEW YORK; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, &C.; ONLY MEN OF FIRST-RATE ABILITY INTERVIEWED; SALARY AND COMMISSION. J 146 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—Experienced in selling laundry soap and similar products to grocery trade; territory Pennsylvania; permanent salary and expenses; must have clean record and references. Apply 9 to 12, Wednesday, July 18, Mr. Dunster, Atlas Selling Agency, 450 4th Av.

SALESMAN, stationery, who can show results, has an excellent opportunity with a progressive house; good salary to right man. Write, stating qualifications, T. R., 232 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, with large following among the jobbing and manufacturing trade, to represent a prominent domestic embroidery manufacturing concern; right man can earn $5,000 per year; commission. Address J 136 Times.

SALESMAN.—One who has good following; no specific territory; also one who has had experience in ladies' bathing suits preferred; salary or commission. B. G., 214 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted on salary and commission basis; experienced in chemical and mineral line, directly connected with consumers of same; write full particulars. B 271 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man wanted in high-class retail store to sell goods; salary $12. Address in own handwriting, giving age, experience, and references, K 215 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Excellent opportunity to live wires; foreign speaking preferred; commission basis. Sperling, 132 Nassau St. Room 305.

SALESMAN—To sell a nationally advertised automobile accessory; must be experienced; young man preferred; salary and commission. Address P. O. Box H, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

SALESMAN wanted for fancy goods, lamps, &c.; state experience and salary. Address S. M. 216 Times.

SALESMEN—Experienced in automobile supplies; inside position; salary. Call Pruden Hardware Co., 866 8th Av.

SALESMAN—Young man to call on office trade; commission basis; ladies' coats. Presto Cloak & Suit Co., 12 West 31st St.

SALESMAN.—Experienced salesman to handle line of velvets and velveteens; excellent opportunity for right man. J 161 Times.

SALESMEN wanted to sell exceptionally attractive gold mining stock; liberal commission. Call Room 1303 25 Broad St.

SILK SALESMAN wanted; excellent opportunity for man accustomed to selling high-class silks, cloak and suit trade; only men accustomed to earning $5,000 or over per annum need apply; commission. B 109 Times.

STOCK CLERK.—Boy, 16, as stock clerk for retail men's furnishing store; must be of very good appearance and good common school education. A. Sulka & Co., 34 West 34th St.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Young man, 17 to 20, thoroughly experienced, to operate switchboard in the office of a large contracting company; splendid opportunity for advancement to applicant who qualifies. Write, stating age, experience, and nationality, to Fire Extinguisher Co., Station V, New York City.

TYPEWRITER.—Must write good hand and be able to operate telephone switchboard; apply in detail. T. S., J 159 Times.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Pressure conditions are still unsettled over interior districts, and there were showers and thunderstorms over all districts east of the Mississippi River and also at points in Arkansas, Oklahoma, Texas, and Nevada. Elsewhere the weather was fair.

Showers will continue Wednesday and Thursday in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States, New York, and New England, while in the upper Ohio Valley, the lower lake region, the Middle Atlantic States, except Eastern New York, thunder showers Wednesday will be followed by generally fair weather. In the upper lake region, the lower Ohio Valley, and Tennessee the weather will be generally fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Winds for Wednesday and Thursday along the North and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be moderate south, with showers; South Atlantic Coast, moderate south, with thunder showers.

FORECASTS: TODAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York—Thunder showers Wednesday. Thursday fair, warmer west; showers east portion.

New Jersey—Thunder showers Wednesday. Thursday probably fair, warmer in interior.

New England—Local showers Wednesday and probably Thursday.

Western New York—Thunder showers Wednesday. Thursday probably fair.

Eastern Pennsylvania — Partly cloudy Wednesday, probably thunder showers. Thursday fair, warmer.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1916.	1917.		1916.	1917.
3 A. M.	68	73	4 P. M.	74	87
6 A. M.	68	70	6 P. M.	72	79
9 A. M.	72	75	9 P. M.	71	75
12 M.	82	78	11 P. M.	70	75

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 78; for the corresponding date last year it was 76; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 74.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 72; at 8 P. M. it was 79. Maximum temperature, 87 degrees at 4 P. M.; minimum, 70 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity, 85 per cent. at 8 A. M., 78 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.06 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.98 inches.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..4:38|Sun sets..7:25|Moon rises..4:05

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	6:59	7:18	1:05	1:05
Governors Island	7:42	7:54	1:41	1:43
Hell Gate	9:51	9:56	3:51	4:01

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
2:30—334 E. 11 St.; Caro Bibona	Slight
4:05—308 W. 124 St.; Adams Exp. Co.	Not given
9:30—133 Goerck St.; M. Friedman	Slight
10:30—Jerome Av. and 165 St., (auto;) Max Pearlman	Slight
P. M.	
12:55—57 E. 86 St.; Fred Maaks	Slight
1:45—3,134 B'way; Roy Combentry	Slight
1:55—Front 424 Broome St., (auto;) Frank Ribiello	$30
3:00—208 E. 87 St.; Mrs. Hamilton	Slight
3:20—131 Ridge St.; Joseph Enders	Slight
3:40—510 W. 142 St.; E. Coffey	Slight
6:45—22 W. Houston St.; Triangle Tucking and Hemstitching Co.	Slight
7:50—300 W. Houston St.; Trinity Corp.	None
8:20—95 1 St.; Barney Ershowlsky	Slight
8:40—324 Pleasant Av.; Virginia Murray	Slight
9:10—95 Monroe St.; Isadore Stein	Slight
9:45—437 E. 149 St.; Paul Schermonsky	$95
10:10—434 E. 162 St., (motor cycle;) Thomas Keating	Slight
11:10—623 Amsterdam Av.; Christie & Brothers	Slight
11:15—324 W. 46 St.; Mrs. —. Carmant	Slight
11:45—247 W. 23 St.; Mary McDonald	Slight

HELP WANTED—Male.

TIMEKEEPER, experienced, age 31-40, at foundry thirty miles from New York City, employing 600 men; must be capable of taking charge of department; good salary to start; references necessary. Apply at once, American Brake Shoe and Foundry Co., Mahwah, N. J.

WANTED!!!—500 BAKERS and 100 COOKS to do their DUTY in the U. S. Army. Bake bread for the country that gives you yours! You can serve your country best by doing the work you are best able to do—if you bake, you can bake for your country and freedom—if you don't bake, Uncle Sam will show you HOW—baking or cooking relieves you of all purely military duties, except in cases of emergency—you can enlist in the same unit as your "pals"—ages 18 to 45 years. ENLIST FOR THE PERIOD OF THE WAR AND DO IT NOW! BAKERS' PAY, $33 to $44—COOKS, $38, with clothing, food, quarters and medical attention. Recruiting Office: Cor. 39th St. and 6th Ave., Southeast Corner, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, 18 or 19, as file and mail clerk with a large plaster manufacturing corporation; preferably one just out of high school; excellent chance for advancement along technical or advance business correspondence lines; must not be afraid to work. Apply in own handwriting, giving full particulars and salary expected to start, J 163 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted by manufacturing concern, about 30 years old, as assistant to auditor of disbursements; must be good correspondent and have thorough knowledge of machinery and cost accounting; reply in full, stating age, education, experience, and salary expected. B 112 Times.

YOUNG MAN in office general contractor, with some knowledge of plans and stenography. Reply in own handwriting, giving experience, references, salary wanted. B 94 Times.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, to take charge of leather stockroom; must have some knowledge of leather line; write, stating age, experience, salary, references. F 245 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, assist in making up factory payrolls and records in clothing house; experience desired, but not essential. R. E., 226 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 18-19, for office work; must have knowledge of typewriting; state particulars. K 211 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, strong, fair education, to make himself generally useful in woolen house. Rittenberg Bros., 100 Bleecker St.

YOUNG MAN, with knowledge of typewriting. Apply 41 Park Row, Room 804.

YOUTHS between 18-20 for packing in shipping department of wholesale dress manufacturers; ambitious young men with sufficient patience and foresight can by hard work become eligible for full-fledged traveling salesmen's positions; salesmanship training will be given gratis by an expert during employment; salary $10. Call any afternoon after 2 P. M., King & Applebaum, 39 West 32d St.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHERS, GOOD BEGINNERS, $15 TO START; EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHERS, $18 TO $20 PER WEEK. BOOKKEEPERS AND LEDGER CLERKS, $18 PER WEEK. TYPISTS AND CLERKS, $15 TO $18 PER WEEK.
THE DEMAND IS EVER INCREASING FOR MALE WORKERS OF ALL CLASSIFICATIONS. WE HAVE LISTED NOW MORE REALLY HIGH-CLASS POSITIONS THAN WE CAN FIND MEN TO FILL!
CALL 9 TO 2 DAILY.
NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 30 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

ACCOUNTANT, exprd. field, construction work, $2,400; Executive, secy.-steno., $40; Steno., beginner, $15; Bookkeeper, $90 up; Buyer, sheetings, prints, for export, $2,000; Typists, $15. Alliance Exchange, 29 Liberty.

ACCOUNTANTS, seniors; bookkeepers, bank, (6,) others, $20; correspondent, $25. Business Service Bureau, 309 Broadway.

MANY STENOGRAPHIC, BOOKKEEPERS, typists; clerical; several export openings. Mighill, (Agency,) Flatiron Building.

STENOGRAPHERS, good positions, $7, $20; billing machine operator, $13. Jupp Agency, 87 Nassau St.

Instruction.

EXECUTIVE POSITIONS IN BUSINESS.—Unprecedented demand for men who can qualify for positions of responsibility; Summer evening class groups now being organized for Pace Courses, adopted by leading business organizations throughout the country to meet their need for competent men and women; details given in free Booklet No. 25. PACE & PACE, 30 Church St., N. Y.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' individual instruction.
Special rates. Graduates registered.
V. M. WHEAT,
35 West 42d Street.

$10
this week, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work, day and evening classes; send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

FOR SALE.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES. New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 29 to 35 West 32d St., near B'way.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 275 Canal St.

A heavy 4x16 mahogany table for sale; been used two months; good condition; will sell for reasonable price. Room 1101, Brokaw Bldg.

Army Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Following officers of Medical Reserve Corps to active duty and proceed to place indicated for making special physical examination of men at the camp:

Maj. E. D. B. Bondurant, to Ft. McPherson, Ga.

1st Lt. J. J. Stack, to Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga.

1st Lt. L. V. J. Lopez, to Leon Springs, Tex.

1st Lt. G. H. Preston, to Madison Barracks, N. Y.

1st Lt. H. Phillips, to Ft. Niagara, N. Y.

1st Lt. R. C. P. Truitt, to Ft. Snelling, Minn.

Capt. E. L. Hanes, to Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y.

Capt. J. M. Wolfsohn, M. R. C., from Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, report to Commanding Officer of camp at Presidio of San Francisco, to make special physical examination of men.

Following officers of M. R. C., now on duty at camp indicated, will report to Commanding Officer thereof to make special physical examination of men at the camp:

1st Lt. P. Work, Ft. Riley, Kan.

1st Lt. R. L. Hill, Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind.

1st Lt. W. A. Ford, Ft. Sheridan, Ill.

1st Lt. A. S. J. Smith, M. R. C., to active duty, to Ft. Riley (Kan.) Medical Officers' training camp for course of instruction.

Following officers of M. R. C. to duty and report by telegraph to the Commanding General, Eastern Department, Governors Island, N. Y., for temporary duty, then Ft. Benjamin Harrison (Ind.) Medical Officers' training camp for course of instruction:

Capts. E. B. Bigelow, J. N. Boyce, D. J. Dennelly, R. H. Halsey, F. A. Hunt, J. L. Norris, R. M. Taylor, D. C. Wiggin, J. H. Wyman, 1st Lts. R. McK. Alexander, G. Blackburne, L. W. Blake, F. E. Browning, E. E. Campbell, A. V. Carl, D. R. Chase, H. A. Clark, J. G. Coleman, H. Cooper, E. F. Corson, W. E. Denning, L. Ely, A. J. Ellis, E. H. Erney, H. J. Everett, W. Goldstein, E. D. Gordon, A. J. Greenwood, J. Grosner, W. E. Grove, H. M. Hawkins, W. H. Henry, E. L. Hergert, M. G. Herzfeld, A. L. Hickok, J. J. Hauff, C. F. Howland, E. H. Hughes, J. E. Hume, S. Jaffe, B. A. Jenkins, J. L. Junk, H. Katz, S. B. Kaufmann, D. Kramer, M. H. Leaver, J. Leo, M. Lincoln, A. Lustgarten, P. J. Maheims, S. H. Martin, B. F. Morowitz, F. M. Neuendorf, L. A. Newfield, F. G. Reed, S. V. Rosenkranz, W. H. Sanford, A. A. Scouler, R. E. Seibels, L. M. Simonson, C. J. Slack, H. G. Smith, L. H. Sparks, S. Stern, J. K. Stoddard, M. I. Strahl, L. M. Schmidt, T. G. Tousey, M. Warren, S. E. Weiner, J. B. Wintersteen, I. I. Yodar. The travel directed is necessary in the military service.

Following officers, M. R. C., to active duty, to Ft. Riley (Kan.) Medical Officers' Training Camp for course of instruction:

Capts. R. D. Alexander, H. S. Andrews, J. Butler, S. C. Clements, P. Rockey, F. W. Van Kirk, L. A. Abramopoulos, S. Adams, L. D. Applewhite, T. R. Ayars, G. W. Bancroft, F. R. Borden, W. C. Bundrant, H. L. Bremser, B. C. Dorset, E. G. Edwards, S. D. Fox, E. B. Fulliam, Jr., B. L. Gilfillian, E. H. Gist, W. T. Gullion, L. G. Harney, W. H. Hill, W. F. Howard, C. C. Johnson, P. J. Keizer, H. M. La Rue, F. W. Loring, E. D. McClean, S. A. McCool, C. F. McCusker, F. M. Manson, J. A. Matson, C. P. Price, A. W. Rew, R. S. Stryker, L. E. Toney, D. A. Turner. The travel directed is necessary in the military service.

Following officers of Dental Reserve Corps to active duty, report by telegraph to Commanding General Southern Department for duty:

1st Lts. J. L. Brown, J. A. Johnson, C. M. Meares, H. M. Nolan, J. E. O'Flinn, J. H. O'Reilly, G. E. Sandoz, V. F. Schoppe, W. A. Spence, and C. E. Wisecup.

1st Lt. C. C. Brown, Infantry Officers' Reserve Corps, to active duty, about Aug. 15, then to Manila, P. I., on first available transport for duty Philippine Department.

Capt. H. W. Young, Engineer Officers' Reserve Corps, to active duty and assigned to 8th Engineers, National Army, American Lake, Wash.

Capt. S. Frothingham, Quartermaster Officers' Reserve Corps, to active duty, to New York City, report to General Superintendent Army Transport Service for duty as his assistant.

Capt. C. B. Franke, Quartermaster Officers' Reserve Corps, to active duty, report by wire to Commanding General Southern Department for duty as assistant to the Q. M., Louisiana troops, New Orleans.

1st Lt. A. Van Zandt, E. O. R. C., is relieved from his enlistment at engineer training camp in vicinity of this city and assigned to active duty, take station in this city and report to officer in charge of engineer depot, Washington, D. C., for duty re procurement of engineer equipment.

Maj. A. T. Perkins, E. O. R. C., to active duty, assigned to 4th Engineers, National Army, to Rockingham Park, Salem, N. H., for duty.

1st Lt. J. W. Peyton, Inf., to Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., for attachment to a regiment.

Capt. E. G. Huber, Medical Corps, from station and duty at Ft. Snelling, Minn., to Chicago, report to Commanding General Central Department for duty in his office.

Capt. F. S. Wright, M. C., to Ft. Adams, R. I., report to commander of the provisional brigade, Coast Artillery, for duty and by letter to Commanding General Northeastern Department.

Capt. M. H. Darnall, M. R. C., from present duties at Washington, D. C., re-examination of applicants for Engineer Enlisted Reserve Corps, and report to commanding officer 6th Engineers, this city, for duty.

1st Lt. S. T. Bird, Dental R. C., to active duty, to Washington, D. C., 6th Engineers, for duty.

1st Lt. J. Conway, Philippine Scouts, retired, is relieved from duty on recruiting service and proceed to his home and report by telegraph to the Adjutant General of the army. He is relieved from active duty.

Capt. V. Barcas, Ordnance Officers' Reserve Corps, to active duty, to Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., for duty.

Capt. H. Pollard, Ordnance Officers' Reserve Corps, to active duty, to Rock Island Arsenal for duty.

Orders of July 6 relating to Capt. L. R. Frendall, 28th Infantry, revoked.

Capt. A. H. Kilgeson, I. M. A., Signal Corps, now on duty at Princeton University, N. J., is appointed an active Q. M. for time he may remain on such duty.

Col. J. B. Erwin, 7th Cavalry, report to commanding General Eastern Department for duty as officer in charge of militia affairs of that department.

Col. J. P. Finley, infantry, report to commanding General Eastern Department for duty as assistant to officer in charge of militia affairs of that department.

Following officers of Veterinary R. C. to active duty, to Ft. Reno, Okla., for duty:

2d Lts. R. M. Bell, J. W. Casey, H. Frederick, C. F. Henry, and T. B. Howle.

Following 2d Lts. of Veterinary R. C. to active duty, to Ft. Keogh, Mont., remount depot, for duty:

J. R. Ballow, H. N. Beeman, J. H. Evans, H. B. F. Jervis, and S. H. Shindelman.

Following 2d Lts. of Vet. R. C., to active duty, to Kansas City, Mo., report to Capt. J. M. Burroughs, Purchasing Q. M., for duty, and by letter to Commanding General Central Department:

J. M. Courtright, F. B. Croll, B. E. Dappen, E. L. Peck, and F. G. Steinbach.

2d Lt. J. E. Noonan, Vet. R. C., to active duty, report to Commanding General Southern Department.

Following 2d Lts. of Vet. R. C., to active duty, Southern Department:

T. A. Breen, G. W. Constable, A. F. Lange, R. E. Mitchell, and W. H. Potts.

Orders of June 21 relating to Capt. M. P. Hite, 1st Lt. C. I. Keppart, and 2d Lts. L. D. Rees, and J. V. Thompson, E. O. R. C., revoked.

1st Lt. A. J. Horrigan, M. R. C., to active duty, to Boston, report to Maj. A. W. George, M. R. C., for instruction in military roentgenology.

1st Lt. E. D. Watkins, M. R. C., to active duty, to Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., Medical Officers' Training Camp, for course of instruction.

Major C. F. Armstrong, E. O. R. C., to active duty, to this city, report to Chief of Ordnance.

Capt. J. G. Cumming, M. R. C., to active duty, to San Francisco, report to Commanding General Western Department.

Capt. J. H. Evans, M. R. C., to active duty, Western Department.

Following 2d Lts. of Vet. R. C. to active duty, to Ft. Royal, Va., report to commanding officer remount depot for duty.

F. L. Buck, J. Doerr, H. E. Egan, C. A. Fast, S. A. Kamis, M. B. Lamb, R. B. McCord, H. B. Morris, R. E. Oliver, and W. M. Thompson.

Orders of June 5 relating to 1st Lt. H. Gage, M. R. C., revoked.

Col. J. W. Heard, cavalry, is relieved from attachment to 8th Cavalry and attached to 5th Cavalry.

Capt. A. S. Younglof, Philippine Scouts, is retired on account of disability.

Capt. F. Q. C. Gardner, C. A. C., or one of his commissioned assistants will make during quarter ended June 30 the visits hereinafter specified on business pertaining to design and inspection of submarine mine material: Not to exceed three trips to York, Penn.; six to Garwood, N. J.; twelve to Bayonne, N. J.; six to Boston, Mass.; six to Stamford, Conn.; two to Pittsfield, Mass.; six to New York City, and two to Trenton, N. J.

Capt. J. A. Paegelow, Philippine Scouts, is retired from active service. He is placed on active military duty, effective on day following his retirement, then to Ft. Omaha (Neb.) Army Balloon School, for duty.

1st Lt. R. A. Schless, M. R. C., from duty at Gettysburg, Penn., to his home. He will stand relieved from further active duty.

1st Lt. H. J. Lawes, 59th Inf., now at St. Paul, Minn., to Plattsburg, N. Y., report to commanding officer, Citizens' Training Camp, for duty, and by telegraph to commanding General, Eastern Dept.

1st Lt. W. Van Sweringen, M. R. C., to active duty, to Baltimore, Md., report to Maj. F. H. Baetjer, M. R. C., for course of instruction in military roentgenology.

1st Lt. T. Kirkwood, M. R. C., to active duty, to Ft. Benjamin Harrison (Ind.) Medical Officers' Training Camp, for course of instruction.

Following 1st Lts. of M. R. C., to active duty, to Washington (D. C.) Army Medical School, for instruction:

E. T. Chatham, M. M. Meyers, and M. A. Slocum.

Capt. F. R. Ilsley, M. R. C., to active duty, to Ft. Benjamin Harrison (Ind.) Medical Officers' Training Camp for course of instruction.

1st Lt. L. A. La Garde, Jr., M. R. C., to active duty, to Ft. Riley (Kan.) Medical Officers' Training Camp, for course of instruction.

Capt. R. H. Powell, M. R. C., to active duty, to Ft. Oglethorpe (Ga.) Medical Officers' Training Camp, for course of instruction.

Lt. G. Edward, M. R. C., to active duty, to Ft. Riley (Kan.) Medical Officers' Training Camp, for course of instruction.

Orders of June 26 relating to 1st Lt. A. J. Galloway, S. O. R. C., revoked.

1st Lt. J. W. Churchman, M. R. C., to active duty at New Haven, Conn., to examine applicants for appointment in Officers' Reserve Corps.

1st Lt. H. G. Stevens, O. O. R. C., to active duty, to Bridesburg, Penn., report to Commanding Officer, Frankford Arsenal, for duty.

1st Lt. J. C. Walton, M. R. C., to active duty, to Ft. Riley (Kan.) Officers' Training Camp, for course of instruction.

Orders of June 23 assigning Capt. L. J. Dillow, retired, to temporary duty at General Hospital, Ft. Bayard, N. M., amended to assign him to station at the General Hospital, Ft. Bayard, and to duty as assisant to the Quartermaster.

1st Lt. J. E. Black, O. O. R. C., to active duty, Frankford Arsenal.

Major W. M. Schwartz, O. O. R. C., to active duty, to Watertown, N. Y., take station, and report by telegraph on arrival to Chief of Ordnance for instructions.

Capt. L. P. Quinn, 16th F. A., to Walter Reed Gen. Hosp., D. C., sick.

Orders of July 8 are amended to read:

Lt. Col. F. Greene, retired, is placed on active military duty. He will report by telegraph to the Chief Signal Officer of the army for duty as property officer, Signal Corps, General Supply Depot, Ft. Mason, Cal., relieving 1st Lt. D. B. Sanger, Infantry.

Orders of May 19 are amended to call Majs. J. W. Frew, Med. Dept., Wisconsin N. G., and R. C. Turck, Medical Dept., Florida N. G., into the Federal service.

Capt. L. T. Hillman, C. A. C., (Major Ordnance Department,) report to Col. G. W. McIver, Infantry, President of an examining board at Washington, D. C., for examination for promotion.

Major G. D. Guyer, Q. M. Corps, to this city, report to officer in charge of cantonment construction for instructions re National Guard camp to be built at Ft. Sill, Okla., then to his station.

1st Lts. A. S. Atkinson and H. C. Drew, M. R. C., to active duty, to Ft. Myer (Va.) Citizens' Training Camp, to examine men on duty there for tuberculosis.

Contract Surgeon R. B. Adams, to active duty, to Ft. Myer (Va.) Citizens' Training Camp, to examine men on duty there for tuberculosis.

1st Lt. W. Pryor, O. O. R. C., to active duty, to Springfield Armory, Mass.

Capt. P. H. Marion, O. O. R. C., to active duty, to Washington, D. C., report to Chief of Ord.

Maj. J. E. McNary, O. O. R. C., to active duty, to Frankfort Arsenal, Penn.

1st Lt. R. M. Olyphant, Jr., Aviation Section, S. O. R. C., to active duty, report to Commanding Officer, 1st Aero Reserve Squadron, Mineola, L. I., N. Y., for duty.

Capt. J. B. McCalley and 1st Lt. C. D. Winslow, Aviation Section, S. O. R. C., to active duty, to Wilbur Wright Field, Fairfield, Ohio, for duty.

Capt. C. F. Betz, S. O. R. C., to active duty, to this city, report to Chief Signal Officer for duty.

1st Lt. B. Herod, O. O. R. C., to active duty, to this city, report to Chief of Ordnance for duty.

1st Lt. S. C. Bliss, O. O. R. C., to active duty to Washington, D. C., report to Chief of Ordnance.

Lt. Col. W. B. Ladue, Corps of Engineers, in addition to his other duties, will report by letter to Chief of Engineers for duty at Charleston, S. C., engineer district.

Major W. D. A. Anderson, 3d Engineers, in addition to his other duties, will report to Commanding General, Panama Canal Department, for duty as engineer of that department, relieving Major C. O. Sherrill, Corps of Engineers.

Major Anderson is relieved from duty and station on Canal Zone and will proceed to Boston, Mass., take station, and report to Commanding General, Northeastern Department, for duty as engineer of that department, relieving Lt. Col. H. B. Ferguson, Corps of Engineers.

Capt. H. C. Davidson, I. M. A., Signal Corps, now on duty at Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y., is appointed an acting Q. M. for the time he may remain on such duty.

Capt. J. P. Fletcher, M. C., to Watertown, N. Y., to inspect ambulances, then to Detroit.

Capt. E. F. Buckingham, Q. M. O. R. C., to active duty, to Atlanta, Ga., report to Depot Q. M. for duty as his assistant.

Capt. J. B. Allison, Signal Corps, from present duties at San Francisco, report to Commanding General, Western Department, for duty.

1st Lt. D. F. McDonald, 8th Infantry, report to Commanding Officer, Citizens' Training Camp, Presidio of San Francisco, for duty and by letter to the Department Commander.

Capt. R. I. McKenny, C. A. C., from further assignment in Panama Canal Department, report to Commanding General Eastern Department, for duty.

Maj. P. Willis, Q. M. C., from duty in Philippine Islands, to United States, and report by telegraph to the Adjutant General of the Army for further orders.

2d Lts. E. N. Holstrom and A. L. Cone, E. O. R. C., to active duty, assigned to 1st Engineers, National Army, Ft. Totten, N. Y.

Capt. E. Walter, Q. M., O. R. C., to active duty, to New York, N. Y., report to commanding officer Base Hospital No. 8, for duty as Q. M., relieving Capt. E. B. Close, Q. M. O. R. Co., of duties assigned him in orders of May 11 and in orders of May 18, who, upon being relieved, will report to the Depot Q. M., New York, for duty as his assistant.

Following Capts. of Q. M. O. R. C. to active duty, to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., report to Commanding General Southern Department, for duty as assistants to the Department Q. M. in connection with motor truck units:

E. L. Harris, W. R. Merrick, L. Rhodes, E. W. Scott, R. E. Stone, J. C. Williams, T. H. Brown, D. E. Clarke, R. W. Charlton, and W. B. Courtney.

Following Capts. of Q. M. O. R. C. to active duty:

F. J. Rosenberg, L. Rouble, and E. N. Purvis; Capt. Rosenberg report to commanding officer, American Lake Cantonment, Wash., for duty in command of Wagon Co. No. 31, and by letter to Commanding General Western Department; Capt. Rouble report to commanding officer Lindavista Cantonment, Cal., for duty in command of Wagon Co. No. 32, and by letter to Commanding General Western Department, and Capt. Purvis report to Commanding General Southern Department for duty as assistant to Department Q. M.

1st Lt. J. W. Gavett, Jr., E. O. R. C., from his enlistment at Engineeer Training Camp in vicinity of this city and assigned to active duty, 1st Engineers, Washington Barracks, D. C.

Following officers of Q. M. O. R. C. are relieved from further duty as assistants to the department Q. M., Southern Dept., and proceed at once to Chicago, report to depot Q. M. for duty:

Maj. S. P. Wetherill, Jr., and Capts. R. B. Cooper, W. R. Metz, A. H. Leavitt, P. J. Graham, G. Drake, J. W. Gaughan, J. R. Thompson, Jr., and E. R. Baines.

Orders of June 13 relating to Capt. S. S. Stephenson, Q. M. O. R. C., revoked.

Capt. M. J. Powers, Q. M. O. R. C., to Walter Reed General Hospital, D. C., sick.

Capt. W. E. Kruesi, Q. M. O. R. C., is relieved from further duty in office of the Q. M. G. and proceed to New York, report to depot Q. M. for duty as his assistant.

Capt. A. H. Perkins, E. O. R. C., to active duty and assigned to 7th Engineers, National Army, Atlanta, Ga.

Capt. J. C. Roop, E. O. R. C., to active duty as 1st Lt. and assigned to 7th Engineers, National Army, Atlanta, Ga.

Capt. E. H. Taliaferro, E. O. R. C., to active duty, assigned to 7th Engineers, National Army, Atlanta, Ga.

Maj. J. W. Williams and Capts. B. J. Simmons and A. E. McKennett, E. O. R. C., to active duty, assigned to 8th Engineers, National Army, American Lake, Wis.

Capt. J. B. McDonough, E. O. R. C., to active duty, assigned to 9th Engineers, National Army, Philadelphia, Penn.

1st Lt. D. J. Glomset, M. R. C., to active duty, to New York, report to Maj. S. Flexner, M. R. C., Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, for course of instruction in laboratory work.

Capt. J. H. Selby and 1st Lt. C. V. Carrington, M. R. C., to active duty, to Takoma Park, D. C., report to commanding officer Walter Reed General Hospital for duty.

1st Lt. F. A. Cameron, M. R. C., to active duty, to Ft. Oglethorpe (Ga.) Medical Officers' Training Camp for course of instruction.

A board to consist of Majs. W. Kelly and E. D. Peek and 1st Lts. H. W. Sibert, T. F. Farrell, and K. S. Jones, all of Corps of Engineers, is appointed to meet in this city to award the marks upon the examination papers submitted by candidates in the examination held beginning June 25 for probational appointment as Second Lieutenants in the Corps of Engineers.

Transfers Announced.

2d Lts. G. Sawtelle, from infantry arm, 20th Infantry, to cavalry arm, and G. R. Barker, from cavalry arm, 14th Cavalry, to infantry arm. Lt. Sawtelle is assigned to 21st Cavalry at Ft. Riley, Kan., and Lt. Barker is assigned to 43d Infantry at Ft. Douglas, Utah.

1st Lt. F. H. Miles, Jr., C. A. C., to Washington, D. C., take station re his duties as Inspector of Powder and Explosives.

Temporary—1st Lt. W. McNally, C. of E., is assigned to the train pertaining to 1st Regiment of Engineers, and will proceed to Washington Barracks, D. C., for duty.

Capt. J. A. Habegger, Q. M. O. R. C., to active duty, to Ft. D. A. Russell, Wyo., for duty as assistant to the Q. M., and by letter to Commanding General Western Department.

A board is appointed to meet at Ft. du Pont, Del., for examination of such persons as may be authorized to appear before it to determine their fitness for appointment as chaplain in the army. Detail for the board: Chaplain W. Marvine, C. A. C., and Capt. J. G. Donovan, C. A. C., and 1st Lts. W. W. Ellis, M. R. C.; R. Melberg, C. A. C., and C. E. MacDonald, M. R. C.

Following officers of E. O. R. C. are relieved from their obligations re their enlistments at engineer training camps named below, and are assigned to active duty at same camps:

At Vancouver Barracks, Wash., 2d Lts. F. H. Hay, A. F. Bernl, and J. E. Norberg.

At Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., Capts. S. Olop and M. P. Turner; 1st Lts. D. G. Hatmaker, C. L. Bachman, R. H. Ely, H. E. Van Vorhees, and E. U. Stevenson, and 2d Lts. R. F. Wills, H. E. Barth, and R. S. Barber.

In the vicinity of Washington, D. C., Capts. S. Purcell, D. M. Oltarsh, and S. O. S. Graham, 1st Lts. M. A. Combs, J. D. Andrews, Jr., E. C. Rack, and D. S. MacBride, and 2d Lts. H. F. Bucher, R. F. Kohr, F. W. Ford, Jr., H. J. Pfaff, Jr., R. D. Braman, and H. L. Porter.

Capt. R. B. Owens, S. O. R. C., from Washington, D. C., to Dayton, Ohio; Rantoul, Ill., and Detroit, Mich., for temporary duty re aviation service, then to his station in this city.

1st Lt. L. R. Sims, O. O. R. C., to active duty, to Frankford Arsenal, Penn.

Following officers of M. R. C. to active duty, report by telegraph to Commanding General Eastern Department for temporary duty, then to Ft. Benjamin Harrison (Ind.) Medical Officers' Training Camp for course of instruction:

Majs. J. H. Jopson and D. A. Sinclair; Capts. L. F. Donohoe, H. M. James, D. T. MacPhail, C. Phillips, and F. A. Rupp, and 1st Lts. C. S. Abbott, J. M. Brown, S. Campbell, G. F. Gracey, H. Gross, F. J. Herbig, J. E. Keller, Jr., F. J. Kelly, C. R. Palmer, F. W. Sell, L. Shields, E. R. Sibley, L. G. Taylor, P. A. Trau, V. C. von Unruh, and M. R. Walter.

Resignations Accepted.

Capt. S. S. Stephenson, Q. M. O. R. C.

Capt. W. A. Barrow, 2d Inf., North Carolina N. G.

Capt. E. C. Woodruff, E. O. R. C.

Leaves.

Capt. E. L. Pell, 64th Inf., ten days.

Capt. F. W. Fonda, retired, six days.

1st Lt. P. J. Carroll, M. R. C., ten days.

The Civil Service.

City.

An examination has been ordered for chief medical examiner. The subjects and weights are: Experience 4, practical 3, oral 3. The incumbent will be in charge of the office of the chief medical examiner in this city. This position was recently created to take the place of the Board of Coroners, which will go out of existence on Jan. 1 next. Candidates must be not less than 30 years of age. The salary is $7,500 a year.

The oral test for institutional inspector will be concluded tomorrow. There are 104 candidates.

A promotion test from nurse to supervising nurse, competitive class, Health Department, has been ordered.

United States.

The commission states that there is an urgent need in the Government service for qualified shipfitters at navy yards, at salaries ranging from $4.24 to $4.48 per diem. Practical journeymen boilermakers who have had good experience in laying out work from drawings or blueprints will be appointed as shipfitters and will be given every opportunity to demonstrate their ability to do a shipfitter's work. It is requested that shipfitters and boilermakers having the qualifications set forth above secure and file application Form 1800 with the Secretary, Second Civil Service District, Room 318, Custom House, New York, in order that their eligibility for appointment to such positions may be determined.

The commission announces an examination, open only to women, for inspector of undergarments. About fifty vacancies in the Quartermaster Corps at New York, at $2 per diem or higher or lower rates of pay, will be filled from this examination. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on physical ability, training and experience. Applicants must show that for at least one year they have had practical experience in a mill or factory where underwear is knit or woven; or that for at least one year they have been employed in other positions which have qualified them to judge of the quality and workmanship of underwear and socks. They must have reached their twenty-first birthday on the date of making oath to the application. Until further notice and on account of the urgent needs of the service, applications will be received at any time. Papers will be rated promptly and certification made as the needs of the service require.

Education Notes.

The students of Evening School 25, Manhattan, have elected Mr. Deutsch President of their association, Miss Priscilla Hunyadi Vice President, and Miss Pauline Kutchek Secretary.

The following transfers of teachers in Queens have been made: Miss McQuirk from P. S. 59 to P. S. 53 and 62 combined; Mr. Stetson from P. S. 62 to P. S. 59, 60, and 65 combined, and Mrs. Peixotto to P. S. 64.

City Superintendent Maxwell will make an investigation of the Gary plan next September.

Florence J. Berman has been appointed as a model teacher in the New York Training School for Teachers.

One continuation class will be established in the rooms of the Young Women's Hebrew Association, East 110th Street, Manhattan, for unemployed workers, for instruction as well as vocational testing in English, stenography, and other subjects.

The Committee on Elementary Schools has dismissed the charges of gross misconduct preferred against Marcus L. Chasins, a teacher in P. S. 23, Manhattan. The Board of Education will act upon the committee's report at its next meeting.

The question of the temporary employment of Miss Clara de Lissa Dery as Inspector of visual instruction will be acted upon by the Board of Education at its next meeting.

Estate Appraised.

AUERBACH, LOUIS, (July 25, 1916;) gross estate, $226,291. His wife, Pauline Auerbach, receives the entire estate. Assets: Real estate, $21,750, in which there is an equity of $19,122; personal, $76,402; stocks and bonds; a large number of small holdings, $132,844; interest in the Castle-Windsor Company, neckwear, at 846 Broadway, $2,139.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Retired: Patrol. L. Maxwell, on his own application.

Transfers and assignments, 4 P. M., July 19: Patrol. J. F. Egan, 274th, to 283d; L. F. Moench, 285th, to 146th.

Temporary assignments: Patrol. D. T. Tunstall and J. P. Toohey, Traf. Div., Sub-div. A, to Train. Stable, 7 days, 8 A. M., July 18; J. J. Brennan and J. J. Byrne, Traf. Div., Sub-div. D, to Train. Stable, 30 days, 8 A. M., July 18.

Leaves of absence, without pay: Patrol. W. C. Doyle, 13th, 1 day, 12:01 A. M., July 19; C. Burkhardt, 29th, 1 day, 8 A. M., July 21; C. Beatty, 36th, 2 days, 8 A. M., July 27; G. F. O'Connell, 161st, 1 day, 4 P. M., July 21.

Applications for full pay approved, (while under suspension:) Patrol. W. J. Coffey, (A. D. S. 2,) D. Bu., 2:07 A. M., April 30, to 10:30 A. M., May 19. While on sick report—C. H. Weiss, 32d, 7:50 A. M., July 11, during disability.

Resignation accepted: Patrol. J. M. Kelly, 1st Dist.

Death: Lieut. J. E. McGrath, 151st, at 11:50 P. M., July 16.

Fire Department.

Transfer, 8 A. M., July 18: Firem. 1st gr. D. Foley, H. & L. 16, to Engine 49.

Relocation: H. & L. 8, (2d Sec.,) from 278 to 284 Spring St., Manhattan, (quarters of Eng. 30,) to the quarters of H. & L. 8, North Moore and Varick Sts., at 8 A. M., July 19.

Special leaves: Capt. M. E. Kenny, Eng. 36, 12 hours, 8 A. M., July 21; Firem. 3d gr. W. Hodge, Eng. 73, 48 hours, 8 A. M., July 20.

The Times for the Soldiers.

Relatives or friends with the American Expeditionary Forces abroad will be pleased to have the daily and Sunday editions of The New York Times at domestic subscription rates. Order through your newsdealer or by mail; or telephone Bryant 1000, Circulation Department. Papers sent at once, bill mailed to you.—Advt.

LAYS POLICE GRAFT TO HEADQUARTERS

Commissioner Wallstein Finds Lack of Supervision of Motor Cycle Men's Work.

NO SUMMONS BOOK CHECK

Disposition of Cases Not Entered—Findings Sent to the District Attorney.

Leonard Wallstein, Commissioner of Accounts, in a letter sent yesterday to Police Commissioner Woods, placed the responsibility for lax methods which made it possible for motor cycle policemen to collect graft upon headquarters.

After detailing the general neglect of numbers of motor cycle policemen to comply with regulations and charging desk officers in the precincts with similar derelictions, Mr. Wallstein arrived at the conclusion that the laxity in the lower branches of the service had become widespread because of the absence of supervision from Police Headquarters. In summing up his conclusions, Mr. Wallstein said, in his letter to the Commissioner:

"More important than amendment or addition to the regulations is the matter of supervision of operations of such regulations as have been or will be made. It is inconceivable that the violations of General Order 39, which have been found, could have existed, or could have been repeated as often as they were, if there had been adequate supervision. Apparently, the general order with reference to police summonses was formulated and promulgated and then, so far as the motor cycle policemen at least were concerned, was not in force.

"The most important recommendation, therefore, which I have to submit is that, if a superior officer in the department, either in the uniform force or above, has not yet been assigned to the duty of supervising the returns made by policemen, and particularly motor cycle policemen, with reference to these summonses, that such designations be made promptly. Obviously, if such designation has been made, the officer designated has been delinquent and should be disciplined accordingly."

Commissioner Wallstein asserted that one of the rules most frequently violated was that requiring policemen to enter on the stubs of their books of summonses the disposition made by the court of the case in which the summons had been served. The charge has been made that motor cycle policemen collected graft by allowing violators of the vehicle regulations who paid bribes to avoid going to court after the summonses had been served. In such cases, the disposition by the court would have to be left blank on the stubs of the summons books. Mr. Wallstein's general observation on the neglect to enter court dispositions of cases is as follows:

"The experience of this office in the examination of the records of other departments has been that, where regulations of the kind under consideration have been, as here, repeatedly violated or ignored, that condition has not happened by chance, but has been rather the telltale indications of serious delinquency or criminality."

The evidence of violations of regulations by motor cycle policemen was obtained by Commissioner Wallstein in his investigation of the failure of the police to arrest Alfredo Cocchi, the murderer of Ruth Cruger, and to find the body of the missing girl. It was shown in this inquiry that Cocchi's shop had been a rendezvous for motor cycle policemen, and that motor cycle policemen had diverted suspicion from Cocchi by their praise of his general character. There was also some evidence that Cocchi was a graft collector, and that chauffeurs and motor cycle drivers were sent to his shop by motor cycle policemen to pay bribes in order to escape going to court. A former employe of Cocchi said Cocchi was generally regarded as having great influence with the police, and that chauffeurs and motor cycle drivers sometimes came to him and said that they had been told to "go see Cocchi." Mrs. Cocchi said that her husband boasted of his influence with policemen and of his alleged ability to get offenders free without punishment.

Mr. Wallstein's report specifically names several of the motor cycle policemen who were on the closest terms with Cocchi, and points out that their records of arrests were flagrantly irregular.

The Commissioner of Accounts pointed out that Motor Cycle Policeman Willard A. Helms in a period of approximately a year failed in 73 per cent. of the summonses he had served to note down the disposition of the cases in the Magistrates' Courts. John L. Ochsenhirt, another friend of Cocchi's, is mentioned as leaving blank the stubs in the summons book in many of his cases. Later in his report Commissioner Wallstein takes up violations of the order requiring that the policemen notify the desk officer in the precinct immediately after serving a summons for a violation of traffic regulations. He continues:

"So far as compliance with this provision, my examination did not proceed beyond the records of Motor Cycle Policemen Willard A. Helms, James S. Haggerty, William N. Eynon, Thomas M. Kerrigan, and John L. Ochsenhirt in Manhattan and the Bronx. As to the officers named such examination discloses that they failed entirely to communicate the service of summonses to the precinct commanders in forty instances, and that in thirty-five instances, instead of communicating such information immediately, they communicated it as late as a day or two after the summons had been served.

Commissioner Wallstein points out that a police regulation required that desk officers at each precinct should examine the stubs of the motor cycle policemen's book of summonses, compare them with the blotter entries, and make certain that they were all filled out in accordance with law. Commissioner Wallstein emphasizes the palpable failure of the desk officers to discharge their duty in this particular. In concluding his report Commissioner Wallstein said:

"In ordinary routine I should consider it part of my duty to determine whether the violations of General Order 39 disclosed by this examination are indicative of crimes. Since, however, by direction of the Governor, the District Attorney is now engaged upon a Grand Jury investigation of the Cruger case, the scope of which the District Attorney has apparently extended to include a determination of whether there has been criminality, not only in the police handling of that case, but anywhere in the administration of the Police Department, I shall not, unless otherwise directed by the Mayor, pursue the investigation further. I am, however, sending a copy of this report to the District Attorney, and proffering to him the co-operation of this office, if he should desire it in a further investigation of the matter. I believe that, if crime was committed, he will be able to discover it by following the leads indicated in this report, by interviewing the defendants named in the various summonses and by such other steps as this report will readily suggest."

Commissioner Wallstein sent a copy of the report and a letter offering co-operation to District Attorney Swann yesterday. The arrival of the report was timely, as several members of the District Attorney's staff were deep in an investigation of charges of motor cycle graft. It was reported yesterday that a member of the Police Department had confessed that he was a grafter and had told a complete story of grafting methods, naming all the motor cycle men who had been implicated. District Attorney Swann refused to say whether or not this was true.

STAY FOR MRS. GILLIGAN.

No Likelihood That Hartford Woman Will Be Put to Death in November.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., July 17.—Governor Marcus H. Holcomb will grant a reprieve to Mrs. Amy E. Archer-Gilligan, who is under sentence of death on Nov. 6. The Governor made it clear this afternoon that if necessary he would arrange for Mrs. Gilligan to present her case to the State Board of Pardons, which will hold its next semi-annual meeting on Dec. 10. The Governor said there was no need for Executive action until after the October session of the Supreme Court of Errors.

If the higher court grants a new trial, its decision will act as a stay of execution, and if, by any possibility it denies all of Attorney Benedict M. Holden's 200 or more exceptions and objections, the Governor will then act. After writing to Mrs. Cecilia Blickensderfer, who is interesting herself in the condemned woman's case, the Governor said he had been misinformed about Mrs. Blickensderfer, when he asked her not to flood his office with petitions. He said he had subsequently learned that Mrs. Blickensderfer thoroughly understood it was the Board of Pardons that was to be addressed for clemency, and that she was awaiting a decision from the Supreme Court before taking any definite action.

The cost to the State for convicting Mrs. Gilligan was announced today as about $30,000, of which Dr. Victor Vaughan got $10,105 for expert testimony, and Dr. Arthur J. Wolff $8,300.

FOUND TURKS FAIR TO JEWS.

Abram I. Elkus Denies Reports of Massacres and Ill-Treatment.

For the benefit of the Joint Distribution Committee of the Funds for Jewish War Sufferers, Abram I. Elkus yesterday discussed in the office of Felix M. Warburg, at 26 William Street, the condition of the Jews in Palestine and Turkey. He said the reports received in this country of wholesale massacre and maltreatment of the Jews in Turkey and Palestine were entirely unfounded. Their situation, he said, he found, was as favorable as could be expected.

Mr. Elkus also said that the relief work for the Jews in Turkey and Palestine was being carried on with great success. The funds collected in this country, he added, were being utilized exactly as intended by the Distribution Committee. The Jews in Turkey, according to Mr. Elkus, were still much in need of help, but were not subjected to any oppression or discrimination. On the contrary, he pointed out that the Turkish Government had actually founded a school similar to the Plattsburg camp for the training of Jewish young men to become officers in the Turkish Army.

At yesterday's meeting of the Joint Distribution Committee, Chairman Warburg took occasion to express the regret of the committee over the death of Samuel I. Hyman, who had been selected by the committee to visit Russia to supervise the relief work in that country.

SILK HOUSE ROBBED UNDER POLICE GUARD

Detectives, Told That Burglary Was to Take Place, Fail to Prevent $10,000 Loft Raid.

LIEUTENANT'S ODD EXCUSE

Refuses to Act with Merchant on Plea That It Would Be Collusion and a Crime.

After full information from inside sources had been delivered last Thursday to Police Headquarters regarding the plans of a clever band of silk thieves to rob the store of M. Nirenberg & Co. at 657 Broadway, a police trap was set for the burglars by detectives working under the direction of Lieutenant Stapleton of the loft burglar squad. The trap failed to close, however, and the burglars faithfully executed the plans which had been made known to the police, getting away with silk worth $5,000 or more and spoiling goods of the same value, some time between Friday night and Sunday morning.

Following a long series of silk loft burglaries, which have resulted in a jump in burglary insurance rates, for silk merchants in this city and brought certain silk merchants almost to the verge of ruin, the burglary of Nirenberg & Co. will be used by the Silk Association of New York City as its strongest point in an appeal for better police protection. Morris Stern, President of the Silk Association, complained last week, before the Nirenberg burglary, to District Attorney Swann because the police had failed to check the silk burglaries, which were said to have resulted in losses mounting to hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The police got inside information of the designs of the silk thieves on Nirenberg's place, because a clerk in the store pretended to accept a bribe to assist in the burglary. He was offered $200 if he would agree to conceal a small boy in the shop on last Friday night. The clerk struck a bargain with the burglars and then immediately disclosed the plan to Nirenberg.

"I thought this was the opportunity for us to trap and capture the entire band," said Nirenberg. "The bribery of clerks and the use of a small boy to unlock the door and let the burglars in explained the puzzling feature of the long list of silk burglaries which had occurred recently. Heretofore it seemed as if the thieves had some way of opening locked doors from the outside without leaving the slightest trace. The fact that so many burglaries had been committed in this fashion and committed so boldly seemed to indicate that it was one band of men doing all the work. The police had a brilliant opportunity to capture them all and put a stop to the silk stealing."

Mr. Nirenberg went to Police Headquarters, he said, and reported the plot to enter his shop. He was referred to Lieutenant Stapleton. Mr. Nirenberg's idea was to have the clerk carry out his part in the plot, and have the policemen in waiting to capture the whole band as soon as they entered the shop. Mr. Nirenberg said that he got this reply from Lieut. Stapleton:

"Oh, no, we can't do anything like that. That would be wrong. If you took part in a conspiracy to rob your place and we assisted you we would be as guilty as the burglars. That cannot be done at all."

Although Lieut. Stapleton refused to have anything to do with a plan to ambush the burglars, Mr. Nirenberg said the Lieutenant promised that he would have the shop watched by detectives, who would make arrests if any attempt was made on it by burglars between Friday afternoon and Monday morning.

Unsatisfied with the offhand opinion that his own plan was illegal, Mr. Nirenberg went to the District Attorney's office and laid the case before Assistant District Attorney Conlon. Mr. Conlon told him that the statement that it would be illegal to betray and trap the burglars by allowing the clerk to take part in the conspiracy was an absurdity. Mr. Conlon telephoned to Police Headquarters and told Lieut. Stapleton, according to Mr Nirenberg, that he was badly mistaken in imagining any legal difficulties in the way of decoying burglars after the burglars had formed their own conspiracy without any furtherance from the authorities.

Nevertheless, according to Mr. Nirenberg, Lieut. Stapleton refused to attempt to make the arrest by these methods, but promised that he would catch the burglars in his own way if they attempted to raid the shop. Relying on this, Mr Nirenberg left the protection of the shop to the police. When he opened up on Monday morning he found the place in complete disorder. Bolts of costly materials were strewn over the floor. Silk shirts and other goods, to the amount of $5,000, were missing.

Mr. Nirenberg said the door had been removed from its hinges. The burglars made their entry, in his opinion, by concealing a boy in the shop in some manner, who opened the door. The door was then taken off the hinges, it is thought, to make it appear that the entry was effected from the outside.

Mr. Nirenberg reported these facts to the District Attorney's office, where an investigation is being made of the silk burglaries and the failure of the police, in this case and a number of others, which District Attorney Swann made public last week.

CAN CRITICISE GOVERNMENT.

Prisoner Who Distributed Extracts of Constitution Freed.

Harry Aurin, who was arrested for disorderly conduct because he distributed extracts from the Constitution and the Declaration of Independence, in which undue emphasis was placed on certain passages, and was sentenced to ninety days in the workhouse by Magistrate Murphy, was freed yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Hendrick in habeas corpus proceedings. The District Attorney of Bronx County, who prosecuted the case, will appeal to the Appellate Division. Justice Hendrick, commenting on the charge against Aurin, said in his opinion:

"I do not see under what possible circumstances that could be a breach of the peace or an act tending to a breach of the peace. Every one in this country has the right to criticise the Government and the laws that exist, and has the right to agitate for the repeal of a law so long as those acts are not accompanied by violence or statements which might be interpreted as inciting other people to break the law."

VENERATE ST. ANNE RELIC.

Crippled and Blind Kiss Reliquary at Beginning of Novena.

More than a thousand persons, many of them crippled or maimed, knelt before the altar in the Church of St. Anne, in East Twelfth Street, yesterday and kissed the reliquary containing a portion of the arm bone of the mother of the Virgin. It was the commencement of a nine-day novena of prayer which will end on the feast day of St. Anne, July 26. At the Church of St. Jean Baptiste, in East Seventy-sixth Street, where there is a similar relic of St. Anne, a collection of crutches and supports are silent witnesses to the cripples who have announced cures in preceding years.

The clergy attached to the Church of St. Anne say their relic is well authenticated and much older than the one in the church uptown. It was not until this year that a novena was instituted, so that worshippers could venerate the relic. In the line last night were many on crutches and blind who were led to the altar by friends. The church was crowded at all the masses, many being unable to gain admittance to the building.

Cuts Fines to Meet High Living Cost.

Owing to the high cost of living, Magistrate Fuchs put into operation a cut-rate system of fines yesterday on men and women arraigned for violations of ordinances relative to the sale of uncovered food staples. Heretofore, offenders were fined from $1 to $2, but the Magistrate imposed fines of 50 cents yesterday. Thirty-six violators were arraigned.

An Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges the receipt of $6.32 from J. Clausen for the Scottish Women's Hospitals for Foreign Service. The money has been turned over to J. P. Morgan & Co.

30 LOST WHEN U-BOAT SANK STEAMER DALEBY

Gunner and Fireman Sole Survivors of British Freighter's Crew—American Ship in Azores Fight.

A seaman gunner of the British Navy and a fireman, who arrived yesterday at an American port aboard a British sailing ship, said they were the only survivors of the British freighter Daleby of West Hartlepool, which was sunk by a submarine on May 29.

The men were picked up in an exhausted condition drifting in a lifeboat on the night of May 30. The Daleby was on her way in ballast to New York when she was attacked. She was commanded by Captain W. Collier, and carried a crew of thirty-two men all told.

This is the first news received here of the sinking of the Daleby, which was a single screw steamship of 3,628 gross tonnage, and was built at Stockton-on-Tees in 1900 for the Liverpool and Mediterranean trade. She was 330 feet long, 46 feet 6 inches beam, and 24 feet 4 inches depth of hold.

The Captain of a British steamship which arrived yesterday at an American port from the Azores reported that his ship was anchored in the harbor of St. Michaels on the morning of July 4, when the town was shelled by a big German U-boat of the new type, which carried two 4-inch guns on her decks.

"At first," the Captain said, "the inhabitants did not think they were being attacked by an enemy from the sea, but imagined that it was a salute being fired by the American ships in the harbor. They soon realized their mistake, however, when a shot fell in the middle of the square opposite the Town Hall and blew the bandstand and fountain in all directions, while a second shell burst in front of a church facing the seafront and split the stone steps and porch to pieces.

"The inhabitants ran out of their houses to see what had happened, and hundreds of women went into the cathedral to pray for the safety of their children. In the meantime, the crew of the United States naval collier that was anchored in the inner harbor taking on supplies ran out their six-inch stern gun and opened fire at the submarine, which disappeared soon after the first shell had been fired at her."

The Captain of the freighter said that the Chief of Police of St. Michaels informed him on the afternoon of July 4 that a young girl and a man who was selling flowers in front of the cathedral had been killed by shells from the submarine.

FINGERS IDENTIFY DEAD MAN

Prints Show Him to Have Been Twice in Prison.

Through the finger-print system at Police Headquarters Detective Wickman of the Bureau of Missing Persons identified the man who was killed yesterday when a truck hit the taxicab in which he was riding as a man who had been convicted of burglary on two occasions under different names.

He was first convicted, according to Wickman, in 1913, under the name of Benjamin Smith, and was committed to the Elmira Reformatory. The records further show that on May 10, 1916, when he was known as John Carey, he was convicted of a similar offense, and sent to Sing Sing.

LOST AND FOUND.
Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—On Thursday evening, July 12, at St. Regis Hotel, one earring, composed of an onyx ball, surmounted by stick diamond; reward $50. CARTIER, 712 5th Av.

LOST—In vicinity 135th St. and Broadway, small chamois bag containing two diamond earrings and a diamond ring, $50 reward. S. M. Frankel, 506 West 135th St.

LOST—Blue silk bag containing gold watch, card case, keys, July 15, on Erie train leaving Jersey City 1:30 P. M.; reward. Virden, 529 Courtlandt Av., Bronx.

LOST—Reward will be paid for delivery at Lost and Found Dept. of New York Central of package left in train last Friday morning. Address Avery, Winchester, Mass.

LOST—Diamond chain bracelet, July 10, between Arverne and New York; liberal reward. 79 5th Av., 9th floor.

LOST—Pennant-shape flag pin, vicinity Amsterdam Av., 145th St; liberal reward. Friend, 347 5th Av.

$250 REWARD
for large diamond barpin, lost July 10, between Plaza Hotel and Park & Tilford, 128th St. and Lenox Av.; no questions asked. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 48th St. and 5th Av.

$10 REWARD, no questions, on return gold horse shoe scarf pin; gift; taken from 5 West 91st St. Lurch.

Found.

FOUND—July 14, in auto loading sheds, New York Central, 86th St., 11th Av., pay envelope No. 285. Call Broad 2426.

Tea Rooms.

THE GREEN WITCH IN GREENWICH VILLAGE AT FORTY-NINE EAST TENTH STREET. Outdoor Dining Room. Table d'Hote Francaise and a la Carte. Club Dinners a Specialty.

SAVORY TEA SHOP 45 E. 30th St. Summer Garden. Lunch, 40c. Southern chicken dinner, Wed., 60c. "WONDERFUL APPLE PIE ALWAYS."

Luncheon, dinner and always a hearty welcome at SCOTCH TEA ROOM, Inc. 21 E. 47th St. Afternoon Tea. Home-made Scotch Shortbread and Scones.

DOWNTOWN'S MOST DELIGHTFUL MID-DAY TEA ROOMS THE BROWN BETTY 147 FULTON ST. 72 WALL ST. Delicious Home Cooking.

THE DUTCH OVEN 135 Macdougal Street nr. Washington Sq. So. Luncheon, 35c; Afternoon Tea, 25c; Dinner, 60c. Also a la carte. Closed Sundays. OPEN AIR DINING ROOM.

THE FERNERY 22 EAST 33D STREET S. M. TUCKER, hostess. "Club" or a la carte. Smoking in garden. *The Oldest Tea Room in New York.*

The Dorothy-Louise, 1 WEST 39TH ST. (Opp. Lord & Taylor.) Luncheon, Fifty Cents. Dinner, Sixty Cents. CHICKEN DINNER EVERY SATURDAY

THE MARYLAND 112 West 73d St. Luncheon, 40c; Dinner, 75c; Chicken Dinner, Maryland Style, every Monday and Friday.

MARY LOUISE 175 Madison Ave., near 34th. Breakfast or Luncheon, 35c Tues., Thurs. and Sat., Chicken Luncheon, 40c. COOLEST PLACE IN TOWN. Unf. room to rent.

THE TALLY HO 20 East 34th St., Opposite Altman's. LUNCHEON (Southern cooking) AFTERNOON TEA

THE PIROUETTE, 22 East 45th Street, bet. Madison & 5th Ave. Luncehon, 35-40c.; Afternoon Tea, Dinner, 55c.

Dine at OLD GRAMERCY PARK, No. 20. Breakfast, 35c; Luncheon, 50c; Dinner, 75c. Saturday night, New England Supper, 65c. Entrance on Irving Place, Downstairs.

The OAK ROOM 36 East 57th St. near Madison Av. Breakfast; Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Dinner. Special Beefsteak Dinner Today.

OLD CHELSEA, 47 5th Av., nr. 12th St. OPEN SUNDAYS Breakfast 35c. Luncheon 50c. Dinner 75c. *Old-fashioned Luncheons and Dinners.*

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STRAIGHT PURE RYE
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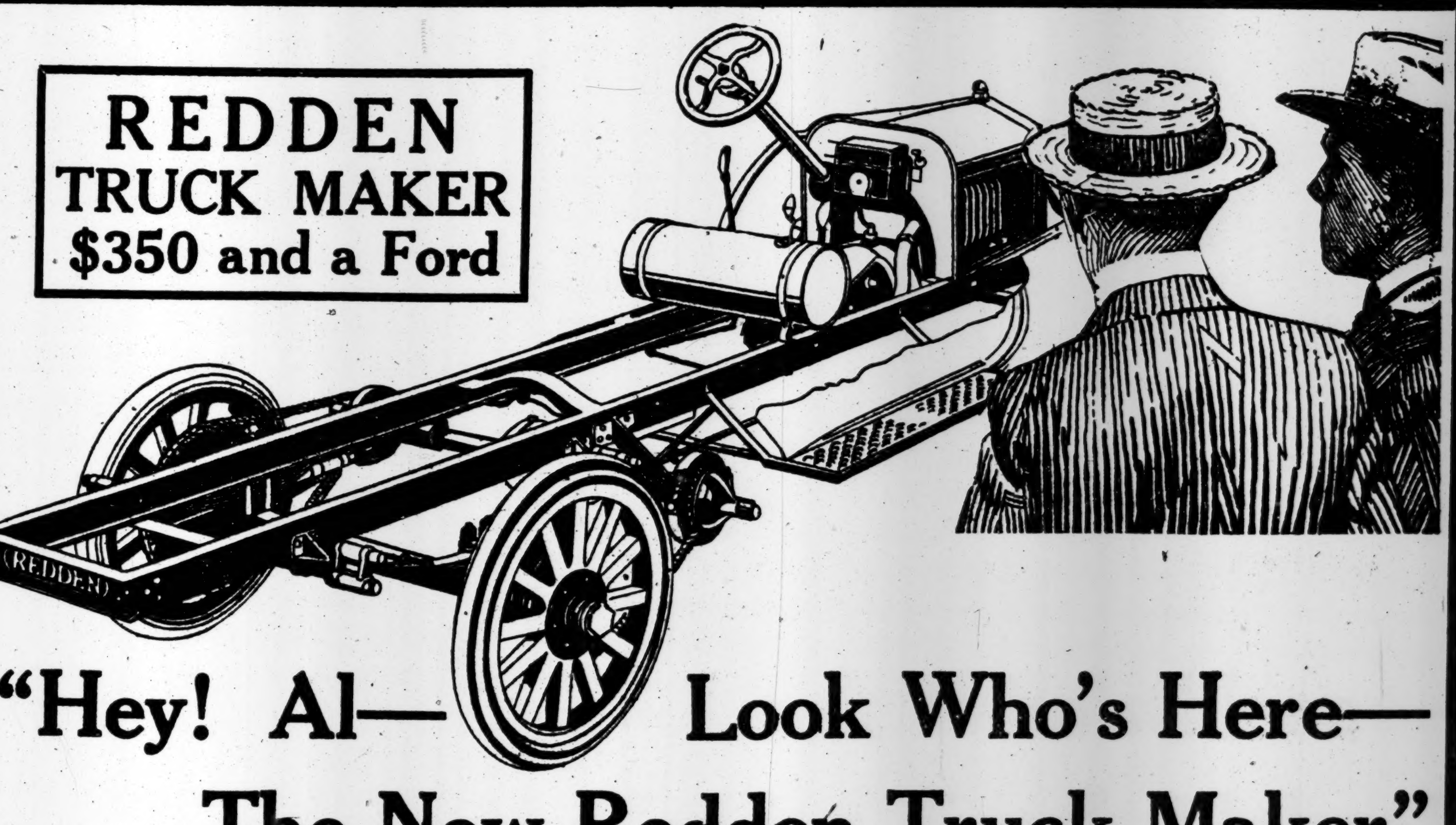

REDDEN TRUCK MAKER $350 and a Ford

"Hey! Al— Look Who's Here— The New Redden Truck Maker"

NOW hold on—just take your coat off, mentally speaking, and let's get down to cold blooded dollars and cents facts.

You know these Ford Truck makers in a general way—there are several of them which convert a Ford into a ton truck. The agencies for most of them have been offered to us one time or another, because of our immense commercial car business. We waited—and investigated. Big discounts didn't tempt us. We were looking for the best truck—the most complete service—the most soundly financed company.

We Finally Chose the Redden.

What clinched the deal was a trip Mr. Hayes took to their big factory. He sized up their engineers and shop practice—examined every piece of material used in the truck, investigated financial resources. Then he wired us—"We can stake our reputations on the New Redden—it's right."

The Redden Truck Maker is more than a clever idea—it is a highly developed, finely constructed piece of machinery. According to the sober judgment of our engineers it is far and away the best ton and ton and a half Ford attachment on the market. The most powerful, most rugged, most enduring. It has bigger and stronger wheels, axles, hub flanges, radius rods and sprockets; more powerful springs; the steel channel frame reinforces the Ford frame its entire length; bronze bushings are used generously; there is a road clearance of 8½ inches for chain sprockets; the Ford rear axle, used as a jack shaft, is not drilled or tampered with.

One feature of vital importance is the extra set of service brakes on the jack shaft. This is an exclusive feature of Redden construction and is indicative of the general superiority of design which you can see in each detail.

To the merchant or manufacturer who is searching for bedrock delivery cost we offer our personal guarantee that the Redden will stand up—do the work day in and day out—good roads and bad—at a lower ton cost per mile than has ever before been credited to a truck.

Study the specifications—compare them to those of any other truck maker—call and examine the Redden and telephone for a representative to call—do this and you'll decide as we did that the Redden is the truck to buy.

SPECIFICATIONS
Carrying capacity—2,000 to 3,000 pounds.
Frame—4 inch channel rolled steel, lapping Ford frame entire length and solidly bolted, reinforcing it.
Axle—extra heavy drop forged truck axle specially heat treated, 2¼ inches square.
Springs—heavy truck type.
Spring Seats—7 inches long.
Spring Shackles—3½ inches long.
Wheels—Heavy artillery type. S. A. E. standard 34x3½. Twelve 1¾ inch spokes.
Tires—Over size, solid rubber, 34x3½ inches.
Tread—Standard 56 inch.
Gear Ratio on Sprockets—7 to 1 (34 teeth on jack shaft, 63 teeth on rear).
Drive—Heavy roller type chains, 1x⅝x⅝ inches. 8½ inches road clearance.
Brakes—Large emergency brakes with enclosed drums on rear wheels; expanding type, operated by hand lever; 10 inch drum; shoe 2½ inches wide, fibre lined; also extra set of large service brakes on jack shaft, thus relieving Ford transmission brake.
Loading Space—9 or 10 feet or more, depending on style of body.
Wheel Base—128 inches.
Weight—Attachment complete, 1,000 lbs.
Price, $350 and a Ford.

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